

Grapher README

This Java application, **Grapher**, allows you to parse, manipulate, and visualize directed graphs. It utilizes the JGraphT library for graph manipulation and the JGraphX library for graph visualization.

Features

1. Parsing Graph from DOT File

- **Method:** `parseGraph(String filePath)`
- **Description:** Parses a graph from a DOT file.
- **Example:**

```
Grapher grapher = new Grapher();  
Graph<String, DefaultEdge> graph = grapher.parseGraph("path/to/your/graphn.
```



2. Adding Nodes

- **Methods:** `addNode(String label)` , `addNodes(String[] labels)`
- **Description:** Adds nodes to the graph.

- **Example:**

```
grapher.addNode("A");  
grapher.addNodes(new String[]{"B", "C"});
```



3. Adding Edges

- **Method:** addEdge(String srcLabel, String dstLabel)
- **Description:** Adds directed edges between nodes.
- **Example:**

```
grapher.addEdge("A", "B");
```



4. Exporting Graph to DOT Format

- **Method:** outputDOTGraph(String filePath)
- **Description:** Exports the graph in DOT format to a file.
- **Example:**

```
grapher.outputDOTGraph("path/to/save/graph.dot");
```



5. Exporting Graph as Image

- **Method:** outputGraphics(String filePath)
- **Description:** Exports the graph as an image file (PNG format).
- **Example:**

```
grapher.outputGraphics("path/to/save/graph.png");
```



6. Generating Graph Information

- **Method:** toString()
- **Description:** Generates a string containing graph information, including nodes and edges.
- **Example:**

```
String graphInfo = grapher.toString();
```



7. Writing Graph Information to File

- **Method:** writeToFile(String filePath)
- **Description:** Writes graph information to a text file.
- **Example:**

```
grapher.writeToFile("path/to/save/graphInfo.txt");
```



8. Removing a Node

- **Method:** `removeNode(String label)`
- **Description:** Removes a node from the graph.
- **Example:**

```
grapher.removeNode("B");
```



9. Removing multiple Nodes

- **Method:** `removeNodes(String[] labels)`
- **Description:** Removes multiple nodes from the graph
- **Example:**

```
String[] nodesToRemove1 = {"A", "B"};  
grapher.removeNodes(nodesToRemove1);
```



10 Removing an Edge

- **Method:** `removeEdge(String srcLabel, String dstLabel)`
- **Description:** Removes an edge from the graph.
- **Example:**

```
grapher.removeEdge("A", "B");
```



11. Searching for a path in the graph

- **Method:** `Path graphSearch(String src, String dst, Algorithm algo)`
- **Description:** Finds a path from a source node to destination node in BFS or DFS as specified.
- **Example:**


```
grapher.graphSearch("A", "E", Algorithm.BFS);
```



12. Parsing through the graph to get a random path from source to destination

- **Method:** `Grapher.Path randomWalkPath = grapher2.graphSearch("a", "h");`
- **Description:** Outputs a random path from source to destination.
- **Example:**

```
Grapher grapher2 = new Grapher();
grapher2.setStrat(new RandomWalk(grapher2.parseGraph("src/main/resources/input
Grapher.Path randomWalkPath = grapher2.graphSearch("a", "h");
System.out.println(randomWalkPath);
```




How to Run

1. Clone the repository - [Link](#)

2. Compile the Code:

```
mvn package
```



3. Run Tests:

```
mvn test
```



Refactor branch

1. Performing 5 refactors

- Removing unused imports - Unused imports have been removed in order to reduce some clutter in the code
- Used a variable instead of a direct numerical value - Using the number 4 did not make it clear why 4 was used, giving 4 as a value to a variable helps understand the purpose because of the variable name

```
public String toString() {
    final int REMOVE_LAST_CHARS = 4;
    StringBuilder pathString = new StringBuilder();
    for (String node : nodes) {
        pathString.append(node).append(" -> ");
    }
    if (pathString.length() > REMOVE_LAST_CHARS) {
        pathString.setLength(pathString.length() - 4);
    }
    return pathString.toString();
}
```

