Runge-Kutta Methods

1. Second order Runge-Kutta (R-K) wethods
$$K_1 = \text{Rf}(t_j, u_j) \qquad \text{for } u^l = f(x, u)$$

$$K_2 = \text{Rf}(t_j + c_2h, u_j + a_{21}K_1)$$

$$U_j + l = u_j + W_1K_1 + W_2K_2$$

1 1 1 Y2 V2 Euler-Cauchy

Modified
Euler-Courchy

2/3 2/3 1/4 3/4 0/0 kmal

2. Third Order R-K methody

$$W_{j+1} = W_{j} + W_{1}K_{1} + W_{2}K_{2} + W_{3}K_{3}$$

$$K_{1} = h f(t_{j}, W_{j})$$

$$K_{2} = h f(t_{j} + C_{2}h, W_{j} + a_{21}K_{1})$$

$$K_{3} = h f(t_{j} + C_{3}h, W_{j} + a_{31}K_{1} + a_{32}K_{2})$$

$$C_{2} = a_{21}$$

$$C_{3} = a_{31} = a_{32}$$

$$W_{1} = W_{2} = W_{3}$$

1/2	1/2		
1	-1	2	
	46	416	1/6
clas			

2/3	2/3		
2/3	0	2/3	
	218	3/8	3/8

Nystrom

3. Fourth order R-K methods

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{W}_{j+1} = \text{W}_{j} + \text{W}_{k} \text{K}_{l} + \text{W}_{2} \text{K}_{2} + \text{W}_{3} \text{K}_{3} + \text{W}_{4} \text{K}_{4} \\ & \text{K}_{l} = \text{R}_{f} \text{(}_{t_{j}} + \text{C}_{2} \text{h}_{j} \text{ W}_{j} + \text{A}_{2} \text{I}_{k_{l}} \text{)} \\ & \text{K}_{2} = \text{R}_{f} \text{(}_{t_{j}} + \text{C}_{3} \text{h}_{j} \text{ W}_{j} + \text{A}_{3} \text{I}_{k_{l}} + \text{A}_{3} \text{I}_{k_{2}} \text{)} \\ & \text{K}_{3} = \text{R}_{f} \text{(}_{t_{j}} + \text{C}_{3} \text{h}_{j} \text{ W}_{j} + \text{A}_{3} \text{I}_{k_{l}} + \text{A}_{3} \text{I}_{k_{2}} \text{)} \\ & \text{K}_{4} = \text{R}_{f} \text{(}_{t_{j}} + \text{C}_{4} \text{h}_{j} \text{ W}_{j} + \text{A}_{4} \text{I}_{k_{l}} + \text{A}_{4} \text{I}_{k_{l}} + \text{A}_{4} \text{I}_{k_{2}} \text{+} \text{A}_{4} \text{I}_{k_{3}} \text{)} \\ & \text{C}_{2} \text{A}_{3} \text{A}_{3} \text{A}_{3} \text{A}_{4} \\ & \text{C}_{3} \text{A}_{3} \text{A}_{3} \text{A}_{4} \text$$

Y2 Y2 Y2 0 Y2 0 0	$\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{1}{2}$		
	1 1 -1 1		
6 216 216 1/6	1/8 3/8 3/8 1/8		
Classical	Kutta		