

MAINS TEST SERIES-2019

(JUNE-2019 to SEPT.-2019)

MATHEMATICS

Under the guidance of K. Venkanna

TEST CODE: TEST-2: IAS(M)/16-JUNE.-2019

PAPER - II: MODERN ALGEBRA, REAL ANALYSIS, COMPLEX & LPP

Time: 3 Hours Maximum Marks: 250

INSTRUCTIONS

Each question is printed only in English.

Answer must be written in the medium specified in the admission Certificate issued to you, which must be stated clearly on the cover of the answer-book in the space provided for the purpose. No marks will be given for the answers written in a medium other than that specified in the Admission Certificate.

Candidates should attempt Question Nos. 1 and 5, which are compulsory, and any **THREE** of the remaining questions selecting at least **ONE** question from each Section.

The number of marks carried by each question is indicated at the end of the question.

Assume suitable data if considered necessary and indicate the same clearly.

Symbols/notations carry their usual meanings, unless otherwise indicated.

All questions carry equal marks.

Important Note: Whenever a question is being attempted, all its parts/ sub-parts must be attempted contiguously. This means that before moving on to the next question to be attempted, candidates must finish attempting all parts/ sub-parts of the previous question attempted. This is to be strictly followed.

Pages left blank in the answer-book are to be clearly struck out in ink. Any answers that follow pages left blank may not be given credit.



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SECTION - A

- 1. (a) Are the following groups cyclic groups? Give reasons.
 - (i) The Klein 4-group.
 - (ii) The dihedral group D₄.
 - (iii) The group of all roots (real or complex) of the equation $x^n - 1 = 0$.
 - (iv) The group Q* of non-zero rationals, for multiplication. [10]
- 1. (b) Let R be a commutative ring with unit element whose only ideals are (0) and R itself. Then R is a field. [10]
- **1.** (c) For $u_1 > 0$, the sequence u_n defined by

$$u_{n+1} = 1 + \frac{1}{u_n} \forall n$$
, converges to $\left(\frac{\sqrt{5} + 1}{2}\right)$. (10)

- **1.** (d) Prove that the function $u = e^{-x} (x \cos y + y \sin y)$. is harmonic and find the corresponding analytic function. (10)
- **1.** (e) Write the dual of the problem.

Min
$$Z = 2x_2 + 5x_3$$

Subject to $x_1 + x_2 \ge 2$
 $2x_1 + x_2 + 6x_3 \le 6$
 $x_1 - x_2 + 3x_3 = 4$
 $x_1, x_2, x_3 \ge 0$. [10]

- (a) (i) Show that every subgroup of an abelian group is normal.
 - (ii) Is the converse of Problem (i) true? If yes, prove it, if no, give an example of a non-abelian group all of whose subgroups are normal.
- (b) Suppose that N and M are two normal subgroups of G and that $N \cap M = (e)$, show that for any $n \in N$, $m \in M$, nm = mn. [80]
- **2.** (c) Test the convergence of

(i)
$$\int_{0}^{1} \frac{\mathrm{dx}}{\sqrt{1-x^3}}$$



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AIR-06



VARUN GUNTUPALLI AIR-04 IFoS-2014



AIR-04





AIR-10







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IAS/IFoS MATHEMATICS (Optional)

64K. Venkanna

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316/500 322/500

302/500



C. VISHNU CHARAN **AIR-406** MARKS 312/500



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AIR-526

305/500



AIR-600

320/500_{And Many More...}



H.O.: 25/8, Old Rajinder Nagar Market, Delhi-60. B.O.: 105-106, Top Floor, Mukherjee Tower, Mukherjee Nagar Delhi-9 Ph. 9999197625, 011-45629987. Website: www.ims4maths.com || Email: ims4maths@gmail.cor R.O.: 1-10-237, 2nd Floor, Room No. 202 R.K'S-Kancham's Blue Sapphire Ashok Nagar Hyderabad-20. Ph.: 09652351152 (ii) Prove that the integral $\int\limits_{}^{\infty}\!x^{^{m-1}}e^{-x}dx$ is convergent if

and only if m > 0. [15]

2. (d) Apply the method of contour integration to prove that
$$\int_0^{2\pi} \frac{\cos 2\theta}{5 + 4\cos \theta} d\theta = \frac{\pi}{6}.$$
 [15]

