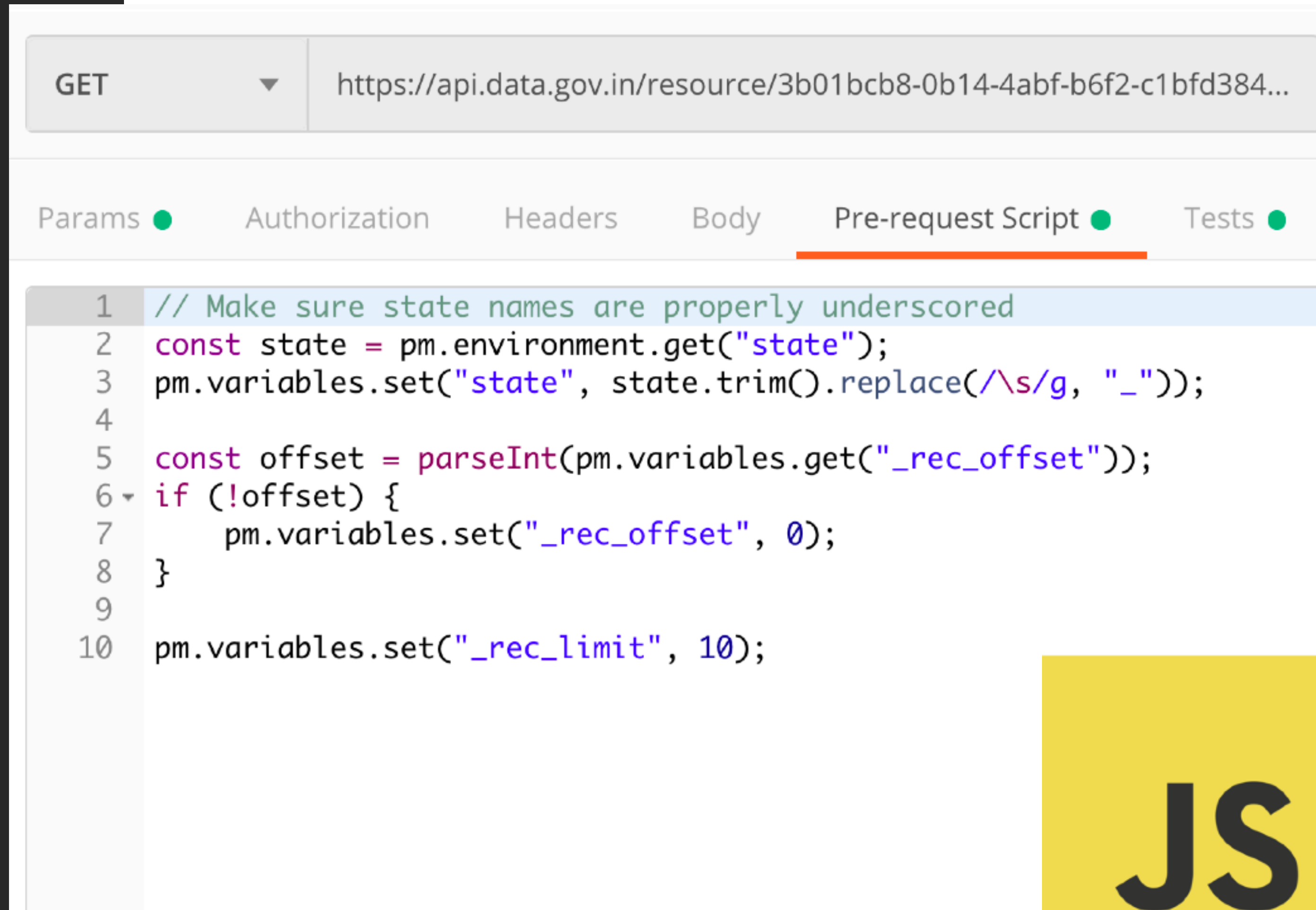


Pre-request Script

- Written in JavaScript
- Executed in a sandboxed NodeJS environment
- Executed *before* request is sent
- Modify request through variables



Tests

- Written in JavaScript
- Executed in a sandboxed NodeJS environment
- Executed *after* response is received
- Can have assertions
- Quick-start snippets



The screenshot shows the Postman interface with the 'Tests' tab selected. The URL bar contains a GET request to `https://api.data.gov.in/resource/3b01bcb8-0b14-4abf-b6f2-c1bfd384ba69?a...`. The 'Tests' tab is highlighted with an orange underline. The test script area contains the following JavaScript code:

```
12
13 pm.test("'records' property is an array with entries", function () {
14     pm.expect(jsonData.records).to.be.an("array").that.is.not.empty;
15 });
16
17 pm.test("total, limit and offset properties are present", function () {
18     pm.expect(jsonData.total).to.be.a("number");
19     pm.expect(jsonData.limit).to.be.a("string");
20     pm.expect(jsonData.offset).to.be.a("string");
21 });
22
23 if (!jsonData.records) {
24     postman.setNextRequest(null);
25     return false;
26 }
27
28 function findStation (station) {
29     return (i) => i.station === station;
30 }
```

A yellow square with the text 'JS' is located in the bottom right corner of the screenshot.