- Used a variable instead of a direct value - Using the word PNG might not immediately make it clear why PNG was used, giving PNG as a value to a variable helps

understand the purpose because of the variable name

```
public void outputGraphics(String filePath) throws Exception {
    final String IMAGE_FORMAT = "PNG";
    JGraphXAdapter<String, DefaultEdge> graphAdapter = new JGraphXAdapter<>(graph);
    mxIGraphLayout layout = new mxCircleLayout(graphAdapter);
    try {
        layout.execute(graphAdapter.getDefaultParent());
    } catch (Exception e) {
        throw new Exception("Error while converting graph to image", e);
    }

    BufferedImage image = mxCellRenderer.createBufferedImage(graphAdapter, cells: null,
    File imgFile = new File(filePath);
    try {
        ImageIO.write(image, IMAGE_FORMAT, imgFile);
        System.out.println("Successfully exported graph to image: " + filePath);
    } catch (IOException e) {
        throw new Exception("Error while writing image to file", e);
    }
}
```

- Modified testAddNode to show it handles duplicate node being added - There was no test case to see how duplicate node was handled in testAddNode

```
Node added: A
Node added: B
Node added: C
Node added: A
Node already exists: A
```

- Modified testAddNodes to show it handles duplicate nodes being added - There was no test case to see how duplicate nodes were handled in testAddNode

```
Node added: A
Node added: B
Node added: C
Node already exists: A
Node already exists: B
Node already exists: C
```

2. Implementation of Template pattern

- The Template Pattern is a design pattern that defines the skeleton of an algorithm in the superclass but lets subclasses override specific steps of the algorithm without changing its structure.
- In this code, the GraphSearchTemplate class is the template. It provides the overall structure of a graph search algorithm but leaves specific steps (like getting edges,

creating collections, and getting the next path) to be implemented by subclasses.

```
package org.vasanik;

import org.jgrapht.Graph;
import org.jgrapht.graph.DefaultEdge;

import java.util.*;

/*
 * The base class for graph search algorithms using the Template Pattern.
 * It provides a template for graph search algorithms and defines the overall structure of the algorithm.
 */
4 usages 3 inheritors  Kavan Vasani
public abstract class GraphSearchTemplate {

    6 usages
    public final Graph<String, DefaultEdge> graph;

    6 usages
    public final Set<String> visited = new HashSet<>();

    6 usages  Kavan Vasani
    public GraphSearchTemplate(Graph<String, DefaultEdge> graph) {
        this.graph = graph;
    }

    2 usages 3 implementations  Kavan Vasani
    protected abstract Iterable<DefaultEdge> getEdges(String node);
}
```

- BFS, DFS and RandomWalk classes extend GraphSearchTemplate, providing implementations for the specific steps needed for Breadth-First Search, Depth-First Search and Random Walk respectively.
- BFS uses a queue (LinkedList) for the collection, and DFS uses a stack.

