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 phys 425 &01
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Problem 2.27)b)

\$Assumptions = {x, t, A, a, k, m, ħ, α, α₁, V₀, a₁, n} ∈ Reals

(x | t | A | k | n) ∈ Reals

$$\alpha := \frac{\hbar^2}{m * a^2}$$

$$P1 := \frac{(m * a * \alpha)}{\hbar^2} * (1 + e^{-2 * \eta})$$

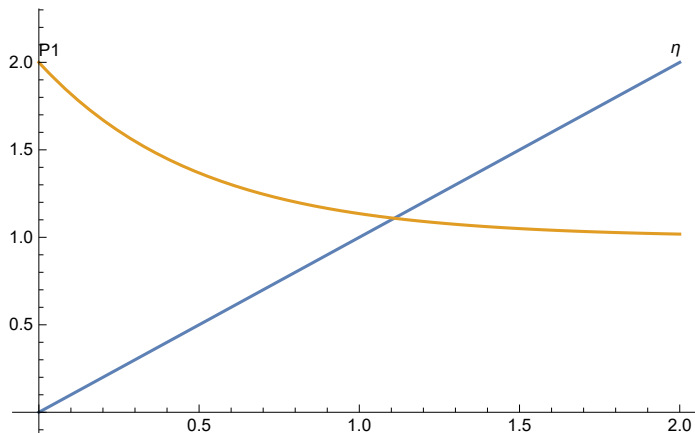
$$\alpha_1 := \frac{\alpha}{4}$$

a := 1

m := 1

ħ := 1

Plot[{η, P1}, {η, 0, 2}, PlotLabels → Placed[{"η", "P1"}, Above]]



N[Solve[η == P1, η], 8]

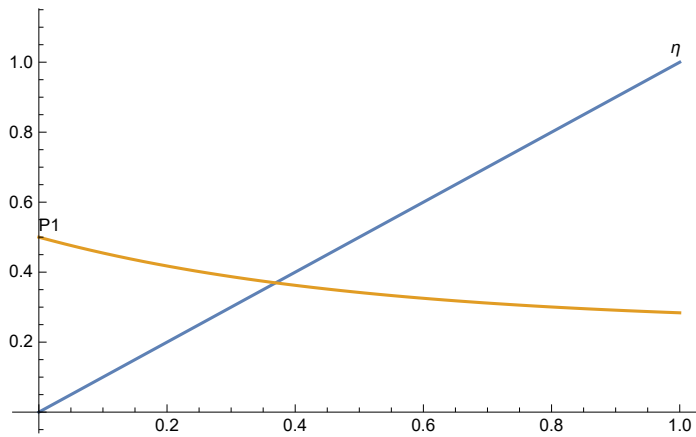
Solve: Inverse functions are being used by Solve, so some solutions may not be found; use Reduce for complete solution information.

{{η → 1.1088576}}

$$P2 := \frac{(m * a * \alpha_1)}{\hbar^2} * (1 + e^{-2*\eta})$$

Plot[{ η , P2}, { η , 0, 1}, PlotLabels → Placed[{" η ", "P1"}, Above]]

N[Solve[$\eta = P2$], 8] (* Now we must account for the odds solutions.*)



Solve: Inverse functions are being used by Solve, so some solutions may not be found; use Reduce for complete solution information.

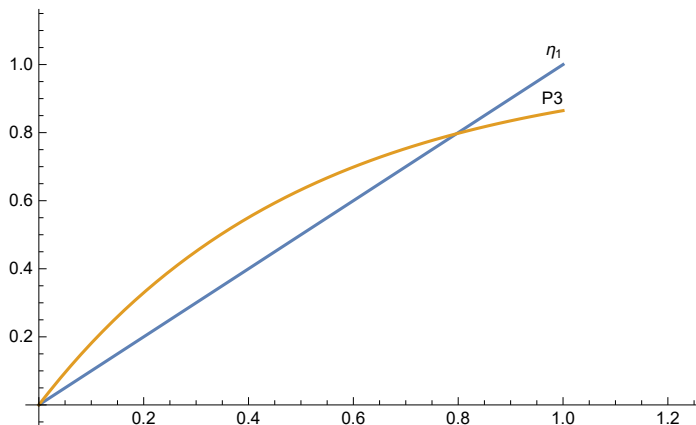
{ { $\eta \rightarrow 0.36941752$ } }

$$P3 := \frac{(m * a * \alpha)}{\hbar^2} * (1 - (e^{-2*\eta_1}))$$

Plot[{ η_1 , P3}, { η_1 , 0, 1}, PlotLabels → Placed[{" η_1 ", "P3"}, Above]]

