Assignment 1

August 15, 2021

```
[36]: # 1(a): Summing first N natural numbers
      %run MyLib.ipynb # Running my library
      n=input("Enter a natural number : ") # taking input
      n=check_natural_number(n) # Checking for validity
      if n!='F':
          sum_natural_numbers(n)
     Enter a natural number : 2
     The sum of first 2 natural numbers is 3
[38]: %run MyLib.ipynb # Running my library
      n=input("Enter a natural number : ") # taking input
      n=check_natural_number(n) # Checking for validity
      if n!='F':
          sum_natural_numbers(n)
     Enter a natural number : -1
     Invalid input. Please enter a natural number.
[39]: %run MyLib.ipynb # Running my library
      n=input("Enter a natural number : ") # taking input
      n=check_natural_number(n) # Checking for validity
      if n!='F':
          sum_natural_numbers(n)
     Enter a natural number : 5
```

The sum of first 5 natural numbers is 15

```
[40]: %run MyLib.ipynb # Running my library
      n=input("Enter a natural number : ") # taking input
      n=check_natural_number(n) # Checking for validity
      if n!='F':
          sum_natural_numbers(n)
     Enter a natural number: 9
     The sum of first 9 natural numbers is 45
[41]: %run MyLib.ipynb # Running my library
      n=input("Enter a natural number : ") # taking input
      n=check_natural_number(n) # Checking for validity
      if n!='F':
          sum_natural_numbers(n)
     Enter a natural number : 0
     Invalid input. Please enter a natural number.
[37]: # 1(b): Summing first N odd natural numbers
      %run MyLib.ipynb # Running my library
      n=input("Enter a natural number : ") # taking input
      n=check_natural_number(n) # Checking for validity
      if n!='F':
          sum_odd_numbers(n)
     Enter a natural number : 2
     The sum of first 2 odd numbers is 4
[42]: %run MyLib.ipynb # Running my library
      n=input("Enter a natural number : ") # taking input
      n=check_natural_number(n) # Checking for validity
      if n!='F':
```

sum_odd_numbers(n)

```
Enter a natural number : 4
The sum of first 4 odd numbers is 16
```

```
[43]: %run MyLib.ipynb # Running my library
n=input("Enter a natural number : ") # taking input

n=check_natural_number(n) # Checking for validity

if n!='F':
    sum_odd_numbers(n)
```

Enter a natural number : -3
Invalid input. Please enter a natural number.

```
[44]: %run MyLib.ipynb # Running my library
n=input("Enter a natural number : ") # taking input

n=check_natural_number(n) # Checking for validity

if n!='F':
    sum_odd_numbers(n)
```

Enter a natural number : 12
The sum of first 12 odd numbers is 144

```
[45]: %run MyLib.ipynb # Running my library
n=input("Enter a natural number : ") # taking input

n=check_natural_number(n) # Checking for validity

if n!='F':
    sum_odd_numbers(n)
```

Enter a natural number : 0 Invalid input. Please enter a natural number.

```
[4]: num = int(input())
factorial = 1

if num < 0: #if num is negative
    print("Does not exist")</pre>
```

```
elif num == 0: #if num is zero
    print("The factorial of 0 is 1")

else: #if num is positive
    for i in range(1,num + 1): #iterate the given num using for loop
        factorial = factorial*i # multiply with the previous result
    print("THE FACTORIAL OF",num,"IS",factorial) #print
```

THE FACTORIAL OF 3 IS 6

```
[5]: num = int(input())

factorial = 1

if num < 0:  #if num is negative
    print("Does not exist")

elif num == 0:  #if num is zero
    print("The factorial of 0 is 1")

else:  #if num is positive
    for i in range(1,num + 1):  #iterate the given num using for loop
        factorial = factorial*i  # multiply with the previous result
    print("THE FACTORIAL OF",num,"IS",factorial) #print</pre>
```

-4
Does not exist

```
[6]: num = int(input())

factorial = 1

if num < 0:  #if num is negative
    print("Does not exist")

elif num == 0:  #if num is zero
    print("The factorial of 0 is 1")

else:  #if num is positive
    for i in range(1,num + 1):  #iterate the given num using for loop
        factorial = factorial*i  # multiply with the previous result
    print("THE FACTORIAL OF",num,"IS",factorial) #print</pre>
```