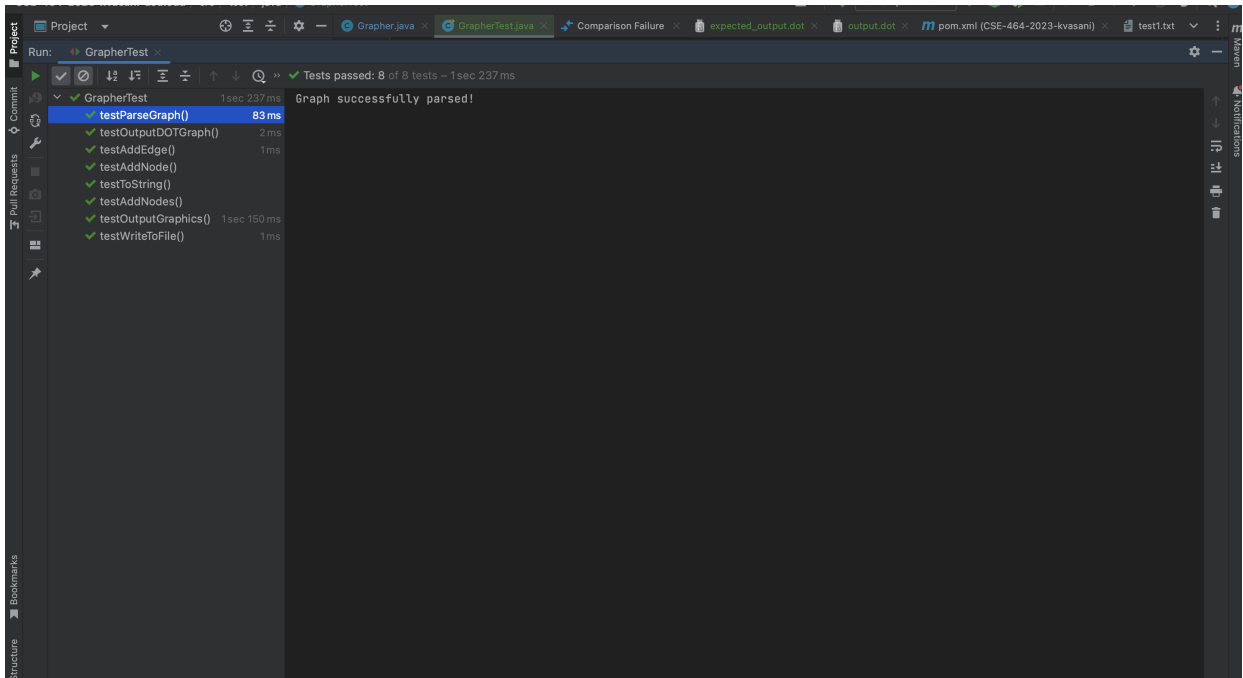
3. Implementation of Strategy pattern

- The Strategy Pattern is a behavioral design pattern that defines a family of algorithms, encapsulates each one, and makes them interchangeable. It allows the client to choose the appropriate algorithm at runtime.
- The BFS and DFS classes extend GraphSearchTemplate, providing concrete implementations for the specific steps of Breadth-First Search and Depth-First Search, respectively.
- The Grapher class has a member variable strat of type IGraphSearch, which represents the current strategy for graph search.
- IGraphSearch interface defines the contract that all graph search algorithms must follow. It has a single method graphSearch for conducting the search and returning a path.

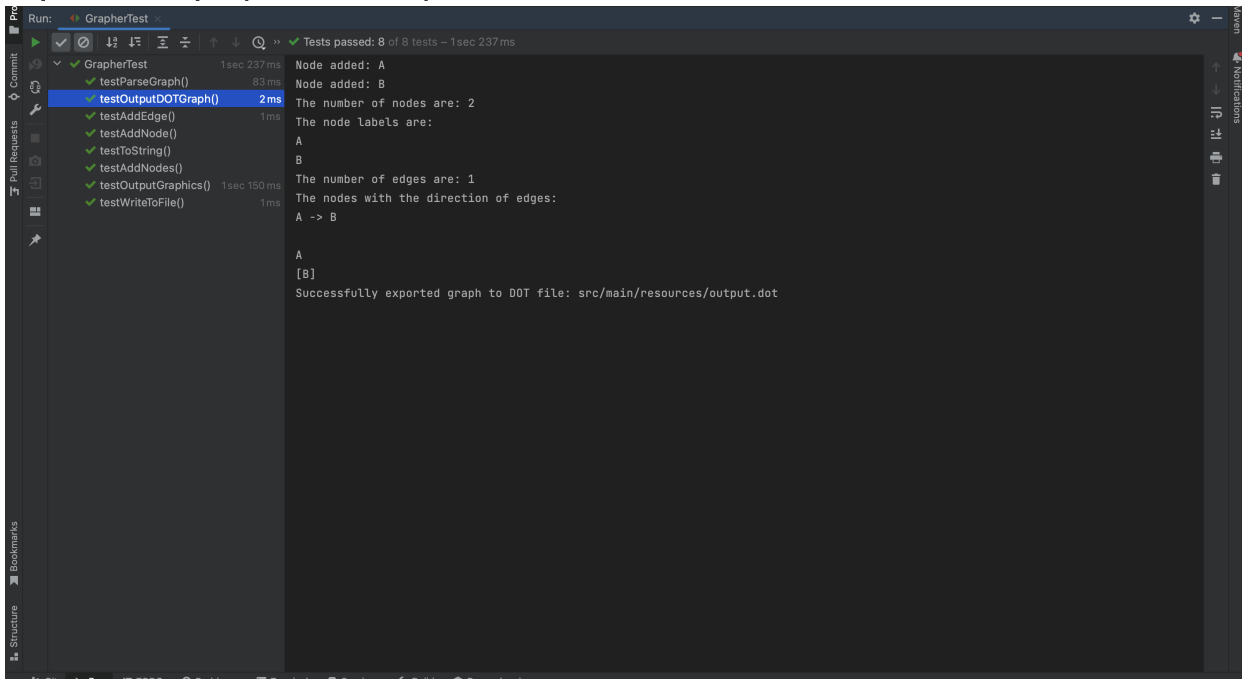
```
grapher.setStrat(new BFS(grapher.parseGraph( filePath: "src/main/resources/test1.dot")));
grapher.addNode( label: "D");
grapher.addNode( label: "E");
grapher.addEdge( srcLabel: "A", dstLabel: "D");
grapher.addEdge( srcLabel: "D", dstLabel: "E");
```

