UseASCIIvaluesofCandD.

Input Format:

Anintegerx,0 < = x < = 1..

Output Format:

output a single character "C" or "D" depending on the value of x.

Input 1:

 \cap

Output 1:

 \subset

Input 2:

Output 1:

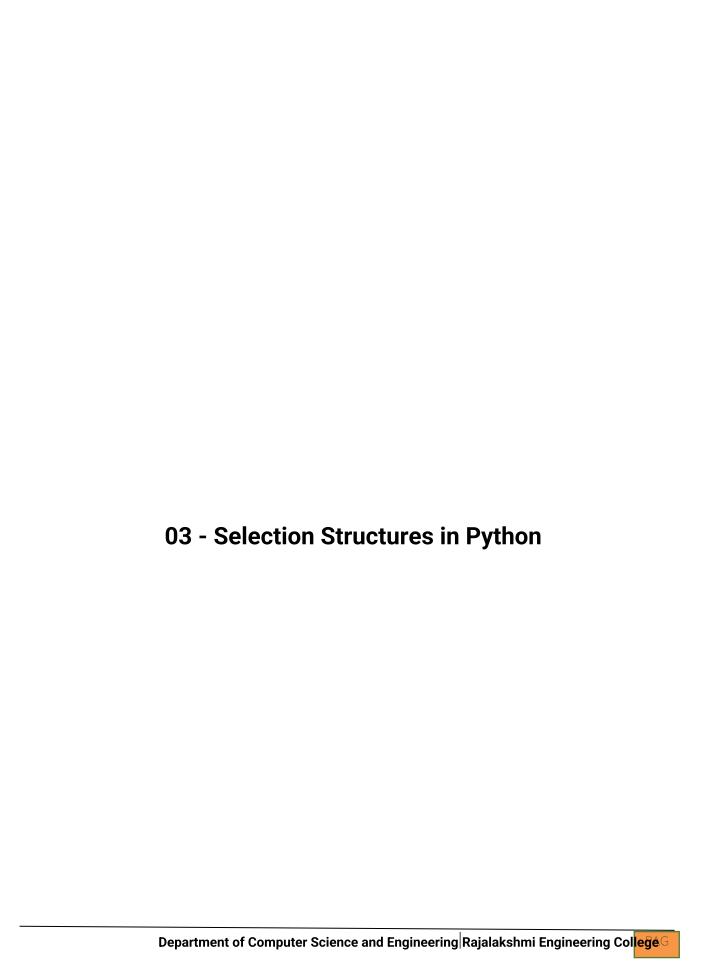
D

For example:

Input	Result
0	С

```
a=int(input())
if(a==0):
    print("C")
elif(a==1):
    print("D")
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	0	С	С	~
~	1	D	D	~



Ex. No.: 3.1 Date: 12.04.24

Register No.: 231901018 Name: Kavin Sainath S

Classifying Triangles

Atrianglecanbeclassifiedbasedonthelengthsofitssidesasequilateral,isoscelesor scalene. All threesidesofanequilateraltrianglehavethesamelength. Anisosceles trianglehastwosides that are the samelength, and athirdside that is a different length. If all of the sides have different lengths then the triangle is scalene.

Writeaprogramthatreadsthelengthsofthethreesidesofatrianglefrom the user. Then displaya message that states the triangle 's type.

SampleInput1
60
60
60
SampleOutput1
That'saequilateraltriangle
SampleInput2
40
40
80
SampleOutput2
That'saisoscelestriangle
SampleInput3
50
60

70

SampleOutput3

That'sascalenetriangle

For example:

Input	Result
60	That'saequilateraltriangle
60	
60	
40	That'saisoscelestriangle
40	
80	

```
a=int(input())
b=int(input())
c=int(input())
if(a==b and b==c and c==a):
    print("That's","a","equilateral triangle")
elif(a!=b and a!=c and b!=c):
    print("That's","a","scalene triangle")
else:
    print("That's","a","isosceles triangle")
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
*	60 60 60	That's a equilateral triangle	That's a equilateral triangle	~
~	40 40 80	That's a isosceles triangle	That's a isosceles triangle	~
*	50 60 70	That's a scalene triangle	That's a scalene triangle	~
~	50 50 80	That's a isosceles triangle	That's a isosceles triangle	~
~	10 10 10	That's a equilateral triangle	That's a equilateral triangle	~

Ex. No.: 3.2 Date: 12.04.24

Register No.: 231901018 Name: Kavin Sainath S

Vowel or Consonant

Inthisexerciseyouwillcreateaprogramthatreadsaletterofthealphabetfromthe user.Iftheuser entersa,e,i,ooruthenyourprogramshoulddisplayamessage indicatingthattheenteredletteris avowel.Iftheuserenters'y'thenyourprogram shoulddisplayamessageindicatingthat sometimesyisavowel,andsometimesyis aconsonant.Otherwiseyourprogramshoulddisplaya messageindicatingthatthe letterisaconsonant.

