

GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY**BE - SEMESTER-VII (NEW) EXAMINATION – WINTER 2017****Subject Code: 2170715****Date: 18/11/2017****Subject Name: Data Mining and Business Intelligence****Time: 10:30 AM TO 01:00 PM****Total Marks: 70****Instructions:**

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

MARKS

- Q.1**
- | | | |
|-----|---|-----------|
| (a) | Explain measures for finding rule interestingness (support, confidence) with example. | 03 |
| (b) | Differentiate between OLTP and OLAP. | 04 |
| (c) | What is Data Mining? Write down short note on KDD process. | 07 |
- Q.2**
- | | | |
|-----|---|-----------|
| (a) | Use min-max normalization method to <i>normalize</i> the following group of data by setting min = 0 and max = 1
200, 300, 400, 600, 1000 | 03 |
| (b) | Describe various methods for handling missing data values. | 04 |
| (c) | Using Apriori algorithm, generate frequent item sets (min_sup $\geq 33.3\%$) for the following transaction database. | 07 |
- | | |
|----------|-----------------|
| Trans_id | Itemlist |
| T1 | {A, B, D, K} |
| T2 | {A, B, C, D, E} |
| T3 | {A, B, C, E} |
| T4 | {B, D} |
| T5 | {A, C} |
| T6 | {B, D} |
- OR**
- | | | |
|-----|---|-----------|
| (c) | Compare association and classification. Briefly explain associative classification with suitable example. | 07 |
|-----|---|-----------|
- Q.3**
- | | | |
|-----|---|-----------|
| (a) | Suppose a group of sales price records has been sorted as follows:
6, 9, 12, 13, 15, 25, 50, 70, 72, 92, 204, 232
Partition them into three bins by equal-frequency (equi-depth) partitioning method. Perform data smoothing by bin mean. | 03 |
| (b) | Define Big Data. Discuss various applications of Big Data. | 04 |
| (c) | What are the major issues in Data Mining? | 07 |
- OR**
- Q.3**
- | | | |
|-----|--|-----------|
| (a) | Explain Prepruning and Postpruning with an example. | 03 |
| (b) | Define the following terms:
Business Intelligence, Data Mart, Closed frequent itemset, Outlier Analysis | 04 |
| (c) | Why naïve Bayesian classification is called “naïve”? Describe naïve Bayesian classification with example. | 07 |
- Q.4**
- | | | |
|-----|---|-----------|
| (a) | What is classification and prediction? List out Issues regarding Classification and prediction. | 03 |
| (b) | Explain Star schema and Snowflake schema with example. | 04 |
| (c) | Explain Hadoop storage – HDFS. | 07 |

OR

- Q.4** (a) Explain the following terms: **03**
Numerosity reduction, Data Integration, Data transformation
- (b) Explain data mining application for fraud detection. **04**
- (c) Explain sampling methods for data reduction. **07**
- Q.5** (a) Explain various OLAP operations. **07**
- (b) Explain basic concepts of text mining and web mining. **07**
- OR**
- Q.5** (a) What is an attribute selection measure? Explain different attribute selection measures with example. **07**
- (b) Explain Data warehouse architecture. **07**
