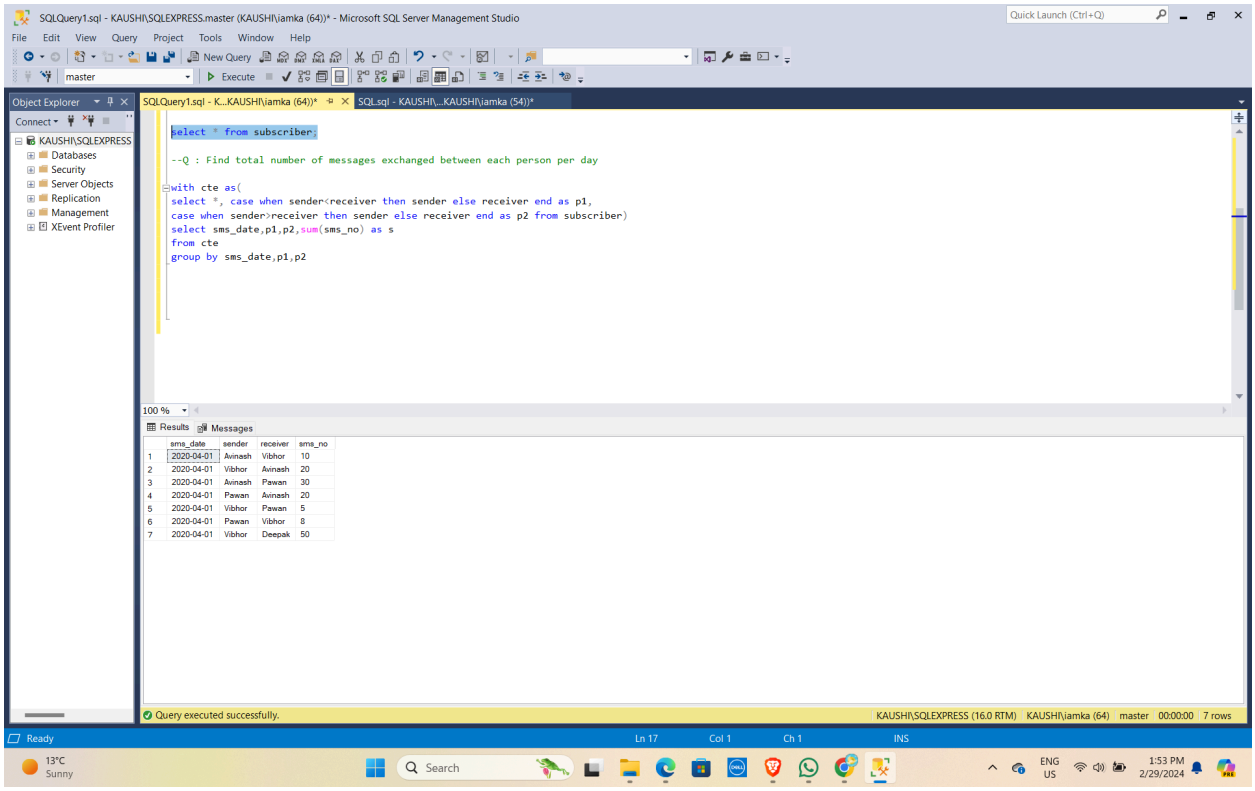
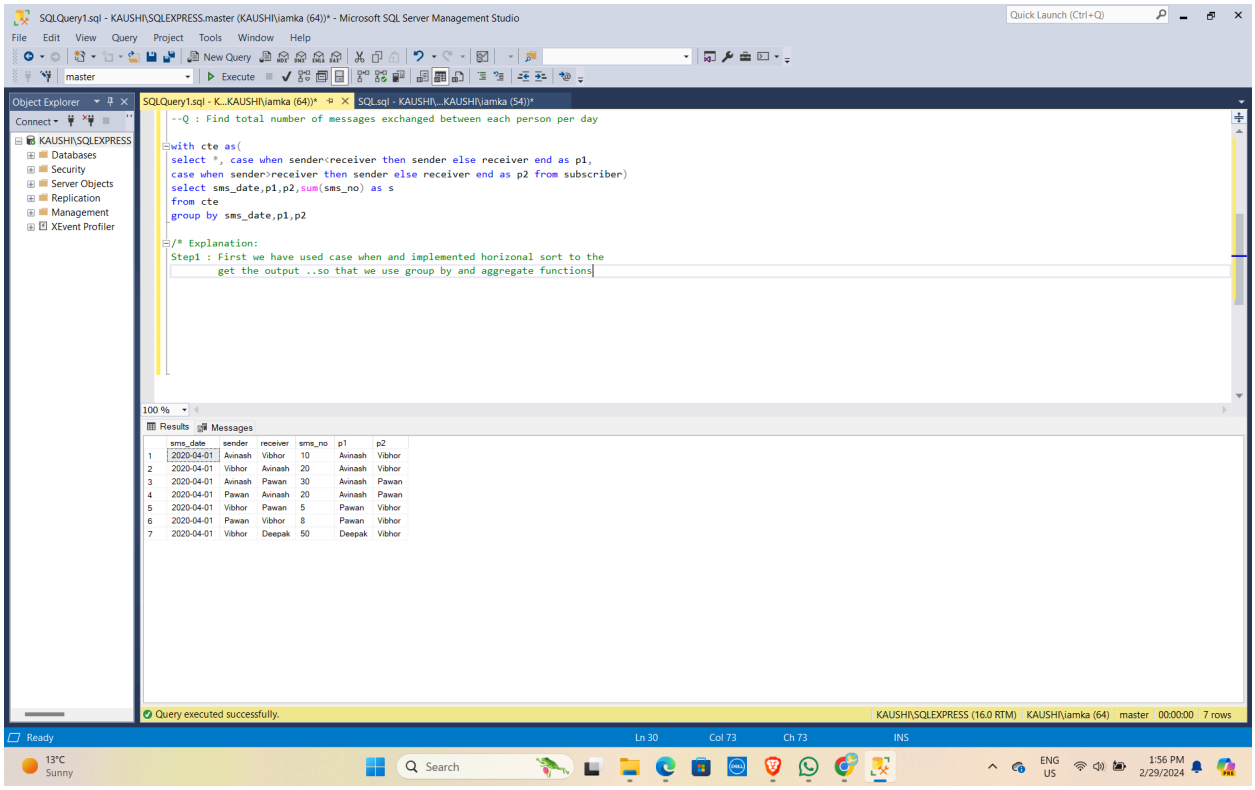
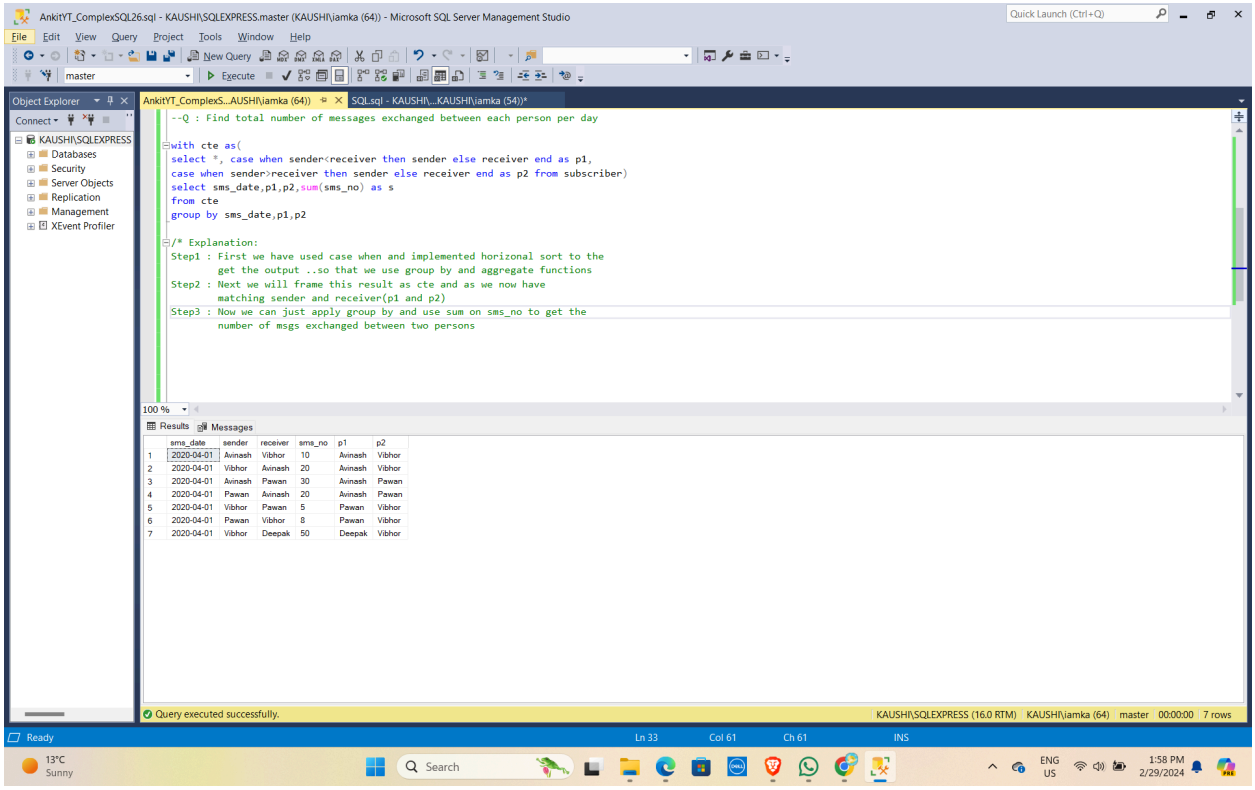
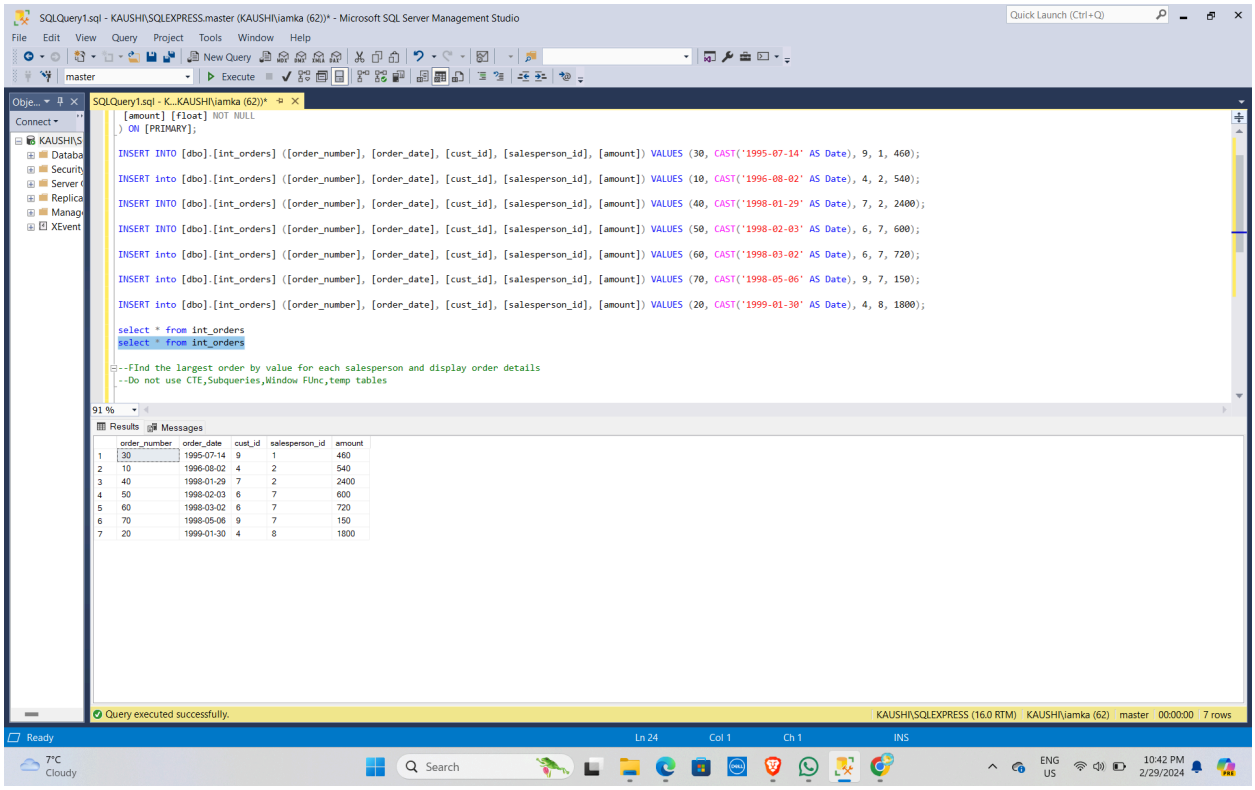
Day24 - Feb29th 2024

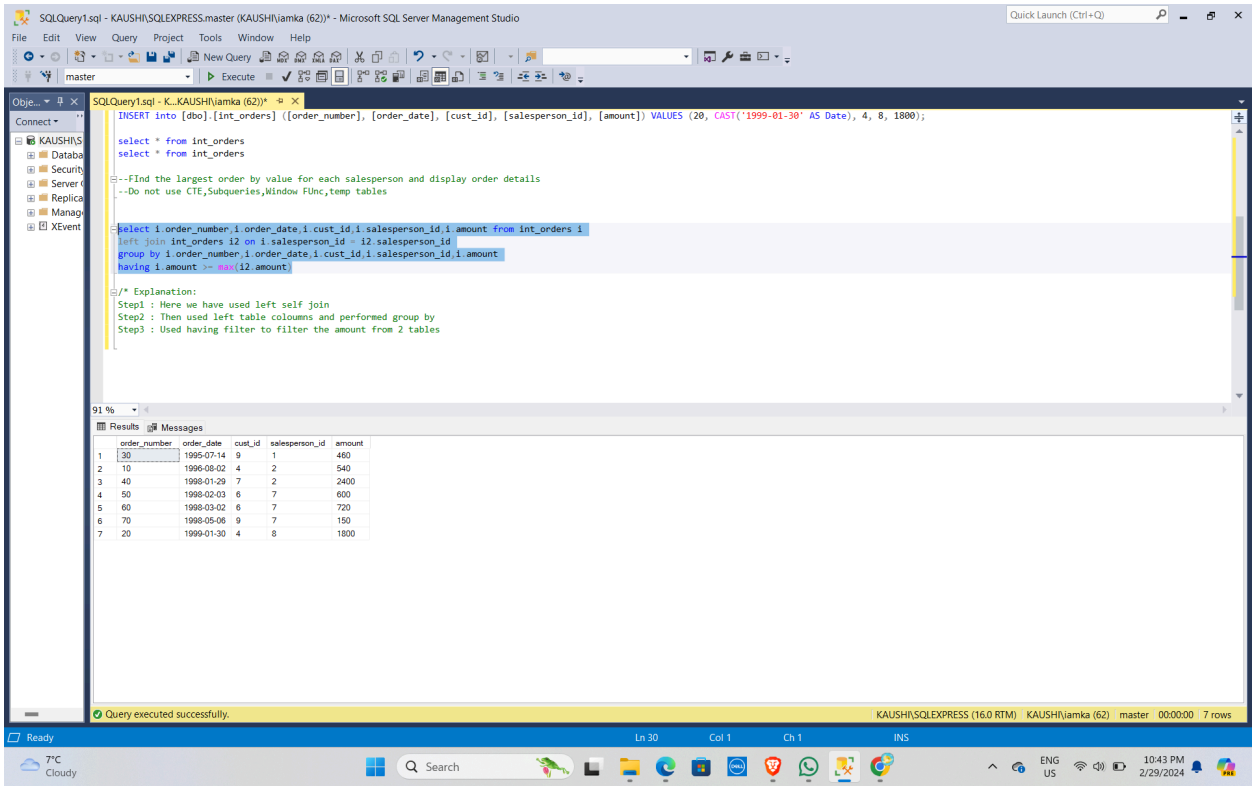
1. Started my day as usual
2. Marketed my profile for data engineering
3. Cooked food for friends and for myself
