

```
from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive/')
%cd /content/drive/My\ Drive/TimeSeriesForecasting
```

Web Traffic Forecasting : DL Modeling

In [3]:

```
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")

from tqdm import tqdm
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from tqdm import tqdm
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import pickle
import joblib

from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler

import tensorflow as tf
import gc
from tensorflow.keras.backend import clear_session
from tensorflow.keras.models import model_from_json

from tensorflow.keras.wrappers.scikit_learn import KerasClassifier
from sklearn.model_selection import RandomizedSearchCV

from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense, concatenate, Activation, BatchNormalization
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Input, Flatten, LSTM
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dropout, Conv1D, MaxPooling1D
from tensorflow.keras import Model, Sequential

from tensorflow.keras import optimizers
from tensorflow.keras.models import model_from_json
```

Loading Actual Train Data

In [4]:

```

complete_train = pd.read_csv('./train_2.csv')

complete_train['Site']      = complete_train['Page'].map(lambda x:x.split('_')[-3])
complete_train['Site_Name'] = complete_train['Site'].map(lambda x:x.split('.')[1])
complete_train['Language'] = complete_train['Site'].map(lambda x:x.split('.')[0])
complete_train['Access']    = complete_train['Page'].map(lambda x:x.split('_')[-2])
complete_train['Agent']     = complete_train['Page'].map(lambda x:x.split('_')[-1])

from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
label = LabelEncoder()

complete_train['Site_OHE'] = label.fit_transform(complete_train['Site_Name']).tolist()
print("Site Encoded using : ", label.classes_)

complete_train['Lang_OHE'] = label.fit_transform(complete_train['Language']).tolist()
print("Language Encoded using : ", label.classes_)

complete_train['Access_OHE'] = label.fit_transform(complete_train['Access']).tolist()
print("Access Encoded using : ", label.classes_)

complete_train['Agent_OHE'] = label.fit_transform(complete_train['Agent']).tolist()
print("Agent Encoded using : ", label.classes_)

complete_train.drop(['Site', 'Site_Name', 'Language', 'Access', 'Agent'], axis=1, inplace=True)
complete_train = complete_train.fillna(0)
#complete_train.to_csv('./Transformed_train_2.csv', index=False)

#test_dates
from datetime import date, timedelta

#end of the train is Sep 20, 2017 and data to e
start = date(2017,9,11)
end   = date(2017,11,13)
no_days = end - start
test_days = [ (start+timedelta(days=x)).strftime('%Y-%m-%d') for x in range(no_days.days+1) ]
print("\n\nTest Data to run from {0} upto {1}".format(test_days[0], test_days[-1]))

```

Site Encoded using : ['mediawiki' 'wikimedia' 'wikipedia']
 Language Encoded using : ['commons' 'de' 'en' 'es' 'fr' 'ja' 'ru' 'www' 'zh']
 Access Encoded using : ['all-access' 'desktop' 'mobile-web']
 Agent Encoded using : ['all-agents' 'spider']

Test Data to run from 2017-09-11 upto 2017-11-13

Loading Page-Key file

In [5]:

```
page_key = pd.read_csv('./key_2.csv')
page_key.head()
```

Out[5]:

	Page	Id
0	007_スペクター_ja.wikipedia.org_all-access_all-agen...	0b293039387a
1	007_スペクター_ja.wikipedia.org_all-access_all-agen...	7114389dd824
2	007_スペクター_ja.wikipedia.org_all-access_all-agen...	057b02ff1f09
3	007_スペクター_ja.wikipedia.org_all-access_all-agen...	bd2aca21caa3
4	007_スペクター_ja.wikipedia.org_all-access_all-agen...	c0effb42cdd5

Loading Train Data

In [6]:

```
#Load data
train = pd.read_csv('./train_data.csv')
test = pd.read_csv('./test_data.csv')
```

In [7]:

```
non_date_cols = [ x for x in train.columns.tolist() if x.endswith('_OHE') ]
date_cols = [ x for x in train.columns.tolist() if x not in non_date_cols ]
```

In [8]:

```
X_timeseries = train[date_cols]
X_pagedata = train[non_date_cols]
observed = X_timeseries.iloc[:, -1]
pagename_X_te = test[non_date_cols]
```

Metric for evaluation

In [9]:

```

def smape(ytr, ypr):
    ytr += np.log1p(0.0001)
    numerator = np.abs(ypr - ytr)
    #print(numerator)
    denominator = (np.abs(ytr) + np.abs(ypr))
    #print(denominator)
    return (200/len(ytr)) * np.sum( numerator / denominator )

def tf_smape(ytr, ypr):
    return tf.py_function(smape, (ytr, ypr), tf.double)

def rmse(ytr, ypr):
    from math import sqrt
    from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error
    return sqrt(mean_squared_error(ytr, ypr))

def tf_rmse(ytr, ypr):
    return tf.py_function(rmse, (ytr, ypr), tf.double)

```

In [10]:

```

#parameters
lagged_window = [7, 30, 90, 365]
batch = 256
epoch = 20
models = dict()

```

In [11]:

```

from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping
dl_stopping = EarlyStopping(monitor='tf_smape', patience=3)

deep_epoch = 150

```

[1] Deep Learning Models

[1.1] Simple DNN

In [20]:

```
def dense_model(shape, print_summary=False):
    """
    Model returns simple Deep Neural Network for given data, given input params
    """
    model = Sequential()
    model.add(Dense(512, activation='relu', input_shape=(shape, )))
    model.add(Dense(128, activation='relu'))
    model.add(Dense(64, activation='relu'))
    model.add(Dense(8, activation='relu'))
    model.add(Dense(1))
    model.compile(loss='mean_squared_error', optimizer='adam', metrics=[tf_smape])
    if print_summary:
        model.summary()
    return model
```

[1.1.1] Hyper Parameter Tuning

In []:

```

error = list()
for lag in lagged_window:
    clear_session()
    print("**** Running for Lag = ",lag)
    X = np.log1p(X_timeseries.iloc[:, -lag-1:-1])
    #X = X_timeseries.iloc[:, -lag-1:-1]
    observed = X_timeseries.iloc[:, -1]
    Y = np.log1p(X_timeseries.iloc[:, -1])
    #Y = X_timeseries.iloc[:, -1]
    #print("Dataset shape is ",X.shape)
    model = dense_model(lag)
    model.fit(X, Y, batch_size=batch, epochs=epoch, verbose=0)
    predicted = np.ceil(np.expm1(model.predict(X)))
    #predicted = np.ceil(model.predict(X))
    predicted = np.array(predicted).reshape((X.shape[0]))
    cv_smape = smape(observed, predicted)
    error.append([cv_smape, lag])
    print("SMAPE = {} for lag = {}".format(cv_smape, lag))

index      = np.argmin([ x[0] for x in error ])
best_window = error[index][1]
best_cv_smape = error[index][0]

print("\n\nBest Values are : \n",best_window, "\n", "Best SMAPE on CV data is ",best_cv_smape)

```

**** Running for Lag = 7
 SMAPE = 33.00412664190798 for lag = 7
 **** Running for Lag = 30
 SMAPE = 33.479609194460465 for lag = 30
 **** Running for Lag = 90
 SMAPE = 31.717767144881265 for lag = 90
 **** Running for Lag = 365
 SMAPE = 32.75959930484306 for lag = 365

Best Values are :
 90
 Best SMAPE on CV data is 31.717767144881265

[1.1.2] Fitting Model with Best Window

In [21]:

```
best_window = 90
print("Model is trained and found to have : ")
print("Best Window = ",best_window)
print("\n\n")
gc.collect()
X = np.log1p(X_timeseries.iloc[:, -best_window-1:-1])
Y = np.log1p(X_timeseries.iloc[:, -1])

#fitting model with best parameters
model = dense_model(best_window, print_summary=True)
model.fit(X, Y, batch_size=batch, epochs=epoch, verbose=1)

#save the model weights
my_model = model.to_json()
with open("copy_dnn_model.json", "w") as json_file:
    json_file.write(my_model)
model.save_weights("copy_dnn_model_weights.h5")
```

Model is trained and found to have :

Best Window = 90

Model: "sequential"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
<hr/>		
dense (Dense)	(None, 512)	46592
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 128)	65664
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 64)	8256
dense_3 (Dense)	(None, 8)	520
dense_4 (Dense)	(None, 1)	9
<hr/>		
Total params: 121,041		
Trainable params: 121,041		
Non-trainable params: 0		

Epoch 1/20

567/567 [=====] - 4s 7ms/step - loss: 0.3479 - tf
_smape: 18.5284

Epoch 2/20

567/567 [=====] - 4s 7ms/step - loss: 0.2060 - tf
_smape: 17.2852

Epoch 3/20

567/567 [=====] - 4s 7ms/step - loss: 0.1880 - tf
_smape: 16.9578

Epoch 4/20

567/567 [=====] - 4s 7ms/step - loss: 0.1783 - tf
_smape: 16.7330

Epoch 5/20

567/567 [=====] - 4s 7ms/step - loss: 0.1778 - tf
_smape: 16.7006

Epoch 6/20

567/567 [=====] - 4s 7ms/step - loss: 0.1711 - tf
_smape: 16.4924

Epoch 7/20

567/567 [=====] - 4s 7ms/step - loss: 0.1733 - tf
_smape: 16.4948

Epoch 8/20

567/567 [=====] - 4s 7ms/step - loss: 0.1691 - tf
_smape: 16.3811

Epoch 9/20

567/567 [=====] - 4s 7ms/step - loss: 0.1706 - tf
_smape: 16.3822

Epoch 10/20

567/567 [=====] - 4s 7ms/step - loss: 0.1653 - tf
_smape: 16.2543

Epoch 11/20

567/567 [=====] - 4s 7ms/step - loss: 0.1635 - tf
_smape: 16.1833

Epoch 12/20

567/567 [=====] - 4s 7ms/step - loss: 0.1621 - tf
_smape: 16.1338

Epoch 13/20

567/567 [=====] - 4s 7ms/step - loss: 0.1618 - tf

```
_smape: 16.0896
Epoch 14/20
567/567 [=====] - 4s 7ms/step - loss: 0.1629 - tf
_smape: 16.1612
Epoch 15/20
567/567 [=====] - 4s 7ms/step - loss: 0.1576 - tf
_smape: 15.9910
Epoch 16/20
567/567 [=====] - 4s 7ms/step - loss: 0.1561 - tf
_smape: 15.9508
Epoch 17/20
567/567 [=====] - 4s 7ms/step - loss: 0.1556 - tf
_smape: 15.9177
Epoch 18/20
567/567 [=====] - 4s 7ms/step - loss: 0.1555 - tf
_smape: 15.9109
Epoch 19/20
567/567 [=====] - 4s 7ms/step - loss: 0.1562 - tf
_smape: 15.9481
Epoch 20/20
567/567 [=====] - 4s 7ms/step - loss: 0.1554 - tf
_smape: 15.9336
```