8
THE FACTORIAL OF 8 IS 40320

```
[7]: num = int(input())

factorial = 1

if num < 0:  #if num is negative
    print("Does not exist")

elif num == 0:  #if num is zero
    print("The factorial of 0 is 1")

else:  #if num is positive
    for i in range(1,num + 1):  #iterate the given num using for loop
        factorial = factorial*i  # multiply with the previous result
    print("THE FACTORIAL OF",num,"IS",factorial) #print</pre>
```

-4
Does not exist

```
[8]: num = int(input())

factorial = 1

if num < 0:  #if num is negative
    print("Does not exist")

elif num == 0:  #if num is zero
    print("The factorial of 0 is 1")

else:  #if num is positive
    for i in range(1,num + 1):  #iterate the given num using for loop
        factorial = factorial*i  # multiply with the previous result
    print("THE FACTORIAL OF",num,"IS",factorial)  #print</pre>
```

The factorial of 0 is 1

```
[13]: # sum of N terms of an A.P starting with 'a'

def sumOfAP(a, d,n):

sum = 0  # setting initial sum to zero

i = 0 # introducing the variable

if n > 0:

while i < n:

sum = sum + a  # adding sum by the common difference

a = a + d  # increasing the common difference each time by a sum

of 'd' in the loop

i = i + 1  # increasing the variable

return sum
```

Please Enter the Total Numbers in this A.P Series: : 2
Please Enter First Number of an A.P Series: : 6
The sum of Arithmetic Progression starting with 6.0 having 2 numbers is : 13.5

```
[14]: # sum of N terms of an A.P starting with 'a'
      def sumOfAP( a, d,n) :
          sum = 0  # setting initial sum to zero
          i = 0 # introducing the variable
          if n > 0:
              while i < n:
                  sum = sum + a # adding sum by the common difference
                  a = a + d # increasing the common difference each time by a sum_
       \rightarrow of 'd' in the loop
                  i = i + 1  # increasing the variable
              return sum
          elif n \le 0:
              print("Enter a positive integer for 'n' ")
      # taking inputs
      n = int(input("Please Enter the Total Numbers in this A.P Series: : "))
      a = float(input("Please Enter First Number of an A.P Series: : "))
      print("The sum of Arithmetic Progression starting with " + str(a) + " having " u
       \rightarrow+ str(n) + " numbers is : ", end = " ")
      print (sumOfAP(a, d, n))
                                    # printing the output
```

Please Enter the Total Numbers in this A.P Series: : -2 Please Enter First Number of an A.P Series: : 4 The sum of Arithmetic Progression starting with 4.0 having -2 numbers is : Enter a positive integer for 'n' None

```
[15]: # sum of N terms of an A.P starting with 'a' def sumOfAP(a, d,n):
```

```
sum = 0  # setting initial sum to zero
    i = 0 # introducing the variable
    if n > 0:
        while i < n:
            sum = sum + a # adding sum by the common difference
            a = a + d # increasing the common difference each time by a sum_
 \rightarrow of 'd' in the loop
            i = i + 1
                      # increasing the variable
        return sum
    elif n \le 0:
        print("Enter a positive integer for 'n' ")
# taking inputs
n = int(input("Please Enter the Total Numbers in this A.P Series: : "))
a = float(input("Please Enter First Number of an A.P Series: : "))
d = 1.5
print("The sum of Arithmetic Progression starting with " + str(a) + " having " u
\rightarrow+ str(n) + " numbers is : ", end = " ")
print (sumOfAP(a, d, n))
                         # printing the output
```

Please Enter the Total Numbers in this A.P Series: : 5
Please Enter First Number of an A.P Series: : 3
The sum of Arithmetic Progression starting with 3.0 having 5 numbers is : 30.0

```
[16]: # sum of N terms of an A.P starting with 'a'
      def sumOfAP( a, d,n) :
          sum = 0  # setting initial sum to zero
          i = 0 # introducing the variable
          if n > 0:
              while i < n :
                  sum = sum + a # adding sum by the common difference
                  a = a + d # increasing the common difference each time by a sum_
       \rightarrow of 'd' in the loop
                  i = i + 1  # increasing the variable
              return sum
          elif n \le 0:
              print("Enter a positive integer for 'n' ")
      # taking inputs
      n = int(input("Please Enter the Total Numbers in this A.P Series: : "))
      a = float(input("Please Enter First Number of an A.P Series: : "))
      print("The sum of Arithmetic Progression starting with " + str(a) + " having " |
      \rightarrow+ str(n) + " numbers is : ", end = " ")
      print (sumOfAP(a, d, n))
                                  # printing the output
```

