HPC-12-2

February 14, 2024

1 Assignment 7

- 1. Write a program to implement arithmetic calculations using MPI processes.
- 2. Write a program with different processes to apply following functions to an image in parallel.
 - Read an image.
 - Convert above RGB image to grayscale.
 - Find edges in the image.
 - Show the original image.

```
[1]: import mpi4py
    from mpi4py import MPI
[2]: import numpy as np
[3]: comm = MPI.COMM_WORLD # get the communicator object
    rank = comm.Get_rank() # get the rank of the current process
    name = MPI.Get_processor_name() # get the name of the current processor
    size = comm.Get_size() # get the number of processes
[4]: randNum = np.zeros(1)
[5]: a = 10
    b = 5
[]: if rank == 0:
        print('rank = ', rank, ',' ,a+b)
    if rank == 1:
        print('rank = ', rank, ',' ,a*b)
    if rank == 2:
        print('rank = ', rank, ',' ,a/b)
    if rank == 3:
        print('rank = ', rank, ',' ,a-b)
[7]: | mpiexec -n 4 python hpc-arith.py
    rank = 0, addition: 15
    rank = 2, division: 2.0
    rank = 1 , multiplication : 50
    rank = 3, subtraction: 5
```

```
[11]: import cv2
[12]: def read_image(filename):
          image = cv2.imread(filename)
          return image
      def convert to grayscale(image):
          grayscale_image = cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)
          return grayscale_image
      def find_edges(image):
          edges = cv2.Canny(image, 100, 200)
          return edges
      def show_image(image, title="Image"):
          cv2.imshow(title, image)
          cv2.waitKey(0)
          cv2.destroyAllWindows()
[13]: filename = "1.jpg"
      image = read_image(filename)
\lceil 14 \rceil: if rank == 0:
          print('rank =', rank, ',', 'Read the image')
      elif rank == 1:
          grayscale_image = convert_to_grayscale(image)
          print('rank =', rank, ',', 'Converted RGB image to grayscale')
      elif rank == 2:
          edges_image = find_edges(image)
          print('rank =', rank, ',', 'Found edges in the image')
      elif rank == 3:
          show_image(image, title="Original Image")
          print('rank =', rank, ',', 'Displayed the original image')
          grayscale_image = convert_to_grayscale(image)
          show_image(grayscale_image, title="Grayscale Image")
          print('rank =', rank, ',', 'Displayed the grayscale image')
          edges_image = find_edges(image)
          show_image(edges_image, title="Edges Image")
          print('rank =', rank, ',', 'Displayed the edges image')
     rank = 0 , Read the image
[15]: !mpiexec -n 4 python hpc-7(2).py
     rank = 0 , Read the image
     rank = 1 , Converted RGB image to grayscale
     rank = 2 , Found edges in the image
     rank = 3, Displayed the original image
```

```
rank = 3 , Displayed the grayscale image
rank = 3 , Displayed the edges image
```

[16]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

```
[19]: # Load the images
      image1 = cv2.imread("hpc-7-2-2.png")
      image2 = cv2.imread("hpc-7-2-3.png")
      image3 = cv2.imread("hpc-7-2-1.png")
      # Convert BGR to RGB (Matplotlib uses RGB)
      image1_rgb = cv2.cvtColor(image1, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
      image2_rgb = cv2.cvtColor(image2, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
      image3_rgb = cv2.cvtColor(image3, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
      # Display the images
      plt.figure(figsize=(15, 10))
      plt.subplot(1, 3, 1)
      plt.imshow(image1_rgb)
      plt.axis('off')
      plt.title('grayscaled image')
      plt.subplot(1, 3, 2)
      plt.imshow(image2_rgb)
      plt.axis('off')
      plt.title('edges of image')
      plt.subplot(1, 3, 3)
      plt.imshow(image3_rgb)
      plt.axis('off')
      plt.title('original image')
      plt.show()
```