[1.1.3] CV data Analysis

In []:

```
#history of values
history = X_timeseries.iloc[:, -best_window:]
gc.collect()
clear_session()
#testing the model on test data
test_data = pd.DataFrame()
test_cols = test.columns.tolist()
for col in tqdm(test_cols[:-4]):
    X = np.log1p(history.iloc[:, -best_window:])
    #X = history.iloc[:, -best_window:]
    predict = np.ceil(np.expm1(model.predict(X)))
    #predict = np.ceil(model.predict(X))
    predict = np.array(predict).reshape((X.shape[0]))
    test_data[col] = predict
    history[col] = predict

#checking SMAPE on forecasted and actual CV values
cv_smape = np.mean(smape(test.iloc[:, :-4], test_data))
print("\nSMAPE on CV data = ", cv_smape)
models['DNN Model'] = [best_window, cv_smape]
```

100%|██████████| 73/73 [04:32<00:00, 3.73s/it]

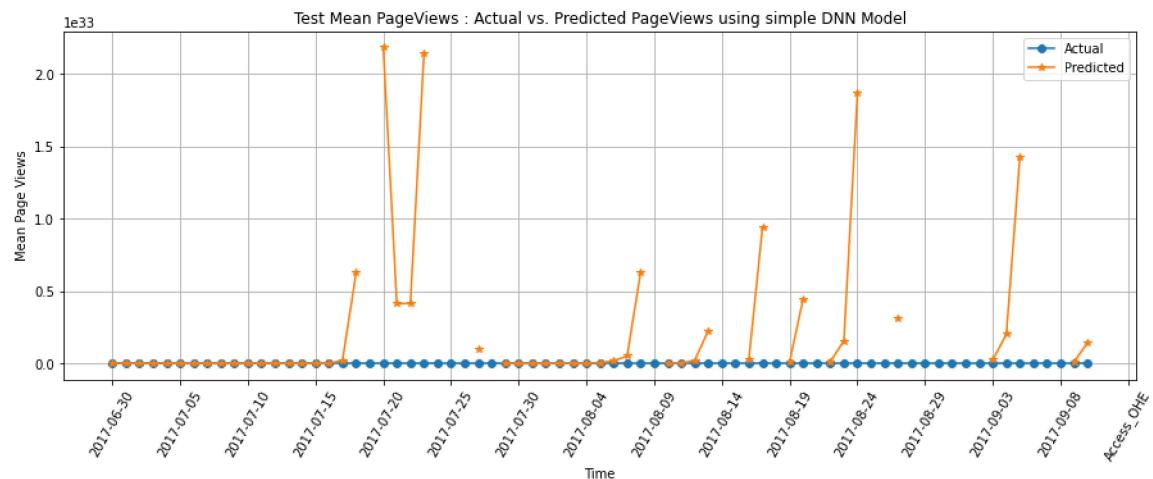
SMAPE on CV data = 52.22553137457099

[1.1.4] CV SMAPE Performance

In []:

```
#plot for mean of actual test and predicted test
plt.figure(figsize=(15, 5))
plt.title('Test Mean PageViews : Actual vs. Predicted PageViews using simple DNN Model')
)
actual_mean = test.iloc[:, :-4].mean(axis=0)
pred_mean    = test_data.mean(axis=0)

xtick_labels = [ x for x in enumerate(test_cols) if x[0]%5==0 ]
xtick_loc    = [ x[0] for x in xtick_labels ]
xtick_label  = [ x[1] for x in xtick_labels ]
b1 = plt.plot(actual_mean, marker="o")
b2 = plt.plot(pred_mean, marker="*")
plt.xlabel('Time')
plt.ylabel('Mean Page Views')
plt.grid()
plt.legend([b1[0], b2[0]], ['Actual', 'Predicted'])
plt.xticks(xtick_loc, xtick_label, rotation=60)
plt.show()
```



[1.2] Simple LSTM

In [28]:

```
def lstm(shape, print_summary=False):
    """
    simple 2 layered LSTM model for data. Returns the compiled model with
    passed parameters.
    """
    model = Sequential()
    model.add(LSTM(16, activation='relu', return_sequences=True, input_shape=(shape, 1)))
    model.add(LSTM(16, activation='relu'))
    model.add(Dropout(0.20))
    #model.add(Flatten())
    model.add(Dense(1))
    model.compile(loss='mean_squared_error', optimizer='adam', metrics=[tf_smape])
    if print_summary:
        model.summary()
    return model
```

[1.2.1] Hyper Parameter Tuning

In [4]:

```
gc.collect()
error = list()
for lag in lagged_window:
    clear_session()
    print("**** Running for Lag=",lag)
    X = np.log1p(X_timeseries.iloc[:, -lag-1:-1])
    #X = X_timeseries.iloc[:, -lag-1:-1]
    r, c = X.shape
    X = np.array(X).reshape((r, c, 1))
    Y = np.log1p(X_timeseries.iloc[:, -1])
    observed = X_timeseries.iloc[:, -1]
    #Y = X_timeseries.iloc[:, -1]
    #print("Dataset shape is ",X.shape)
    model = lstm(lag)
    model.fit(X, Y, batch_size=batch, epochs=epoch, verbose=1)
    predicted = np.ceil(np.expm1(model.predict(X)))
    #predicted = np.ceil(model.predict(X))
    predicted = np.array(predicted).reshape((X.shape[0]))
    #tr_smape = smape(Y, predicted)
    cv_smape = np.mean(smape(observed, predicted))
    print("SMAPE for Lag=%d is %f"%(lag, cv_smape))
    error.append([cv_smape, lag])

index      = np.argmin([ x[0] for x in error ])
best_window = error[index][1]
best_cv_smape = error[index][0]

print("\n\nBest Values are : \n",best_window, "\n", best_cv_smape)
```

```
**** Running for Lag= 7
SMAPE for Lag=7 is 33.978622
**** Running for Lag= 30
SMAPE for Lag=30 is 33.208534
**** Running for Lag= 90
SMAPE for Lag=90 is 77.149977
**** Running for Lag= 365
SMAPE for Lag=90 is nan
```

```
Best Values are :
30
33.20853431493801
```

[1.2.2] Fitting Model with Best Window

In [5]:

```
print("Model is trained and found to have : ")
print("Best Window = ",best_window)
print("\n\n")

#fiting model with best parameters
X = np.log1p(X_timeseries.iloc[:, -best_window-1:-1])
#X = X_timeseries.iloc[:, -best_window-1:-1]
r, c = X.shape
X = np.array(X).reshape((r, c, 1))
Y = np.log1p(X_timeseries.iloc[:, -1])
#Y = X_timeseries.iloc[:, -1]

#fitting model wth best parameters
clear_session()
model = lstm(best_window, print_summary=True)
model.fit(X, Y, batch_size=batch, epochs=epoch, verbose=1)

#save the model weights
my_model = model.to_json()
with open("copy_lstm_model.json", "w") as json_file:
    json_file.write(my_model)
model.save_weights("copy_lstm_model_weights.h5")
```

Model is trained and found to have :

Best Window = 30

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
<hr/>		
lstm (LSTM)	(None, 30, 16)	1152
<hr/>		
lstm_1 (LSTM)	(None, 16)	2112
<hr/>		
dropout (Dropout)	(None, 16)	0
<hr/>		
dense (Dense)	(None, 1)	17
<hr/>		
Total params: 3,281		
Trainable params: 3,281		
Non-trainable params: 0		

Epoch 1/20

145063/145063 [=====] - 35s 244us/sample - loss:
1.7801 - tf_smape: 32.7476

Epoch 2/20

145063/145063 [=====] - 36s 248us/sample - loss:
1.0008 - tf_smape: 25.9185 - loss: 1.

Epoch 3/20

145063/145063 [=====] - 35s 243us/sample - loss:
0.8892 - tf_smape: 24.9882

Epoch 4/20

145063/145063 [=====] - 36s 248us/sample - loss:
0.8249 - tf_smape: 24.1920

Epoch 5/20

145063/145063 [=====] - 36s 251us/sample - loss:
0.7478 - tf_smape: 23.3956

Epoch 6/20

145063/145063 [=====] - 36s 248us/sample - loss:
0.6780 - tf_smape: 22.6881 - loss: 0.6787 - tf_smape: 22

Epoch 7/20

145063/145063 [=====] - 36s 251us/sample - loss:
0.6254 - tf_smape: 22.1257

Epoch 8/20

145063/145063 [=====] - 37s 255us/sample - loss:
0.5648 - tf_smape: 21.6160

Epoch 9/20

145063/145063 [=====] - 37s 255us/sample - loss:
0.5224 - tf_smape: 21.2912

Epoch 10/20

145063/145063 [=====] - 37s 253us/sample - loss:
0.4743 - tf_smape: 20.8531

Epoch 11/20

145063/145063 [=====] - 37s 256us/sample - loss:
0.4483 - tf_smape: 20.6893

Epoch 12/20

145063/145063 [=====] - 37s 255us/sample - loss:
0.4233 - tf_smape: 20.5420 - loss: 0.4232 - t

Epoch 13/20

145063/145063 [=====] - 38s 264us/sample - loss:
0.4109 - tf_smape: 20.4978

Epoch 14/20

145063/145063 [=====] - 36s 251us/sample - loss:

```

0.3983 - tf_smape: 20.5042
Epoch 15/20
145063/145063 [=====] - 37s 254us/sample - loss:
0.3879 - tf_smape: 20.4735
Epoch 16/20
145063/145063 [=====] - 37s 252us/sample - loss:
0.3892 - tf_smape: 20.5422
Epoch 17/20
145063/145063 [=====] - 38s 263us/sample - loss:
0.3910 - tf_smape: 20.6383 - loss - ETA: 4s - loss
Epoch 18/20
145063/145063 [=====] - 38s 261us/sample - loss:
0.3800 - tf_smape: 20.5794
Epoch 19/20
145063/145063 [=====] - 37s 257us/sample - loss:
0.3776 - tf_smape: 20.6055
Epoch 20/20
145063/145063 [=====] - 36s 248us/sample - loss:
0.3776 - tf_smape: 20.5790

```

[1.2.3] CV data Analysis

In [2]:

```

#history of values
history = X_timeseries.iloc[:, -best_window:]
gc.collect()
#testing the model on test data
test_data = pd.DataFrame()
test_cols = test.columns.tolist()
for col in tqdm(test_cols[:-4]):
    clear_session()
    X = np.log1p(history.iloc[:, -best_window:])
    #X = history.iloc[:, -best_window:]
    r, c = X.shape
    X = np.array(X).reshape((r, c, 1))
    predict = np.ceil(np.expm1(model.predict(X)))
    #predict = np.ceil(model.predict(X))
    predict = np.array(predict).reshape((X.shape[0]))
    test_data[col] = predict
    history[col] = predict

#checking SMAPE on forecasted and actual CV values
cv_smape = np.mean(smape(test.iloc[:, :-4], test_data))
print("\nSMAPE on CV data = ", cv_smape)
models['LSTM Model'] = [best_window, cv_smape]