Screenshots

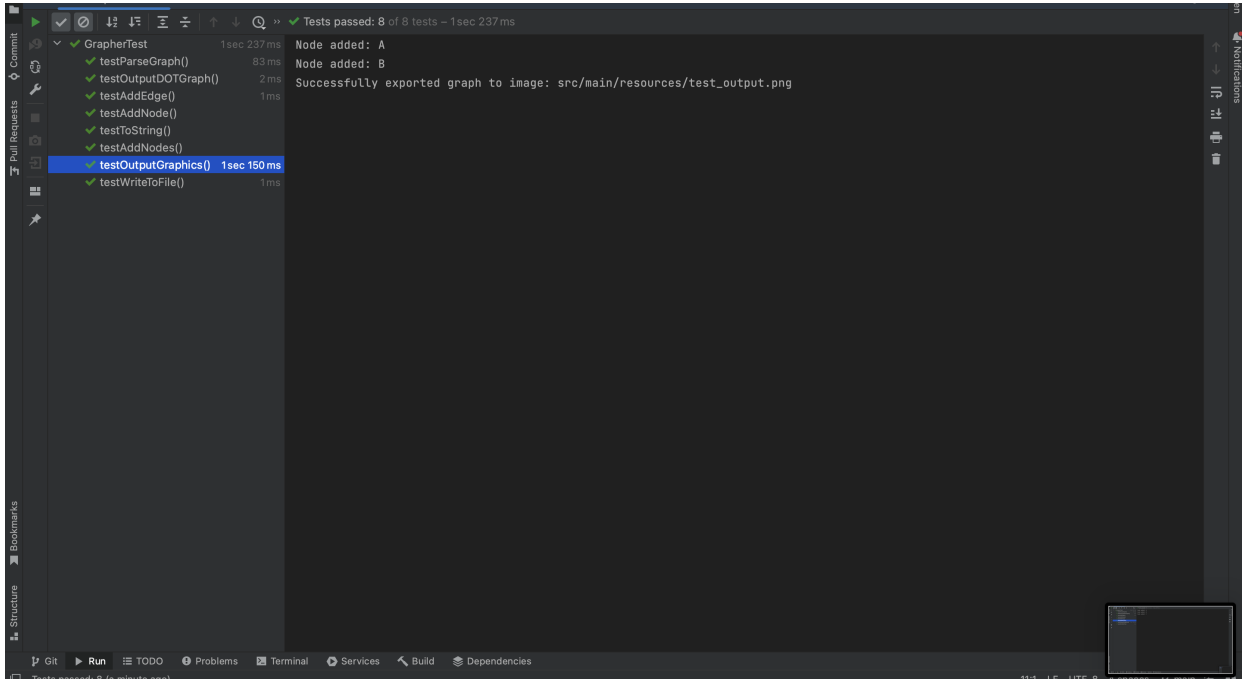
- **Parsed Graph Information:**



- **Exported Graph (DOT Format):**



