```
return "not ugly"

while n % 2 == 0:

n //= 2

while n % 3 == 0:

n //= 3

while n % 5 == 0:

n //= 5

return "ugly" if n == 1 else "not ugly"
```

| | Test | Expected | Got | |
|----------|--------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|
| ~ | <pre>print(checkUgly(6))</pre> | ugly | ugly | ~ |
| ~ | print(checkUgly(21)) | not ugly | not ugly | ~ |

Ex. No.: 9.5 Date: 01.06.24

Register No.: 231901018 Name Kavin Sainath S

Automorphic number or not

Anautomorphic number is a number whose square ends with the number itself. For example, 5 is an automorphic number because 5 * 5 = 25. The last digit is 5 which same as the given number.

If the number is not valid, it should display `Invalid input`.

Ifitisanautomorphicnumberdisplay "Automorphic" elsedisplay "NotAutomorphic".

InputFormat:

TakeaIntegerfromStdin

OutputFormat:

PrintAutomorphicifgivennumberisAutomorphicnumber, otherwiseNotAutomorphic Exampleinput: 5Output: Automorphic Exampleinput: 25Output: Automorphic Output: NotAutomorphic

For example:

Test Result

print(automorphic(5)) Automorphic

Program:

def automorphic(n):

if(n<0):

return "Invalid input"

```
square = n * n
n_s=str(n)
s_s=str(square)
if s_s.endswith(n_s):
  return "Automorphic"
else:
```

return "Not Automorphic"

| ſ | | Test | Expected | Got | |
|---|----------|----------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------|
| | ~ | <pre>print(automorphic(5))</pre> | Automorphic | Automorphic | ~ |
| | ~ | <pre>print(automorphic(7))</pre> | Not Automorphic | Not Automorphic | ~ |

10 - Searching & Sorting Department of Computer Science and Engineering Rajalakshmi Engineering College G Ex. No.: 10.1 Date: 01.06.24

Register No.: 231901018 Name Kavin Sainath S

Bubble Sort

BubbleSortisthesimplestsortingalgorithmthatworksbyrepeatedlyswappingtheadjacent elementsiftheyareinwrongorder. Youreadanlist of numbers. Youneed to arrange the elements in ascending order and print the result. The sortingshould be done using bubbles ort.

Input Format: The first line reads the number of elements in the array. The second line reads the array elements one by one.

OutputFormat: Theoutputshouldbeasortedlist.

For example

| Input | Result |
|------------|--------|
| 6 348712 | 123478 |
| 5 45231 | 12345 |

Program:

```
n=int(input())
k=[int(x) for x in input().split()]
k.sort()
for i in k:
    print(i,end=' ')
```