```

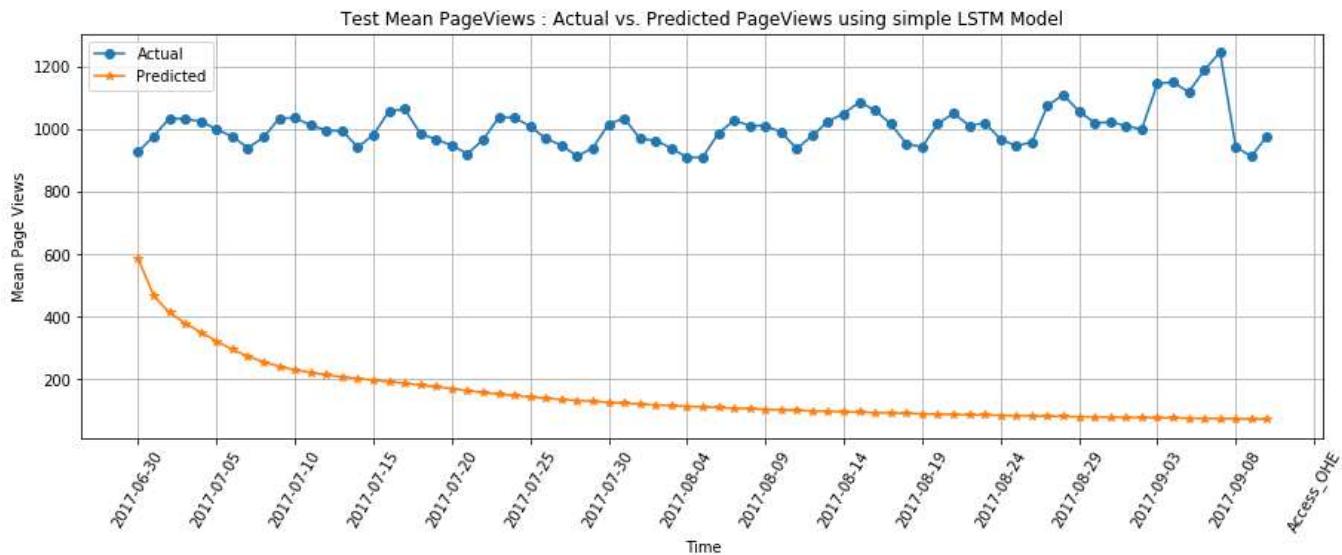
SMAPE on CV data = 94.2299259028066

[1.2.4] CV SMAPE Performance

In []:

```
#plot for mean of actual test and predicted test
plt.figure(figsize=(15, 5))
plt.title('Test Mean PageViews : Actual vs. Predicted PageViews using simple LSTM Model')
actual_mean = test.iloc[:, :-4].mean(axis=0)
pred_mean = test_data.mean(axis=0)

xtick_labels = [ x for x in enumerate(test_cols) if x[0]%5==0 ]
xtick_loc = [ x[0] for x in xtick_labels ]
xtick_label = [ x[1] for x in xtick_labels ]
b1 = plt.plot(actual_mean, marker="o")
b2 = plt.plot(pred_mean, marker="*")
plt.xlabel('Time')
plt.ylabel('Mean Page Views')
plt.grid()
plt.legend([b1[0], b2[0]], ['Actual', 'Predicted'])
plt.xticks(xtick_loc, xtick_label, rotation=60)
plt.show()
```



[1.3] CNN Model

In [29]:

```
def cnn_model(shape, print_summary=False):
    """
    function that takes parameter and returns simple CNN model
    """

    model = Sequential()
    #adding convolution layer
    model.add(Conv1D(filters=128, kernel_size=2, activation='relu', \
                     kernel_initializer = 'he_uniform', input_shape=(shape, 1)))
    model.add(Conv1D(filters=128, kernel_size=2, activation='relu', \
                     kernel_initializer = 'he_uniform'))
    model.add(MaxPooling1D(pool_size=3))
    #flatten the model output
    model.add(Flatten())
    #add Dense layers
    model.add(Dense(32, activation='relu'))
    model.add(Dense(1))
    #compile model with loss and metrics
    model.compile(loss='mean_squared_error', optimizer='adam', metrics=[tf_smape])
    #return model and Print is necessary
    if print_summary:
        model.summary()
    return model
```

[1.3.1] Hyper Parameter Tuning

In []:

```

gc.collect()
error = list()
for lag in lagged_window:
    print("**** Running for Lag=",lag)
    clear_session()
    X = np.log1p(X_timeseries.iloc[:, -lag-1:-1])
    #X = X_timeseries.iloc[:, -lag-1:-1]
    r, c = X.shape
    X = np.array(X).reshape((r, c, 1))
    Y = np.log1p(X_timeseries.iloc[:, -1])
    #Y = X_timeseries.iloc[:, -1]
    observed = X_timeseries.iloc[:, -1]
    #print("Dataset shape is ",X.shape)
    model = cnn_model(lag)
    model.fit(X, Y, batch_size=batch, epochs=epoch, verbose=0)
    predicted = np.ceil(np.expm1(model.predict(X)))
    #predicted = np.ceil(model.predict(X))
    predicted = np.array(predicted).reshape((X.shape[0]))
    #tr_smape = smape(Y, predicted)
    cv_smape = np.mean(smape(observed, predicted))
    error.append([cv_smape, lag])
    print("SMAPE = {} for Lag = {}".format(cv_smape, lag))
index      = np.argmin([ x[0] for x in error ])
best_window = error[index][1]
best_cv_smape = error[index][0]

print("\n\nBest Values are : \n",best_window, "\n", "Best SMAPE on CV data is ",best_cv_smape)

```

```

**** Running for Lag= 7
SMAPE = 36.903023985148906 for Lag = 7
**** Running for Lag= 30
SMAPE = 37.92718723119423 for Lag = 30
**** Running for Lag= 90
SMAPE = 33.94058462715518 for Lag = 90
**** Running for Lag= 365
SMAPE = 45.45721823042916 for Lag = 365

```

Best Values are :
90
Best SMAPE on CV data is 33.94058462715518

[1.3.2] Fitting Model with Best Window

In []:

```
#best_window = 30
print("Model is trained and found to have : ")
print("Best Window = "      ,best_window)
print("\n\n")
gc.collect()

X = np.log1p(X_timeseries.iloc[:, -best_window-1:-1])
#X = X_timeseries.iloc[:, -best_window-1:-1]
r, c = X.shape
X = np.array(X).reshape((r, c, 1))
Y = np.log1p(X_timeseries.iloc[:, -1])
#Y = X_timeseries.iloc[:, -1]

#fitting model wth best parameters
model = cnn_model(best_window, print_summary=True)
model.fit(X, Y, batch_size=batch, epochs=epoch, verbose=1)

#save the model weights
my_model = model.to_json()
with open("copy_cnn_model.json", "w") as json_file:
    json_file.write(my_model)
model.save_weights("copy_cnn_model_weights.h5")
```

Model is trained and found to have :

Best Window = 90

Model: "sequential_1"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
<hr/>		
conv1d_2 (Conv1D)	(None, 89, 128)	384
<hr/>		
conv1d_3 (Conv1D)	(None, 88, 128)	32896
<hr/>		
max_pooling1d_1 (MaxPooling1D)	(None, 29, 128)	0
<hr/>		
flatten_1 (Flatten)	(None, 3712)	0
<hr/>		
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 32)	118816
<hr/>		
dense_3 (Dense)	(None, 1)	33
<hr/>		

Total params: 152,129

Trainable params: 152,129

Non-trainable params: 0

Epoch 1/20

567/567 [=====] - 76s 135ms/step - loss: 25.8401
- tf_smape: 177.4318

Epoch 2/20

567/567 [=====] - 76s 135ms/step - loss: 13.7947
- tf_smape: 103.5658

Epoch 3/20

567/567 [=====] - 77s 135ms/step - loss: 0.2625 -
tf_smape: 17.8155

Epoch 4/20

567/567 [=====] - 76s 135ms/step - loss: 0.2227 -
tf_smape: 17.3939

Epoch 5/20

567/567 [=====] - 77s 136ms/step - loss: 0.2115 -
tf_smape: 17.2064

Epoch 6/20

567/567 [=====] - 77s 135ms/step - loss: 0.2075 -
tf_smape: 17.1612

Epoch 7/20

567/567 [=====] - 76s 135ms/step - loss: 0.2055 -
tf_smape: 17.1461

Epoch 8/20

567/567 [=====] - 76s 134ms/step - loss: 0.2001 -
tf_smape: 16.9979

Epoch 9/20

567/567 [=====] - 78s 137ms/step - loss: 0.1971 -
tf_smape: 16.9304

Epoch 10/20

567/567 [=====] - 79s 140ms/step - loss: 0.1974 -
tf_smape: 16.9231

Epoch 11/20

567/567 [=====] - 77s 137ms/step - loss: 0.1955 -
tf_smape: 16.8685

Epoch 12/20

567/567 [=====] - 77s 136ms/step - loss: 0.1933 -
tf_smape: 16.8296

```

Epoch 13/20
567/567 [=====] - 77s 135ms/step - loss: 0.1932 -
tf_smape: 16.8252
Epoch 14/20
567/567 [=====] - 77s 136ms/step - loss: 0.1950 -
tf_smape: 16.8795
Epoch 15/20
567/567 [=====] - 76s 135ms/step - loss: 0.1905 -
tf_smape: 16.7339
Epoch 16/20
567/567 [=====] - 76s 135ms/step - loss: 0.1924 -
tf_smape: 16.8101
Epoch 17/20
567/567 [=====] - 77s 136ms/step - loss: 0.1906 -
tf_smape: 16.7771
Epoch 18/20
567/567 [=====] - 77s 135ms/step - loss: 0.1898 -
tf_smape: 16.7510
Epoch 19/20
567/567 [=====] - 76s 135ms/step - loss: 0.1894 -
tf_smape: 16.7464
Epoch 20/20
567/567 [=====] - 75s 133ms/step - loss: 0.1891 -
tf_smape: 16.7529

```

[1.3.3] CV data Analysis

In []:

```

#history of values
history = X_timeseries.iloc[:, -best_window:]

#testing the model on test data
test_data = pd.DataFrame()
test_cols = test.columns.tolist()
for col in tqdm(test_cols[:-4]):
    clear_session()
    X = np.log1p(history.iloc[:, -best_window:])
    #X = history.iloc[:, -best_window:]
    r, c = X.shape
    X = np.array(X).reshape((r, c, 1))
    predict = np.ceil(np.expm1(model.predict(X)))
    #predict = np.ceil(model.predict(X))
    predict = np.array(predict).reshape((X.shape[0]))
    test_data[col] = predict
    history[col] = predict

#checking SMAPE on forecasted and actual CV values
cv_smape = np.mean(smape(test.iloc[:, :-4], test_data))
print("\nSMAPE on CV data = ", cv_smape)
models['CNN Model'] = [best_window, cv_smape]

```

100%|██████████| 73/73 [34:32<00:00, 28.39s/it]