Please Enter the Total Numbers in this A.P Series: : 4
Please Enter First Number of an A.P Series: : 0.4
The sum of Arithmetic Progression starting with 0.4 having 4 numbers is : 10.6

```
[19]: | # sum of N terms of an A.P starting with 'a'
      def sumOfAP( a, d,n) :
          sum = 0  # setting initial sum to zero
          i = 0 # introducing the variable
          if n > 0:
              while i < n:
                  sum = sum + a # adding sum by the common difference
                  a = a + d # increasing the common difference each time by a sum_
       \rightarrow of 'd' in the loop
                  i = i + 1  # increasing the variable
              return sum
          elif n \le 0:
              print("Enter a positive integer for 'n' ")
      # taking inputs
      n = int(input("Please Enter the Total Numbers in this A.P Series: : "))
      a = float(input("Please Enter First Number of an A.P Series: : "))
      print("The sum of Arithmetic Progression starting with " + str(a) + " having " _{\sqcup}
       \hookrightarrow+ str(n) + " numbers is : ", end = " ")
      print (sumOfAP(a, d, n))
                                   # printing the output
```

Please Enter the Total Numbers in this A.P Series: : 3
Please Enter First Number of an A.P Series: : 8
The sum of Arithmetic Progression starting with 8.0 having 3 numbers is : 28.5

```
[2]: # sum of N terms of an G.P starting with 'a'

def sumOfGP(a, r,n):

if n > 0:

sum = 0  # setting initial sum to zero

i = 0  # introducing the variable

while i < n:

sum = sum + a  # adding sum by the common ratio

a = r*a  # increasing the common ratio each time by a muliple of

→'r' in the loop

i = i + 1  # increasing the variable

return sum

elif n <= 0:

print("Enter a positive integer for 'n' ")
```

Please Enter the Total Numbers in this G.P Series: : 2
Please Enter First Number of an G.P Series: : 6
The sum of Geometric Progression starting with 6.0 having 2 numbers is : 9.0

```
[18]: # sum of N terms of an G.P starting with 'a'
      def sumOfGP( a, r,n) :
          if n > 0:
              sum = 0  # setting initial sum to zero
                        # introducing the variable
              while i < n:
                  sum = sum + a # adding sum by the common ratio
                  a = r*a # increasing the common ratio each time by a muliple of
       \rightarrow 'r' in the loop
                  i = i + 1  # increasing the variable
              return sum
          elif n \le 0:
              print("Enter a positive integer for 'n' ")
      # taking inputs
      n = int(input("Please Enter the Total Numbers in this G.P Series: : "))
      a = float(input("Please Enter First Number of an G.P Series: : "))
      r = 0.5
      print("The sum of Geometric Progression starting with " + str(a) + " having " +_{\sqcup}
       \rightarrowstr(n) + " numbers is : ", end = " ")
      print (sumOfGP(a, r, n))
                                  # printing the output
```

