Ex. No. 12 **Open Addressing Hashing Technique**

Date:

**Aim:**

To implement hash table using a C program.

**Algorithm:**

1. Create a structure, data (hash table item) with key and value as data.

2. Now create an array of structure, data of some certain size (10, in this case). But, the size of array must be immediately updated to a prime number just greater than initial array capacity (i.e 10, in this case).

3. A menu is displayed on the screen.

4. User must choose one option from four choices given in the menu

5. Perform all the operations

6. Stop

**Program:**

#include <stdio.h>

#include <string.h>

#include <stdlib.h>

#include <stdbool.h>

#define SIZE 20

struct DataItem {

int data;

int key;

};

struct DataItem\* hashArray[SIZE];

struct DataItem\* dummyItem;

struct DataItem\* item;

int hashCode(int key) {

return key % SIZE;

}

struct DataItem \*search(int key) {

//get the hash

int hashIndex = hashCode(key);

//move in array until an empty

while(hashArray[hashIndex] != NULL) {

if(hashArray[hashIndex]->key == key)

return hashArray[hashIndex];

//go to next cell

++hashIndex;

//wrap around the table

hashIndex %= SIZE;

}

return NULL;

}

void insert(int key,int data) {

struct DataItem \*item = (struct DataItem\*) malloc(sizeof(struct DataItem));

item->data = data;

item->key = key;

//get the hash

int hashIndex = hashCode(key);

//move in array until an empty or deleted cell

while(hashArray[hashIndex] != NULL && hashArray[hashIndex]->key != -1) {

//go to next cell

++hashIndex;

//wrap around the table

hashIndex %= SIZE;

}

hashArray[hashIndex] = item;

}

struct DataItem\* delete(struct DataItem\* item) {

int key = item->key;

//get the hash

int hashIndex = hashCode(key);

//move in array until an empty

while(hashArray[hashIndex] != NULL) {

if(hashArray[hashIndex]->key == key) {

struct DataItem\* temp = hashArray[hashIndex];

//assign a dummy item at deleted position

hashArray[hashIndex] = dummyItem;

return temp;

}

//go to next cell

++hashIndex;

//wrap around the table

hashIndex %= SIZE;

}

return NULL;

}

void display() {

int i = 0;

for(i = 0; i<SIZE; i++) {

if(hashArray[i] != NULL)

printf(" (%d,%d)",hashArray[i]->key,hashArray[i]->data);

else

printf(" ~~ ");

}

printf("\n");

}

int main() {

dummyItem = (struct DataItem\*) malloc(sizeof(struct DataItem));

dummyItem->data = -1;

dummyItem->key = -1;

insert(1, 20);

insert(2, 70);

insert(42, 80);

insert(4, 25);

insert(12, 44);

insert(14, 32);

insert(17, 11);

insert(13, 78);

insert(37, 97);

display();

item = search(37);

if(item != NULL) {

printf("Element found: %d\n", item->data);

} else {

printf("Element not found\n");

}

delete(item);

item = search(37);

if(item != NULL) {

printf("Element found: %d\n", item->data);

} else {

printf("Element not found\n");

}

}

**Output:**

**Result:**

Thus hashing has been performed successfully.