

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	5 8 9 12 15 3 11	Yes	Yes	✓
✓	6 2 9 21 32 43 43 1 4	No	No	✓
✓	6 13 42 31 4 8 9 17	Yes	Yes	✓

**Ex. No. : 10.5**

**Date: 01.06.24**

**Register No.: 231901018**

**Name: Kavin Sainath S**

### **Frequency of Elements**

To find the frequency of numbers in a list and display in sorted order.

**Constraints:**

$1 \leq n, arr[i] \leq 100$

**Input:**

1687949068145

**output:**

12

42

51

682

791

901

**For example:**

Input	Result
435345	32
	42
	52

**Program:**

```
lst5=[int(x) for x in input().split(" ")]  
lst=sorted(list(set(lst5)))  
c=0  
for i in lst:  
    c=0  
    for j in lst5:  
        if(i==j):  
            c=c+1  
    print("%d %d"%(i,c))
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	4 3 5 3 4 5	3 2 4 2 5 2	3 2 4 2 5 2	✓
✓	12 4 4 4 2 3 5	2 1 3 1 4 3 5 1 12 1	2 1 3 1 4 3 5 1 12 1	✓
✓	5 4 5 4 6 5 7 3	3 1 4 2 5 3 6 1 7 1	3 1 4 2 5 3 6 1 7 1	✓

## **11 - EXCEPTION HANDLING**

**Ex. No. : 11.1**

**Date: 02.06.24**

**Register No.: 231901018**

**Name: Kavin Sainath S**

---

### **EXCEPTION HANDLING**

To find whether a digit lies in the specified range (1-100). Handling exceptions for invalid inputs and out-of-range numbers.

Input Format:

User inputs a number.

Output Format:

Confirm the input or print an error message if it's invalid or out of range.

**For example:**

Input	Result
1	Valid input.
101	Error: Number out of allowed range
rec	Error: invalid literal for int()

**Program:**

try:

    a=input()

    if(int(a)>0 and int(a)<101):

        print("Valid input.")

    else:

        print("Error: Number out of allowed range")

except:

```
print("Error: invalid literal for int()")
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	1	Valid input.	Valid input.	✓
✓	100	Valid input.	Valid input.	✓
✓	101	Error: Number out of allowed range	Error: Number out of allowed range	✓

**Ex. No. : 11.2**

**Date: 02.06.24**

**Register No.: 231901018**

**Name Kavin Sainath S**

### **EXCEPTION HANDLING**

Write a Python program that performs division and modulo operations on two numbers provided by the user. Handle division by zero and non-numeric inputs.

Input Format:

Two lines of input, each containing a number.

Output Format:

Print the result of division and modulo operation, or an error message if an exception occurs.

**For example:**

Input	Result
10 2	Division result: 5.0 Modulo result: 0
7 3	Division result: 2.3333333333333335 Modulo result: 1
8 0	Error: Cannot divide or modulo by zero.



**Program:**

try:

a=input()

b=input()

c=int(a)/int(b)

d=int(a)%int(b)

except ZeroDivisionError:

print("Error: Cannot divide or modulo by zero.")

except:

print("Error: Non-numeric input provided.")

else:

print("Division result:",c)

print("Modulo result:",d)

	Input	Expected	Got
✓	10 2	Division result: 5.0 Modulo result: 0	Division result: 5.0 Modulo result: 0
✓	7 3	Division result: 2.333333333333335 Modulo result: 1	Division result: 2.333333333333335 Modulo result: 1
✓	8 0	Error: Cannot divide or modulo by zero.	Error: Cannot divide or modulo by zero.
✓	abc 5	Error: Non-numeric input provided.	Error: Non-numeric input provided.

Ex. No. : 11.3

Date: 02.06.24

Register No.: 231901018

Name: Kavin Sainath S

## **EXCEPTION HANDLING**

Write a Python program that asks the user for their age and prints a message based on the age. Ensure that the program handles cases where the input is not a valid integer.