- **3.** (a) Prove, by an example, that we can find three groups $E \subset F \subset G$, where E is normal in F, F is normal in G, but E is not normal in G.
- 3. (b) Given an example of an integral domain which has an infinite number of elements, yet is of finite characteristic. [10]
- Suppose that f is defined on I = $\{x : 0 \le x \le 1\}$ by the formula

$$f(x) = 0 \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2^n} & \text{if } x = \frac{j}{2^n} \text{ where } j \text{ is an odd integer} \\ & \text{and } 0 < j < 2^n, n = 1, 2, \dots, \\ 0 & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

Determine whether or not *f* is integrable and prove your result. [15]

3. (d) Using simplex method solve the L.P. problem.

Mini
$$Z = 4x_1 + 8x_2 + 3x_3$$

subject to $x_1 + x_2 \ge 2$
 $2x_1 + x_3 \ge 5$
 $x_1, x_2, x_3 \ge 0$.

- **4.** (a) Let M₁ and M₂ be distinct maximal ideals of R. Show that $M_1 + M_2 = R$. Define a suitable ring homomorphism of R onto $R/M_1 \times R/M_2$ and deduce that $R/M_1 \cap M_2 \simeq$ $R/M_2 \times R/M_2$.
- **4.** (b) The function f(x) = 1/x is continuous on (0, 1) but not uniformly continuous. [13]
- (i) Specify the nature of singularity at z = -2 of



[15]

$$f(z) = (z-3)\sin\frac{1}{z+2}$$

(ii) Find zeros and poles of
$$\left(\frac{z+1}{z^2+1}\right)^2$$
 [12]

4. (d) An automobile dealer wishes to put four repairmen to four different jobs. The repairmen have somewhat different kinds of skills and they exhibit different levels of efficiency from one job to another. The dealer has estimated the number of manhours that would be required for each job-man combination. This is given in the matrix form in adjacent table. Find the optimum assignment that will result in minimum manhours needed.

Job Man	A	В	С	D	
1	5	3	2	8	
2	7	9	2	6	
3	6	4	5	7	
4	5	7	7	8	

[10]

SECTION - B

- 5. (a) Give an example of a group which is not a cyclic group, but every proper subgroup of which is cyclic. [10]
- 5. (b) Consider the following rings R and R' with four elements $R = \{a,b,c,d\}$ with + and \bullet defined by

	_	()	, ,	,					
			c				b		
a	a	b	С	d	a	а	a	a	a
b	b	a	c d	c	b	a	b	a	b
c	С	d	a	b			a		
d	d	c	b	a	d	а	b	С	d



Anyone who has done B.Tech / M.Tech / B.Sc / M.Sc and has an interest in Maths.

Usually commit and their mitigation measures. For example, I commit a lot of mistakes when doing Integration by parts and usually the error involves missing negative (-) sign etc. Therefore whenever I come across such type of question I try to devote extra 1 minute to re-check all my steps.

Maths.stackexchange.com is the best online resource for preparation. You can create an account and get your maths questions answered within minutes.

Why did I score only 262?

Among all the students in the final list who had Maths as an optional, I have scored the least. My paper - 1 was a complete disaster and I only scored 92 marks in it. In fact I could only attempt 160 marks paper and had to leave 90 marks paper completely.

The reasons for the above situation in Paper - 1 are as follows:

- **1. Lack of written practice:** In many topics (especially statics and dynamics) I used to just look at a question and its solution without solving it first. As a result I forgot the exact method in the exam hall!
- **2. Left many topics:** I prepared only 25% 3-D, 80% Calculus and 25% Statics & Dynamics and had to pay a heavy price in the exam.

On the other hand my preparation for paper - 2 was excellent and therefore I scored an amazing 170 marks in it

BHAVESH MISHRA AIR-58 in CSE-2014

(4)

Easy paper: The difficulty level of paper is quite moderate and almost all questions are directly picked from the IMS Test Series / Standard Textbooks.

WHO SHOULD TAKE IT?

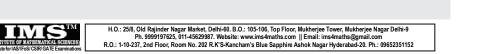
Myths around science subjects.