SampleInput1

i

SampleOutput1

It'savowel.

SampleInput2

У

SampleOutput2

Sometimesit's avowel... Sometimesit's aconsonant.

SampleInput3

С

SampleOutput3

It'saconsonant.

For example:

Input	Result
У	Sometimesit'savowelSometimesit'saconsonant.
U	It'savowel.
р	It'saconsonant.

```
Input Result
```

```
x=input()
if(x=='y'):
    print("Sometimes it's a vowel... Sometimes it's a consonant.")
elif(x=='a' or x=='e' or x=='i' or x=='o' or x=='u'):
    print("It's a vowel.")
else:
    print("It's a consonant.")
```

	lr	nput	Expected	Got
~	i	i It's a vowel.		It's a vowel.
~	у	y Sometimes it's a vowel Sometimes it's a consonant.		Sometimes it's a vowel
~	С	c It's a consonant.		It's a consonant.
~	✔ e It's a vowel.		It's a vowel.	It's a vowel.
~	r		It's a consonant.	It's a consonant.

Ex. No.: 3.3 Date: 12.04.24

Register No.: 231901018 Name: Kavin Sainath S

Electricity Bill

WriteaprogramtocalculateandprinttheElectricitybillwheretheunitconsumedbytheuseris givenfromtestcase.Itprintsthetotalamountthecustomerhastopay.Thechargeareas follows:

Unit Charge/Unit

Upto199 @1.20

200andabovebutlessthan400 @1.50 400andabovebutlessthan600 @1.80

600andabove @2.00

If billexceeds Rs. 400 the nasurcharge of 15% will be charged and the minimum bill should be of Rs. 100/-

SampleTestCases

TestCasel

Input

50

Output

100.00

TestCase2

Input

300

Output

For example:

Input	Result
100.00	120.00

```
a=float(input())
if(a<200):
  b=a*1.20
  if(b<=100):
    b=100
    print(format(b,".2f"))
  else:
    print(format(b,".2f"))
elif(a>=200 and a<400):
  c=a*1.50
  if(c>=400):
    print(format(c*0.15+c,".2f"))
  else:
    print(format(c,".2f"))
elif(a>=400 and a<600):
  d=a*1.80
  print(format(d*0.15+d,".2f"))
```

```
elif(a>600):
e=a*2.00
print(format(e*0.15+e,".2f"))
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	50	100.00	100.00	~
~	100.00	120.00	120.00	~
~	500	1035.00	1035.00	~
~	700	1610.00	1610.00	~

Ex. No.: 3.4 Date: 12.04.24

Register No.: 231901018 Name: Kavin Sainath S

IN/OUT

Ms. Sita, the faculty handling programming lab for you is very strict. Your senior shave to ldy out hat she will not allow you to enter the week's lab if you have not complete dat least half the number of problems given last week. Many of you didn't understand this statement and so they requested the good programmers from your batch to write a program to find whether a student will be allowed into a week's lab given the number of problems given last week and the number of problems solved by the student in that week.

InputFormat:

Inputconsistsof2integers.

The first integer corresponds to the number of problems given and the second integer corresponds to the number of problems solved.

OutputFormat:

Output consists of the string "IN" or "OUT".

SampleInputandOutput:

Input

8

3

Output

OUT

For example:

Input	Result
8	OUT

Input	Result
3	

Program:

```
a=int(input())
b=int(input())
c=a//2
if(b>=c):
    print("IN")
else:
```

print("OUT")

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	8	OUT	OUT	~
~	8	IN	IN	~
~	20 9	OUT	OUT	~
~	50 31	IN	IN	~

Ex. No.: 3.5 Date: 12.04.24

Register No.: 231901018 Name: Kavin Sainath S

Second last digit

Write a program that returns the second last digit of the given number. Second last digit is being referred 10 the digit in the tensplace in the given number.

For example, if the given number is 197, the second last digit is 9.

Note 1- The second last digits hould be returned as a positive number. i.e. if the given number is -197, the second last digit is 9.

Note 2-If the given number is a single digit number, then the second last digit does not exist. In such cases, the program should return - 1.i.e. if the given number is 5, the second last digit should be returned as - 1.

For example:

Input	Result
197	9

Program:

a=int(input())

b=abs(a)

if(b>=10):

```
c=b//10
d=c%10
print(d)
else:
print(-1)
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	197	9	9	~
~	-197	9	9	~
~	5	-1	-1	~
~	123456	5	5	~
~	8	-1	-1	~

Ex. No.: 3.6 Date: 12.04.24

Register No.:231901018 Name: Kavin Sainath S

Chinese Zodiac

The Chinesezodia cassigns an imal stoyears in a 12 year cycle. One 12 year cycle is shown in the table below. The pattern repeats from the re, with 2012 being another year of the dragon, and 1999 being another year of the hare.

