

Importing required libraries

```
In [1]: import warnings
import pandas as pd
```

```
In [2]: warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
```

Load data

```
In [3]: data = pd.read_csv('car data.csv')
```

Preprocess Data

```
In [4]: #Display Top 5 Rows of The Dataset
data.head()
```

```
Out[4]:
```

	Car_Name	Year	Selling_Price	Present_Price	Kms_Driven	Fuel_Type	Seller_Type	Transmission	Owner_Type
0	ritz	2014	3.35	5.59	27000	Petrol	Dealer	Manual	Other
1	sx4	2013	4.75	9.54	43000	Diesel	Dealer	Manual	Other
2	ciaz	2017	7.25	9.85	6900	Petrol	Dealer	Manual	Other
3	wagon r	2011	2.85	4.15	5200	Petrol	Dealer	Manual	Other
4	swift	2014	4.60	6.87	42450	Diesel	Dealer	Manual	Other

```
In [5]: #Check Last 5 Rows of The Dataset
data.tail()
```

```
Out[5]:
```

	Car_Name	Year	Selling_Price	Present_Price	Kms_Driven	Fuel_Type	Seller_Type	Transmission	Owner_Type
296	city	2016	9.50	11.6	33988	Diesel	Dealer	Manual	Other
297	brio	2015	4.00	5.9	60000	Petrol	Dealer	Manual	Other
298	city	2009	3.35	11.0	87934	Petrol	Dealer	Manual	Other
299	city	2017	11.50	12.5	9000	Diesel	Dealer	Manual	Other
300	brio	2016	5.30	5.9	5464	Petrol	Dealer	Manual	Other

```
In [6]: #Find Shape of Our Dataset (Number of Rows And Number of Columns)
data.shape
print("Number of Rows",data.shape[0])
print("Number of Columns",data.shape[1])
```

```
Number of Rows 301
Number of Columns 9
```

In [7]: *#Get Information About Our Dataset Like the Total Number of Rows, Total Number of Columns*
`data.info()`

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 301 entries, 0 to 300
Data columns (total 9 columns):
 #   Column          Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
 0   Car_Name        301 non-null    object
 1   Year            301 non-null    int64
 2   Selling_Price   301 non-null    float64
 3   Present_Price   301 non-null    float64
 4   Kms_Driven      301 non-null    int64
 5   Fuel_Type       301 non-null    object
 6   Seller_Type     301 non-null    object
 7   Transmission    301 non-null    object
 8   Owner           301 non-null    int64
dtypes: float64(2), int64(3), object(4)
memory usage: 21.3+ KB
```

In [8]: *#Check Null Values In The Dataset*
`data.isnull().sum()`

Out[8]:

```
Car_Name      0
Year          0
Selling_Price 0
Present_Price 0
Kms_Driven    0
Fuel_Type     0
Seller_Type   0
Transmission  0
Owner         0
dtype: int64
```

In [9]: *#Get Overall Statistics About The Dataset*
`data.describe()`

Out[9]:

	Year	Selling_Price	Present_Price	Kms_Driven	Owner
count	301.000000	301.000000	301.000000	301.000000	301.000000
mean	2013.627907	4.661296	7.628472	36947.205980	0.043189
std	2.891554	5.082812	8.644115	38886.883882	0.247915
min	2003.000000	0.100000	0.320000	500.000000	0.000000
25%	2012.000000	0.900000	1.200000	15000.000000	0.000000
50%	2014.000000	3.600000	6.400000	32000.000000	0.000000
75%	2016.000000	6.000000	9.900000	48767.000000	0.000000
max	2018.000000	35.000000	92.600000	500000.000000	3.000000

In [10]: *#Data Preprocessing*
`data.head(1)`

Out[10]:

	Car_Name	Year	Selling_Price	Present_Price	Kms_Driven	Fuel_Type	Seller_Type	Transmission	Owner
0	ritz	2014	3.35	5.59	27000	Petrol	Dealer	Manual	0