4. Solved one leetcode medium problem
5. Pyspark project is in the process
6. Ended my day by solving two complex SQL questions from Ankit's YT

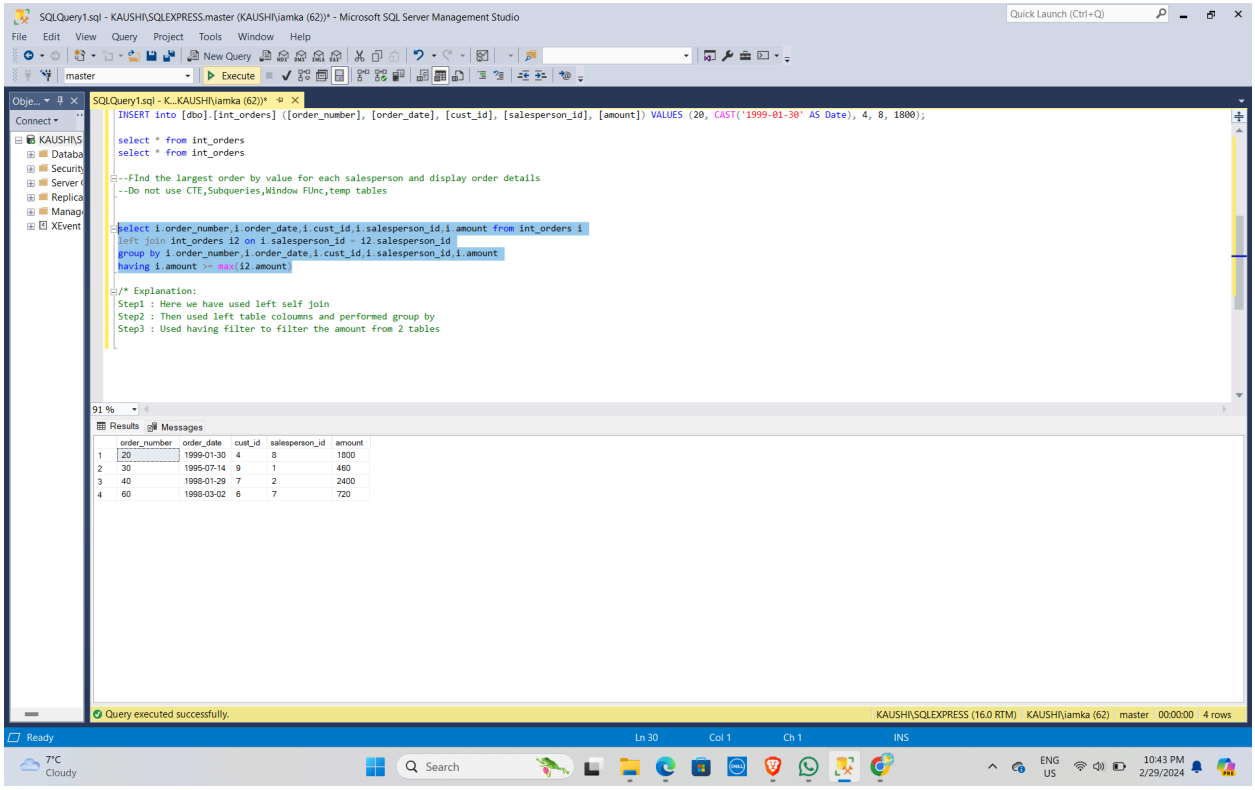



SQLQuery1.sql - KAUSHI\SQLEXPRESS.master (KAUSHI\iamka (64))* - Microsoft SQL Server Management Studio
File Edit View Query Project Tools Window Help
New Query
Execute
master