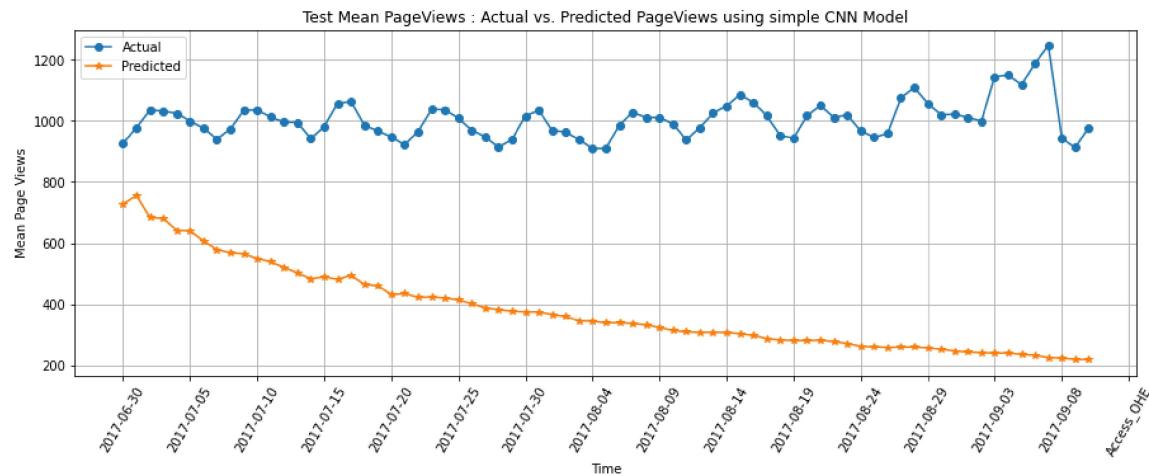
SMAPE on CV data = 57.822529574117574

[1.3.4] CV SMAPE Performance

In []:

```
#plot for mean of actual test and predicted test
plt.figure(figsize=(15, 5))
plt.title('Test Mean PageViews : Actual vs. Predicted PageViews using simple CNN Model')
)
actual_mean = test.iloc[:, :-4].mean(axis=0)
pred_mean    = test_data.mean(axis=0)

xtick_labels = [ x for x in enumerate(test_cols) if x[0]%5==0 ]
xtick_loc    = [ x[0] for x in xtick_labels ]
xtick_label  = [ x[1] for x in xtick_labels ]
b1 = plt.plot(actual_mean, marker="o")
b2 = plt.plot(pred_mean, marker="*")
plt.xlabel('Time')
plt.ylabel('Mean Page Views')
plt.grid()
plt.legend([b1[0], b2[0]], ['Actual', 'Predicted'])
plt.xticks(xtick_loc, xtick_label, rotation=60)
plt.show()
```



[1.4] CNN-LSTM

In [30]:

```
def cnn_lstm_model(shape, print_summary=False):
    model = Sequential()
    #adding convolution layer
    model.add(Conv1D(filters=128, kernel_size=2, activation='relu', \
                    kernel_initializer = 'he_uniform', input_shape=(shape, 1)))
    model.add(Conv1D(filters=128, kernel_size=2, activation='relu', \
                    kernel_initializer = 'he_uniform'))
    model.add(MaxPooling1D(pool_size=3))
    #model.add(Flatten())
    #adding LSTM Layer
    model.add(LSTM(128, activation='relu', return_sequences=True))
    model.add(LSTM(128, activation='relu'))
    #flatten the model output
    #model.add(Flatten())
    #add Dense layers
    #model.add(Dense(128, activation='relu'))
    model.add(Dense(64, activation='relu'))
    model.add(Dropout(0.20))
    model.add(Dense(8, activation='relu'))
    model.add(Dropout(0.20))
    model.add(Dense(1))

    #compile model with loss and metrics
    model.compile(loss='mean_squared_error', optimizer='adam', metrics=[tf_smape])
    #return model and Print is necessary
    if print_summary:
        model.summary()
    return model
```

[1.4.1] Hyper Parameter Tuning

In [3]:

```

gc.collect()
error = list()
for lag in lagged_window:
    clear_session()
    print("**** Running for Lag=",lag)
    X = np.log1p(X_timeseries.iloc[:, -lag-1:-1])
    #X = X_timeseries.iloc[:, -lag-1:-1]
    r, c = X.shape
    X = np.array(X).reshape((r, c, 1))
    Y = np.log1p(X_timeseries.iloc[:, -1])
    observed = X_timeseries.iloc[:, -1]
    #Y = X_timeseries.iloc[:, -1]
    #print("Dataset shape is ",X.shape)
    model = cnn_lstm_model(lag)
    model.fit(X, Y, batch_size=batch, epochs=epoch, verbose=1)
    predicted = np.ceil(np.expm1(model.predict(X)))
    #predicted = np.ceil(model.predict(X))
    predicted = np.array(predicted).reshape((X.shape[0]))
    #tr_smape = smape(Y, predicted)
    cv_smape = np.mean(smape(observed, predicted))
    error.append([cv_smape, lag])
    print("SMAPE = {} for Lag = {}".format(cv_smape, lag))

index      = np.argmin([ x[0] for x in error ])
best_window = error[index][1]
best_cv_smape = error[index][0]

print("\n\nBest Values are : \n",best_window, "\n", "Best SMAPE on CV data is ",best_cv_smape)

```

```

**** Running for Lag= 7
SMAPE = 39.37963930453302 for Lag = 7
**** Running for Lag= 30
SMAPE = 40.214171562408254 for Lag = 30
**** Running for Lag= 90
SMAPE = 125.42138458837948 for Lag = 90
**** Running for Lag= 365
SMAPE = nan for Lag = 365

```

```

Best Values are :
7
Best SMAPE on CV data is 39.37963930453302

```

[1.4.2] Fitting Model with Best Window

In []:

```
best_window = 7
print("Model is trained and found to have : ")
print("Best Window = ",best_window)
print("\n\n")
gc.collect()
X = np.log1p(X_timeseries.iloc[:, -best_window-1:-1])
#X = X_timeseries.iloc[:, -best_window-1:-1]
r, c = X.shape
X = np.array(X).reshape((r, c, 1))
Y = np.log1p(X_timeseries.iloc[:, -1])
#Y = X_timeseries.iloc[:, -1]

#fitting model wth best parameters
model = cnn_lstm_model(best_window, print_summary=True)
model.fit(X, Y, batch_size=batch, epochs=epoch, verbose=1)

#save the model weights
my_model = model.to_json()
with open("copy_cnn_lstm_model.json", "w") as json_file:
    json_file.write(my_model)
model.save_weights("copy_cnn_lstm_model_weights.h5")
```

Model is trained and found to have :

Best Window = 7

Model: "sequential"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv1d (Conv1D)	(None, 6, 128)	384
conv1d_1 (Conv1D)	(None, 5, 128)	32896
max_pooling1d (MaxPooling1D)	(None, 1, 128)	0
lstm (LSTM)	(None, 1, 128)	131584
lstm_1 (LSTM)	(None, 128)	131584
dense (Dense)	(None, 64)	8256
dropout (Dropout)	(None, 64)	0
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 8)	520
dropout_1 (Dropout)	(None, 8)	0
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 1)	9

Total params: 305,233

Trainable params: 305,233

Non-trainable params: 0

Epoch 1/20

567/567 [=====] - 15s 27ms/step - loss: 2.7432 -

tf_smape: 39.3032

Epoch 2/20

567/567 [=====] - 15s 26ms/step - loss: 2.1506 -

tf_smape: 34.5698

Epoch 3/20

567/567 [=====] - 15s 27ms/step - loss: 1.8659 -

tf_smape: 31.9813

Epoch 4/20

567/567 [=====] - 15s 27ms/step - loss: 1.5962 -

tf_smape: 29.7126

Epoch 5/20

567/567 [=====] - 15s 26ms/step - loss: 1.3745 -

tf_smape: 27.8663

Epoch 6/20

567/567 [=====] - 15s 26ms/step - loss: 1.1821 -

tf_smape: 26.3996

Epoch 7/20

567/567 [=====] - 15s 26ms/step - loss: 1.0382 -

tf_smape: 25.3538

Epoch 8/20

567/567 [=====] - 15s 26ms/step - loss: 0.9084 -

tf_smape: 24.5452

Epoch 9/20

567/567 [=====] - 15s 26ms/step - loss: 0.8081 -

tf_smape: 23.9284

Epoch 10/20

```
567/567 [=====] - 15s 26ms/step - loss: 0.7348 -
tf_smape: 23.4781
Epoch 11/20
567/567 [=====] - 15s 27ms/step - loss: 0.6804 -
tf_smape: 23.2343
Epoch 12/20
567/567 [=====] - 15s 27ms/step - loss: 0.6440 -
tf_smape: 23.1066
Epoch 13/20
567/567 [=====] - 15s 27ms/step - loss: 0.6227 -
tf_smape: 23.1369
Epoch 14/20
567/567 [=====] - 15s 27ms/step - loss: 0.5995 -
tf_smape: 22.9819
Epoch 15/20
567/567 [=====] - 15s 27ms/step - loss: 0.5932 -
tf_smape: 23.0784
Epoch 16/20
567/567 [=====] - 15s 26ms/step - loss: 0.5899 -
tf_smape: 23.0904
Epoch 17/20
567/567 [=====] - 16s 28ms/step - loss: 0.5859 -
tf_smape: 23.1269
Epoch 18/20
567/567 [=====] - 15s 27ms/step - loss: 0.5886 -
tf_smape: 23.1906
Epoch 19/20
567/567 [=====] - 15s 26ms/step - loss: 0.5760 -
tf_smape: 23.1008
Epoch 20/20
567/567 [=====] - 15s 26ms/step - loss: 0.5762 -
tf_smape: 23.0964
```

[1.4.3] CV data Analysis

In []:

```
#history of values
history = X_timeseries.iloc[:, -best_window:]

gc.collect()
#testing the model on test data
test_data = pd.DataFrame()
test_cols = test.columns.tolist()
for col in tqdm(test_cols[:-4]):
    clear_session()
    X = np.log1p(history.iloc[:, -best_window:])
    #X = history.iloc[:, -best_window:]
    r, c = X.shape
    X = np.array(X).reshape((r, c, 1))
    predict = np.ceil(np.expm1(model.predict(X, batch_size=batch, use_multiprocessing=True)))
    #predict = np.ceil(model.predict(X))
    predict = np.array(predict).reshape((X.shape[0]))
    test_data[col] = predict
    history[col] = predict

#checking SMAPE on forecasted and actual CV values
cv_smape = np.mean(smape(test.iloc[:, :-4], test_data))
print("\nSMAPE on CV data = ", cv_smape)
models['CNN-LSTM Model'] = [best_window, cv_smape]
```

100%|██████████| 73/73 [05:00<00:00, 4.12s/it]