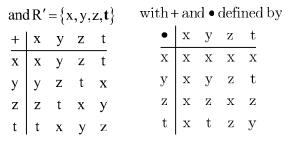
Coaching institutions have mastered the art of brainwashing students and creating an atmosphere of gloom and doom around science subjects. There are lots of myths circulating among students. Let's bust these myths.

- 1. Maths optional is only for students from IITs: Definitely not. Anyone willing to put in hard work can easily score very high marks. The best example being Nitish K (Rank 8) who is not from any IIT.
- **2. There is heavy scaling:** Let the data speak for itself. I attempted 240 marks in Paper 2 and got 170 marks. Now would you call it a scaling?
- **3. It plays no role in GS:** Yes it's true that science optional subjects don't overlap with GS but it's equally true that GS has never been a rank decider in UPSC IAS.
- **4.** There are 3 major things that decides your rank: Essay, Optional and Interview. Even if one puts in 5 years of efforts in GS the advantage in terms of marks would be around 30 marks or so but 1 year of dedicated effort in maths would give you 50+ marks advantage straightaway.

Do's and Dont's:

- Practice, Practice and Practice. The key to success in maths is filling up as many notebooks as you can, during the preparation stage. The more you sweat during preparation the less you will bleed in the battlefield!
- 2. Don't read Maths book / notes like GS. It is a recipe for disaster. Rather always study with pen, paper and calculator.
- 3. While solving examples don't jump to see solution first. Try giving your best shot and after making sure that you are not able to solve it using your present knowledge then only look at the answer. This will ensure that better retention.
- 4. Generally we make lots of silly mistakes while solving a question. It is best to catch these errors early and not repeat them in exam hall. The best strategy for this is to maintain a notebook of errors that you





Investigate whether R and R' are isomorphic. [10]

5. (c) The sequence $nx/(1 + n^2 x^2)$ is not uniformly convergent over **R** but it is uniformly convergent on $\{x : |x| > k > 0\}$.

[10]

5. (d) If
$$f(z) = \frac{x^2y(y-ix)}{x^6+y^2}$$
, $z \neq 0$ and $f(0) = 0$, show that

$$\frac{f(z)-f(0)}{z} \to 0 \text{ as } z \to 0 \text{ along any radius vector but not}$$
 as $z \to 0$ in any manner. [10]

5. (e) A firm plans to purchase at least 200 quintals of scrap containing high quality metal X and low quality metal. Y. It decides that the scrap to be purchased must contain at least 100 quintals of X-metal and not more than 35 quintals of Y-metal. The firm can purchase the scrap from two suppliers (A and B) in unlimited quantities. The percentage of X and Y metals in terms of weight in the scraps supplied by A and B is given below:

Metals supplier A Supplier B

X 25% 75%

Y 10% 20%

The price of A's scrap is Rs. 200 per quintal and that of B's is Rs. 400 per quintal. Formulate this problem as LP model and solve it graphically to determine the quantities that the firm should buy from the two suppliers so as to minimize total purchase cost. [10]

6. (a) (i) Let G be the group of all 2×2 matrices $\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix}$ where

a, b, c, d are integers modulo p, p a prime number, such that ad – bc \neq 0. G forms a group relative to matrix multiplication. What is o(G)?

(ii) Let H be the subgroup of the G of part (a) defined by

$$H = \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} \in G | ad - bc = 1 | \right\}.$$

What is o(H)?

[15]

- 6. (b) Investigate whether the following ideals are (i) prime ideals, (ii) maximal ideals in the ring R.
 - (i) $R = Z_6$ and $I = \{\overline{0}, \overline{2}, \overline{4}\}.$
 - (ii) R = 2Z and I = 4Z

(iii) R = C[0, 1] the ring of continuous functions on

[0, 1] and
$$I = \left\{ x \mid x \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) = 0 \right\}$$
. [15]

- 6. (c) Prove that every integral domain can be imbedded in a field. [20]
- 7. (a) Prove that the following sets are bounded

$$\left\{n^{1/n}: n \in N\right\}, \left\{\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)^n: n \in N\right\}, \ \left\{a^{1/n}: a > 0 \text{ and } n \in N\right\}.$$

Give supremum and infimum of each of these sets.

[08]

7. (b) Show that $\prod_{1}^{\infty} \left(1 - \frac{1}{4n^2}\right)$ converges and its limit lies between $\frac{1}{2}$ and 1. [10]

Irrespective of whether you are very happy or deeply unsatisfied about paper 1, try to forget about it and stay calm for paper 2.