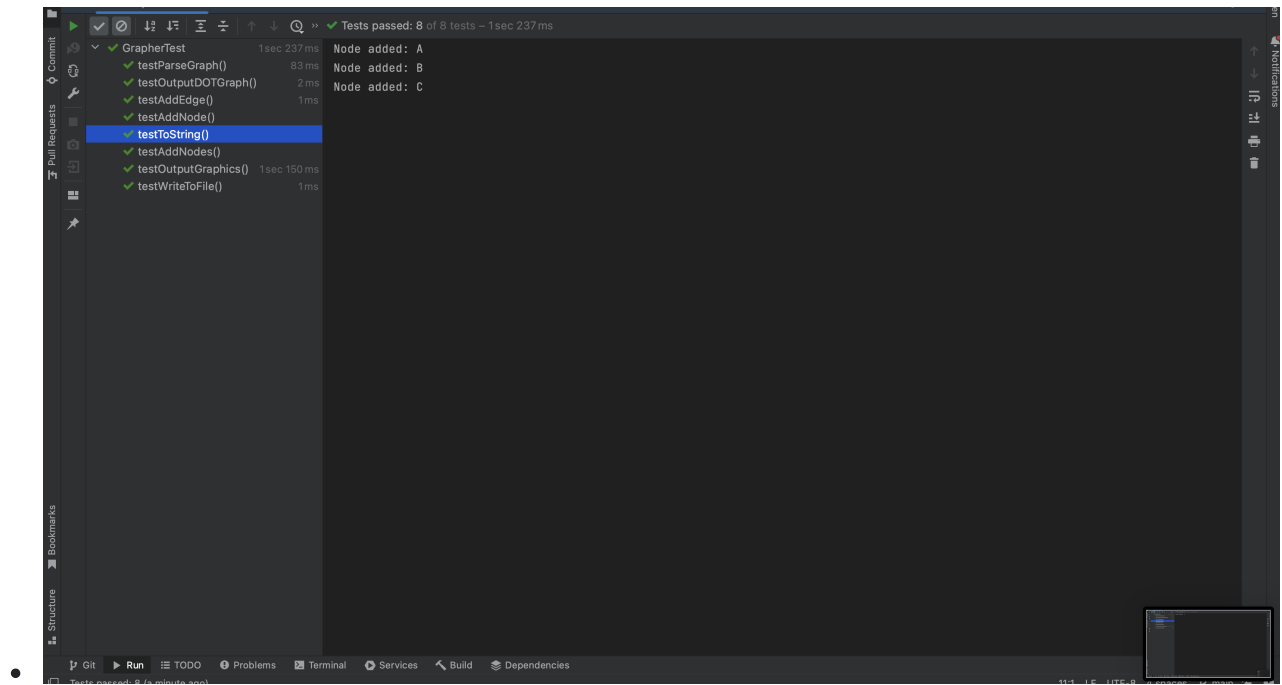
- **Exported Graph (Image):**



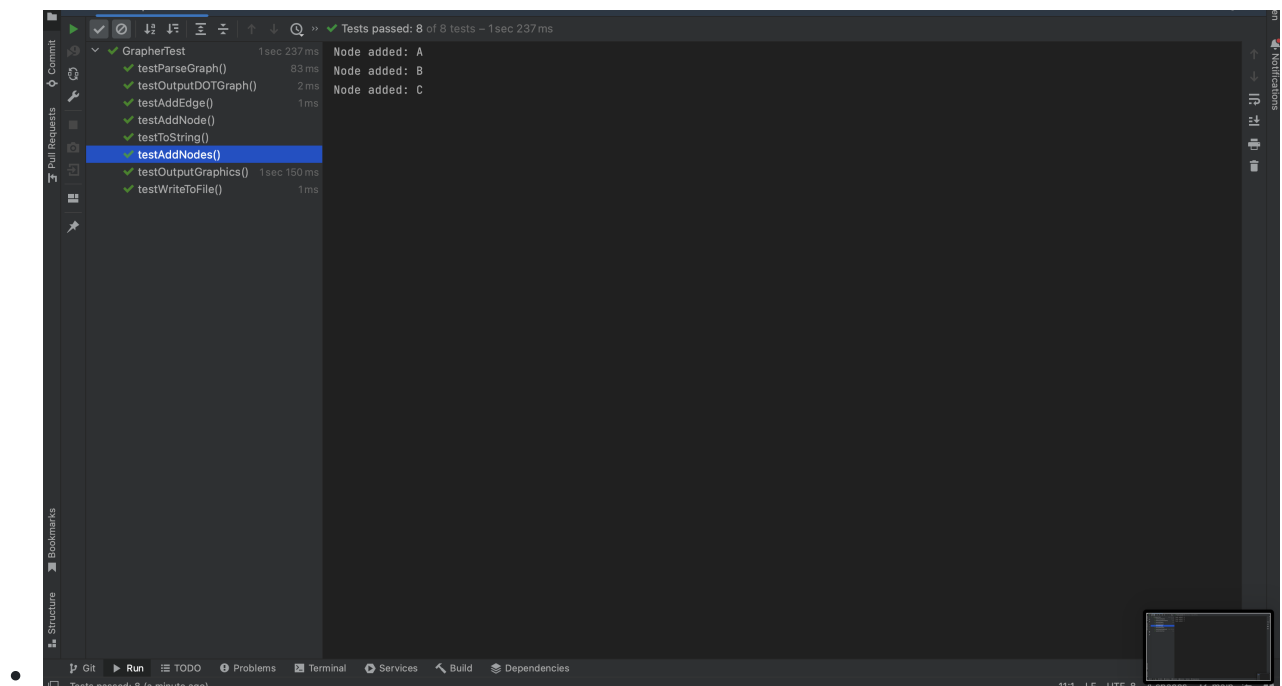
