### 15B17Cl371 - Data Structures Lab

# **ODD 2024**

### Week 5-LAB A

# **Practice Lab**

```
1.
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
struct node
  int data;
 struct node* next;
};
struct node* insertatend(struct node* head,int d)
{
  if(head==NULL)
  {
    struct node* p=new struct node;
    head=p;
    p->next=NULL;
    p->data=d;
  }
  else{
    struct node*ptr=head;
    while(ptr->next!=NULL)
```

```
{
      ptr=ptr->next;
    }
    struct node *p=new struct node;
    p->next=NULL;
    ptr->next=p;
    p->data=d;
  }
  return head;
}
void traversal(struct node* head)
{
  struct node*ptr=head;
  while(ptr!=NULL)
  {
    cout<<ptr->data<<" ";
    ptr=ptr->next;
  }
}
void belongs(struct node* head,int data)
{
```

```
struct node*ptr=head;
  int f=0;
  while(ptr!=NULL)
  {
    if(ptr->data==data)
      cout<<"It belongs";</pre>
      f=1;
      break;
    }
    ptr=ptr->next;
  }
  if(f==0)
    {
      cout<<"doesnot belong";
    }
}
int main()
{
  struct node *head=NULL;
  int n;
  cout<<"Enter n: ";</pre>
```

```
cin>>n;
for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
{
   int c;
   cin>>c;
   head=insertatend(head,c);
}
traversal(head);
int q;
cout<<endl<<"enter element to be searched";
cin>>q;
belongs(head,q);
}
```

```
Enter n: 4
1
2
3
4
1 2 3 4
enter element to be searched 3
It belongs
Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 11.893 s
Press any key to continue.
```

```
Enter n: 4

1

2

3

4

1 2 3 4

enter element to be searched 7

doesnot belong

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 8.457 s

Press any key to continue.
```

# 2.

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int binarysearch(int arr[], int low, int high, int x)
{
   while (low <= high) {
    int mid = low + (high - low) / 2;

   if (arr[mid] == x)
      return mid;

   if (arr[mid] < x)
      low = mid + 1;</pre>
```

```
else
      high = mid - 1;
  }
  return -1;
}
int main(void)
{
    int n;
  cout<<"Enter n: ";
  cin>>n;
  int arr[n];
  for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
  {
   cin>>arr[i];
  }
 int x;
 cout<<"enter element to be searched";</pre>
 cin>>x;
```

```
int result = binarysearch(arr, 0, n - 1, x);
if(result == -1) cout << "Element is not present in array";
else cout << "Element is present at index " << result;
return 0;
}</pre>
```

```
Enter n: 10
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
enter element to be searched 8
Element is present at index 7
Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 19.603 s
Press any key to continue.
```

**Time Complexity:** O(log N) (already sorted) **Auxiliary Space:** O(1)

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
```

void swap(int& a, int& b) {

3.

```
int temp = a;
```

a = b;

```
b = temp;
}
int partition(int arr[], int low, int high) {
  int pivot = arr[high];
  int i = low - 1;
  for (int j = low; j < high; ++j) {
    if (arr[j] < pivot) {</pre>
       ++i;
       swap(arr[i], arr[j]);
    }
  }
  swap(arr[i + 1], arr[high]);
  return i + 1;
}
void quickSort(int arr[], int low, int high) {
  if (low < high) {
    int pi = partition(arr, low, high);
    quickSort(arr, low, pi - 1);
    quickSort(arr, pi + 1, high);
  }
}
```

```
void printarray( int arr[], int size) {
  for (int i = 0; i < size; ++i) {
    cout << arr[i] << " ";
  }
  cout << endl;
}
int smallest(int arr[],int k)
{
  return arr[k-1];
}
int greatest(int arr[],int k,int n)
{
  return arr[n-k];
}
int main() {
int size;
cout << "Enter the number of elements: ";</pre>
cin >> size;
int arr[size];
cout << "Enter the elements: ";
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < size; ++i) {
cin >> arr[i];
}
int key;
cout << "Enter which smallest and greatest element u want to search for: ";</pre>
cin >> key;
  cout << "Original array: ";</pre>
  printarray(arr, size);
  quickSort(arr, 0, size - 1);
  cout << "Sorted array: ";</pre>
  printarray(arr, size);
  int x=smallest(arr,key);
  cout<<key<<" th smallest element is "<<x<<endl;
  int y=greatest(arr,key,size);
  cout<<key<<" th greatest element is "<<y;</pre>
  return 0;
}
```

```
Enter the number of elements: 6
Enter the elements: 7
10
4
3
20
15
Enter which smallest and greatest element u want to search for: 4
Original array: 7 10 4 3 20 15
Sorted array: 3 4 7 10 15 20
4 th smallest element is 10
4 th greatest element is 7
Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time: 21.883 s
Press any key to continue.
```

```
4.
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int interpolationSearch(int arr[], int size, int key)
{
  int low = 0;
  int high = size - 1;
  while (low <= high && key >= arr[low] && key <= arr[high]) {
  if (low == high) {
  if (arr[low] == key) return low;
  return -1;
  }
  int pos = low + ((key - arr[low]) * (high - low) / (arr[high] - arr[low]));
  if (arr[pos] == key) {
  return pos;
  }
```

```
else if (arr[pos] < key) {
  low = pos + 1;
  }
  else {
  high = pos - 1;
  }
  }
  return -1;
}
int main() {
int size;
cout << "Enter the number of elements: ";</pre>
cin >> size;
int arr[size];
cout << "Enter the elements in sorted order: ";</pre>
for (int i = 0; i < size; ++i) {
cin >> arr[i];
}
int key;
cout << "Enter the key to search for: ";</pre>
cin >> key;
int result = interpolationSearch(arr, size, key);
if (result != -1) {
cout << "Element found at index " << result << endl;</pre>
} else {
```

```
cout << "Element not found in the array" << endl;</pre>
}
return 0;
}
 Enter the number of elements: 5
 Enter the elements in sorted order: 1
 Enter the key to search for: 5
 Element found at index 4
 Process returned 0 (0x0)
                                  execution time: 8.869 s
 Press any key to continue.
5.
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
using namespace std;
int binarySearch(const string arr[], int size, const string& x) {
  int left = 0;
  int right = size - 1;
  while (left <= right) {
   int mid = left + (right - left) / 2;
    if (arr[mid] == x) {
      return mid;
```

```
} else if (arr[mid] < x) {
       left = mid + 1;
    } else {
       right = mid - 1;
    }
  }
  return -1;
}
int main() {
  string arr1[] = {"Hi", "Folks", "ide", "for", "practice"};
  int size1 = sizeof(arr1) / sizeof(arr1[0]);
  string x1 = "ide";
  int index1 = binarySearch(arr1, size1, x1);
  cout << "Index of "" << x1 << "": " << index1 << endl;
  string arr2[] = {"Hi", "Folks", "ide", "for", "practic"};
  int size2 = sizeof(arr2) / sizeof(arr2[0]);
  string x2 = "zz";
  int index2 = binarySearch(arr2, size2, x2);
  cout << "Index of '" << x2 << "': " << index2 << endl;
  return 0;
}
```

```
Index of 'ide': 2
Index of 'zz': -1
Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 0.172 s
Press any key to continue.
```