## Rajalakshmi Engineering College

Name: kavin v

Email: 240701242@rajalakshmi.edu.in

Roll no: 240701242 Phone: 8248033180

Branch: REC

Department: I CSE FC

Batch: 2028

Degree: B.E - CSE



## NeoColab\_REC\_CS23231\_DATA STRUCTURES

REC\_DS using C\_Week 3\_MCQ\_Updated

Attempt: 1 Total Mark: 20 Marks Obtained: 0

Section 1: MCO

1. Consider a linked list implementation of stack data structure with three

push(value): Pushes an element value onto the stack.pop(): Pops the top element from the stack.top(): Returns the item stored at the tax (in stack. stack.

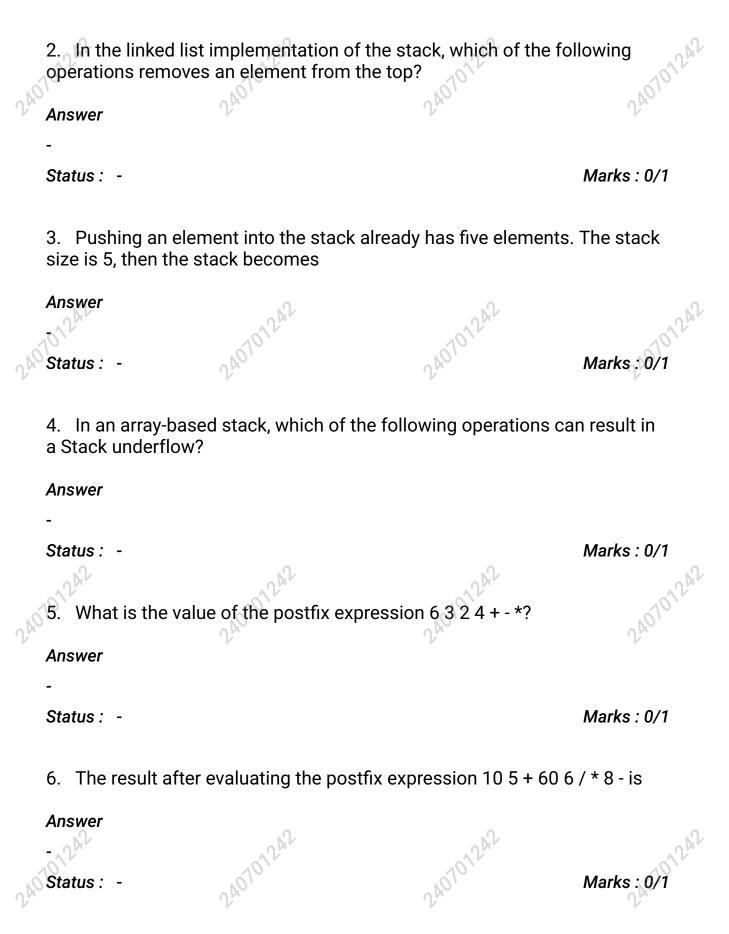
Given the following sequence of operations:

push(10);pop();push(5);top();

What will be the result of the stack after performing these operations?

Answer

Status: Skipped



	of the following			VO.
240	push(1);	240'	240,	2407012A
	pop();			
	push(2); push(3);			
	pop();			
	push(2); pop();			
	pop();			
	push(4); pop();	N.	2	n.º
	pop();	10/200	101212	10124
210	push(5);	240101242	240101242	2401
	Answer	V	*	*
	-			
	Status : -			Marks : 0/1
	9 Consider t	the linked list implement	ation of a atack	
	8. Consider the linked list implementation of a stack. Which of the following nodes is considered as Top of the stack?			
	٠٩.		uered as Top or the Stat	SK!
	Answer	240701242	10124	120
V,C	L	-//-		//\)
	)	240,	2401	24070
V	Status : -	240'	24010	Marks : 0/1
V		ν	e may use a Stack?	Marks : 0/1
v		the following Application	s may use a Stack?	Marks : 0/1
I.		ν	s may use a Stack?	Marks : 0/1
V	9. Which of t  Answer -	ν	s may use a Stack?	
ア	9. Which of t	ν	s may use a Stack?	Marks : 0/1  Marks : 0/1
V	9. Which of t  Answer  -  Status: -	ν	~2 <sup>Q2</sup>	Marks : 0/1

the new element get added?