- **Exported Graph (Image):**



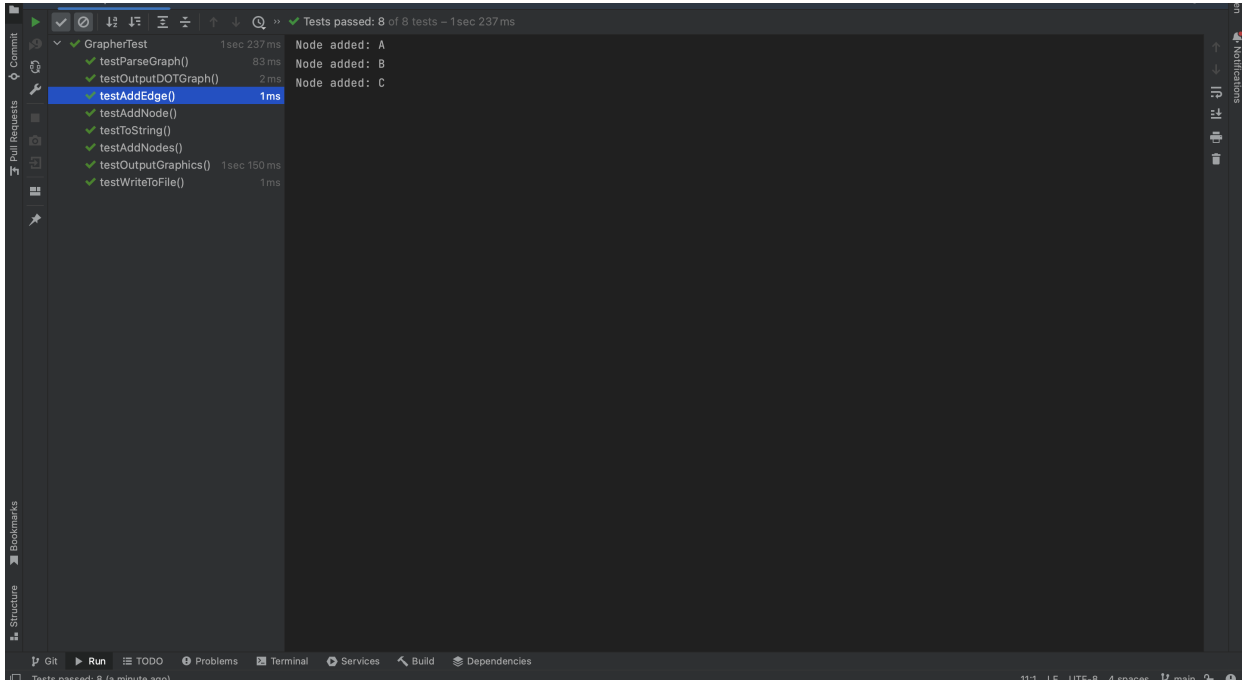
-
- **Output to String:**