Object Explorer
Connect
KAUSHI\SQLEXPRESS
Databases
Security
Server Objects
Replication
Management
XEvent Profiler
SQLQuery1.sql - K...KAUSHI\iamka (64))*
SQL.sql - KAUSHI\...KAUSHI\iamka (54))*
--Q : Find total number of messages exchanged between each person per day
with cte as(
select *, case when sender<receiver then sender else receiver end as p1,
case when sender>receiver then sender else receiver end as p2 from subscriber)
select sms_date,p1,p2,sum(sms_no) as s
from cte
group by sms_date,p1,p2
/* Explanation:
Step1 : First we have used case when and implemented horizonal sort to the
get the output ..so that we use group by and aggregate functions
100 %
Results
Messages
sms_date sender receiver sms_no p1 p2
1 2020-04-01 Avinash Vibhor 10 Avinash Vibhor
2 2020-04-01 Vibhor Avinash 20 Avinash Vibhor
3 2020-04-01 Avinash Pawan 30 Avinash Pawan
4 2020-04-01 Pawan Avinash 20 Avinash Pawan
5 2020-04-01 Vibhor Pawan 5 Pawan Vibhor
6 2020-04-01 Pawan Vibhor 8 Pawan Vibhor
7 2020-04-01 Vibhor Deepak 50 Deepak Vibhor
Query executed successfully.
