

Day49 - March 25th 2024

1. Started my day as usual
2. Solved one leetcode problem

The screenshot shows a LeetCode submission for the problem "Best Time to Buy and Sell Stock". The submission is accepted, with a runtime of 767 ms and memory usage of 27.00 MB. The code is in Python3 and implements a single-pass algorithm to find the maximum profit.

Runtime: 767 ms
Beats 43.53% of users with Python3

Memory: 27.00 MB
Beats 19.22% of users with Python3

Code:

```
class Solution:
    def maxProfit(self, prices: List[int]) -> int:
        price_min = prices[0]
        profit = 0

        for price in prices[1:]:
            price_min = min(price, price_min)
            profit = max(profit, price - price_min)

        return profit
```

Test Result: Accepted
Runtime: 60 ms
Case 1 Case 2
Input: prices = [7, 1, 5, 3, 6, 4]

3. Currently learning data modeling from manish kumar

The screenshot displays a YouTube video on the left and a Google Docs document on the right, both related to data modeling.

YouTube Video: The video is titled "Data warehouse Modelling" by Manish Kumar. The video player shows a list of videos, including "Introduction", "what is data warehouse | Lec-1", and "why do we need data warehouse | Lec-2".

Google Docs Document: The document is titled "Data Modeling 03/25/24". It contains handwritten notes and tables.

Handwritten Notes:

- date_dim.tbl**
 - date_id
 - date
 - Full-date - description
 - Day-of-week
 - calendar-month
 - calendar-quarter
 - calendar-year
 - Holiday-indicator
 - Weekday-indicator
 - Last-day-in-month-indicator
- Product_dim.tbl**
 - product_id
 - Product-description
 - Brand-description
 - Category-description
 - Package-size
 - weight
- Store_dim.tbl**
 - store_id
 - Store-name
 - Store-address
 - Store-city
 - Store-country
 - Store-state
 - Store-zip-code
 - Store-description
 - Store-first-open-date
- Promotion_dim.tbl**
 - Promotion-id
 - Promotion-code
 - Promotion-name
 - Promotion-media-type
 - Ad-type
 - Promotion-cost
 - Promotion-begin-date
 - Promotion-end-date
 - Display-provider
- Retail_Sales_fact.tbl**
 - Trans-id
 - Sales-quantity
 - Regular-unit-price
 - Discount-unit-price
 - Net-unit-price
 - Sales-amount
 - Discount-amount
 - date_id
 - store_id
 - Promotion-id
 - Product-id

Tables:

Table 12: Transaction Data

Trans_id	Prod_id	Sales_quantity	Regular_unit_price	Discount_unit_price	Net_unit_price	Sales_amount	Discount_amount
TXN001	PRD006	5	20	18	15	90	10
TXN002	PRD002	3	120	96	100	288	72
TXN003	PRD004	7	85	68	60	476	119
TXN004	PRD005	1	24	21.6	20	21.6	2.4
TXN005	PRD003	1	150	135	150	135	15
TXN006	PRD001	2	200	160	180	320	80
TXN007	PRD007	6	5	5	4	30	0

Table 13: Product Data

product_id	Product-description	Brand-description	Category-description	Package-size	weight
PRD001	Ashwrad aata 10kg	Ashwrad	Kitchen	10kg	10kg
PRD002	Ashwrad aata 5kg	Ashwrad	Kitchen	5kg	5kg
PRD003	Patanjali Mustard Oil 1 Liter	Patanjali	Kitchen	100 ml	0.9 kg
PRD004	Sensodyne Toothpaste 100gm	Sensodyne	Essentials	100gm	0.1kg
PRD005	Motherdairy cone icecream	Motherdairy	Lifestyle	70gm	0.07kg
PRD006	Haldiram Roasted Peanut	Haldiram	Package Food	100gm	0.1kg
PRD007	Clinic Plus shampoo 20 ml	Clinic Plus	Lifestyle	20ml	0.02kg

Handwritten Notes (continued):

- 16. Now with the help of fact_table...we can join with dim tables...and get context to our data
- 17. Here date_id joined with date_dim_table...which helps us storing transaction_date month year etc...
- 18. Similarly store_id, promotion_id and product_id ...will be useful to join dim tables
- 19.

4. More about the doc : Data Modeling 03/25/24

5. Ended my day by solving complex SQL questions from DataLemur

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datalemur.com/questions/matching-skills

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Data Science Skills [LinkedIn SQL Interview Question]

Description

Solution

Discussion

Submissions

Easy

LinkedIn

Share on Twitter

Share on LinkedIn

Given a table of candidates and their skills, you're tasked with finding the candidates best suited for an open Data Science job. You want to find candidates who are proficient in Python, Tableau, and PostgreSQL.

Write a query to list the candidates who possess all of the required skills for the job. Sort the output by candidate ID in ascending order.

Assumption:

- There are no duplicates in the `candidates` table.

candidates Table:

Column Name	Type
candidate_id	integer
skill	varchar

candidates Example Input:

candidate_id	skill
123	Python
123	Tableau
123	PostgreSQL
234	R

```
1 SELECT candidate_id
2 FROM candidates
3 WHERE skill IN ('Python', 'Tableau', 'PostgreSQL')
4 group by candidate_id
5 having count(skill) = 3;
```

PostgreSQL 14

Run CodeSubmit

Output

candidate_id	count
123	3
147	3

9°C Mostly cloudy

Search

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DataLemur

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kaushik varmaKV

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Data Science Skills [LinkedIn SQL Interview Question]

Description

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Accepted

Share on Twitter

Share on LinkedIn

Congrats 🎉 - Share this problem, and your solution, on LinkedIn or Twitter!

In your post, don't forget to tag Nick Singh, so that he can comment on and share your post with his audience of 150k+ followers on [LinkedIn](#) and 25k+ followers on [Twitter](#) (which will give your post and profile more visibility)!

Output

candidate_id
123
147

Expected

candidate_id
123
147

```
1 SELECT candidate_id
2 FROM candidates
3 WHERE skill IN ('Python', 'Tableau', 'PostgreSQL')
4 group by candidate_id
5 having count(skill) = 3;
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PostgreSQL 14

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