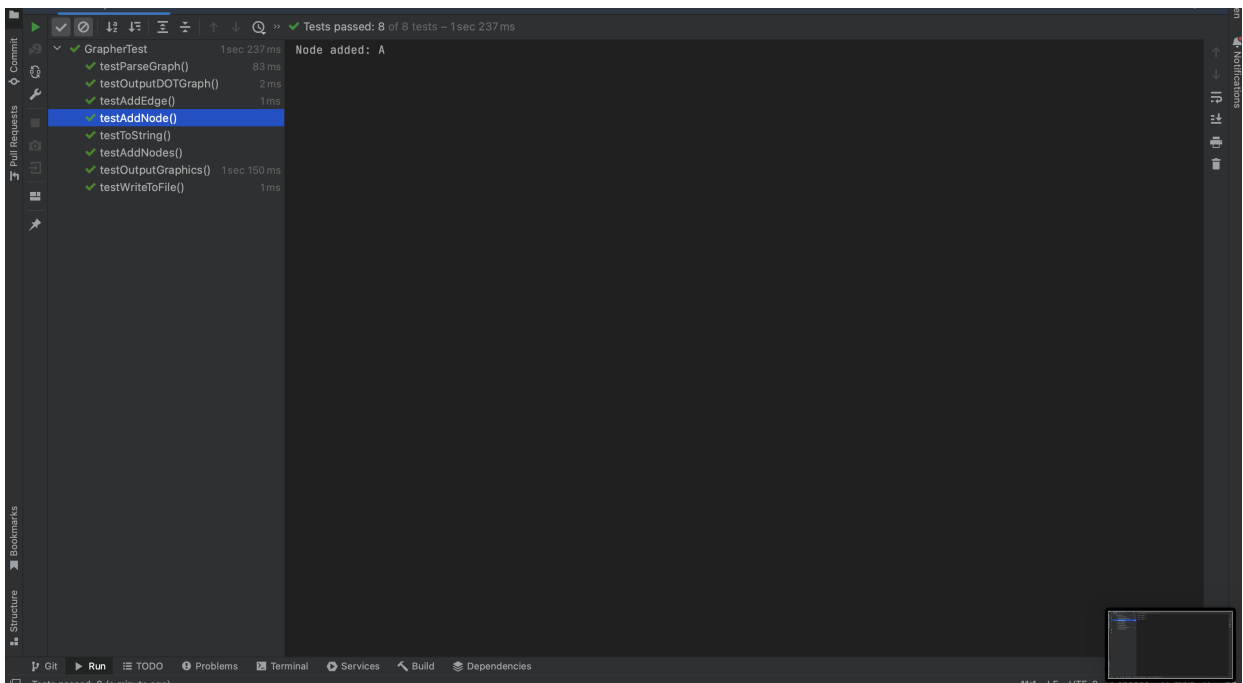
- Adding list of nodes:



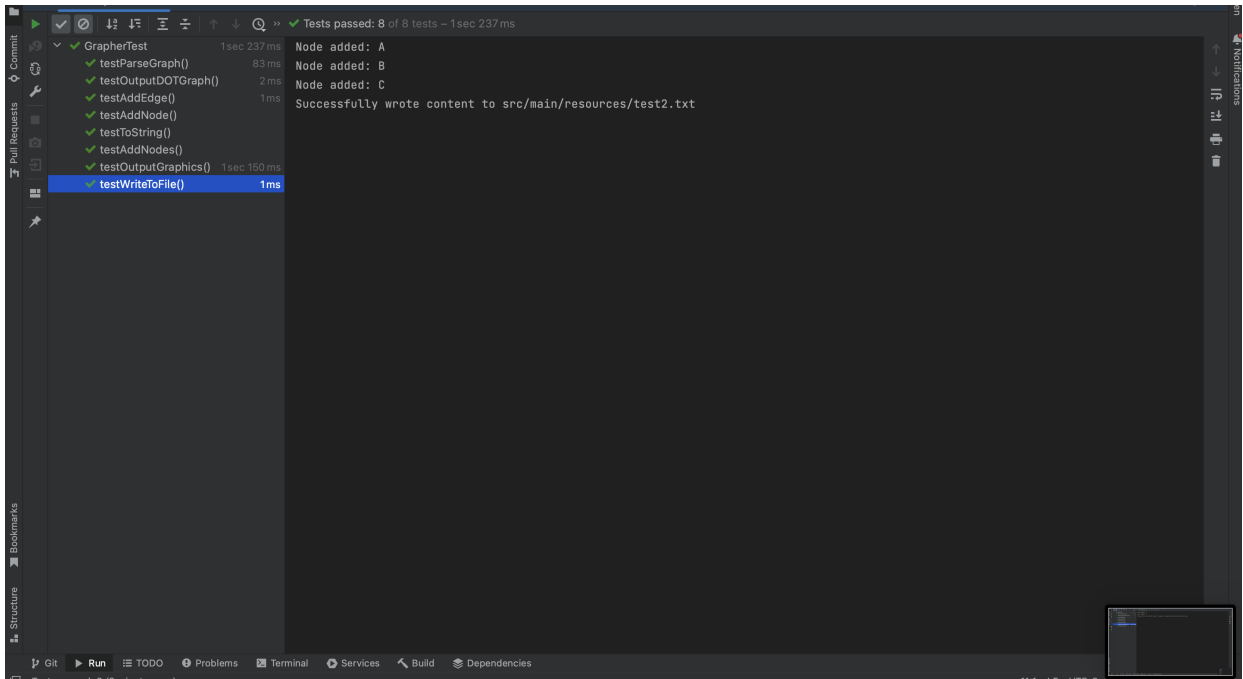
- Added Edges:



- Added Node:



- Write Graph to text file:



- Remove a Node from the Graph:

```
Node added: F
The number of nodes are: 5
The node labels are:
A
B
C
D
F
The number of edges are: 5
The nodes with the direction of edges:
A -> B
B -> C
C -> A
A -> D
D -> F

Node present in graph
The number of nodes are: 4
The node labels are:
A
B
D
F
The number of edges are: 3
The nodes with the direction of edges:
A -> B
A -> D
D -> F
```

- **Remove multiple Nodes from the Graph:**

```
Node added: D
Node added: E
The number of nodes are: 5
The node labels are:
A
B
C
D
E
The number of edges are: 4
The nodes with the direction of edges:
A -> B
B -> C
C -> A
A -> D

The number of nodes are: 5
The node labels are:
A
B
C
D
E
The number of edges are: 4
The nodes with the direction of edges:
A -> B
B -> C
C -> A
A -> D

Node present in graph
Node present in graph
```

```
Node not present in graph
Node not present in graph
The number of nodes are: 3
The node labels are:
C
D
E
The number of edges are: 0
The nodes with the direction of edges:

Node not present in graph
Node not present in graph

Process finished with exit code 0
```

- **Created a BFS branch:**

```
Graph successfully parsed!
Node added: D
Node added: E
BFS path traversed : A -> D -> E
```

- Created a DFS branch:

```
Node added: A
Node added: B
Node added: C
DFS path traversed : A -> B -> C
```

- Searching for a path from source node to destination node (merged conflicts):

```
/Library/Java/JavaVirtualMachines/jdk-21.jdk/Contents/Home/bin/java ...
Graph successfully parsed!
Node added: D
Node added: E
BFS Traversed : A -> D -> E
Node added: A
Node added: B
Node added: C
DFS Traversed: A -> B -> C
Node already exists: D

Process finished with exit code 0
```

- Implementing a random walk path from a source node to destination node

```
Graph successfully parsed!
Current Path: a
Current Path: a -> b
Current Path: a -> b -> c
Current Path: a -> b -> c -> d
Current Path: a -> e
Current Path: a -> e -> f
Current Path: a -> e -> f -> h
a -> e -> f -> h
```

```
Node already exists: D
Graph successfully parsed!
Current Path: a
Current Path: a -> b
Current Path: a -> b -> c
Current Path: a -> e
Current Path: a -> b -> c -> d
Current Path: a -> e -> g
Current Path: a -> e -> g -> h
a -> e -> g -> h
```

Commits

- [Initial commit](#)
- [Built Maven. Also added feature 1](#)
- [Finished feature 1. This commit outputs the graph and writes it to a text file.](#)
- [Finished feature 2. Node and list of nodes can now be added. The result is reflected in the output of the graph.](#)

- [Finished Feature 3. The Edges are added to the graph and it is reflected when the graph is outputed.](#)
- [Finished Feature 4. The graph is visible in the dot file and a png image is also formed to visualize the graph.](#)
- [Added all the tests and the finishing touches](#)
- [Added APIs for removing a node, removing multiple nodes and removing an edge](#)
- [Created maven.yml](#)
- [Uncommented previous test cases](#)
- [Merged the maven into main](#)
- [Added bfs branch](#)
- [Added dfs branch](#)
- [Merged conflicts between dfs and bfs branches](#)
- [Performed 5 refactorings in the code](#)
- [Template pattern added for BFS and DFS](#)
- [Strategy pattern implemented for DFS BFS](#)
- [Random walk implemented](#)
- [Added comments to explain project structure better](#)