KAUSHI\SQLEXPRESS (16.0 RTM) KAUSHI\iamka (64) master 00:00:00 7 rows
Ready
Ln 30 Col 73 Ch 73 INS
13°C Sunny
Search
ENG US
1:56 PM 2/29/2024


AnkitYT_ComplexSQL26.sql - KAUSHI\SQLEXPRESS.master (KAUSHI\iamka (64)) - Microsoft SQL Server Management Studio
File Edit View Query Project Tools Window Help
New Query
Execute
master
Object Explorer
Connect
KAUSHI\SQLEXPRESS
Databases
Security
Server Objects
Replication
Management
XEvent Profiler
AnkitYT_ComplexS...AUSHI\iamka (64))
SQL.sql - KAUSHI\...KAUSHI\iamka (54))*
--Q : Find total number of messages exchanged between each person per day
with cte as(
select *, case when sender<receiver then sender else receiver end as p1,
case when sender>receiver then sender else receiver end as p2 from subscriber)
select sms_date,p1,p2,sum(sms_no) as s
from cte
group by sms_date,p1,p2
/* Explanation:
Step1 : First we have used case when and implemented horizonal sort to the
get the output ..so that we use group by and aggregate functions
Step2 : Next we will frame this result as cte and as we now have
matching sender and receiver(p1 and p2)
Step3 : Now we can just apply group by and use sum on sms_no to get the
number of msgs exchanged between two persons
100 %
Results
Messages
sms_date sender receiver sms_no p1 p2
1 2020-04-01 Avinash Vibhor 10 Avinash Vibhor
2 2020-04-01 Vibhor Avinash 20 Avinash Vibhor
3 2020-04-01 Avinash Pawan 30 Avinash Pawan
4 2020-04-01 Pawan Avinash 20 Avinash Pawan
5 2020-04-01 Vibhor Pawan 5 Pawan Vibhor
6 2020-04-01 Pawan Vibhor 8 Pawan Vibhor
7 2020-04-01 Vibhor Deepak 50 Deepak Vibhor
Query executed successfully.
KAUSHI\SQLEXPRESS (16.0 RTM) KAUSHI\iamka (64) master 00:00:00 7 rows
Ready
Ln 33 Col 61 Ch 61 INS
13°C Sunny
Search
ENG US
1:58 PM 2/29/2024


SQLQuery1.sql - KAUSHI\SQLEXPRESS.master (KAUSHI\iamka (62))* - Microsoft SQL Server Management Studio
[amount] [float] NOT NULL
) ON [PRIMARY];
INSERT INTO [dbo].[int_orders] ([order_number], [order_date], [cust_id], [salesperson_id], [amount]) VALUES (30, CAST('1995-07-14' AS Date), 9, 1, 460);
INSERT into [dbo].[int_orders] ([order_number], [order_date], [cust_id], [salesperson_id], [amount]) VALUES (10, CAST('1996-08-02' AS Date), 4, 2, 540);
INSERT INTO [dbo].[int_orders] ([order_number], [order_date], [cust_id], [salesperson_id], [amount]) VALUES (40, CAST('1998-01-29' AS Date), 7, 2, 2400);
INSERT INTO [dbo].[int_orders] ([order_number], [order_date], [cust_id], [salesperson_id], [amount]) VALUES (50, CAST('1998-02-03' AS Date), 6, 7, 600);
INSERT into [dbo].[int_orders] ([order_number], [order_date], [cust_id], [salesperson_id], [amount]) VALUES (60, CAST('1998-03-02' AS Date), 6, 7, 720);
INSERT into [dbo].[int_orders] ([order_number], [order_date], [cust_id], [salesperson_id], [amount]) VALUES (70, CAST('1998-05-06' AS Date), 9, 7, 150);
INSERT into [dbo].[int_orders] ([order_number], [order_date], [cust_id], [salesperson_id], [amount]) VALUES (20, CAST('1999-01-30' AS Date), 4, 8, 1800);
select * from int_orders
select * from int_orders
--FInd the largest order by value for each salesperson and display order details
--Do not use CTE,Subqueries,Window FUnc,temp tables
Results
Messages
order_number order_date cust_id salesperson_id amount
1 30 1995-07-14 9 1 460
2 10 1996-08-02 4 2 540
3 40 1998-01-29 7 2 2400
4 50 1998-02-03 6 7 600
5 60 1998-03-02 6 7 720
6 70 1998-05-06 9 7 150
7 20 1999-01-30 4 8 1800
Query executed successfully.