N[Solve[$\eta_1 = P3$], 8]

(* The intersection at $\eta_1 = 0$ implies the energy is zero so we pick the other solution.*)



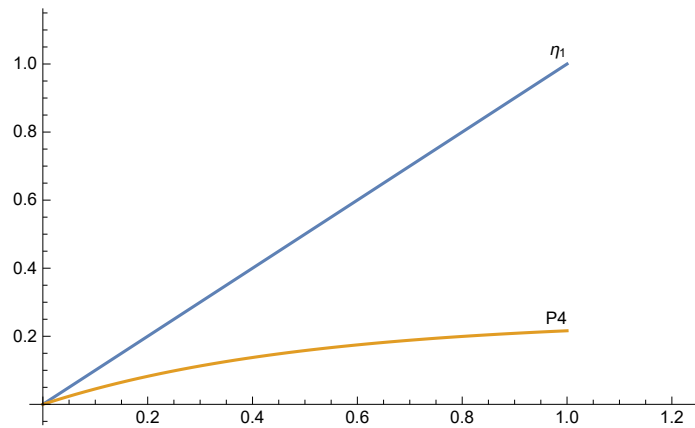
Solve: Inverse functions are being used by Solve, so some solutions may not be found; use Reduce for complete solution information.

{ { $\eta_1 \rightarrow 0$ }, { $\eta_1 \rightarrow 0.79681213$ } }

$$P4 := \frac{(m * a * \alpha_1)}{\hbar^2} * (1 - (e^{-2 * \eta_1}))$$

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Plot[{η1, P4}, {η1, 0, 1}, PlotLabels → Placed[{"η1", "P4"}, Above]]
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N[Solve[η1 == P4], 8]
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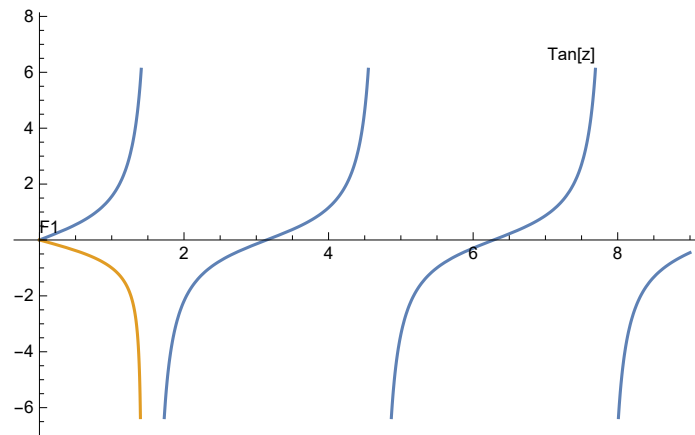
Solve: Inverse functions are being used by Solve, so some solutions may not be found; use Reduce for complete solution information.

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{{η1 → 0}, {η1 → -0.62821560}}
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1) Problem 2.29)

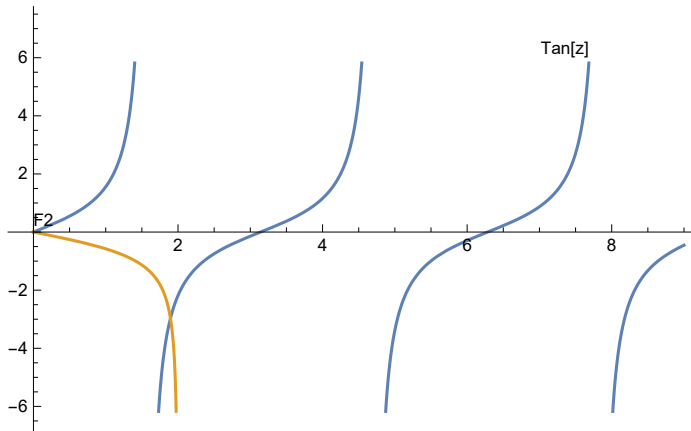
$$F1 := \frac{-1}{\sqrt{\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{z}\right)^2 - 1}}$$

```
Plot[{Tan[z], F1}, {z, 0, 9}, PlotLabels → Placed[{"Tan[z]", "F1"}, Above]]
(*No bound state here.*)
```