Please Enter the Total Numbers in this G.P Series: : 4
Please Enter First Number of an G.P Series: : 6
The sum of Geometric Progression starting with 6.0 having 4 numbers is : 11.25

```
[]: # sum of N terms of an G.P starting with 'a'
def sumOfGP( a, r,n) :
    if n > 0:
        sum = 0  # setting initial sum to zero
        i = 0  # introducing the variable
```

```
while i < n :
    sum = sum + a # adding sum by the common ratio
    a = r*a # increasing the common ratio each time by a muliple of
    i = i + 1 # increasing the variable
    return sum

elif n <= 0:
    print("Enter a positive integer for 'n' ")

# taking inputs
n = int(input("Please Enter the Total Numbers in this G.P Series: : "))
a = float(input("Please Enter First Number of an G.P Series: : "))
r = 0.5
print("The sum of Geometric Progression starting with " + str(a) + " having " +
    →str(n) + " numbers is : ", end = " ")
print (sumOfGP(a, r, n)) # printing the output
```

```
[20]: # sum of N terms of an G.P starting with 'a'
      def sumOfGP( a, r,n) :
          if n > 0:
              sum = 0  # setting initial sum to zero
              i = 0  # introducing the variable
              while i < n:
                  sum = sum + a # adding sum by the common ratio
                  a = r*a # increasing the common ratio each time by a muliple of
       \rightarrow 'r' in the loop
                  i = i + 1  # increasing the variable
              return sum
          elif n \le 0:
              print("Enter a positive integer for 'n' ")
      # taking inputs
      n = int(input("Please Enter the Total Numbers in this G.P Series: : "))
      a = float(input("Please Enter First Number of an G.P Series: : "))
      print("The sum of Geometric Progression starting with " + str(a) + " having " +
       \rightarrowstr(n) + " numbers is : ", end = " ")
      print (sumOfGP(a, r, n))
                                    # printing the output
```

Please Enter the Total Numbers in this G.P Series: : 4
Please Enter First Number of an G.P Series: : -1

The sum of Geometric Progression starting with -1.0 having 4 numbers is : -1.875

```
[21]: # sum of N terms of an G.P starting with 'a'
      def sumOfGP( a, r,n) :
          if n > 0:
              sum = 0  # setting initial sum to zero
                        # introducing the variable
              i = 0
              while i < n:
                  sum = sum + a # adding sum by the common ratio
                  a = r*a # increasing the common ratio each time by a muliple of
       \rightarrow 'r' in the loop
                  i = i + 1  # increasing the variable
              return sum
          elif n \le 0:
              print("Enter a positive integer for 'n' ")
      # taking inputs
      n = int(input("Please Enter the Total Numbers in this G.P Series: : "))
      a = float(input("Please Enter First Number of an G.P Series: : "))
      r = 0.5
      print("The sum of Geometric Progression starting with " + str(a) + " having " +__

→str(n) + " numbers is : ", end = " ")
     print (sumOfGP(a, r, n))
                                    # printing the output
```

Please Enter the Total Numbers in this G.P Series: : -2 Please Enter First Number of an G.P Series: : 0.4 The sum of Geometric Progression starting with 0.4 having -2 numbers is : Enter a positive integer for 'n' None

```
[5]: # sum of N terms of an H.P starting with 'a'

def sumOfHP( a, d,n) :
    if n > 0:
        sum = 0  # setting initial sum to zero
        i = 0  # introducing the variable
        while i < n :
            x = 1/a  #inverting
            sum = sum + x  # adding sum by the common difference
            a = a + d  # increasing the common difference each time by a sum of

        i = i + 1  # increasing the variable
        return sum
```

Please Enter the Total Numbers in this H.P Series: : 3
Please Enter First Number of an H.P Series: : 1
The sum of Geometric Progression starting with 1 having 3 numbers is : 1.65

```
[22]: # sum of N terms of an H.P starting with 'a'
      def sumOfHP( a, d,n) :
          if n > 0:
              sum = 0 # setting initial sum to zero
              i = 0  # introducing the variable
              while i < n:
                  x = 1/a
                           #inverting
                  sum = sum + x # adding sum by the common difference
                  a = a + d # increasing the common difference each time by a sum of U
       \rightarrow 'd' in the denominator
                  i = i + 1 # increasing the variable
              return sum
          elif n \le 0:
              print("Enter a positive integer for 'n' ")
      # taking inputs
      n = int(input("Please Enter the Total Numbers in this H.P Series: : "))
      a = int(input("Please Enter First Number of an H.P Series: : "))
      d = 1.5
      print("The sum of Geometric Progression starting with " + str(a) + " having " + \sqcup
       \rightarrowstr(n) + " numbers is : ", end = " ")
      print (sumOfHP(a, d, n))
                                     # printing the output
```