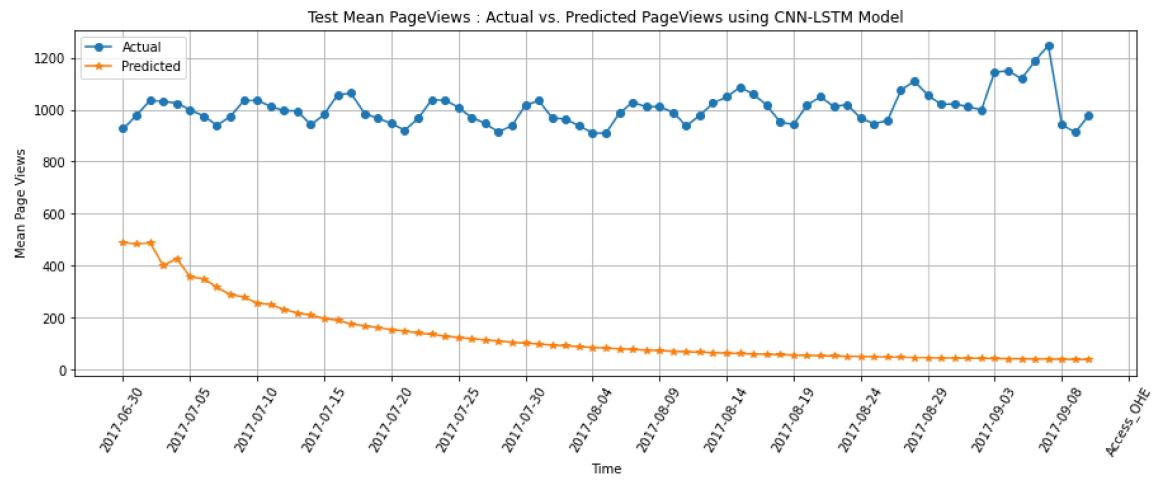
SMAPE on CV data = 97.02710490172983

[1.4.4] CV SMAPE Performance

In []:

```
#plot for mean of actual test and predicted test
plt.figure(figsize=(15, 5))
plt.title('Test Mean PageViews : Actual vs. Predicted PageViews using CNN-LSTM Model')
actual_mean = test.iloc[:, :-4].mean(axis=0)
pred_mean   = test_data.mean(axis=0)

xtick_labels = [ x for x in enumerate(test_cols) if x[0]%5==0 ]
xtick_loc    = [ x[0] for x in xtick_labels ]
xtick_label  = [ x[1] for x in xtick_labels ]
b1 = plt.plot(actual_mean, marker="o")
b2 = plt.plot(pred_mean, marker="*")
plt.xlabel('Time')
plt.ylabel('Mean Page Views')
plt.grid()
plt.legend([b1[0], b2[0]], ['Actual', 'Predicted'])
plt.xticks(xtick_loc, xtick_label, rotation=60)
plt.show()
```



[2] Conclusion : Model Performance

In [8]:

```
from prettytable import PrettyTable
dl_models = PrettyTable(['Model', 'Best Window', 'CV performance'])

for k, v in models.items():
    dl_models.add_row([k, v[0], round(v[1], 4)])

print(dl_models)
```

Model	Best Window	CV performance
DNN Model	90	52.2255
LSTM Model	30	84.4969
CNN Model	90	57.8225
CNN-LSTM Model	7	97.0271

From above, we can see that Models, DNN, CNN and LSTM gives least SMAPE with CV data.

We will prepare the test forecasting of these models as well as increase the layers of the LSTM and CNN models to check if they perform better or not

[3] On Test Data

In []:

```
models = dict()
```

[3.1] Test Data Analysis : DNN Model

In []:

```
#Load the model weights
with open('copy_dnn_model.json', 'r') as f:
    model = model_from_json(f.read())
# Load weights into the new model
model.load_weights('copy_dnn_model_weights.h5')
```

In [22]:

```
best_window = 90
print("DNN Model is trained and found to have Best_Window of %d"%best_window)

past_data_cols = complete_train.columns.tolist()[-best_window-5:]
past_data_cols.insert(0, 'Page')

past_data = complete_train[past_data_cols]
#past_data.head()

#getting date columns and non_date columns
date_cols = [ x for x in past_data.columns.tolist() if '-' in x ]
non_date = [ x for x in past_data.columns.tolist() if x not in date_cols and x != 'Page' ]

#separating the ata into series of PageViews and Site features
timeseries_X = complete_train[date_cols]
```

DNN Model is trained and found to have Best_Window of 90

In [23]:

```
X = np.log1p(timeseries_X.iloc[:, :-1])
#X = X_timeseries.iloc[:, -best_window-1:-1]
r, c = X.shape
X = np.array(X).reshape((r, c, 1))
Y = np.log1p(timeseries_X.iloc[:, -1])
#Y = X_timeseries.iloc[:, -1]

#from tensorflow.keras.models import model_from_json
#with open('complex_lstm_model.json', 'r') as f:
#    model = model_from_json(f.read())
## Load weights into the new model
#model.load_weights('complex_lstm_model_weights.h5')
model.summary()

#model.fit(X, Y, batch_size=batch, epochs=epoch, verbose=1)
```

Model: "sequential"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
<hr/>		
dense (Dense)	(None, 512)	46592
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 128)	65664
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 64)	8256
dense_3 (Dense)	(None, 8)	520
dense_4 (Dense)	(None, 1)	9
<hr/>		
Total params: 121,041		
Trainable params: 121,041		
Non-trainable params: 0		

In []:

```

model_test = pd.DataFrame()
model_test['Page'] = complete_train.Page.values
#print(past_data.shape)
for test_index in range(len(test_days)):
    #clear_session()
    print("Remaining are %d"%(len(test_days)-test_index+1))
    #print(history.shape)
    X = np.log1p(timeseries_X.iloc[:, -best_window:])
    r, c = X.shape
    #X = np.array(X).reshape((r, c, 1))
    #X_Lagged = np.hstack((X_pagename_te, X))
    predicted = np.ceil(np.expm1(model.predict(X)))
    model_test[test_days[test_index]] = predicted
    timeseries_X[test_days[test_index]] = predicted

```

In [26]:

```

f = open('simple_dnn_Page_Count.csv', 'w')
f.write('Page|Visits'+'\n')
for col in model_test.iloc[:, -62:].columns.tolist():
    test_data = model_test[['Page', col]]
    pageviews = [ str(int(x)) for x in test_data.iloc[:, -1] ]
    pagename = [ x+'_'+test_data.columns.tolist()[-1] for x in test_data.iloc[:, 0] ]
    page_view = list(zip(pagename, pageviews))
    #writing it into file
    for line in page_view:
        n, c = line
        f.write(n+'|'+c)
        f.write('\n')
test_data_final = pd.read_csv('./simple_dnn_Page_Count.csv', sep='|')

#saving the final file
page_key.merge(test_data_final, how='left', on='Page')[['Id', 'Visits']].fillna(0).to_csv('./Test_Data_simple_dnn.csv', index=False)

```

[Test_Data_simple_dnn.csv](#)

79.44122

79.44122



8 hours ago by Kaushik Lade

Simple DNN model for prediction of test timestamps

In []:

```
models['DNN Model'] = [best_window, cv_smape, 79.44122]
```

[3.2] Test Data Analysis : CNN Model

In [34]:

```
best_window = 90
print("CNN Model is trained and found to have Best_Window of %d"%best_window)

past_data_cols = complete_train.columns.tolist()[-best_window-5:]
past_data_cols.insert(0, 'Page')

past_data = complete_train[past_data_cols]
#past_data.head()

#getting date columns and non_date columns
date_cols = [ x for x in past_data.columns.tolist() if '-' in x ]
non_date = [ x for x in past_data.columns.tolist() if x not in date_cols and x != 'Page' ]

#separating the ata into series of PageViews and Site features
pagename_X = complete_train[non_date]
timeseries_X = complete_train[date_cols]
```

CNN Model is trained and found to have Best_Window of 90

In [36]:

```
X = np.log1p(timeseries_X.iloc[:, -best_window:-1])
#X = X_timeseries.iloc[:, -best_window:-1]
r, c = X.shape
X = np.array(X).reshape((r, c, 1))
Y = np.log1p(timeseries_X.iloc[:, -1])
#Y = X_timeseries.iloc[:, -1]

from tensorflow.keras.models import model_from_json
with open('copy_cnn_model.json', 'r') as f:
    model = model_from_json(f.read())
# Load weights into the new model
model.load_weights('copy_cnn_model_weights.h5')
model.summary()

#model.fit(X, Y, batch_size=batch, epochs=epoch, verbose=1)
```

Model: "sequential_1"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
<hr/>		
conv1d_2 (Conv1D)	(None, 89, 128)	384
conv1d_3 (Conv1D)	(None, 88, 128)	32896
max_pooling1d_1 (MaxPooling1	(None, 29, 128)	0
flatten_1 (Flatten)	(None, 3712)	0
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 32)	118816
dense_3 (Dense)	(None, 1)	33
<hr/>		
Total params: 152,129		
Trainable params: 152,129		
Non-trainable params: 0		

In []:

```
model_test = pd.DataFrame()
model_test['Page'] = complete_train.Page.values
#print(past_data.shape)
for test_index in range(len(test_days)):
    #clear_session()
    print("Remaining are %d"%(len(test_days)-test_index+1))
    #print(history.shape)
    X = np.log1p(timeseries_X.iloc[:, -best_window:])
    r, c = X.shape
    X = np.array(X).reshape((r, c, 1))
    #X_Lagged = np.hstack((X_pagename_te, X))
    predicted = np.ceil(np.expm1(model.predict(X)))
    model_test[test_days[test_index]] = predicted
    timeseries_X[test_days[test_index]] = predicted
```

In [43]:

```
f = open('CNN_Page_Count.csv', 'w')
f.write('Page|Visits'+'\n')
for col in model_test.iloc[:, -62:].columns.tolist():
    test_data = model_test[['Page', col]]
    pageviews = [ str(int(x)) for x in test_data.iloc[:, -1] ]
    pagename = [ x+'_'+test_data.columns.tolist()[-1] for x in test_data.iloc[:, 0] ]
    page_view = list(zip(pagename, pageviews))
    #writing it into file
    for line in page_view:
        n, c = line
        f.write(n+'|'+c)
        f.write('\n')
test_data_final = pd.read_csv('./CNN_Page_Count.csv', sep='|')

#saving the final file
page_key.merge(test_data_final, how='left', on='Page')[['Id', 'Visits']].fillna(0).to_csv('./Test_Data_CNN.csv', index=False)
```

[Test_Data_CNN.csv](#)

8 hours ago by Kaushik Lade

46.79253

46.79253

simple CNN model forecasting on test data timestamps

In []:

models['CNN Model'] = [best_window, cv_smape, 46.79253]

[3.3] Test Data Analysis : LSTM Model

In [12]:

```
best_window = 30
print("LSTM Model is trained and found to have Best_Window of %d"%best_window)

past_data_cols = complete_train.columns.tolist()[-best_window-5:]
past_data_cols.insert(0, 'Page')

past_data = complete_train[past_data_cols]
#past_data.head()

#getting date columns and non_date columns
date_cols = [ x for x in past_data.columns.tolist() if '-' in x ]
non_date = [ x for x in past_data.columns.tolist() if x not in date_cols and x != 'Page' ]

#separating the ata into series of PageViews and Site features
pagename_X = complete_train[non_date]
timeseries_X = complete_train[date_cols]
```

LSTM Model is trained and found to have Best_Window of 30

In [13]:

```
X = np.log1p(timeseries_X.iloc[:, :-1])
#X = X_timeseries.iloc[:, -best_window:-1]
r, c = X.shape
X = np.array(X).reshape((r, c, 1))
Y = np.log1p(timeseries_X.iloc[:, -1])
#Y = X_timeseries.iloc[:, -1]

#fitting model wth best parameters
#model = Lstm(best_window, print_summary=True)

from tensorflow.keras.models import model_from_json
with open('copy_lstm_model.json', 'r') as f:
    model = model_from_json(f.read())
# Load weights into the new model
model.load_weights('copy_lstm_model_weights.h5')
model.summary()

#model.fit(X, Y, batch_size=batch, epochs=epoch, verbose=1)
```