KAUSHI\SQLEXPRESS (16.0 RTM) KAUSHI\iamka (62) master 00:00:00 7 rows
Ready
Ln 24 Col 1 Ch 1 INS
7°C Cloudy
Search
ENG US
10:42 PM 2/29/2024


SQLQuery1.sql - KAUSHI\SQLEXPRESS.master (KAUSHI\iamka (62))* - Microsoft SQL Server Management Studio
INSERT into [dbo].[int_orders] ([order_number], [order_date], [cust_id], [salesperson_id], [amount]) VALUES (20, CAST('1999-01-30' AS Date), 4, 8, 1800);
select * from int_orders
select * from int_orders
--FInd the largest order by value for each salesperson and display order details
--Do not use CTE,Subqueries,Window FUnc,temp tables
select i.order_number,i.order_date,i.cust_id,i.salesperson_id,i.amount from int_orders i
left join int_orders i2 on i.salesperson_id = i2.salesperson_id
group by i.order_number,i.order_date,i.cust_id,i.salesperson_id,i.amount
having i.amount >= max(i2.amount)
/* Explanation:
Step1 : Here we have used left self join
Step2 : Then used left table coloumns and performed group by
Step3 : Used having filter to filter the amount from 2 tables
Results
Messages
order_number order_date cust_id salesperson_id amount
1 30 1995-07-14 9 1 460
2 10 1996-08-02 4 2 540
3 40 1998-01-29 7 2 2400
4 50 1998-02-03 6 7 600
5 60 1998-03-02 6 7 720
6 70 1998-05-06 9 7 150
7 20 1999-01-30 4 8 1800
Query executed successfully.
KAUSHI\SQLEXPRESS (16.0 RTM) KAUSHI\iamka (62) master 00:00:00 7 rows
Ready
Ln 30 Col 1 Ch 1 INS
7°C Cloudy
Search
ENG US
10:43 PM 2/29/2024


SQLQuery1.sql - KAUSHI\SQLEXPRESS.master (KAUSHI\iamka (62))* - Microsoft SQL Server Management Studio
INSERT into [dbo].[int_orders] ([order_number], [order_date], [cust_id], [salesperson_id], [amount]) VALUES (20, CAST('1999-01-30' AS Date), 4, 8, 1800);
select * from int_orders
select * from int_orders
--FInd the largest order by value for each salesperson and display order details
--Do not use CTE,Subqueries,Window FUnc,temp tables
select i.order_number,i.order_date,i.cust_id,i.salesperson_id,i.amount from int_orders i
left join int_orders i2 on i.salesperson_id = i2.salesperson_id
group by i.order_number,i.order_date,i.cust_id,i.salesperson_id,i.amount
having i.amount >= max(i2.amount)
/* Explanation:
Step1 : Here we have used left self join
Step2 : Then used left table coloumns and performed group by
Step3 : Used having filter to filter the amount from 2 tables
Results
Messages
order_number order_date cust_id salesperson_id amount
1 20 1999-01-30 4 8 1800
2 30 1995-07-14 9 1 460
3 40 1998-01-29 7 2 2400
4 60 1998-03-02 6 7 720
Query executed successfully.
KAUSHI\SQLEXPRESS (16.0 RTM) KAUSHI\iamka (62) master 00:00:00 4 rows
Ready
Ln 30 Col 1 Ch 1 INS
7°C Cloudy
Search
ENG US
10:43 PM 2/29/2024