Please Enter the Total Numbers in this H.P Series: : 3
Please Enter First Number of an H.P Series: : 5
The sum of Geometric Progression starting with 5 having 3 numbers is : 0.47884615384615387

```
[25]: # sum of N terms of an H.P starting with 'a'
      def sumOfHP( a, d,n) :
          if n > 0:
              sum = 0  # setting initial sum to zero
              i = 0  # introducing the variable
              while i < n :
                  x = 1/a #inverting
                  sum = sum + x # adding sum by the common difference
                  a = a + d # increasing the common difference each time by a sum of
       \rightarrow 'd' in the denominator
                  i = i + 1 # increasing the variable
              return sum
          elif n \le 0:
              print("Enter a positive integer for 'n' ")
      # taking inputs
      n = int(input("Please Enter the Total Numbers in this H.P Series: : "))
      a = int(input("Please Enter First Number of an H.P Series: : "))
      d = 1.5
      print("The sum of Geometric Progression starting with " + str(a) + " having " +
      \rightarrowstr(n) + " numbers is : ", end = " ")
      print (sumOfHP(a, d, n))
                                    # printing the output
```

Please Enter the Total Numbers in this H.P Series: : 3
Please Enter First Number of an H.P Series: : 5
The sum of Geometric Progression starting with 5 having 3 numbers is : 0.47884615384615387

```
[26]: # sum of N terms of an H.P starting with 'a'
def sumOfHP( a, d,n) :
    if n > 0:
        sum = 0 # setting initial sum to zero
        i = 0 # introducing the variable
        while i < n :
            x = 1/a #inverting
            sum = sum + x # adding sum by the common difference
            a = a + d # increasing the common difference each time by a sum of
        i'd' in the denominator
        i = i + 1 # increasing the variable
        return sum

elif n <= 0:</pre>
```

Please Enter the Total Numbers in this H.P Series: : -1
Please Enter First Number of an H.P Series: : 4
The sum of Geometric Progression starting with 4 having -1 numbers is : Enter a positive integer for 'n'
None

```
[27]: # sum of N terms of an H.P starting with 'a'
      def sumOfHP( a, d,n) :
          if n > 0:
              sum = 0 # setting initial sum to zero
              i = 0  # introducing the variable
              while i < n:
                  x = 1/a
                           #inverting
                  sum = sum + x # adding sum by the common difference
                  a = a + d # increasing the common difference each time by a sum of U
       \rightarrow 'd' in the denominator
                  i = i + 1 # increasing the variable
              return sum
          elif n \le 0:
              print("Enter a positive integer for 'n' ")
      # taking inputs
      n = int(input("Please Enter the Total Numbers in this H.P Series: : "))
      a = int(input("Please Enter First Number of an H.P Series: : "))
      d = 1.5
      print("The sum of Geometric Progression starting with " + str(a) + " having " + \sqcup
       \rightarrowstr(n) + " numbers is : ", end = " ")
      print (sumOfHP(a, d, n))
                                     # printing the output
```

Please Enter the Total Numbers in this H.P Series: : 4
Please Enter First Number of an H.P Series: : -1
The sum of Geometric Progression starting with -1 having 4 numbers is : 1.7857142857142856

```
[75]: # 4(a): Inverse of exponential function
      %run MyLib.ipynb # Running my library
      x=input("Enter argument: ") # taking input
      x=check_number(x) # Checking for validity
      if int(x)!=False:
          eps=10**-6
          i=1
          # the loop will run till the value doesn't match with the actual value
          \# of exp(-x) and stops as it matches till the desired decimal places
          while abs(Exp(x,i)-math.exp(-x))>eps:
              i+=1
          print("\nexp(-" + str(x) + ") = " + str(Exp(x,i)))
     Enter argument: 1
     \exp(-1.0) = 0.3678791887125221
[76]: %run MyLib.ipynb # Running my library
      x=input("Enter argument: ") # taking input
      x=check_number(x) # Checking for validity
      if int(x)!=False:
          eps=10**-6
          i=1
          # the loop will run till the value doesn't match with the actual value
          # of exp(-x) and stops as it matches till the desired decimal places
          while abs(Exp(x,i)-math.exp(-x))>eps:
          print("\nexp(-" + str(x) + ") = " + str(Exp(x,i)))
     Enter argument: -1
     \exp(--1.0) = 2.7182815255731922
[77]: %run MyLib.ipynb # Running my library
      x=input("Enter argument: ") # taking input
```

```
x=check_number(x) # Checking for validity

if int(x)!=False:
    eps=10**-6
    i=1

# the loop will run till the value doesn't match with the actual value
# of exp(-x) and stops as it matches till the desired decimal places
while abs(Exp(x,i)-math.exp(-x))>eps:
        i+=1
    print("\nexp(-" + str(x) + ") = " + str(Exp(x,i)))
```

