# EE/CS120A-Logic Design

## Homework 1-Solution

**Problem 1**: Convert unsigned decimal number  $(49)_{10}$  to binary, octal, and hexadecimal numbers. *Solution:*  $(49)_{10} = (110001)_2 = (61)_8 = (31)_{16}$ 

**Problem 2**: Convert unsigned hexadecimal number  $(A7)_{16}$  to octal, binary, and decimal numbers. Solution:  $(A7)_{16} = (1010\ 0111)_2 = (247)_8 = (167)_{10}$ 

**Problem 3**: Perform the following operations involving eight-bit 2's complement numbers and indicate whether arithmetic overflow occurs.

$$00110110 & 01110101 \\ + 01000101 & + 11011110 \\ \hline 00110110 & 01110101 \\ - 00101011 & - 11010110 \\ \hline$$

#### Solution:

**Problem 4**: Determine the decimal values of the following numbers

- 1) 1's complement numbers 01110110 and 10100111
- 2) 2's complement numbers 01011110 and 10110011

#### Solution:

- 1) The decimal values are 118 and -88.
- 2) The decimal values are 94 and -77.

**Problem 5**: Construct a truth table with 3 inputs (x, y, z) and 3 outputs (f, g, h) or three truth tables each of which has 3 inputs and 1 output (f, g, or h). Show which of the three functions are equal. (Be sure to state whether they are equal.)

$$f = y'z' + x'y + x'yz'$$
  

$$g = xy' + x'z' + x'y$$
  

$$h = (x' + y')(x + y + z')$$

### Solution:

x y z	y'z'	x'y	x'yz'	f	xy'	X'Z'	x'y	g	x' + y'	x + y + z'	h
000	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1
001	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
010	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
011	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1
100	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1
101	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1
110	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
111	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0

The function f is not equal to either of the other 2 functions. The functions g and h are equal.