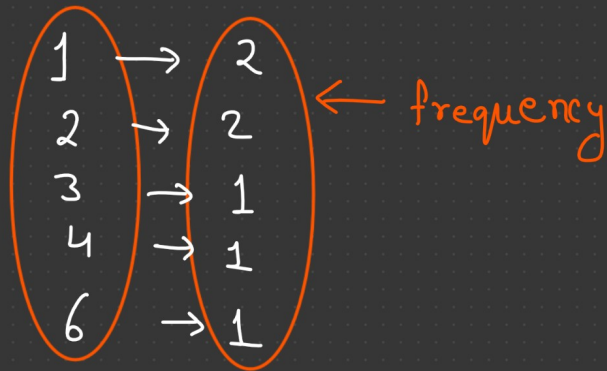
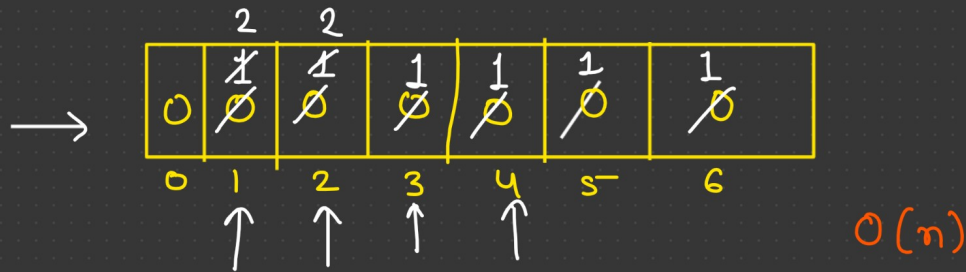


Hashing Technique

↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓
1, 2, 4, 3, 2, 1, 5, 6 . Count frequency of all the element.



$a[0]$ $a[1]$ $a[2]$ $a[5]$ $a[8]$
`int a[] = {2, 1, 2, 3, 1, 1, 4, 6, 2};`

`int hash[7] = {0};`

0	3	3	1	1	0	1
0	1	2	3	4	5	6

array size

```

for (int i=0; i<9; i++)
{
    hash[a[i]]++;
}

```

$i=0$ $a[0]=2$ $hash[2]++$	$i=1$ $a[1]=1$ $hash[1]++$	$i=2$ $a[2]=2$ $hash[2]++$
----------------------------------	----------------------------------	----------------------------------

1	→	3
2	→	3
3	→	1
4	→	1
6	→	1

```

for (int i=0; i<7; i++)

```

```

{
    if (hash[i] != 0)
    {
        cout << i << hash[i];
    }
}

```

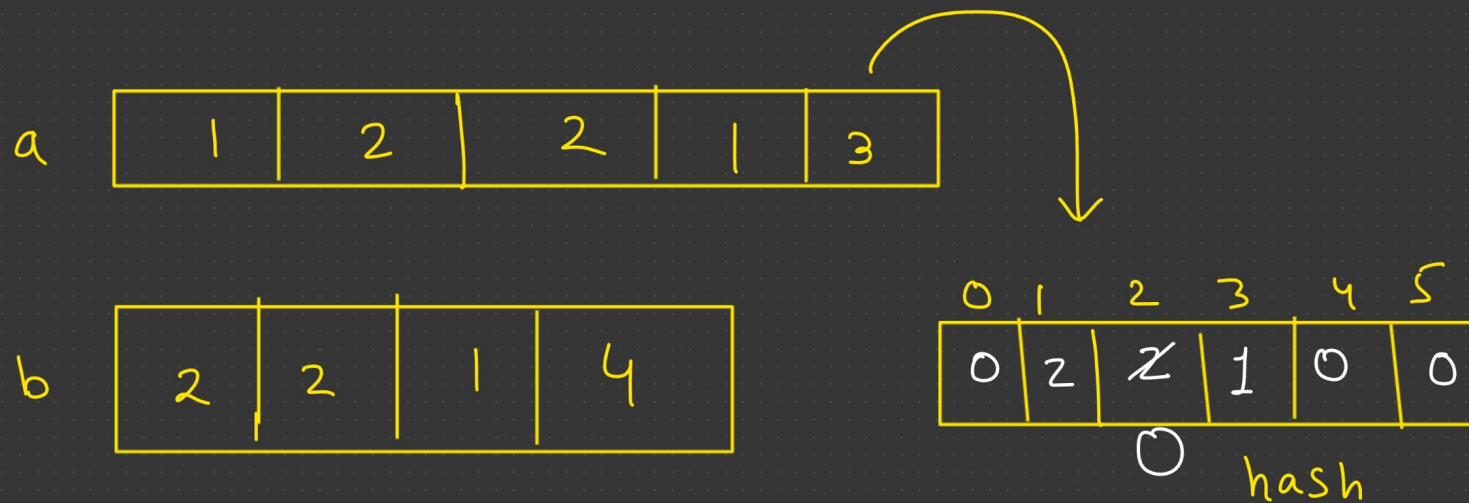
↑ ↑
 number frequency.

$O(n)$

Drawback:-

Memory usage.

not applicable
for -ve no.



```
for ( i=0 ; i < m ; i++ )
```

```
{ if ( hash[b[i]] != 0 )
```

```
    copy( b[i] )
    hash[b[i]] = 0;
```

```
}
```

$O(n)$