```
In [11]: import datetime
date_time = datetime.datetime.now()
data['Age']=date_time.year - data['Year']
data.head()
```

Out[11]:

	Car_Name	Year	Selling_Price	Present_Price	Kms_Driven	Fuel_Type	Seller_Type	Transmission	Owner
0	ritz	2014	3.35	5.59	27000	Petrol	Dealer	Manual	0
1	sx4	2013	4.75	9.54	43000	Diesel	Dealer	Manual	0
2	ciaz	2017	7.25	9.85	6900	Petrol	Dealer	Manual	0
3	wagon r	2011	2.85	4.15	5200	Petrol	Dealer	Manual	0
4	swift	2014	4.60	6.87	42450	Diesel	Dealer	Manual	0

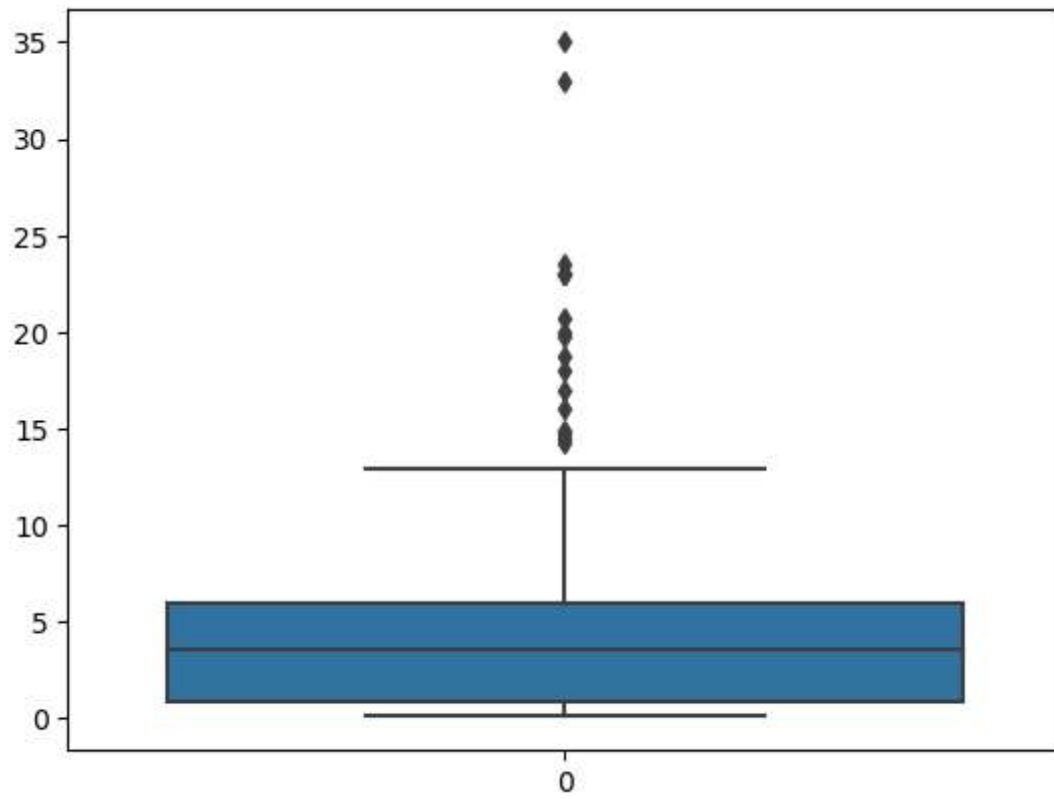
```
In [12]: data.drop('Year',axis=1,inplace=True)
data.head()
```

Out[12]:

	Car_Name	Selling_Price	Present_Price	Kms_Driven	Fuel_Type	Seller_Type	Transmission	Owner
0	ritz	3.35	5.59	27000	Petrol	Dealer	Manual	0
1	sx4	4.75	9.54	43000	Diesel	Dealer	Manual	0
2	ciaz	7.25	9.85	6900	Petrol	Dealer	Manual	0
3	wagon r	2.85	4.15	5200	Petrol	Dealer	Manual	0
4	swift	4.60	6.87	42450	Diesel	Dealer	Manual	0