Model: "sequential"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
<hr/>		
lstm (LSTM)	(None, 30, 16)	1152
<hr/>		
lstm_1 (LSTM)	(None, 16)	2112
<hr/>		
dropout (Dropout)	(None, 16)	0
<hr/>		
dense (Dense)	(None, 1)	17
<hr/>		
Total params: 3,281		
Trainable params: 3,281		
Non-trainable params: 0		

In []:

```
model_test = pd.DataFrame()
model_test['Page'] = complete_train.Page.values
#print(past_data.shape)
for test_index in range(len(test_days)):
    #clear_session()
    print("Remaining are %d" % (len(test_days) - test_index + 1))
    #print(history.shape)
    X = np.log1p(timeseries_X.iloc[:, -best_window:])
    r, c = X.shape
    X = np.array(X).reshape((r, c, 1))
    #X_lagged = np.hstack((X_pagename_te, X))
    predicted = np.ceil(np.expm1(model.predict(X)))
    model_test[test_days[test_index]] = predicted
    timeseries_X[test_days[test_index]] = predicted
```

In [15]:

```
f = open('simple_LSTM_Page_Count.csv', 'w')
f.write('Page|Visits'+'\n')
for col in model_test.iloc[:, -62:].columns.tolist():
    test_data = model_test[['Page', col]]
    pageviews = [ str(int(x)) for x in test_data.iloc[:, -1] ]
    pagename = [ x+'_'+test_data.columns.tolist()[-1] for x in test_data.iloc[:, 0] ]
    page_view = list(zip(pagename, pageviews))
    #writing it into file
    for line in page_view:
        n, c = line
        f.write(n+'|'+c)
        f.write('\n')
test_data_final = pd.read_csv('./simple_LSTM_Page_Count.csv', sep='|')

#saving the final file
page_key.merge(test_data_final, how='left', on='Page')[['Id', 'Visits']].fillna(0).to_csv('./Test_Data_simple_LSTM.csv', index=False)
```

[Test_Data_simple_LSTM.csv](#)

84.03305

84.03305



a minute ago by Kaushik Lade

simple LSTM model on Test data time stamps

In []:

models['LSTM Model'] = [best_window, cv_smape, 84.03305]

[4] Increasing the complexity of DL Models

[4.1] Complex LSTM Model

In []:

clear_session()

In []:

```
def complex_lstm(shape, print_summary=False):
    """
    simple 2 Layered LSTM model for data. Returns the compiled model with
    passed parameters.
    """
    model = Sequential()
    model.add(LSTM(128, activation='relu', return_sequences=True, input_shape=(shape, 1
)))
    model.add(LSTM(128, activation='relu', return_sequences=True))
    model.add(Dropout(0.20))
    #model.add(LSTM(64, activation='tanh', return_sequences=True))
    model.add(LSTM(64, activation='relu'))
    model.add(Dropout(0.20))
    #model.add(Flatten())
    #model.add(Dense(16, activation='relu'))
    #model.add(Dropout(0.5))
    #model.add(Dense(8, activation='relu'))
    #model.add(Dropout(0.5))
    model.add(Dense(1))
    model.compile(loss='mean_squared_error', optimizer='adam', metrics=[tf_smape])
    if print_summary:
        model.summary()
    return model
```

[4.1.1] Hyper Parameter Tuning

In [47]:

```

gc.collect()
error = list()
for lag in sorted(lagged_window, reverse=True):
    clear_session()
    print("**** Running for Lag=",lag)
    X = np.log1p(X_timeseries.iloc[:, -lag-1:-1])
    #X = X_timeseries.iloc[:, -lag-1:-1]
    r, c = X.shape
    X = np.array(X).reshape((r, c, 1))
    Y = np.log1p(X_timeseries.iloc[:, -1])
    observed = X_timeseries.iloc[:, -1]
    #Y = X_timeseries.iloc[:, -1]
    #print("Dataset shape is ",X.shape)
    model = complex_lstm(lag, print_summary=False)
    model.fit(X, Y, batch_size=batch, epochs=deep_epoch, verbose=1, \
               callbacks=[dl_stopping])
    predicted = np.ceil(np.expm1(model.predict(X)))
    #predicted = np.ceil(model.predict(X))
    predicted = np.array(predicted).reshape((X.shape[0]))
    #tr_smape = smape(Y, predicted)
    cv_smape = np.mean(smape(observed, predicted))
    print("SMAPE for Lag=%d is %f"%(lag, cv_smape))
    error.append([cv_smape, lag])

index      = np.argmin([ x[0] for x in error ])
best_window = error[index][1]
best_cv_smape = error[index][0]

print("\n\nBest Values are : \n",best_window, "\n", best_cv_smape)

**** Running for Lag= 7
SMAPE for Lag=7 is 31.909865
**** Running for Lag= 30
SMAPE for Lag=30 is 33.070041
**** Running for Lag= 90
SMAPE for Lag=90 is 39.066548
**** Running for Lag= 365
SMAPE for Lag=365 is nan

```

[4.1.2] Fitting model with Best Window

In [39]:

```
print("Model is trained and found to have : ")
print("Best Window = ",best_window)
print("\n\n")

#fiting model with best parameters
X = np.log1p(X_timeseries.iloc[:, -best_window-1:-1])
#X = X_timeseries.iloc[:, -best_window-1:-1]
r, c = X.shape
X = np.array(X).reshape((r, c, 1))
Y = np.log1p(X_timeseries.iloc[:, -1])
#Y = X_timeseries.iloc[:, -1]

#fitting model wth best parameters
clear_session()
model = complex_lstm(best_window, print_summary=True)
model.fit(X, Y, batch_size=batch, epochs=deep_epoch, \
           verbose=1, callbacks=[dl_stopping])

#save the model weights
my_model = model.to_json()
with open("complex_lstm_model.json", "w") as json_file:
    json_file.write(my_model)
model.save_weights("complex_lstm_model_weights.h5")
```

Model is trained and found to have :

Best Window = 7

Model: "sequential"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
<hr/>		
lstm (LSTM)	(None, 7, 128)	66560
lstm_1 (LSTM)	(None, 7, 128)	131584
dropout (Dropout)	(None, 7, 128)	0
lstm_2 (LSTM)	(None, 64)	49408
dropout_1 (Dropout)	(None, 64)	0
dense (Dense)	(None, 8)	520
dropout_2 (Dropout)	(None, 8)	0
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 1)	9
<hr/>		

Total params: 248,081

Trainable params: 248,081

Non-trainable params: 0

Epoch 1/150

567/567 [=====] - 54s 96ms/step - loss: 2.9923 -

tf_smape: 41.4516

Epoch 2/150

567/567 [=====] - 55s 98ms/step - loss: 2.1058 -

tf_smape: 34.6045

Epoch 3/150

567/567 [=====] - 55s 96ms/step - loss: 1.8631 -

tf_smape: 32.2406

Epoch 4/150

567/567 [=====] - 54s 96ms/step - loss: 1.6138 -

tf_smape: 29.9833

Epoch 5/150

567/567 [=====] - 54s 95ms/step - loss: 1.3862 -

tf_smape: 28.0773

Epoch 6/150

567/567 [=====] - 55s 96ms/step - loss: 1.1779 -

tf_smape: 26.4863

Epoch 7/150

567/567 [=====] - 54s 95ms/step - loss: 1.0227 -

tf_smape: 25.2855

Epoch 8/150

567/567 [=====] - 54s 95ms/step - loss: 0.8877 -

tf_smape: 24.3836

Epoch 9/150

567/567 [=====] - 56s 99ms/step - loss: 0.7844 -

tf_smape: 23.6706

Epoch 10/150

567/567 [=====] - 56s 98ms/step - loss: 0.6987 -

tf_smape: 23.1408

Epoch 11/150

567/567 [=====] - 56s 99ms/step - loss: 0.6427 -

```

tf_smape: 22.8360
Epoch 12/150
567/567 [=====] - 57s 100ms/step - loss: 0.5988 -
tf_smape: 22.6008
Epoch 13/150
567/567 [=====] - 56s 98ms/step - loss: 0.5743 -
tf_smape: 22.5213
Epoch 14/150
567/567 [=====] - 55s 98ms/step - loss: 0.5550 -
tf_smape: 22.5485
Epoch 15/150
567/567 [=====] - 57s 100ms/step - loss: 0.5465 -
tf_smape: 22.5774
Epoch 16/150
567/567 [=====] - 58s 102ms/step - loss: 0.5395 -
tf_smape: 22.5988

```

[4.1.3] CV data Analysis

In []:

```

#history of values
history = X_timeseries.iloc[:, -best_window:]
gc.collect()
#testing the model on test data
test_data = pd.DataFrame()
test_cols = test.columns.tolist()
for col in (test_cols[:-4]):
    clear_session()
    X = np.log1p(history.iloc[:, -best_window:])
    #X = history.iloc[:, -best_window:]
    r, c = X.shape
    X = np.array(X).reshape((r, c, 1))
    predict = np.ceil(np.expm1(model.predict(X, use_multiprocessing=True)))
    #predict = np.ceil(model.predict(X))
    predict = np.array(predict).reshape((X.shape[0]))
    test_data[col] = predict
    history[col] = predict

#checking SMAPE on forecasted and actual CV values
cv_smape = np.mean(smape(test.iloc[:, :-4], test_data))
print("\nSMAPE on CV data = ", cv_smape)
models['LSTM Model'] = [best_window, cv_smape]

```

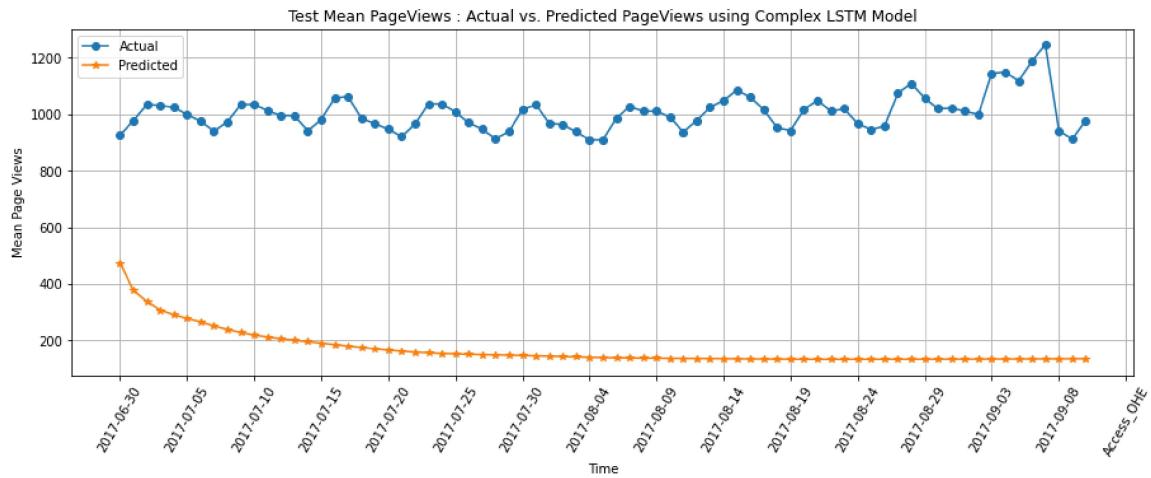
SMAPE on CV data = 91.03182489986288

[4.1.4] CV SMAPE Performance

In []:

```
#plot for mean of actual test and predicted test
plt.figure(figsize=(15, 5))
plt.title('Test Mean PageViews : Actual vs. Predicted PageViews using Complex LSTM Model')
actual_mean = test.iloc[:, :-4].mean(axis=0)
pred_mean = test_data.mean(axis=0)

xtick_labels = [ x for x in enumerate(test_cols) if x[0]%5==0 ]
xtick_loc = [ x[0] for x in xtick_labels ]
xtick_label = [ x[1] for x in xtick_labels ]
b1 = plt.plot(actual_mean, marker="o")
b2 = plt.plot(pred_mean, marker="*")
plt.xlabel('Time')
plt.ylabel('Mean Page Views')
plt.grid()
plt.legend([b1[0], b2[0]], ['Actual', 'Predicted'])
plt.xticks(xtick_loc, xtick_label, rotation=60)
plt.show()
```