INTERVIEW

In the interview, you can expect some questions related to mathematics optional. Generally you won't be asked to solve a problem because that ability has been tested in mains. They would like to see whether you have a genuine curiosity regarding mathematics outside what is mentioned in syllabus. In both my UPSC interviews, I was asked about Ramanujan's work. There were questions on Vedic Mathematics, National Mathematics Day, important Indian Mathematical Institutions, Field medalist Manjula Bhargava etc. Hence while preparing for interview, try to be aware about these non-theorotical aspects of maths as well.

I hope above tips provide some clarity regarding maths optional to UPSC aspirants.

All the best!

Bhavesh Mishra (AIR-58) in IAS-2014 Examination CLASSROOM STUDENT

Why Maths?

Simply because it is the best performing optional subject in UPSC/IAS.

Extremely high scoring: If you get your maths optional right then you will make it to the final list. This year one of my batch mate in IMS **Nitish K (Rank 8)** has got a mind boggling 346 marks.

Certainty: If you have attempted your paper well then you are sure that you will get good marks. For example this year just by attempting 400 marks paper you could get a decent 260+ marks. Even if you don't get good marks in first attempt but you can be sure that you will increase your marks in subsequent attempt(s).

Fun: Mathematics is a delightful subject and therefore doing maths takes you away from somewhat boring humanities.

Good Impression: The fact that you have taken Maths makes a good impression on interview board members

(it happened in my case!). They are very pleased to see that you have opted for a tough optional.

PRACTICE

Just knowing theory is not enough. It needs to be accompanied by consistent problem solving practice. It is best to solve questions that have already been asked in mains. If some problem seems very non-intuitive, it would help if the trick to solve such problem is written in your notebook.

TEST SERIES

Test series is very important for this optional. I had joined IMS test series which helped me in identifying my weak areas. In both CSE and IFoS mains, there were many questions similar to those covered in IMS test series. With enough practice, a candidate can achieve the ability to complete the maths paper in 3 hours. It is important to assess your performance after each test. Necessary steps should be taken to rectify common mistakes that you are committing in the test series. You should be alert not to repeat the same mistakes again & again. As your performance improves with every test, the actual mains paper will seem just like any other test & you will be able to comfortably complete it. Presentation of your answer matters a lot. Your aim should be to make examiner's life as easy as possible so that he/she will award you maximum marks. Only the final answer doesn't matter. Writing proper steps is also imortant to show the logical flow with which you arrived at the solution. Specifically mention whichever theorem or property you are using in a particular step. Wherever possible, draw neat diagrams with proper labelling. Such small things will collectively fetch you the extra marks that you are expecting from this optional. The habit of writing such detailed answers will not develope overnight and hence you have to consciously work through the test series in this direction.

DURING MAINS

The mains exam schedule does not provide much gap between General Studies & Maths papers. You will generally have 1 day in between. Your notebook containing important formulae & theorems will be very useful at such times. You will be able to go through this summary of each chapter and it will provide much needed confidence before the actual paper. During the main exam, I would advise completing the compulsory questions 1 & 5 first. Then you can choose 3 out of remaining 6 questions. Easier questions like those from topics like linear programming, numerical analysis, linear algebra etc. should be the priority. Even if you don't know the complete answer to any question, write as many steps as you can since partial marks also matter. Once you finish paper 1, don't start immediately analyzing your performance.



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- 7. (c) For x > -1, test for convergence $1 + \frac{2^2}{3.4}x + \frac{2^2.4^2}{3.4.5.6}x^2 + \frac{2^2.4^2.6^2}{3.4.5.6.7.8}x^3 + \dots$ [15]
- 7. (d) Let a function $f: \mathbf{R} \to \mathbf{R}$ satisfy the equation $f(x+y) = f(x) + f(y), \ \forall \ x, y \in \mathbf{R}. \ Show \ that$
 - (i) If f is continuous at the point x = a, then it is continuous for all $x \in \mathbf{R}$.
 - (ii) If f is continuous then f(x) = kx, for some constant k.