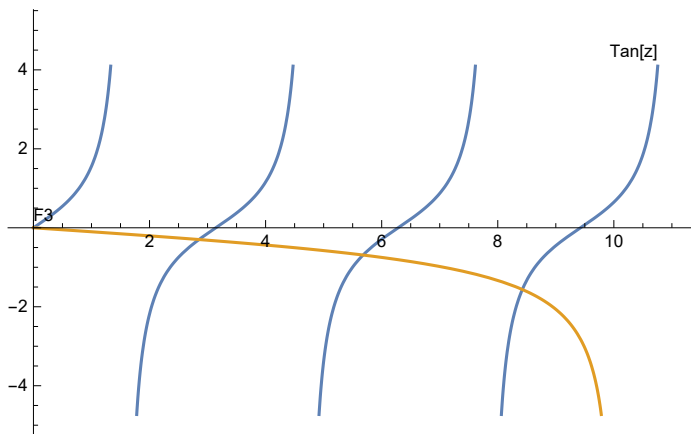
$$F2 := \frac{-1}{\sqrt{\left(\frac{2}{z}\right)^2 - 1}}$$

Plot[{Tan[z], F2}, {z, 0, 9}, PlotLabels → Placed[{"Tan[z]", "F2"}, Above]]
 (* One bound state here. *)



$$F3 := \frac{-1}{\sqrt{\left(\frac{10}{z}\right)^2 - 1}}$$

Plot[{Tan[z], F3}, {z, 0, 11}, PlotLabels → Placed[{"Tan[z]", "F3"}, Above]]
 (* Three bound states here. *)



$$\text{Integrate}\left[\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{a_1}}\right) * \left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{a_1}}\right) \sin\left[\frac{\pi * x}{a_1}\right] * \left(\sin\left[\frac{(n * \pi * x)}{2 * a_1}\right]\right), \{x, 0, a_1\}\right]$$

$$\frac{4 \sqrt{2} \sin\left[\frac{n \pi}{2}\right]}{4 \pi - n^2 \pi}$$

$$c1[n_] := \frac{(4 \sqrt{2}) * \sin\left[\frac{n\pi}{2}\right]}{4\pi - n^2\pi}$$

(*Here we are setting it up to calculate the probabilities for the first 6 states*)

$$\text{In[10]:= } (c1[1])^2$$

$$\text{Out[10]= } \frac{32}{9\pi^2}$$

$$\text{In[12]:= } \left(\text{Integrate}\left[\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{a_1}}\right) * \left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{a_1}}\right) \sin\left[\frac{\pi * x}{a_1}\right] * \left(\sin\left[\frac{(2 * \pi * x)}{2 * a_1}\right]\right), \{x, 0, a_1\}\right] \right)^2$$

$$\text{Out[12]= } \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\text{In[13]:= } (c1[3])^2$$

$$\text{Out[13]= } \frac{32}{25\pi^2}$$

$$\text{In[14]:= } (c1[4])^2$$

$$\text{Out[14]= } 0$$

$$\text{In[15]:= } (c1[5])^2$$

$$\text{Out[15]= } \frac{32}{441\pi^2}$$

$$\text{In[16]:= } (c1[6])^2$$

$$\text{Out[16]= } 0$$

$$\text{Integrate}\left[\left(\frac{-\hbar^2}{2 * m}\right) * \left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{a_1}}\right)^2 \sin\left[\frac{\pi * x}{a_1}\right] * D\left[\left(\sin\left[\frac{(\pi * x)}{a_1}\right]\right), \{x, 2\}\right], \{x, 0, a_1\}\right]$$

(* This is just E₂*)

$$\text{Out[18]= } \frac{\pi^2 \hbar^2}{2 m a_1^2}$$