```
In [13]: #Outlier Removal
import seaborn as sns
sns.boxplot(data['Selling_Price'])
```

Out[13]: <AxesSubplot: >



```
In [14]: sorted(data['Selling_Price'],reverse=True)
```

```
Out[14]: [35.0,  
33.0,  
23.5,  
23.0,  
23.0,  
23.0,  
20.75,  
19.99,  
19.75,  
18.75,  
18.0,  
17.0,  
16.0,  
14.9,  
14.73,  
14.5,  
14.25,  
12.9,  
12.5,  
11.75,  
11.5,  
11.45,  
11.25,  
11.25,  
11.25,  
10.9,  
10.25,  
10.11,  
9.7,  
9.65,  
9.5,  
9.25,  
9.25,  
9.25,  
9.15,  
9.1,  
8.99,  
8.75,  
8.65,  
8.55,  
8.5,  
8.4,  
8.4,  
8.35,  
8.25,  
8.25,  
7.9,  
7.75,  
7.75,  
7.75,  
7.5,  
7.5,  
7.5,  
7.45,  
7.45,  
7.45,  
7.4,  
7.25,  
7.25,  
7.2,
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7.05,
6.95,
6.85,
6.75,
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3.9,
3.9,
3.8,
3.75,
3.75,
3.65,
3.6,
3.51,
3.5,
3.5,
3.49,
3.45,
3.35,
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3.15,
3.1,
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2.95,
2.95,
2.9,
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2.5,
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2.25,
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2.25,
2.1,
2.0,
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1.75,
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1.05,
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1.05,
1.05,
1.0,
0.95,
0.9,
0.9,
0.8,
0.78,
0.75,
0.75,
0.75,
0.75,
0.72,
0.65,
0.65,
0.65,
0.65,
0.6,
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0.52,
0.51,
0.5,
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0.5,
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0.45,
0.45,
0.42,
0.42,
0.4,
0.4,
0.4,
0.4,
0.4,
0.38,
0.38,
0.35,
0.35,
0.35,
0.35,
0.31,
0.3,
0.3,
0.3,
0.27,
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0.25,
0.25,
0.25,
0.25,
0.2,
0.2,
0.2,
0.2,
0.2,
0.2,
0.18,
0.17,
0.16,
0.15,

```
0.12,
0.1]
```

```
In [15]: data = data[~(data['Selling_Price']>=33.0) & (data['Selling_Price']<=35.0)]
data.shape
```

```
Out[15]: (299, 9)
```

```
In [16]: #Encoding the Categorical Columns
data.head(1)
```

```
Out[16]:
```

	Car_Name	Selling_Price	Present_Price	Kms_Driven	Fuel_Type	Seller_Type	Transmission	Owner
0	ritz	3.35	5.59	27000	Petrol	Dealer	Manual	0

```
In [17]: data['Fuel_Type'].unique()
```

```
Out[17]: array(['Petrol', 'Diesel', 'CNG'], dtype=object)
```

```
In [18]: data['Fuel_Type'] = data['Fuel_Type'].map({'Petrol':0, 'Diesel':1, 'CNG':2})
data['Fuel_Type'].unique()
```

```
Out[18]: array([0, 1, 2], dtype=int64)
```

```
In [19]: data['Seller_Type'].unique()
```

```
Out[19]: array(['Dealer', 'Individual'], dtype=object)
```

```
In [20]: data['Seller_Type'] = data['Seller_Type'].map({'Dealer':0, 'Individual':1})
```

```
In [21]: data['Seller_Type'].unique()
```

```
Out[21]: array([0, 1], dtype=int64)
```

```
In [22]: data['Transmission'].unique()
```

```
Out[22]: array(['Manual', 'Automatic'], dtype=object)
```

```
In [23]: data['Transmission'] = data['Transmission'].map({'Manual':0, 'Automatic':1})
data['Transmission'].unique()
```

```
Out[23]: array([0, 1], dtype=int64)
```

```
In [24]: data.head()
```