[4.1.5] On Test Data

In [48]:

```
#Load the model weights
with open('complex_lstm_model.json', 'r') as f:
    model = model_from_json(f.read())
# Load weights into the new model
model.load_weights('complex_lstm_model_weights.h5')
```

In [49]:

```
best_window = 7
print("LSTM Model is trained and found to have Best_Window of %d"%best_window)

past_data_cols = complete_train.columns.tolist()[-best_window-5:]
past_data_cols.insert(0, 'Page')

past_data = complete_train[past_data_cols]
#past_data.head()

#getting date columns and non_date columns
date_cols = [ x for x in past_data.columns.tolist() if '-' in x ]
non_date = [ x for x in past_data.columns.tolist() if x not in date_cols and x != 'Page' ]

#separating the ata into series of PageViews and Site features
timeseries_X = complete_train[date_cols]
```

LSTM Model is trained and found to have Best_Window of 7

In [50]:

```
X = np.log1p(timeseries_X.iloc[:, :-1])
#X = X_timeseries.iloc[:, -best_window:-1]
r, c = X.shape
X = np.array(X).reshape((r, c, 1))
Y = np.log1p(timeseries_X.iloc[:, -1])
#Y = X_timeseries.iloc[:, -1]

from tensorflow.keras.models import model_from_json
with open('complex_lstm_model.json', 'r') as f:
    model = model_from_json(f.read())
# Load weights into the new model
model.load_weights('complex_lstm_model_weights.h5')
model.summary()

#model.fit(X, Y, batch_size=batch, epochs=epoch, verbose=1)
```

Model: "sequential"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
<hr/>		
lstm (LSTM)	(None, 7, 128)	66560
lstm_1 (LSTM)	(None, 7, 128)	131584
dropout (Dropout)	(None, 7, 128)	0
lstm_2 (LSTM)	(None, 64)	49408
dropout_1 (Dropout)	(None, 64)	0
dense (Dense)	(None, 8)	520
dropout_2 (Dropout)	(None, 8)	0
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 1)	9
<hr/>		
Total params: 248,081		
Trainable params: 248,081		
Non-trainable params: 0		

In []:

```
model_test = pd.DataFrame()
model_test['Page'] = complete_train.Page.values
#print(past_data.shape)
for test_index in range(len(test_days)):
    #clear_session()
    print("Remaining are %d" %(len(test_days)-test_index+1))
    #print(history.shape)
    X = np.log1p(timeseries_X.iloc[:, -best_window:])
    r, c = X.shape
    X = np.array(X).reshape((r, c, 1))
    #X_Lagged = np.hstack((X_pagename_te, X))
    predicted = np.ceil(np.expm1(model.predict(X)))
    model_test[test_days[test_index]] = predicted
    timeseries_X[test_days[test_index]] = predicted
```

In [52]:

```
f = open('Complex_LSTM_Page_Count.csv', 'w')
f.write('Page|Visits'+'\n')
for col in model_test.iloc[:, -62:].columns.tolist():
    test_data = model_test[['Page', col]]
    pageviews = [ str(int(x)) for x in test_data.iloc[:, -1] ]
    pagename = [ x+'_'+test_data.columns.tolist()[-1] for x in test_data.iloc[:, 0] ]
    page_view = list(zip(pagename, pageviews))
    #writing it into file
    for line in page_view:
        n, c = line
        f.write(n+'|'+c)
        f.write('\n')
test_data_final = pd.read_csv('./Complex_LSTM_Page_Count.csv', sep='|')

#saving the final file
page_key.merge(test_data_final, how='left', on='Page')[['Id', 'Visits']].fillna(0).to_csv('./Test_Data_Complex_LSTM.csv', index=False)
```

[Test_Data_Complex_LSTM.csv](#)

19 minutes ago by Kaushik Lade

complex lstm model on test data timestamps

92.85667

92.85667



In []:

models['Complex LSTM Models'] = [best_window, cv_smape, 92.85667]

[4.2] Complex CNN Model

In []:

```
def complex_cnn_model(shape, print_summary=False):
    """
    function that takes parameter and returns simple CNN model
    """
    model = Sequential()
    #first Layer of CNN Models
    model.add(Conv1D(filters=32, kernel_size=2, padding='same', \
                    activation='relu', kernel_initializer = 'he_uniform', \
                    input_shape=(shape, 1)))
    model.add(Conv1D(filters=32, kernel_size=2, padding='same', \
                    activation='relu', kernel_initializer = 'he_uniform'))
    model.add(MaxPooling1D(pool_size=2))
    #second Layer of CNN Models
    model.add(Conv1D(filters=32, kernel_size=2, padding='same', \
                    activation='relu', kernel_initializer = 'he_uniform'))
    model.add(Conv1D(filters=32, kernel_size=2, \
                    activation='relu', kernel_initializer = 'he_uniform'))
    model.add(MaxPooling1D(pool_size=2))
    #flatten the model output
    model.add(Flatten())
    #add Dense layers
    #model.add(Dense(16, activation='relu'))
    #model.add(Dropout(0.5))
    #model.add(Dense(16, activation='relu'))
    #model.add(Dropout(0.5))
    model.add(Dense(32, activation='relu'))
    model.add(Dense(1))
    #compile model with Loss and metrics
    model.compile(loss='mean_squared_error', optimizer='adam', metrics=[tf_smape])
    #return model and Print is necessary
    if print_summary:
        model.summary()
    return model
```

[4.2.1] Hyper Parameter Tuning

In [40]:

```

gc.collect()
error = list()
for lag in sorted(lagged_window, reverse=True):
    print("**** Running for Lag=",lag)
    clear_session()
    X = np.log1p(X_timeseries.iloc[:, -lag-1:-1])
    #X = X_timeseries.iloc[:, -lag-1:-1]
    r, c = X.shape
    X = np.array(X).reshape((r, c, 1))
    Y = np.log1p(X_timeseries.iloc[:, -1])
    #Y = X_timeseries.iloc[:, -1]
    observed = X_timeseries.iloc[:, -1]
    #print("Dataset shape is ",X.shape)
    model = complex_cnn_model(lag)
    model.fit(X, Y, batch_size=batch, epochs=deep_epoch, \
               verbose=1, callbacks=[dl_stopping])
    predicted = np.ceil(np.expm1(model.predict(X)))
    #predicted = np.ceil(model.predict(X))
    predicted = np.array(predicted).reshape((X.shape[0]))
    #tr_smape = smape(Y, predicted)
    cv_smape = np.mean(smape(observed, predicted))
    error.append([cv_smape, lag])
    print("SMAPE = {} for Lag = {}".format(cv_smape, lag))
index      = np.argmin([ x[0] for x in error ])
best_window = error[index][1]
best_cv_smape = error[index][0]

print("\n\nBest Values are : \n",best_window, "\n", "Best SMAPE on CV data is ",best_cv_smape)
a = gc.collect()

```

```

**** Running for Lag= 365
SMAPE = 32.53622030907409 for Lag = 365
**** Running for Lag= 90
SMAPE = 32.08136539761829 for Lag = 90
**** Running for Lag= 30
SMAPE = 32.14619961091478 for Lag = 30
**** Running for Lag= 7
SMAPE = 33.407790513449505 for Lag = 7

```

```

Best Values are :
90
Best SMAPE on CV data is  32.08136539761829

```

[4.2.2] Fitting model with Best Window

In [41]:

```
print("Model is trained and found to have : ")
print("Best Window = " ,best_window)
print("\n\n")
gc.collect()

X = np.log1p(X_timeseries.iloc[:, -best_window-1:-1])
#X = X_timeseries.iloc[:, -best_window-1:-1]
r, c = X.shape
X = np.array(X).reshape((r, c, 1))
Y = np.log1p(X_timeseries.iloc[:, -1])
#Y = X_timeseries.iloc[:, -1]

#fitting model wth best parameters
model = complex_cnn_model(best_window, print_summary=True)
model.fit(X, Y, batch_size=batch, epochs=deep_epoch, \
           verbose=1, callbacks=[dl_stopping])

#save the model weights
my_model = model.to_json()
with open("complex_cnn_model.json", "w") as json_file:
    json_file.write(my_model)
model.save_weights("complex_cnn_model_weights.h5")
```

Model is trained and found to have :

Best Window = 90

Model: "sequential_1"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
<hr/>		
conv1d_4 (Conv1D)	(None, 90, 32)	96
conv1d_5 (Conv1D)	(None, 90, 32)	2080
max_pooling1d_2 (MaxPooling1D)	(None, 45, 32)	0
conv1d_6 (Conv1D)	(None, 45, 32)	2080
conv1d_7 (Conv1D)	(None, 44, 32)	2080
max_pooling1d_3 (MaxPooling1D)	(None, 22, 32)	0
flatten_1 (Flatten)	(None, 704)	0
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 32)	22560
dropout_1 (Dropout)	(None, 32)	0
dense_3 (Dense)	(None, 1)	33
<hr/>		

