

## EXP NO:8 Implement SVM/Decision tree classification techniques

### AIM:

To Implement SVM/Decision tree classification techniques using R.

### PROCEDURE:

- Collect and load the dataset from sources like CSV files or databases.
- Clean and preprocess the data, including handling missing values and encoding categorical variables.
- Split the dataset into training and testing sets to evaluate model performance.
- Normalize or standardize the features, especially for SVM, to ensure consistent scaling.
- Choose the appropriate model: SVM for margin-based classification, Decision Tree for rule-based classification.
- Train the model on the training data using the 'fit' method.
- Make predictions on the testing data using the 'predict' method.
- Evaluate the model using metrics like accuracy, confusion matrix, precision, and recall.
- Visualize the results with plots, such as decision boundaries for SVM or tree structures for Decision Trees.
- Fine-tune the model by adjusting hyperparameters like `C` for SVM or `max\_depth` for Decision Trees.

### CODE:

#### SVM.R:

```
# Install and load the e1071 package (if not already installed)
install.packages("e1071")
library(e1071)
# Load the iris dataset
data(iris)
# Inspect the first few rows of the dataset
head(iris)
# Split the data into training (70%) and testing (30%) sets
set.seed(123) # For reproducibility
sample_indices <- sample(1:nrow(iris), 0.7 * nrow(iris))
train_data <- iris[sample_indices, ]
test_data <- iris[-sample_indices, ]
# Fit the SVM model
svm_model <- svm(Species ~ ., data = train_data, kernel = "radial")
# Print the summary of the model
summary(svm_model)
# Predict the test set
predictions <- predict(svm_model, newdata = test_data)
# Evaluate the model's performance
confusion_matrix <- table(Predicted = predictions, Actual = test_data$Species)
print(confusion_matrix)
# Calculate accuracy
```

```
accuracy <- sum(diag(confusion_matrix)) / sum(confusion_matrix)
cat("Accuracy:", accuracy * 100, "%\n")
```

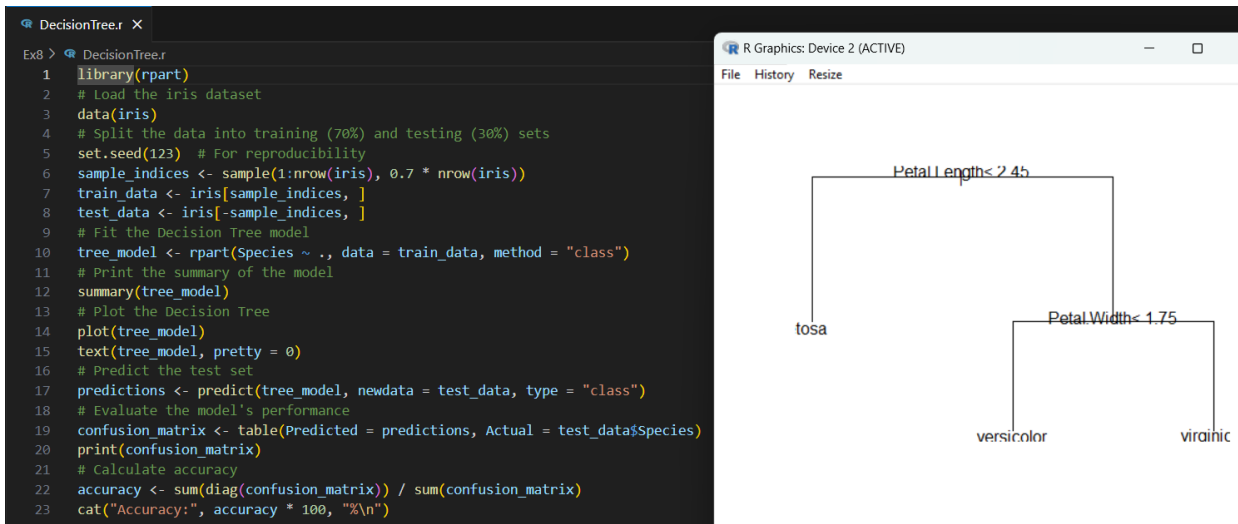
**Decision Tree.R:**

```
# Install and load the rpart package (if not already installed)
install.packages("rpart")
library(rpart)
# Load the iris dataset
data(iris)
# Split the data into training (70%) and testing (30%) sets
set.seed(123) # For reproducibility
sample_indices <- sample(1:nrow(iris), 0.7 * nrow(iris))
train_data <- iris[sample_indices, ]
test_data <- iris[-sample_indices, ]
# Fit the Decision Tree model
tree_model <- rpart(Species ~ ., data = train_data, method = "class")
# Print the summary of the model
summary(tree_model)
# Plot the Decision Tree
plot(tree_model)
text(tree_model, pretty = 0)
# Predict the test set
predictions <- predict(tree_model, newdata = test_data, type = "class")
# Evaluate the model's performance
confusion_matrix <- table(Predicted = predictions, Actual = test_data$Species)
print(confusion_matrix)
# Calculate accuracy
accuracy <- sum(diag(confusion_matrix)) / sum(confusion_matrix)
cat("Accuracy:", accuracy * 100, "%\n")
```

**OUTPUT:****SVM :**

```
Svm.r X
Ex8 > Svm.r
1
2 # Install and load the e1071 package (if not already installed)
3 install.packages("e1071")
4 library(e1071)
5 # Load the iris dataset
6 data(iris)
7 # Inspect the first few rows of the dataset
8 head(iris)
9 # Split the data into training (70%) and testing (30%) sets
10 set.seed(123) # For reproducibility
11 sample_indices <- sample(1:nrow(iris), 0.7 * nrow(iris))
12 train_data <- iris[sample_indices, ]
13 test_data <- iris[-sample_indices, ]
14 # Fit the SVM model
15 svm_model <- svm(Species ~ ., data = train_data, kernel = "radial")
16 # Print the summary of the model
17 summary(svm_model)
18 # Predict the test set
19 predictions <- predict(svm_model, newdata = test_data)
20 # Evaluate the model's performance
21 confusion_matrix <- table(Predicted = predictions, Actual = test_data$Species)
22 print(confusion_matrix)
23 # Calculate accuracy
24 accuracy <- sum(diag(confusion_matrix)) / sum(confusion_matrix)
25 cat("Accuracy:", accuracy * 100, "%\n")
26
```

## Decision tree:



## RESULT:

Thus, Implement SVM and Decision tree classification techniques has been successfully executed.