Out[24]:

	Car_Name	Selling_Price	Present_Price	Kms_Driven	Fuel_Type	Seller_Type	Transmission	Owner
0	ritz	3.35	5.59	27000	0	0	0	0
1	sx4	4.75	9.54	43000	1	0	0	0
2	ciaz	7.25	9.85	6900	0	0	0	0
3	wagon r	2.85	4.15	5200	0	0	0	0
4	swift	4.60	6.87	42450	1	0	0	0

Splitting data

In [25]: *#Store Feature Matrix In X and Response(Target) In Vector y*
`X = data.drop(['Car_Name', 'Selling_Price'],axis=1)`
`y = data['Selling_Price']`
`y`

Out[25]:

```

0      3.35
1      4.75
2      7.25
3      2.85
4      4.60
...
296    9.50
297    4.00
298    3.35
299   11.50
300    5.30
Name: Selling_Price, Length: 299, dtype: float64

```

In [26]: *#Splitting The Dataset Into The Training Set And Test Set*
`from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split`
`X_train,X_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(X,y,test_size=0.20,random_state=42)`

Model Training

In [27]: *#Import the models*
`from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression`
`from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor`
`from sklearn.ensemble import GradientBoostingRegressor`
`from xgboost import XGBRegressor`

In [28]: *#Model Training*
`lr = LinearRegression()`
`lr.fit(X_train,y_train)`

`rf = RandomForestRegressor()`
`rf.fit(X_train,y_train)`

`xgb = GradientBoostingRegressor()`
`xgb.fit(X_train,y_train)`

```
xg = XGBRegressor()
xg.fit(X_train,y_train)
```

Out[28]:

XGBRegressor

```
XGBRegressor(base_score=None, booster=None, callbacks=None,
              colsample_bylevel=None, colsample_bynode=None,
              colsample_bytree=None, device=None, early_stopping_rounds=None,
              enable_categorical=False, eval_metric=None, feature_types=None,
              gamma=None, grow_policy=None, importance_type=None,
              interaction_constraints=None, learning_rate=None, max_bin=None,
              max_cat_threshold=None, max_cat_to_onehot=None,
              max_delta_step=None, max_depth=None, max_leaves=None,
```

In [29]:

```
#Prediction on Test Data
y_pred1 = lr.predict(X_test)
y_pred2 = rf.predict(X_test)
y_pred3 = xgb.predict(X_test)
y_pred4 = xg.predict(X_test)
```

In [30]:

```
#Evaluating the Algorithm
from sklearn import metrics
score1 = metrics.r2_score(y_test,y_pred1)
score2 = metrics.r2_score(y_test,y_pred2)
score3 = metrics.r2_score(y_test,y_pred3)
score4 = metrics.r2_score(y_test,y_pred4)
print(score1,score2,score3,score4)

0.6790884983129406 0.7274609041329735 0.8835823354571616 0.8887471822279068
```

In [31]:

```
final_data = pd.DataFrame({'Models':['LR','RF','GBR','XG'],
                           "R2_SCORE":[score1,score2,score3,score4]})
final_data
```

Out[31]:

	Models	R2_SCORE
0	LR	0.679088
1	RF	0.727461
2	GBR	0.883582
3	XG	0.888747

In [32]:

```
#Save The Model
xg = XGBRegressor()
xg_final = xg.fit(X,y)
import joblib
joblib.dump(xg_final,'car_price_predictor')
model = joblib.load('car_price_predictor')
```

In [33]:

```
xg_final.save_model('car_price_predictor.json')
```

```
In [34]: #Prediction on New Data  
import pandas as pd  
data_new = pd.DataFrame({  
    'Present_Price':5.59,  
    'Kms_Driven':27000,  
    'Fuel_Type':0,  
    'Seller_Type':0,  
    'Transmission':0,  
    'Owner':0,  
    'Age':8  
},index=[0])  
model.predict(data_new)
```

```
Out[34]: array([3.45956], dtype=float32)
```

```
In [ ]:
```