

Class I: Haskell Basics

January 17

introductions

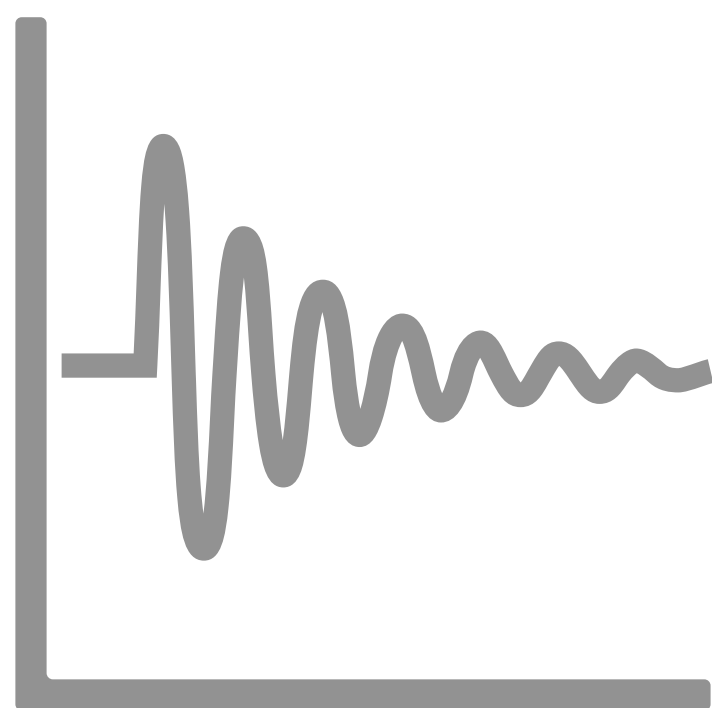
components

- **classwork (10%):**
 - on Tuesdays at 3:30–5 p.m.
 - combination of lecture and in-class exercises
- **homework (90%):**
 - due Mondays at 10 p.m.
 - designed to be relatively short and mostly autograded

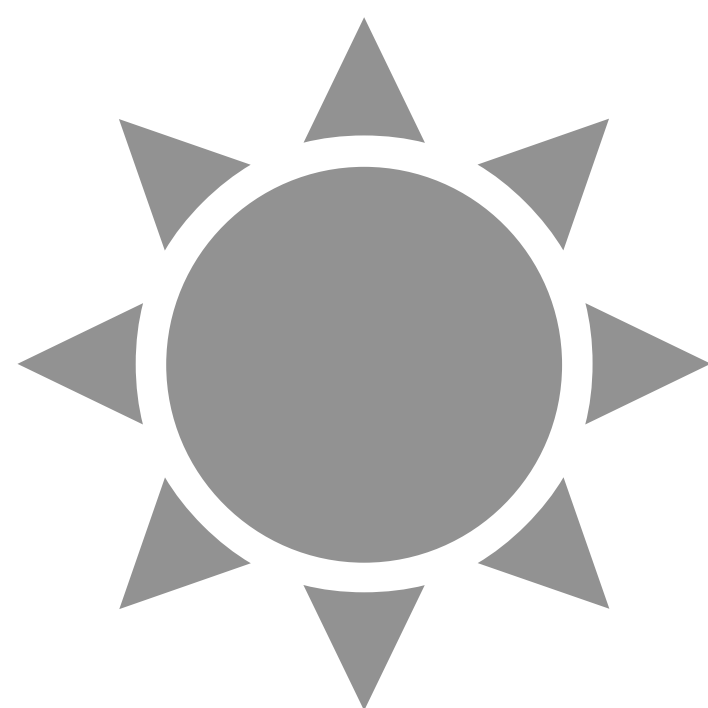
odds and ends

- prerequisite: CIS I200 or equivalent
- *Website*: class policies and schedule
Ed: announcements (did you get the reminder?) and Q&A
Canvas: attendance grades only
Gradescope: homework submissions and grades
- masks are required for all class-related activities
for illness or otherwise, extensions and excused absences are available!
- cisI940-spring23 repo walkthrough

why Haskell?



functional

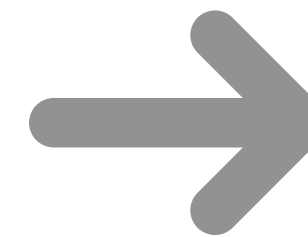


pure



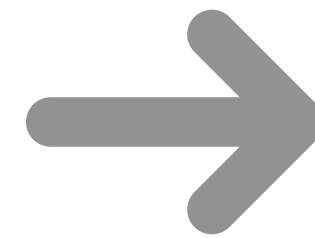
nicely typed

```
int acc = 0;  
for (int i = 0; i < lst.length; i++) {  
    acc = acc + 3 * lst[i];  
}
```



```
sum (map (3 *) lst)
```

