

1.import pandas

syntax:import pandas as pd

Use:Import pandas in your python program to use any functions within panda.

2.code:file = r'file:///C:/Users/Hiral Thakkar/Downloads/bank-data (1).csv'

df = pd.read_csv(file)

print(df)

Syntax:pd.read_csv(file_path)

Use:

a.Reads the data from a csv file.

b.parameters:(file path),sets relative path to the csv file.

c.example:df = pd.read_csv(file).

d.returns DataFrame.

3.code:file = pandas.read_csv("file:///C:/Users/Hiral Thakkar/Downloads/bank-data (1).csv",na_values=[""]);

Syntax:pandas.read_csv(file,na_values=[""]);

Use:Reading files with missing values in python pandas.

4.code:file=print("Total number of null values is",file.isnull().sum().sum());

Syntax:file.isnull().sum().sum()

Use:To find out total no of null values in the whole data frame.

a.returns Integer value.

5.code:print("Null values per attribute as given below:\n",file.isnull().sum());

Syntax:file.isnull().sum()

Use:To find out total no of null values attribute wise.

Returns dtype object

6.code:incomeMin = file['income'].min();

print(incomeMin)

Syntax:file['attribute name'].min();

Use:prints minimum value of a particular attribute.

7.code:`incomeMin = ageMax = file['age'].max();
print(ageMax);`

Syntax:`file['attribute name'].max();`

Use:prints maximum value of a particular attribute.

8.code:`file['income'].fillna(incomeMin, inplace=True);`

Syntax:`dataset.fillna(value, inplace = False)`

Use:

a.Fills all the null values

b.Parameters

-**value** : value use to fill the null values.

-**inplace**: boolean [replaces in the same dataframe and doesnot create another object]

If True, fill in place. Note: this will modify any other views on this object, (e.g. a no-copy slice for a column in a DataFrame)

-**fillna**: fills the NaN values with a given number with which you want to substitute. It gives you an option to fill according to the index of rows of a pd.DataFrame or on the name of the columns in the form of a python dict.

c.Returns Dataframe