Answer

Status: 
Marks: 0/1

11. In a stack data structure, what is the fundamental rule that is followed for performing operations?

Answer

Status: - Marks: 0/1

12. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
    #define MAX_SIZE 5
    void push(int* stack, int* top, int item) {
      if (*top == MAX_SIZE - 1) {
         printf("Stack Overflow\n");
         return;
stack[++(*top)] = item;
    int pop(int* stack, int* top) {
      if (*top == -1) {
        printf("Stack Underflow\n");
        return -1;
      }
      return stack[(*top)--];
    int main() {
      int stack[MAX_SIZE];
    \sqrt{int top} = -1;
      push(stack, &top, 10);
```

```
push(stack, &top, 20);
printf("%d\n" pa=/
      printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
      printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
      printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
      printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
      return 0;
   }
   Answer
                                                                      Marks: 0/1
    Status: -
13. Which of the following operations allows you to examine the top
    element of a stack without removing it?
   Answer
    Status: -
                                                                      Marks: 0/1
   14. What is the primary advantage of using an array-based stack with a
   fixed size?
   Answer
                                                                      Marks: 0/1
    Status: -
   15. The user performs the following operations on the stack of size 5 then
   at the end of the last operation, the total number of elements present in the
    stack is
   push(1);
   pop();
   push(2);
push(3);
```

```
pop();
    push(4);
pop();
    pop();
    push(5);
    Answer
                                                                         Marks: 0/1
    Status: -
    16. What will be the output of the following code?
    #include <stdio.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 5
    int stack[MAX_SIZE];
    int top = -1;
    void display() {
       if (top == -1) {
         printf("Stack is empty\n");
      } else {
         printf("Stack elements: ");
         for (int i = top; i >= 0; i--) {
           printf("%d ", stack[i]);
         printf("\n");
    void push(int value) {
       if (top == MAX_SIZE - 1) {
         printf("Stack Overflow\n");
      } else {
         stack[++top] = value;
      }
    int main() {
                                                                              240701242
push(10);
push(20);
```

```
push(30);
   display();
     push(40);
     push(50);
     push(60);
     display();
     return 0;
   }
   Answer
                                                                    Marks: 0/1
   Status: -
17. Here is an Infix Expression: 4+3*(6*3-12). Convert the expression from
   Infix to Postfix notation. The maximum number of symbols that will appear
   on the stack AT ONE TIME during the conversion of this expression?
   Answer
                                                                    Marks: 0/1
   Status: -
   18. Elements are Added on _____ of the Stack.
   Answer
                                                                    Marks: 0/1
   Status: -
   19. What will be the output of the following code?
   #include <stdio.h>
   #define MAX_SIZE 5
   int stack[MAX_SIZE];
   int top = -1;
   int isEmpty() {
     return (top == -1);
```

```
} ak
    int isFull() {
      return (top == MAX_SIZE - 1);
    void push(int item) {
       if (isFull())
         printf("Stack Overflow\n");
       else
         stack[++top] = item;
    int main() {
       printf("%d\n", isEmpty());
րսsh(20);
push(20);
push(20)
      push(10);
       printf("%d\n", isFull());
      return 0;
    }
    Answer
    Status: -
                                                                           Marks: 0/1
    20. What is the advantage of using a linked list over an array for
    implementing a stack?
    Answer
    Status: -
                                                                           Marks: 0/1
```

240701242

240101242

240701242

240101242