[15]

- 8. (a) Using Cauchy's /Cauchy's integral formula.
 - (i) Evaluate $\oint_C \frac{\sin 3z}{z + \pi/2} dz$ if c is the circle |z| = 5.
 - (ii) Evaluate $\oint_C \frac{e^{3z}}{z \pi i} dz$ if C is : (A) the circle |z 1| = 4,

(B) the ellipse
$$|z-2|+|z+2|=6$$
. [10]

8. (b) Find the Laurent expansion of $\frac{z}{(z+1)(z+2)}$ about the singularity z = -2. Specify the region of convergence.

[07]

8. (c) By integrating e^{iz} / (z – ai), (a > 0) round a suitable contour, prove that

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{a \cos x + x \sin x}{x^2 + a^2} dx = 2\pi e^{-a} .$$
 [13]

8. (d) Solve the following transportation problem

		То		Available	
	2	7	4	5	
From	3	3	1	8	[20]
LIOIII	5	4	7	7	[20]
	1	6	2	14	
Required	7	9	18	34	

OUR TOPPER'S MARKS LIST (IAS)

- For your final selection, optional subject marks are crucial.
- Choose Optional Subject based on Your Graduation Studies & Score Highest Marks.
- Now Mathematics has become one of the most Cherished Optional Paper among Science Graduates, especially Students with Mathematics background including B.Tech.
- a In the new pattern of exam, the average marks of successful candidates in Maths is more than 300 out of 500.
- Mathematics (Opt.) has proven to be the Most Reliable and High Scoring Subject in IAS/IFoS.
- IMS has been successfully providing consistent results since its inception.