**Input Format:** A single line input representing the user's age.

**Output Format:** Print a message based on the age or an error if the input is invalid.

**For example:**

Input	Result
twenty	Error:Please enter a valid age.
25	You are 25 years old.
-1	Error:Please enter a valid age.

**Program:**

```
try:
```

```
    a=input()
```

```
    if int(a)>=0:
```

```
        print("You are",a,"years old.")
```

```
    else:
```

```
        print("Error: Please enter a valid age.")
```

```
except:
```

```
    print("Error: Please enter a valid age.")
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	twenty	Error: Please enter a valid age.	Error: Please enter a valid age.	✓
✓	25	You are 25 years old.	You are 25 years old.	✓
✓	-1	Error: Please enter a valid age.	Error: Please enter a valid age.	✓
✓	150	You are 150 years old.	You are 150 years old.	✓
✓		Error: Please enter a valid age.	Error: Please enter a valid age.	✓

### **EXCEPTION HANDLING**

Develop a Python program that safely calculates the square root of a number provided by the user. Handle exceptions for negative inputs and non-numeric inputs.

Input Format:

User inputs a number.

Output Format:

Print the square root of the number or an error message if an exception occurs.

**For example:**

Input	Result
16	The square root of 16.0 is 4.00
-4	Error: Cannot calculate the square root of a negative number.
rec	Error: could not convert string to float

**Program:**

```
import math
try:
    n=input()
    n=float(n)
    if n < 0:
        print("Error: Cannot calculate the square root of a negative number.")
    else:
        r= math.sqrt(n)
        print("The square root of {} is {:.2f}".format(n, r))
```

except ValueError:

```
print("Error: could not convert string to float")
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	16	The square root of 16.0 is 4.00	The square root of 16.0 is 4.00	✓
✓	0	The square root of 0.0 is 0.00	The square root of 0.0 is 0.00	✓
✓	-4	Error: Cannot calculate the square root of a negative number.	Error: Cannot calculate the square root of a negative number.	✓

**EXCEPTION HANDLING**

Develop a Python program that safely performs division between two numbers provided by the user. Handle exceptions like division by zero and non-numeric inputs.

**Input Format:** Two lines of input, each containing a number.

**Output Format:** Print the result of the division or an error message if an exception occurs.

**For example:**

Input	Result
10 2	5.0
10 0	Error: Cannot divide or modulo by zero.
ten 5	Error: Non-numeric input provided.

**Program:**

```
try:
    a=input()
    b=input()
    c=float(a)/float(b)
except ZeroDivisionError:
    print("Error: Cannot divide or modulo by zero.")
```

except:

```
print("Error: Non-numeric input provided.")
```

else:

```
print(c)
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	10 2	5.0	5.0	✓
✓	10 0	Error: Cannot divide or modulo by zero.	Error: Cannot divide or modulo by zero.	✓
✓	ten 5	Error: Non-numeric input provided.	Error: Non-numeric input provided.	✓



## **12-MODULES**

**Ex. No. : 12.1**

**Date: 07.06.24**

**Register No.: 231901018**

**Name: Kavin Sainath S**

### **MODULES - REPRESENTING UNIQUE PAIRS**

As a software engineer at SocialLink, a leading social networking application, you are tasked with developing a new feature designed to enhance user interaction and engagement. The company aims to introduce a system where users can form connections based on shared interests and activities. One of the feature's components involves analyzing pairs of users based on the activities they've participated in, specifically looking at the numerical difference in the number of activities each user has participated in.

Your task is to write an algorithm that counts the number of unique pairs of users who have a specific absolute difference in the number of activities they have participated in. This algorithm will serve as the backbone for a larger feature that recommends user connections based on shared participation patterns.

#### **Problem Statement**

Given an array `activities` representing the number of activities each user has participated in and an integer `k`, your job is to return the number of unique pairs  $(i, j)$  where `activities[i] - activities[j] = k`, and  $i < j$ . The absolute difference between the activities should be exactly `k`.

For the purposes of this feature, a pair is considered unique based on the index of activities, not the value. That is, if there are two users with the same number of activities, they are considered distinct entities.

#### **Input Format**

The first line contains an integer, `n`, the size of the array `nums`.

The second line contains `n` space-separated integers, `nums[i]`.

The third line contains an integer, `k`.

#### **Output Format**

Return a single integer representing the number of unique pairs (i,j) where  $|\text{nums}[i] - \text{nums}[j]| = k$  and  $i < j$ .

Constraints:

$$1 \leq n \leq 10^5$$

$$-10^4 \leq \text{nums}[i] \leq 10^4$$

$$0 \leq k \leq 10^4$$

**For example:**

Input	Result
5 13154 0	1
4 1221 1	4

**Program:**

