

# DATA SCIENCE INTERNSHIP AT DATA GLACIER

WEEK 4 – MODEL DEPLOYMENT USING FLASK By Kavinilavan muthukumar



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# **Model deployment using Flask**

#### Introduction

in this project, I am going to creat a API for machine learning deployment using Python Flask Frameworks. As a demonstration, I am taking the Diabeties dataset which classifying wheather the chances of gettting diabeties or Not. This dataset is already cleaned and ready for model building.

#### **Dataset Information**

I have taken the diabeties datset which have 8 features and 768 records. The target value is 1 and 0, 1 is person getting high chance of diabeties and 0 is low chance of diabetes. Since, our dataset is already cleaned, there is no null value. The below image showing the datset.

	Pregnancies	Glucose	BloodPressure	SkinThickness	Insulin	BMI	DiabetesPedigreeFunction	Age	Outcome
0	6	148	72	35	0	33.6	0.627	50	1
1	1	85	66	29	0	26.6	0.351	31	0
2	8	183	64	0	0	23.3	0.672	32	1
3	1	89	66	23	94	28.1	0.167	21	0
4	0	137	40	35	168	43.1	2.288	33	1

The information of the columns is showing below. It shows the data types of columns, null value counts and shape of the columns.

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 768 entries, 0 to 767
Data columns (total 9 columns):
# Column
                           Non-Null Count Dtype
--- -----
                           -----
0 Pregnancies
                          768 non-null
                                        int64
1 Glucose
                          768 non-null int64
 2 BloodPressure
                          768 non-null int64
                          768 non-null int64
 3 SkinThickness
                          768 non-null int64
 4 Insulin
                          768 non-null float64
 6 DiabetesPedigreeFunction 768 non-null float64
                          768 non-null int64
768 non-null int64
   Age
8 Outcome
dtypes: float64(2), int64(7)
memory usage: 54.1 KB
```

# **3 Machine Learning Model Implementation**

## 3.1 Data Splitting

I seperates the data for training and testing purpose. Here, 10% of data for testing and 90% for training. Data splitting is used for compute the metrics of the model and identify the model overfitting.

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test = train_test_split(X , Y , test_size = 0.10)
```

# **3.2 Logistics Regression**

For demonstration, I am using logistics regression for model building, it is more efficient for binary classification and perform well with small amount of data. It estimates the probability of event occuring

and not occuring. The target value is bounded between 0 to 1 with threashold of 0.5. if any value lies below 0.5, it considered as negative (low chance of getting diabetes) and above 0.5 considered as positive (high chance of getting diabetes).

```
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
model = LogisticRegression()
model.fit(x_train, y_train)
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.94	0.85	0.89	59
1	0.62	0.83	0.71	18
accuracy			0.84	77
macro avg	0.78	0.84	0.80	77
weighted avg	0.87	0.84	0.85	77

### 3.3 Save the model

After, the model is saved in pickle file for model deployment. For that, I am importing pickle library.

```
import pickle
pickle.dump(model, open('models.pkl','wb'))
model.predict(([[0,113,30,38,93,44.3,0.193,40]]))
```

## 4 Web Application

For deploy the model in web application, python flask framework are used. It can allow us to predict the patient has getting chance of

diabetes or not with simply typing the data in the field. For that, I am using visual studio code editor. Befor that I had to create a virual environment, then, I made the directory called flask. For model development, we need following files.

```
app.py
index.html
model.pkl
```

## **4.1** App.py

```
import numpy as np
from flask import Flask, request, jsonify, render_template
import pickle
app = Flask(__name__)
model = pickle.load(open('venv/models.pkl', 'rb'))
@app.route('/')
def home():
   return render_template('index.html')
@app.route('/predict',methods=['POST','GET'])
def predict():
    int_features = [float(x) for x in request.form.values()]
   final_features = [np.array(int_features)]
    prediction = model.predict(final features)
    if prediction==0:
        return render template('index.html',
                               prediction text='Patient has Low chance of getting Diabetes'.format(prediction),
    else:
        return render_template('index.html',
                               prediction_text= 'Patient has High chance of getting Diabetes'.format(prediction)
if __name__ == "__main__":
    app.run(debug=True)
```

App.py is the main file which contains the code for python flask. Here, are we going to create API. Let's look at the following terminology for python flask.

Flask application instances by passing \_\_name\_\_ as the first argument to the Flask class. To allowing the Flask to get HTML file which is belonging to same directory.

@ app.rout (/) the routing technique is used for users to remember application URLs. It is useful to access the desired page directly without having to navigate from the home page.

Renter template is used to navigates the HTML file in the templates folder. It helps us to collect information from outside file instead of hard coding the html file in app.py.

Debug = True is used for debugging the code and it shows if we have any error.

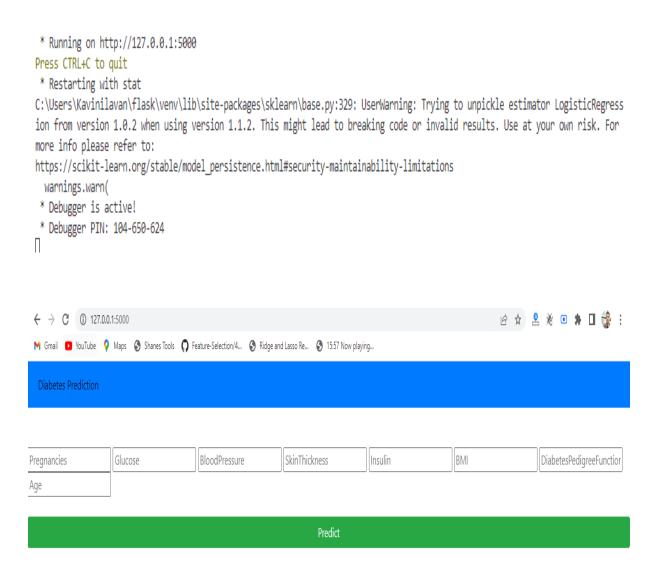
#### 4.2 index.html

It is the html file which contains all the text and fields which we going to type the data for prediction.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html >
<head>
 <meta charset="UTF-8">
 <title>Diabetes Prediction</title>
k rel="stylesheet" href="https://maxcdn.bootstrapcdn.com/bootstrap/4.5.2/css/bootstrap.min.css">
<script src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jquery/3.5.1/jquery.min.js"></script>
<script src="https://cdnjs.cloudflare.com/ajax/libs/popper.js/1.16.0/umd/popper.min.js"></script>
<script src="https://maxcdn.bootstrapcdn.com/bootstrap/4.5.2/js/bootstrap.min.js"></script>
</head>
<nav class="navbar navbar-expand-sm bg-primary navbar-light">
 <a class="nav-link" href="index.html">Diabetes Prediction</a>
   </nav>
 (hr)
 <br>
```

# **5 Running Code in Local Host**

After, all the above procedure is completed, we can run the code in Local Host. The outcome of the code is shown in the web browser.



Finally, we can type our input data to predict the outcome, let assume we have the new data 0, 113, 30, 38, 93, 44.3, 0.193, 40.

Diabetes Prediction	on							
Pregnancies Age	Glucose	BloodPressure	SkinThickness	Insulin	ВМІ	DiabetesPedigreeFunction		
Predict Predict								
Patient has Low chance of getting Diahetes								

This model shows the prediction of patient has low chance of getting diabetes.