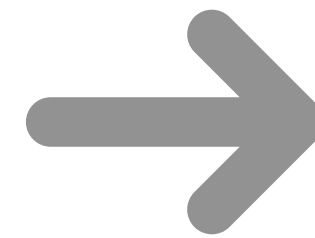
```
var a = getData();
if (a != null) {
  var b = getMoreData(a);
  if (b != null) {
    var c = getMoreData(b);
    if (c != null) {
      var d = getEvenMoreData(c);
      if (d != null) {
        output d;
      }
    }
  }
}
```



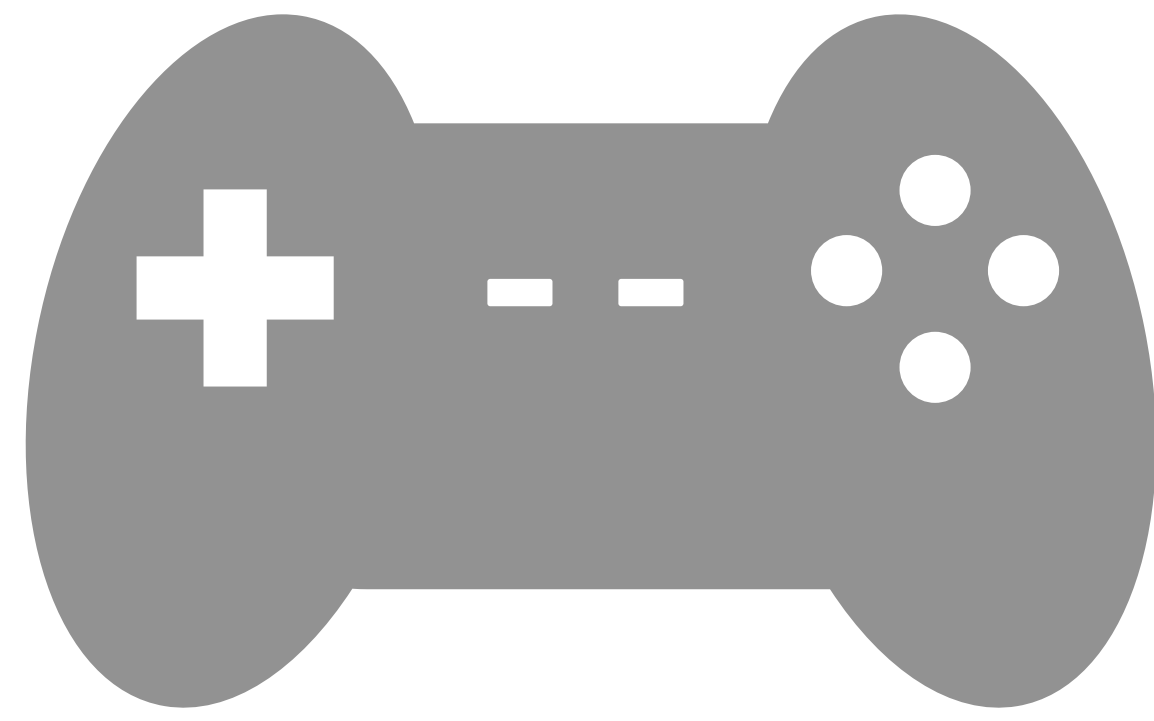
```
do
  a <- getData
  b <- getMoreData a
  c <- getMoreData b
  d <- getEvenMoreData c
  output d
```



```
var a = getData();
for (var a_i in a) {
  var b = getMoreData(a_i);
  for (var b_j in b) {
    var c = getMoreData(b_j);
    for (var c_k in c) {
      var d = getEvenMoreData(c_k);
      for (var d_l in d) {
        output d_l;
      }
    }
  }
}
```



```
do
  a <- getData
  b <- getMoreData a
  c <- getMoreData b
  d <- getEvenMoreData c
  output d
```



most importantly, it's fun!

let's learn some Haskell!

```
x :: Int
```

“x has type Int”

```
x = 3
```

“x is defined to be 3”

Declarations

(GHCi example)

```
i :: Int  
i = 3
```

```
d :: Double  
d = 3.14
```

```
b :: Bool  
b = False
```

```
c :: Char  
c = 'x'
```

```
s :: String  
s = "Hello!"
```

(arithmetic example)

```
add3 :: Int -> Int  
add3 n = n + 3
```



```
factorial :: Int -> Int
factorial 0 = 1
factorial n = n * factorial (n - 1)
```

(sumtorial exercise)

```
nums :: [Int]
nums = [1, 5, 19]
```

[]
[3]
[2, 3]
[1, 2, 3]

[]
3 : []
2 : (3 : [])
1 : (2 : (3 : []))

```
add3List :: [Int] -> [Int]
add3List [] = []
add3List (x : xs) = x + 3 : add3List xs
```

(double exercise)

(swap example)

questions?

looking ahead

- Homework 0 (installation) due Friday but preferably earlier
- Homework 1 (this class) due next Monday
- Ernest's office hours: Thursdays 4–5 p.m.
Jessica's office hours: Mondays 10–11 a.m. and by appointment
- we will be in person next class!

if you are not registered for the class, please stay a minute