```

a=int(input())
b=input().split()
c=int(input())
co=0
l=[int(b) for b in b]
for i in range(0,a):
    for j in range(0,a):
        if abs(l[i]-l[j])==c and i<j:
            co+=1
print(co)

```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	4 1 2 3 4 1	3	3	✓
✓	5 1 3 1 5 4 0	1	1	✓
✓	4 1 2 2 1 1	4	4	✓

**Ex. No. : 12.2**

**Date: 07.06.24**

**Register No.: 231901018**

**Name Kavın Sainath S**

### **MODULES-CALCULATING AVERAGE**

Dr. John Wesley maintains a spreadsheet with student records for academic evaluation. The spreadsheet contains various data fields including student IDs, marks, class names, and student names. The goal is to develop a system that can calculate the average marks of all students listed in the spreadsheet.

Problem Statement:

Create a Python-based solution that can parse input data representing a list of students with their respective marks and other details, and compute the average marks. The input may present these details in any order, so the solution must be adaptable to this variability.

Input Format:

The first line contains an integer  $N$ , the total number of students.

The second line lists column names in any order (ID, NAME, MARKS, CLASS).

The next  $N$  lines provide student data corresponding to the column headers.

Output Format:

A single line containing the average marks, corrected to two decimal places.

Constraints:

$$1 \leq N \leq 100$$

Column headers will always be in uppercase and will include ID, MARKS, CLASS, and NAME.

Marks will be non-negative integers.

**For example:**

Input	Result
3 IDNAMEMARKSCLASS 101John78Science 102Doe85Math 103Smith90History	84.33
3 MARKSCLASSNAMEID 78ScienceJohn101 85MathDoe102 90HistorySmith103	84.33

**Program:**

```
import math
a = int(input())
n=a
b = input().split()
s = 0
p = b.index("MARKS")
while a!=0:
    c = input().split()
    s += int(c[p])/n
    a-=1
print(f"{s:.2f}")
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	3 ID NAME MARKS CLASS 101 John 78 Science 102 Doe 85 Math 103 Smith 90 History	84.33	84.33	✓
✓	3 MARKS CLASS NAME ID 78 Science John 101 85 Math Doe 102 90 History Smith 103	84.33	84.33	✓

**Ex. No. : 12.3**

**Date: 07.06.24**

**Register No.: 231901018**

**Name: Kavin Sainath S**

### **MODULES-USING DICTIONARY**

Rose manages a personal library with a diverse collection of books. To streamline her library management, she needs a program that can categorize books based on their genres, making it easier to find and organize her collection.

Problem Statement:

Develop a Python program that reads a series of book titles and their corresponding genres from user input, categorizes the books by genre using a dictionary, and outputs the list of books under each genre in a formatted manner.

Input Format:

The input will be provided in lines where each line contains a book title and its genre separated by a comma.

Input terminates with a blank line.

Output Format:

For each genre, output the genre name followed by a colon and a list of book titles in that genre, separated by commas.

Constraints:

Book titles and genres are strings.

Book titles can vary in length but will not exceed 100 characters.

Genres will not exceed 50 characters.

The number of input lines (book entries) will not exceed 100 before a blank line is entered.