MARKS ARE BEFORE YOU AND YOU SHOULD ANALYZE YOURSELF

	SUBJECT		Marks. Obtained		SUBJECT		Marks. Obtaine
	ESSAY (PAPER-I)	250	133		ESSAY (PAPER-I)	250	113
(10,00)	GENERAL STUDIES-I (PAPER-II)	250	098	122	GENERAL STUDIES-I (PAPER-II)	250	097
	GENERAL STUDIES-II (PAPER-III)	250	117		GENERAL STUDIES-II (PAPER-III)	250	113
	GENERAL STUDIES-III (PAPER-IV)	250	117		GENERAL STUDIES-III (PAPER-IV)	250	117
KANISHAK KATARIA	GENERAL STUDIES-IV (PAPER-V)	250	116	K. VARUN REDDY	GENERAL STUDIES-IV (PAPER-V)	250	121
KATARIA	OPTIONAL-I (MATHEMATICS) (PAPER-VI)	170/250	361/500	REDDY	OPTIONAL-I (MATHEMATICS) (PAPER-VI)	178/250	324/500
AIR-01	OPTIONAL-II (MATHEMATICS) (PAPER-VII)		55.7555	AIR-07	OPTIONAL-II (MATHEMATICS) (PAPER-VII)	146/250	,,
AIN-UI	WRITTEN TOTAL	1750	942	Ain-u/	WRITTEN TOTAL	1750	885
IAS-2018	PERSONALITY TEST	275	179	IAS-2018	PERSONALITY TEST	275	182
	TOTAL FINAL	2025	1121		TOTAL FINAL	2025	1067
	SUBJECT	Max. Marks.	Marks. Obtained		SUBJECT	Max. Marks.	Marks. Obtaine
	ESSAY (PAPER-I)	250	138		ESSAY (PAPER-I)	250	119
(0.67)	GENERAL STUDIES-I (PAPER-II)	250	091	6.00	GENERAL STUDIES-I (PAPER-II)	250	098
	GENERAL STUDIES-II (PAPER-III)	250	111		GENERAL STUDIES-II (PAPER-III)	250	107
	GENERAL STUDIES-III (PAPER-IV)	250	097		GENERAL STUDIES-III (PAPER-IV)	250	106
TANMAY V	GENERAL STUDIES-IV (PAPER-V)	250	104	223	GENERAL STUDIES-IV (PAPER-V)	250	101
TANMAY V. Sharma	OPTIONAL-I (MATHEMATICS) (PAPER-VI)	168/250	000/500	G.S.S. Praveenchand	OPTIONAL-I (MATHEMATICS) (PAPER-VI)	175/250	040/500
A1D 40	OPTIONAL-II (MATHEMATICS) (PAPER-VII)	168/250	336/500	AID OA	OPTIONAL-II (MATHEMATICS) (PAPER-VII)	167/250	342/500
AIR-10	WRITTEN TOTAL	1750	877	AIR-64	WRITTEN TOTAL	1750	873
IAS-2018	PERSONALITY TEST	275	187	IAS-2018	PERSONALITY TEST	275	157
1A5-2018	TOTAL FINAL	2025	1064	IAS-2018	TOTAL FINAL	2025	1030
			-				
	SUBJECT		Marks. Obtained		SUBJECT		Marks. Obtained
200	ESSAY (PAPER-I)	250	130	0.0	ESSAY (PAPER-I)	250	117
6	GENERAL STUDIES-I (PAPER-II)	250	105	1087	GENERAL STUDIES-I (PAPER-II)	250	084
	GENERAL STUDIES-II (PAPER-III)	250	099		GENERAL STUDIES-II (PAPER-III)	250	115
$\overline{}$	GENERAL STUDIES-III (PAPER-IV)	250	112		GENERAL STUDIES-III (PAPER-IV)	250	109
MANISHA	GENERAL STUDIES-IV (PAPER-V)	250	100	DALIP KUMAR	GENERAL STUDIES-IV (PAPER-V)	250	097
RANA	OPTIONAL-I (MATHEMATICS) (PAPER-VI)	155/250	326/500	KUMAK	OPTIONAL-I (MATHEMATICS) (PAPER-VI)	171/250	327/500
AIR-67	OPTIONAL-II (MATHEMATICS) (PAPER-VII)	171/250	0.00,000	AIR-73	OPTIONAL-II (MATHEMATICS) (PAPER-VII)	156/250	,
Alli-07	WRITTEN TOTAL	1750	872	Alli-10	WRITTEN TOTAL	1750	849
IAS-2018	PERSONALITY TEST	275	157	IAS-2018	PERSONALITY TEST	275	179
	TOTAL FINAL	2025	1029		TOTAL FINAL	2025	1028
	SUBJECT	Max. Marks.	Marks. Obtained		SUBJECT	Max. Marks.	Marks. Obtained
	ESSAY (PAPER-I)	250	141	4	ESSAY (PAPER-I)	250	117
9.0	GENERAL STUDIES-I (PAPER-II)	250	088	(3.9	GENERAL STUDIES-I (PAPER-II)	250	096
	GENERAL STUDIES-II (PAPER-III)	250	103		GENERAL STUDIES-II (PAPER-III)	250	104
	GENERAL STUDIES-III (PAPER-IV)	250	093		GENERAL STUDIES-III (PAPER-IV)	250	098
KHUSHBOO	GENERAL STUDIES-IV (PAPER-V)	250	103	JAY SHIVANI	GENERAL STUDIES-IV (PAPER-V)	250	103
GUPTA	OPTIONAL-I (MATHEMATICS) (PAPER-VI)	175/250	200/500	UNI UIIIVAIII	OPTIONAL-I (MATHEMATICS) (PAPER-VI)	164/250	220/500
AID OO	OPTIONAL-II (MATHEMATICS) (PAPER-VII)	151/250	326/500	AID 04	OPTIONAL-II (MATHEMATICS) (PAPER-VII)	172/250	336/500
AIR-80	WRITTEN TOTAL	1750	854	AIR-81	WRITTEN TOTAL	1750	854
IAS-2018	PERSONALITY TEST	275	171	IAS-2018	PERSONALITY TEST	275	171
IA3-2010	TOTAL FINAL	2025	1025	IA3-2010	TOTAL FINAL	2025	1025
	CUDIFCE	l			CUDIFCE	l., ., .	
	SUBJECT		Marks. Obtained		SUBJECT		Marks. Obtained
(m) (m)	ESSAY (PAPER-I) GENERAL STUDIES-I (PAPER-II)	250 250	125 090	000	ESSAY (PAPER-I) GENERAL STUDIES-I (PAPER-II)	250 250	075
100 m	GENERAL STUDIES-I (PAPER-III)		107	187		250	104
	GENERAL STUDIES-II (PAPER-III) GENERAL STUDIES-III (PAPER-IV)	250 250			GENERAL STUDIES-II (PAPER-III) GENERAL STUDIES-III (PAPER-IV)	250	099
			106				
AANCHAL SRIVASTAVA	GENERAL STUDIES-IV (PAPER-V)	250	109	HIMANSHU PRAJAPATI	GENERAL STUDIES-IV (PAPER-V)	250	094
SNIVASTAVA		152/250	309/500	PNAJAPATI	OPTIONAL-I (MATHEMATICS) (PAPER-VI)	168/250	328/500
	OPTIONAL-II (MATHEMATICS) (PAPER-VII)	157/250		AIR-124	OPTIONAL-II (MATHEMATICS) (PAPER-VII)	160/250	,
Tant 110	WRITTEN TOTAL	1750	846	MIII 124	WRITTEN TOTAL	1750	813