Total params: 28,929

Trainable params: 28,929

Non-trainable params: 0

Epoch 1/150

567/567 [=====] - 27s 47ms/step - loss: 1.9216 -

tf_smape: 28.4065

Epoch 2/150

567/567 [=====] - 27s 47ms/step - loss: 0.8692 -

tf_smape: 25.5200

Epoch 3/150

567/567 [=====] - 27s 47ms/step - loss: 0.8264 -

tf_smape: 24.9001

Epoch 4/150

567/567 [=====] - 27s 47ms/step - loss: 0.7800 -

tf_smape: 24.2549

Epoch 5/150

567/567 [=====] - 27s 48ms/step - loss: 0.7202 -

tf_smape: 23.5559

Epoch 6/150

567/567 [=====] - 28s 50ms/step - loss: 0.6374 -

tf_smape: 22.5629

Epoch 7/150

567/567 [=====] - 27s 47ms/step - loss: 0.5750 -

tf_smape: 21.8597

Epoch 8/150

567/567 [=====] - 26s 47ms/step - loss: 0.5414 -

tf_smape: 21.4353

Epoch 9/150

567/567 [=====] - 26s 47ms/step - loss: 0.4997 -

tf_smape: 21.0345

Epoch 10/150

```
567/567 [=====] - 26s 46ms/step - loss: 0.4599 -
tf_smape: 20.6538
Epoch 11/150
567/567 [=====] - 27s 47ms/step - loss: 0.4304 -
tf_smape: 20.3406
Epoch 12/150
567/567 [=====] - 27s 47ms/step - loss: 0.3986 -
tf_smape: 20.0242
Epoch 13/150
567/567 [=====] - 27s 47ms/step - loss: 0.3654 -
tf_smape: 19.6867
Epoch 14/150
567/567 [=====] - 27s 47ms/step - loss: 0.3353 -
tf_smape: 19.3645
Epoch 15/150
567/567 [=====] - 27s 47ms/step - loss: 0.3166 -
tf_smape: 19.2250
Epoch 16/150
567/567 [=====] - 27s 48ms/step - loss: 0.3086 -
tf_smape: 19.1484
Epoch 17/150
567/567 [=====] - 26s 46ms/step - loss: 0.2965 -
tf_smape: 18.9966
Epoch 18/150
567/567 [=====] - 27s 47ms/step - loss: 0.2870 -
tf_smape: 18.9205
Epoch 19/150
567/567 [=====] - 26s 45ms/step - loss: 0.2846 -
tf_smape: 18.9639
Epoch 20/150
567/567 [=====] - 26s 46ms/step - loss: 0.2772 -
tf_smape: 18.8664
Epoch 21/150
567/567 [=====] - 26s 45ms/step - loss: 0.2734 -
tf_smape: 18.8964
Epoch 22/150
567/567 [=====] - 28s 49ms/step - loss: 0.2680 -
tf_smape: 18.7886
Epoch 23/150
567/567 [=====] - 27s 48ms/step - loss: 0.2691 -
tf_smape: 18.8025
Epoch 24/150
567/567 [=====] - 27s 47ms/step - loss: 0.2623 -
tf_smape: 18.7619
Epoch 25/150
567/567 [=====] - 27s 47ms/step - loss: 0.2609 -
tf_smape: 18.7916
Epoch 26/150
567/567 [=====] - 27s 47ms/step - loss: 0.2579 -
tf_smape: 18.7707
Epoch 27/150
567/567 [=====] - 27s 47ms/step - loss: 0.2583 -
tf_smape: 18.8764
```

[4.2.3] CV data Analysis

In [42]:

```

with open('complex_cnn_model.json', 'r') as f:
    model = model_from_json(f.read())
# Load weights into the new model
model.load_weights('complex_cnn_model_weights.h5')

gc.collect()
#history of values
history = X_timeseries.iloc[:, -best_window:]

#testing the model on test data
test_data = pd.DataFrame()
test_cols = test.columns.tolist()
for col in (test_cols[:-4]):
    clear_session()
    X = np.log1p(history.iloc[:, -best_window:])
    #X = history.iloc[:, -best_window:]
    r, c = X.shape
    X = np.array(X).reshape((r, c, 1))
    predict = np.ceil(np.expm1(model.predict(X)))
    #predict = np.ceil(model.predict(X))
    predict = np.array(predict).reshape((X.shape[0]))
    test_data[col] = predict
    history[col] = predict

#checking SMAPE on forecasted and actual CV values
cv_smape = np.mean(smape(test.iloc[:, :-4], test_data))
print("\nSMAPE on CV data = ", cv_smape)
models['CNN Model'] = [best_window, cv_smape]

```

100%|██████████| 73/73 [17:14<00:00, 14.17s/it]

SMAPE on CV data = 55.56740122259976

[4.2.4] CV SMAPE Performance

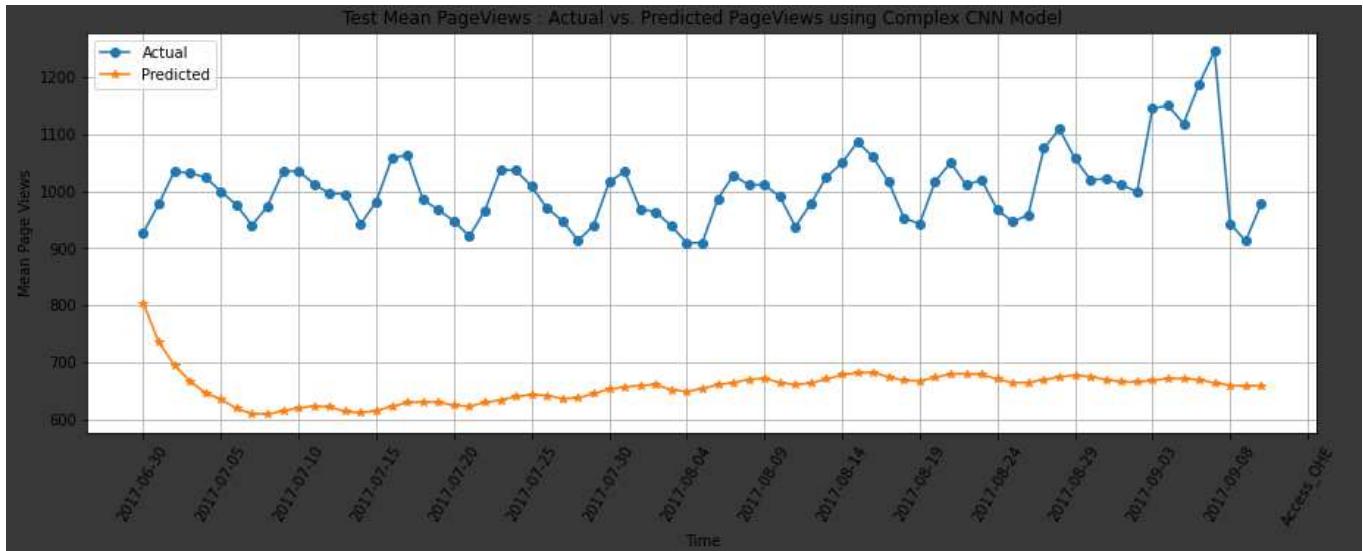
In []:

```

#plot for mean of actual test and predicted test
plt.figure(figsize=(15, 5))
plt.title('Test Mean PageViews : Actual vs. Predicted PageViews using Complex CNN Model 1')
actual_mean = test.iloc[:, :-4].mean(axis=0)
pred_mean = test_data.mean(axis=0)

xtick_labels = [x for x in enumerate(test_cols) if x[0] % 5 == 0]
xtick_loc = [x[0] for x in xtick_labels]
xtick_label = [x[1] for x in xtick_labels]
b1 = plt.plot(actual_mean, marker="o")
b2 = plt.plot(pred_mean, marker="*")
plt.xlabel('Time')
plt.ylabel('Mean Page Views')
plt.grid()
plt.legend([b1[0], b2[0]], ['Actual', 'Predicted'])
plt.xticks(xtick_loc, xtick_label, rotation=60)
plt.show()

```



[4.2.5] On Test Data

In []:

```
best_window = 90
print("LSTM Model is trained and found to have Best_Window of %d"%best_window)

past_data_cols = complete_train.columns.tolist()[-best_window-5:]
past_data_cols.insert(0, 'Page')

past_data = complete_train[past_data_cols]
#past_data.head()

#getting date columns and non_date columns
date_cols = [ x for x in past_data.columns.tolist() if '-' in x ]
non_date = [ x for x in past_data.columns.tolist() if x not in date_cols and x != 'Page' ]

#separating the ata into series of PageViews and Site features
timeseries_X = complete_train[date_cols]
```

LSTM Model is trained and found to have Best_Window of 90

In []:

```
X = np.log1p(timeseries_X.iloc[:, :-1])
#X = X_timeseries.iloc[:, -best_window-1:-1]
r, c = X.shape
X = np.array(X).reshape((r, c, 1))
Y = np.log1p(timeseries_X.iloc[:, -1])
#Y = X_timeseries.iloc[:, -1]

from tensorflow.keras.models import model_from_json
with open('complex_cnn_model.json', 'r') as f:
    model = model_from_json(f.read())
# Load weights into the new model
model.load_weights('complex_cnn_model_weights.h5')
#model.summary()
#model.fit(X, Y, batch_size=batch, epochs=epoch, verbose=1)
```

In []:

```

model_test = pd.DataFrame()
model_test['Page'] = complete_train.Page.values
#print(past_data.shape)
for test_index in range(len(test_days)):
    clear_session()
    #print("Remaining are %d"%(Len(test_days)-test_index+1))
    #print(history.shape)
    X = np.log1p(timeseries_X.iloc[:, -best_window:])
    r, c = X.shape
    X = np.array(X).reshape((r, c, 1))
    #X_Lagged = np.hstack((X_pagename_te, X))
    predicted = np.ceil(np.expm1(model.predict(X, batch_size=batch)))
    model_test[test_days[test_index]] = predicted
    timeseries_X[test_days[test_index]] = predicted

```

In []:

```

f = open('Complex_CNN_Page_Count.csv', 'w')
f.write('Page|Visits'+'\n')
for col in model_test.iloc[:, -62:].columns.tolist():
    test_data = model_test[['Page', col]]
    test_data = test_data.replace([np.inf, -np.inf], 0)
    pageviews = [ str(int(x)) for x in test_data.iloc[:, -1] ]
    pagename = [ x+'_'+test_data.columns.tolist()[-1] for x in test_data.iloc[:, 0] ]
    page_view = list(zip(pagename, pageviews))
    #writing it into file
    for line in page_view:
        n, c = line
        f.write(n+'|'+c)
        f.write('\n')
test_data_final = pd.read_csv('./Complex_CNN_Page_Count.csv', sep='|')

#saving the final file
page_key.merge(test_data_final, how='left', on='Page')[['Id', 'Visits']].fillna(0).to_csv('./Test_Data_Complex_CNN.csv', index=False)

```

Test_Data_Complex_CNN.csv	53.33725	53.33725	<input type="checkbox"/>
a day ago by Kaushik Lade			
complex cnn 2nd run			

In []:

```
models['Complex CNN'] = [best_window, cv_smape, 53.33725]
```

[5] Conclusion

In [18]:

```
from prettytable import PrettyTable
dl_models = PrettyTable(['Model', 'Best Window', 'CV performance', 'Test Performance'])

for k, v in models.items():
    dl_models.add_row([k, v[0], round(v[1], 4),
                      v[2]])

print(dl_models)
```

Model	Best Window	CV performance	Test Performance
DNN Model	90	52.2255	79.44122
CNN Model	90	57.8225	46.7953
LSTM Model	30	84.4969	84.03305
Complex LSTM Model	7	91.0318	92.85667
Complex CNN Model	90	55.5674	53.33725

By building simple Deep NN models with simple sequence information of the data, we can get pretty good results of forecasting.

Modeling is done with

- Deep MLP
- Simple LSTM
- Simple CNN
- Combined CNN-LSTM Model
- Complex LSTM
- Complex CNN

Out of these, we get best results with simple and 2 layered CNN models on CV data.

Comparing the model performances after increasing their complexity, i.e. by adding extra layers, we observed that the models performance slightly decreases, but the same can be maintained with the hyper-parameter tuning of each individual layers.