**For example:**

Input	Result
IntroductiontoProgramming, Programming	Programming:Introductionto Programming
AdvancedCalculus,Mathematics	Mathematics:AdvancedCalculus
FictionalReality,Fiction AnotherWorld,Fiction	Fiction:FictionalReality,AnotherWorld

**Program:**

```
d= {}
d= {}
while True:
    try:
        book=input().split(',')
        if len(book)<2:
            continue
        book__name=book[0].strip()
        category=book[1].strip()
        if category in d:
            d[category].append(book__name)
        else:
            d[category]=[book__name]
    except EOFError:
        break

for k,v in d.items():
    print(f"{k}:",end="")
```

```
print(''.join(v))
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	Introduction to Programming, Programming Advanced Calculus, Mathematics	Programming: Introduction to Programming Mathematics: Advanced Calculus	Programming: Introduction to Programming Mathematics: Advanced Calculus	✓
✓	Fictional Reality, Fiction Another World, Fiction	Fiction: Fictional Reality, Another World	Fiction: Fictional Reality, Another World	✓

### MODULE-POWER OF FOUR

Given an integer  $n$ , print *true* if it is a power of four. Otherwise, print *false*.

An integer  $n$  is a power of four, if there exists an integer  $x$  such that  $n = 4^x$ .

**For example:**

Input	Result
16	True
5	False

**Program:**

```
a=int(input())
c=0
for i in range(a):
    if a==2**i:
        c+=1
if c==1:
    print("True")
else:
    print("False")
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	1	True	True	✓
✓	16	True	True	✓
✓	8	False	False	✓
✓	256	True	True	✓
✓	1000	False	False	✓

**Ex. No. : 12.5**

**Date: 07.06.24**

**Register No.: 231901018**

**Name Kavın Sainath S**

### **MODULES-DETERMINING THE TOTAL REVENUE**

Raghu owns a shoe shop with a varying inventory of shoe sizes. The shop caters to multiple customers who have specific size requirements and are willing to pay a designated amount for their desired shoe size. Raghu needs an efficient system to manage his inventory and calculate the total revenue generated from sales based on customer demands.

Problem Statement:

Develop a Python program that manages shoe inventory and processes sale transactions to determine the total revenue generated. The program should handle input of shoe sizes available in the shop, track the number of each size, and match these with customer purchase requests. Each transaction should only proceed if the desired shoe size is in stock, and the inventory should update accordingly after each sale.

Input Format:

First Line: An integer  $X$  representing the total number of shoes in the shop.

Second Line: A space-separated list of integers representing the shoe sizes in the shop.

Third Line: An integer  $N$  representing the number of customer requests.

Next  $N$  Lines: Each line contains a pair of space-separated values:

The first value is an integer representing the shoe size each customer desires.

The second value is an integer representing the price the customer is willing to pay for that size.

Output Format:

Single Line: An integer representing the total amount of money earned by Raghu after processing all customer requests.

Constraints:

$1 \leq X \leq 1000$ —Raghu's shop can hold between 1 and 1000 shoes.

Shoe sizes will be positive integers typically ranging between 1 and 30.

$1 \leq N \leq 1000$ —There can be up to 1000 customer requests in a single batch.

The price offered by customers will be a positive integer, typically ranging from \$5 to \$100 per shoe.

**For example:**

Input	Result
10 23456876518 6 655 645 655 440 1860 1050	200
5 55555 5 510 510 510 510 510	50

**Program:**

```
a=int(input())
b=input().split()
c=int(input())
s=0
for i in range(c):
    l1=[]
    l1=input().split()
    if l1[0] in b:
        s+=int(l1[1])
        b.remove(l1[0])
print(s)
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	10 2 3 4 5 6 8 7 6 5 18 6 6 55 6 45 6 55 4 40 18 60 10 50	200	200	✓
✓	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 10 5 10 5 10 5 10 5 10	50	50	✓
✓	4 4 4 6 6 5 4 25 4 25 6 30 6 55 6 55	135	135	✓