275

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PERSONALITY TEST

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PERSONALITY TEST

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am awaiting the Mains result. This article is a humble attmept to share my experience of maths optional preparation for CSE/IFoS exam. I would be glad if it helps any UPSC aspirant who is undecided about choosing the optional or those who are already preparing with mathematics as their optional.

WHY MATHEMATICS

It is very important for a UPSC aspirant to have genuine interest in mathematics if he/she wants to choose this optional. Maths used to be my favourite subject in school and in IITB also I had pursued additional courses in mathematics out of interest. Since the syllabus is large & requires considerable practice, it is necessary to have a genuine interest. Apart from my inherent inclination, this optional offers certain advantages which made it an obvious choice. In this optional, the marks you get are almost proportional to your efforts. With proper hard work, a candidate can comfortably attempt all the questions in exam and expect to score around 50% marks even after heavy scaling which can offer the necessary edge in this intense competition. Such candidate generally would not find any question surprising in mains. This kind of certainity is not present in humanities optionals.

THE SYLLABUS

The prescribed syllabus for maths is quite large which makes it necessary to stick to limited sources. I relied on notes provided by Venkanna Sir at IMS for covering the syllabus. Since these notes were very comprehensive, I didn't have to spend time scanning reference books for relevant material. Venkanna Sir's classroom coaching helped me in completing the syllabus in a disciplined manner. Initially I would underline important theorems, formulae, results mentioned in the notes. Then i used to compile them in a notebook and this was useful for revision. So eventually i had a notebook with just the crux of the matter. I would advise all candidates with maths optional to prepare such a summary for all topics. Due to large syllabus, there is a natural tendancy to skip a few chapters. But for the sake of compulsory questions, it is necessary to know at least basics of each chapter. The physics related chapters of statics, dynamics, mechanics are generally left untouched while preparing maths optional. Regarding these chapters, my preparation was such that i would be able to solve the compulsory 10 mark questions. They are quite manageable once you know the basic theory and there is no point in unnecessarily losing marks. The real analysis/calculus & modern algebra chapters are time consuming but candidates can't afford to skip them.



the best mode of judging your preparation. You can fairly evaluate your performance with your marks and then focus on the weak topics. Secondly, its a rehearsal of Mains Exam and thus helps you greatly in time management.

Mains exam is nearly a marathon for your hand and thus you get very much trained for facing them.

Test Series also provided me another pool of questions to practise. They also helped in developing the ability of answer writing which definitely can't be developed overnight. I attended Test Series of IMS and luckily many questions of Test Series appeared in both IFoS Exam and CSE. I would also request all the candidates to give the test series by coming to classroom if possible and stick to the timelines as it really helps in completion of syllabus.

I hope this writeup clears some of the doubts and gives clarity on maths optional to UPSC IAS aspirants. All the Best

If anyone wants to contact me, please drop me an email - parthjaiswal512@gmail.com. I will be more than happy to help you.

Thank You
Parth Jaiswal
AIR-5 in IFoS-2014,
AIR-299 in CSE-2014

KUMBHEJKAR YOGESH VIJAY (AIR-08 in IAS-2015)

(AIR-13 IFoS) & (AIR-143 IAS)

in IFoS-2014 & IAS-2014 Examinations CLASSROOM STUDENT

MY BACKGROUND

I am Yogesh Kumbhejkar. I am an Electrical Engineer from IIT Bombay. I secured AIR 13 in Indian Forest Service Exam (IFoS) 2014 with Mathematics & Physics as the optional subjects. For Civil Service Exam (CSE) also, my optional is Mathematics. In IFoS exam, I scored 231/400 (118 + 113) in maths. In 2013 CSE Mains, my maths score was 250/500 (109 + 141). Hence mathematics has helped me in clearing mains in both CSE and IFoS. I was not selected in the final list of CSE 2013. In my second CSE attempt also I appeared for mains in 2014 with Maths as the optional subject. Now i