YearAnimal

2000Dragon

2001Snake

2002Horse

2003Sheep

2004Monkey

2005Rooster

2006Dog

2007Pig

2008Rat

2009Ox

2010Tiger

2011Hare

Writeaprogramthatreadsayearfromtheuseranddisplaystheanimalassociated withthatyear. Yourprogramshouldworkcorrectlyforanyyeargreaterthanorequal tozero, not just the ones listed in the table.

SampleInput1

2010

SampleOutput1

2010 is the year of the Tiger.

SampleInput2

```
SampleOutput2
2020istheyearoftheRat.
```

```
Program:
```

```
a=int(input())
b=a%12
if(b==0):
  print(a,"is the year of the Monkey.")
elif(b==1):
  print(a,"is the year of the Rooster.")
elif(b==2):
  print(a,"is the year of the Dog.")
elif(b==3):
  print(a,"is the year of the Pig.")
elif(b==4):
  print(a,"is the year of the Rat.")
elif(b==5):
  print(a,"is the year of the Ox.")
elif(b==6):
  print(a,"is the year of the Tiger.")
elif(b==7):
  print(a,"is the year of the Hare.")
elif(b==8):
  print(a,"is the year of the Dragon.")
```

```
elif(b==9):
    print(a,"is the yaer of the Snake.")
elif(b==10):
    print(a,"is the year of the Horse.")
elif(b==11):
    print(a,"is the year of the Sheep.")
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	2010	2010 is the year of the Tiger.	2010 is the year of the Tiger.	~
~	2020	2020 is the year of the Rat.	2020 is the year of the Rat.	~

Ex. No.: 3.7 Date: 12.04.24

Register No.: 231901018 Name: Kavin Sainath S

Pythagorean triple

ThreenumbersformaPythagoreantripleifthe sumofsquares oftwonumbersisequaltothe squareofthethird.

For example, 3,5 and 4 forma Pythagorean triple, since 3*3+4*4=25=5*5 You are given three integers, a, b, and c. They need not be given in increasing order. If they forma Pythagorean triple, then print "Yes", otherwise, print "No".

SampleInput 3 5 4 SampleOutput yes SampleTestCases TestCase1 Input 3 5 4 Output yes TestCase2 Input 5 8 Output

no



```
a=int(input())
b=int(input())
c=int(input())
if(a*a+b*b==c*c or b*b+c*c==a*a or c*c+a*a==b*b):
    print("yes")
else:
    print("no")
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	3 5 4	yes	yes	*
~	5 8 2	no	no	~

Ex. No.: 3.8 Date: 12.04.24

Register No.: 231901018 Name: Kavin Sainath S

Leap Year

Mostyearshave 365 days. However, the time required for the Earth toor bit the Sun is actually slightly more than that. As a result, an extra day, February 29, is included in some years to correct for this difference. Such years are referred to as leapyears. The rules for determining whether or not a year is always a support of the same of t

- Anyyearthatisdivisibleby400isaleapyear.
- •Oftheremainingyears, any year that is divisible by 100 is not aleapyear.
- •Oftheremainingyears, any year that is divisible by 4 is a leapyear.
- •Allotheryearsarenotleapyears.

Writeaprogramthatreadsayearfromtheuseranddisplaysamessageindicating whetherornotit isaleapyear.

SampleInput1

1900

SampleOutput1

1900isnotaleapyear.

SampleInput2

2000

SampleOutput2

2000isaleapyear.

```
a=int(input())
b=a%100
c=a%400
if(b==0):
   if(c==0):
    print(a,"is a leap year.")
```

```
else:
    print(a,"is not a leap year.")
elif(a%4==0):
    print(a,"is a leap year.")
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	1900	1900 is not a leap year.	1900 is not a leap year.	~
~	2000	2000 is a leap year.	2000 is a leap year.	~
~	2100	2100 is not a leap year.	2100 is not a leap year.	~
~	2400	2400 is a leap year.	2400 is a leap year.	~