



6

KAVIYA B. J. 2024-CSE ▾

K2**Started on** Sunday, 10 August 2025, 4:33 PM**State** Finished**Completed on** Sunday, 10 August 2025, 4:48 PM**Time taken** 15 mins 5 secs**Marks** 1.00/1.00**Grade** 10.00 out of 10.00 (100%)

Question 1 | Correct | Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time complexity using the counter method.

```
void function (int n)
```

```
{
```

```
    int i= 1;
```

```
    int s =1;
```

```
    while(s <= n)
```

```
    {
```

```
        i++;
```

```
        s += i;
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

Note: No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and count variable printf() statements.

Input:

A positive Integer n

Output:

Print the value of the counter variable

For example:

Input	Result
9	12

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

Ace editor not ready. Perhaps reload page?

Falling back to raw text area.

```
#include<stdio.h>
void function(int n){
    int counter=0;
    int i=1;
    counter++;
    int s=1;
    counter++;
    while(s<=n){
        counter++;
        i++;
        counter++;
        s+=i;
        counter++;
    }
    counter++;
    printf("%d",counter);
}
int main(){
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	9	12	12	✓
✓	4	9	9	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

[Back to Course](#)



KAVIYA B. J. 2024-CSE ▾

K2

Started on	Sunday, 10 August 2025, 4:49 PM
State	Finished
Completed on	Monday, 18 August 2025, 8:46 AM
Time taken	7 days 15 hours
Marks	1.00/1.00
Grade	10.00 out of 10.00 (100%)

Question 1 | Correct | Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time complexity using the counter method.

```
void func(int n)
{
    if(n==1)
    {
        printf("*");
    }
    else
    {
        for(int i=1; i<=n; i++)
        {
            for(int j=1; j<=n; j++)
            {
                printf("*");
                printf("*");
                break;
            }
        }
    }
}
```

Note: No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and count variable printf() statements.

Input:

A positive Integer n

Output:

Print the value of the counter variable

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1  #include<stdio.h>
2  void function(int n){
3      int counter=0;
4      counter++;
5      if(n==1){
6          counter++;
7      }
8      else{
9          for(int i=1;i<=n;i++){
10             counter++;
11             for(int j=1;j<=n;j++)
12             {
13                 counter++;
14                 counter++;
15                 counter++;
16                 break;
17             }
18             counter++;
19         }
20         counter++;
21     }
22     printf("%d",counter);
23 }
24 int main(){
25     int n;
26     scanf("%d",&n);
27     function(n);
28     return 0;
29 }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	2	12	12	✓
✓	1000	5002	5002	✓
✓	143	717	717	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

[Back to Course](#)



KAVIYA B.J 2024-CSE ▾

K2

Started on	Sunday, 10 August 2025, 6:40 PM
State	Finished
Completed on	Tuesday, 19 August 2025, 9:02 PM
Time taken	9 days 2 hours
Marks	1.00/1.00
Grade	10.00 out of 10.00 (100%)

Question 1 | Correct | Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time complexity using counter method.

```
Factor(num) {
{
    for (i = 1; i <= num; ++i)
    {
        if (num % i == 0)
        {
            printf("%d ", i);
        }
    }
}
```

Note: No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and counter variable printf() statement.

Input:

A positive Integer n

Output:

Print the value of the counter variable

Answer:

```
1  #include<stdio.h>
2  void fact(int num){
3      int counter=0;
4      for(int i=1;i<=num;++i){
5          counter++;
6          counter++;
7          if(num%i==0)
8          {
9              counter++;
10         }
11     }
12     counter++;
13     printf("%d",counter);
14 }
15 int main(){
16     int num;
17     scanf("%d",&num);
18     fact(num);
19     return 0;
20 }
21
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	12	31	31	✓
✓	25	54	54	✓
✓	4	12	12	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

[Back to Course](#)



KAVIYA B. J. 2024-CSE ▾

K2

Started on	Tuesday, 19 August 2025, 8:38 PM
State	Finished
Completed on	Tuesday, 19 August 2025, 9:08 PM
Time taken	30 mins 28 secs
Marks	1.00/1.00
Grade	10.00 out of 10.00 (100%)

Question 1 | Correct | Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time

complexity using counter method.

```
void function(int n)
{
    int c = 0;
    for(int i=n/2; i<n; i++)
        for(int j=1; j<n; j = 2 * j)
            for(int k=1; k<n; k = k * 2)
                c++;
}
```

Note: No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and count variable printf() statements.

Input:

A positive Integer n

Output:

Print the value of the counter variable

Answer:

```
1  #include<stdio.h>
2  void function(int n)
3  {
4      int counter = 0;
5      int c = 0;
6      counter++;
7
8      for (int i = n/2; i < n; i++) {
9          counter++;
10
11         for (int j = 1; j < n; j = 2 * j) {
12             counter++;
13
14             for (int k = 1; k < n; k = k * 2) {
15                 counter++;
16                 c++;
17                 counter++;
18             }
19
20             counter++;
21         }
22
23         counter++;
24     }
25     counter++;
26     printf("%d",counter);
27 }
28 int main(){
29     int n;
30     scanf("%d",&n);
31     function(n);
32     return 0;
33 }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	4	30	30	✓
✓	10	212	212	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

[Back to Course](#)



6

KAVIYA B. J. 2024-CSE ▾

K2**Started on** Monday, 18 August 2025, 1:39 PM**State** Finished**Completed on** Tuesday, 19 August 2025, 9:28 PM**Time taken** 1 day 7 hours**Marks** 1.00/1.00**Grade** 10.00 out of 10.00 (100%)

Question 1 | Correct | Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time complexity using counter method.

```
void reverse(int n)
{
    int rev = 0, remainder;
    while (n != 0)
    {
        remainder = n % 10;
        rev = rev * 10 + remainder;
        n/= 10;
    }
    print(rev);
}
```

Note: No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and count variable printf() statements.

Input:

A positive Integer n

Output:

Print the value of the counter variable

Answer:

```
1  #include<stdio.h>
2  void reverse(int n)
3  {
4      int counter=0;
5      int rev = 0, remainder;
6      counter++;
7      counter++;
8      while (n != 0)
9      {
10         counter++;
11         remainder = n % 10;
12         counter++;
13         rev = rev * 10 + remainder;
14         counter++;
15         n/= 10;
16         counter++;
17     }
18     counter++;
19     printf("%d",counter);
20 }
21
22 int main(){
23     int n;
24     scanf("%d",&n);
25     reverse(n);
26
27 }
28
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	12	11	11	✓
✓	1234	19	19	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

[Back to Course](#)