was not selected in the final list of CSE 2013. In my second C red for mains in 2014 with Maths as the optional subject. No H.O.: 25/8, Old Rajinder Nagar Market, Delhi-60. B.O.: 105-106, Top Floor, Mukherjee Tower, Mukherjee Nagar Delhi-9 Ph. 9999197625, 011-45629987. Website: www.ims4maths.com || Email: ims4maths@gmail.com R.O.: 1-10-237, 2nd Floor, Room No. 202 R.K.S-Kancham's Blue Sapphire Ashok Nagar Hyderabad-20. Ph.: 09652351152





REPARATION STRATEGY

for IAS/IFoS MATHEMATICS

(Optional)

by Successful Candidate
PARTH JAISWAL
(AIR-5 IFOS) & (AIR-299 IAS)
in IFoS-2014 & IAS-2014 Examinations
CLASSROOM STUDENT

MY BACKGROUND

Hello,My name is Parth Jaiswal. I come from Jaipur, Rajasthan. I completed my graduation in Computer Science discipline from IIT Delhi in 2013. Soon afterwards I started preparing for Civil services and Indian Forest Service, aiming for the attempt of year 2014.

Luckily I was able to clear both the examinations in my first attempt. I secured AIR-5 in IFoS-2014 and AIR-299 in CSE-2014. My optional subject was Mathematics. In case of Forest Service Examination, candidate is required to choose 2 Optionals, thus my second optional was Forestry with Mathematics as my first optional. I secured 250/400 (125+125) marks in IFoS Exam and 300/500 (147+153) marks in CSE in Maths. Thus I would give much credit for my success to my correct choice of optional as well as performance in it. I am writing this to share my experience with Maths as an optional subject and would feel happy if I am able to clear some of the doubts as well as apprehensions regarding it which many UPSC aspirants possess.

Why I Chose Mathematics?

I chose **Mathematics** because of my inherent interest in it from childhood. I have performed well in this in my throughout education and thus was confident enough to handle it well. Another reason for choosing it was, I wanted to have my optional from my background and thus Maths proved to be appropriate choice. Having a science background, I found it much easier to study than any other subject, many of which we have to study for GS prep.

I would like to assert few points regarding it very clearly.

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- This subject is vast in syllabus and takes more time to study than other optionals.
- It also requires consistent practise. But the positive part is If you are thorough with the subject and have practised it well, you can comfortably attempt complete paper with correct answers and thus gives you a great opportunity to score well in your optional (inspite of the scaling often carried out in it) pushing you above the list.
- In this way, this optional gives a bit of security as well as certainty which again comes at a price i.e great amount of hard work. Also IFoS Exam prescribes certain optionals only and Mathematics is one of them. Not all optionals are available for this exam.
- So again it gives you the flexibility of giving IFoS Exam.

From where to study?

I attended classroom coaching of IMS, Rajinder Nagar. I restricted my preparation to the handouts provided by Venkanna Sir. Because of the voluminous syllabus, it is necessary to gauge the point where you have to stop. I found that the notes quite comprehensive and provided me a holistic coverage of the syllabus in a highly structured manner. I believe that those notes are sufficient from the theory point of view.

For practising questions which is of utmost importance, I solved all the questions given in the notes (whether solved or unsolved) multiple times in my registers. Besides that, I solved the questions of previous year papers provided by sir, again multiple times. I restricted my preparation upto this point. But if any student faces difficulty in understanding any particular topic or finds notes insufficient for it or wants to practise more, he/she can use any reference book for any particular topic which can easily be found on internet or available in market.

But again a word of caution, try to limit your preparation to the concepts relevant to the syllabus and don't delve into unnecessary theorems or proofs otherwise its a slippery slope to a massive ocean. We tend to skip the proofs of various theorems provided in the syllabus while studying them as they are of not much use. Proofs of theorems are generally not asked in the exams. But still I used to go through each and every proof in a brief manner provided in the notes. The reason being it would give me a better insight of the topic and often helped in me developing solutions of questions.

Test Series:

No optional is complete without writing a test series and it holds true in Maths also. Test Series is as important in your preparation as your notes + books. Firstly, Test Series is