Enter argument: -2 $\exp(--2.0) = 7.389055882389215$

```
[78]: %run MyLib.ipynb # Running my library

x=input("Enter argument: ") # taking input

x=check_number(x) # Checking for validity

if int(x)!=False:
    eps=10**-6
    i=1

# the loop will run till the value doesn't match with the actual value
# of exp(-x) and stops as it matches till the desired decimal places
while abs(EXP(x,i)-math.exp(-x))>eps:
        i+=1
    print("\nexp(-" + str(x) + ") = " + str(Exp(x,i)))
```

Enter argument: -4 $\exp(--4.0) = 54.59814947621461$

```
[79]: %run MyLib.ipynb # Running my library
x=input("Enter argument: ") # taking input
x=check_number(x) # Checking for validity
if int(x)!=False:
    eps=10**-6
```

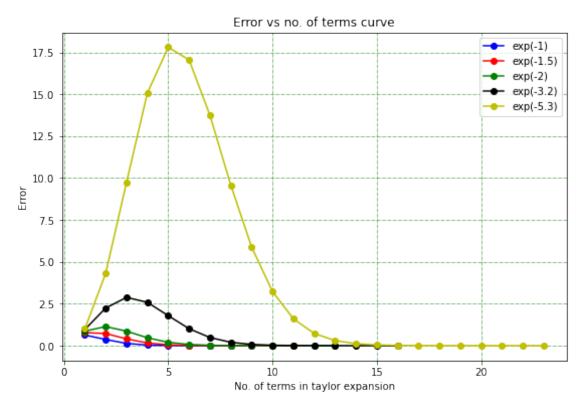
```
i=1

# the loop will run till the value doesn't match with the actual value
# of exp(-x) and stops as it matches till the desired decimal places
while abs(Exp(x,i)-math.exp(-x))>eps:
    i+=1
print("\nexp(-" + str(x) + ") = " + str(EXP(x,i)))
```

Enter argument: 4 $\exp(-4.0) = 0.018315259717021463$

```
[2]: # 4(a): Plotting error of Inverse exponential function versus number of
     →iterations in the taylor series
     %run MyLib.ipynb # Running my library
     import math
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     plt.figure(figsize=(9,6))
     e = 10**-6 # decimal places till which accuracy is needed. 2 decimal places are
     →increased to reduce round off error
     color = ['b-o', 'r-o', 'g-o', 'k-o', 'y-o'] # array of colors for plotting
     argument = [1, 1.5, 2, 3.2, 5.3] # array of arguments given for comparison
     for j in range(len(argument)):
         # creating arrays to store indices and errors
         index = \Pi
         error = []
         x = argument[j] # argument if sine function
         i = 1
         # the loop will run till the value doesn't match with
         # the actual value of sine and stops as it matches
         # till the desired decimal places
         while abs(Exp(x,i)-math.exp(-x)) > e:
             index.append(i)
             error.append(abs(Exp(x,i)-math.exp(-x)))
             i+=1
         plt.plot(index, error, color[j], label = 'exp(-'+ str(x) +')')
```

```
plt.grid(color='g', ls = '-.', lw = 0.5)
plt.xlabel('No. of terms in taylor expansion')
plt.ylabel('Error')
plt.title('Error vs no. of terms curve')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



```
[71]: # 4(b): Sine function
%run MyLib.ipynb # Running my library

x=input("Enter argument for sine function : ") # taking input

x=check_number(x) # Checking for validity

if int(x)!=False:
    eps=10**-6
    i=1

#the loop will run till the value doesn't match with the actual value
#of sin(x) and stops as it matches till the desired decimal places
```

```
while abs(Sin(x,i)-math.sin(x))>eps:
    i+=1
print("\nsin(" + str(x) + ") = " + str(Sin(x,i)))
```

Enter argument for sine function : 3.5 sin(3.5) = -0.3507830540486009

```
[70]: %run MyLib.ipynb # Running my library

x=input("Enter argument for sine function : ") # taking input

x=check_number(x) # Checking for validity

if int(x)!=False:
    eps=10**-6
    i=1

#the loop will run till the value doesn't match with the actual value
#of sin(x) and stops as it matches till the desired decimal places

while abs(Sin(x,i)-math.sin(x))>eps:
    i+=1
    print("\nsin(" + str(x) + ") = " + str(Sin(x,i)))
```

Enter argument for sine function : 5.3

 $\sin(5.3) = -0.8322675214965258$

```
[81]: %run MyLib.ipynb # Running my library

x=input("Enter argument for sine function : ") # taking input

x=check_number(x) # Checking for validity

if int(x)!=False:
    eps=10**-6
    i=1

    #the loop will run till the value doesn't match with the actual value
    #of sin(x) and stops as it matches till the desired decimal places

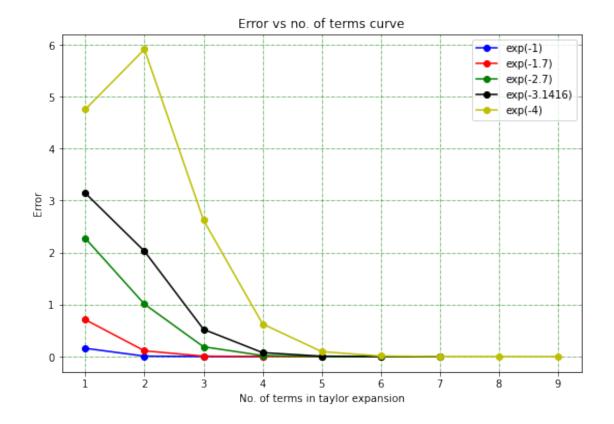
while abs(Sin(x,i)-math.sin(x))>eps:
    i+=1
    print("\nsin(" + str(x) + ") = " + str(Sin(x,i)))
```

Enter argument for sine function : 1.5

$\sin(1.5) = 0.9974949556821353$

```
[69]: %run MyLib.ipynb # Running my library
      x=input("Enter argument for sine function : ") # taking input
      x=check_number(x) # Checking for validity
      if int(x)!=False:
          eps=10**-6
          i=1
          #the loop will run till the value doesn't match with the actual value
          \#of\ sin(x) and stops as it matches till the desired decimal places
          while abs(Sin(x,i)-math.sin(x))>eps:
          print("\nsin(" + str(x) + ") = " + str(Sin(x,i)))
     Enter argument for sine function : -1
     \sin(-1.0) = -0.8414710097001764
[73]: %run MyLib.ipynb # Running my library
      x=input("Enter argument for sine function : ") # taking input
      x=check_number(x) # Checking for validity
      if int(x)!=False:
          eps=10**-6
          i=1
          #the loop will run till the value doesn't match with the actual value
          #of sin(x) and stops as it matches till the desired decimal places
          while abs(Sin(x,i)-math.sin(x))>eps:
              i += 1
          print("\nsin(" + str(x) + ") = " + str(Sin(x,i)))
     Enter argument for sine function: 1
     \sin(1.0) = 0.8414710097001764
 [3]: # 4(b): Plotting of error of Sine function versus number of iterations in the
      →taylor series
      %run MyLib.ipynb # Running my library
```

```
import math
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.figure(figsize=(9,6))
e = 10**-6 # decimal places till which accuracy is needed. 2 decimal places are
\rightarrow increased
color = ['b-o', 'r-o', 'g-o', 'k-o', 'y-o'] # array of colors for plotting
argument = [1, 1.7, 2.7, 3.1416, 4] # array of arguments given for comparison
for j in range(len(argument)):
    # creating arrays to store indices and errors
    index = []
    error = []
   x = argument[j] # argument if sine function
    i = 1
    # the loop will run till the value doesn't match with
    # the actual value of sin(x) and stops as it matches
    # till the desired decimal places
    while abs(Sin(x,i)-math.sin(x)) > e:
        index.append(i)
        error.append(abs(Sin(x,i)-math.sin(x)))
        i+=1
   plt.plot(index, error, color[j], label = 'exp(-'+ str(x) +')')
plt.grid(color='g', ls = '-.', lw = 0.5)
plt.xlabel('No. of terms in taylor expansion')
plt.ylabel('Error')
plt.title('Error vs no. of terms curve')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



[]: