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BATCH-I

A CONSOLIDATED QUESTION PAPER-CUM-ANSWER BOOKLET



MAINS TEST SERIES-2021

(JUNE. to DEC.-2021)

IAS/IFoS

MATHEMATICS

Under the guidance of K. Venkanna

FULL SYLLABUS (PAPER-I)

TEST CODE: TEST-13: IAS(M)/31-0CT.-2021

Time: 3 Hours Maximum Marks: 250

INSTRUCTIONS

- This question paper-cum-answer booklet has <u>58</u> pages and has
 - $\underline{34\ PART/SUBPART}$ questions. Please ensure that the copy of the question paper-cum-answer booklet you have received contains all the questions.
- 2. Write your Name, Roll Number, Name of the Test Centre and Medium in the appropriate space provided on the right side.
- 3. A consolidated Question Paper-cum-Answer Booklet, having space below each part/sub part of a question shall be provided to them for writing the answers. Candidates shall be required to attempt answer to the part/sub-part of a question strictly within the pre-defined space. Any attempt outside the pre-defined space shall not be evaluated."
- 4. Answer must be written in the medium specified in the admission Certificate issued to you, which must be stated clearly on the right side. No marks will be given for the answers written in a medium other than that specified in the Admission Certificate.
- Candidates should attempt Question Nos. 1 and 5, which are compulsory, and any THREE of the remaining questions selecting at least ONE question from each Section.
- The number of marks carried by each question is indicated at the end of the question. Assume suitable data if considered necessary and indicate the same clearly.
- 7. Symbols/notations carry their usual meanings, unless otherwise indicated.
- 8. All questions carry equal marks.
- All answers must be written in blue/black ink only. Sketch pen, pencil or ink of any other colour should not be used.
- All rough work should be done in the space provided and scored out finally.
- 11. The candidate should respect the instructions given by the invigilator.
- The question paper-cum-answer booklet must be returned in its entirety to the invigilator before leaving the examination hall. Do not remove any page from this booklet.

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Do not write your Roll Number or Name anywhere else in this Question Papercum-Answer Booklet.

I have read all the instructions and shall abide by them

Signature of the Candidate

I have verified the information filled by the candidate above

Signature of the invigilator

IMPORTANT NOTE:

Whenever a question is being attempted, all its parts/ sub-parts must be attempted contiguously. This means that before moving on to the next question to be attempted, candidates must finish attempting all parts/ sub-parts of the previous question attempted. This is to be strictly followed. Pages left blank in the answer-book are to be clearly struck out in ink. Any answers that follow pages left blank may not be given credit.

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INDEX TABLE

| QUESTION | No. | PAGE NO. | MAX. MARKS | MARKS OBTAINED |
|----------|-----|----------|-------------|----------------|
| 1 | (a) | | | |
| | (b) | | | |
| | (c) | | | |
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| 3 P.4 . I | | | \mathbf{A} |

| | | SECTION - A |
|----|------|---|
| 1. | (a) | A single linear equation can be treated as a very simple system of equations. |
| | (50) | Describe all solutions of the homogeneous "system" $10x_1 - 3x_2 - 2x_3 = 0$ [10] |
| | | Describe all solutions of the homogeneous system Tox ₁ ox ₂ 2x ₃ or [10] |
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| 1. (b) Find a basis for the null space of the mat | rix |
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$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 6 & -1 & 1 & -7 \\ 1 & -2 & 2 & 3 & -1 \\ 2 & -4 & 5 & 8 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$$
 [10]



| 1. | (c) | Let the | function | f(x, | y) ['] | be | defined | by | the | relations | • |
|----|-----|---------|----------|------|-----------------|----|---------|----|-----|-----------|---|
|----|-----|---------|----------|------|-----------------|----|---------|----|-----|-----------|---|

$$f(x,y) = \frac{\sin(x-y)}{|x|+|y|}$$
 for $|x| + |y| \neq 0$, $f(0.0) = 0$.

If f continuous at x = 0, y = 0?

[10]

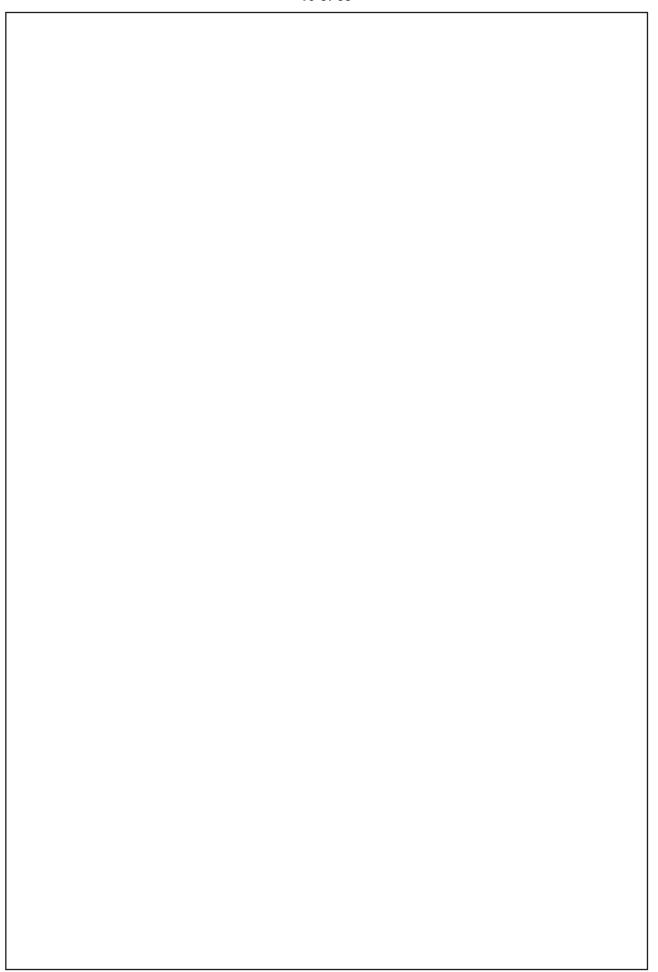


| 1. | (d) | Find the area of the portion of the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 9$ lying inside the cylinder | ? |
|----|-----|--|---|
| | | $x^2 + y^2 = 3y.$ [10] | |
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| $ul + vm + wn = 0$ $al^2 + bm^2 + cn^2 = 0$ are (α) parallel, if (u^2/a) + (v^2/b) + (w^2/c) = 0. [10] | 1. | (e) | Show that the straight line whose direction cosines are given by the equations : |
|---|----|-----|--|
| | | | $ul + vm + wn = 0$ $al^2 + bm^2 + cn^2 = 0$ are (a) parallel, if $(u^2/a) + (v^2/b) + (w^2/c) = 0$. |
| | | | [10] |
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2. (a) Let us pose the following problem. Let W be the subspace of R⁴ spanned by the vectors

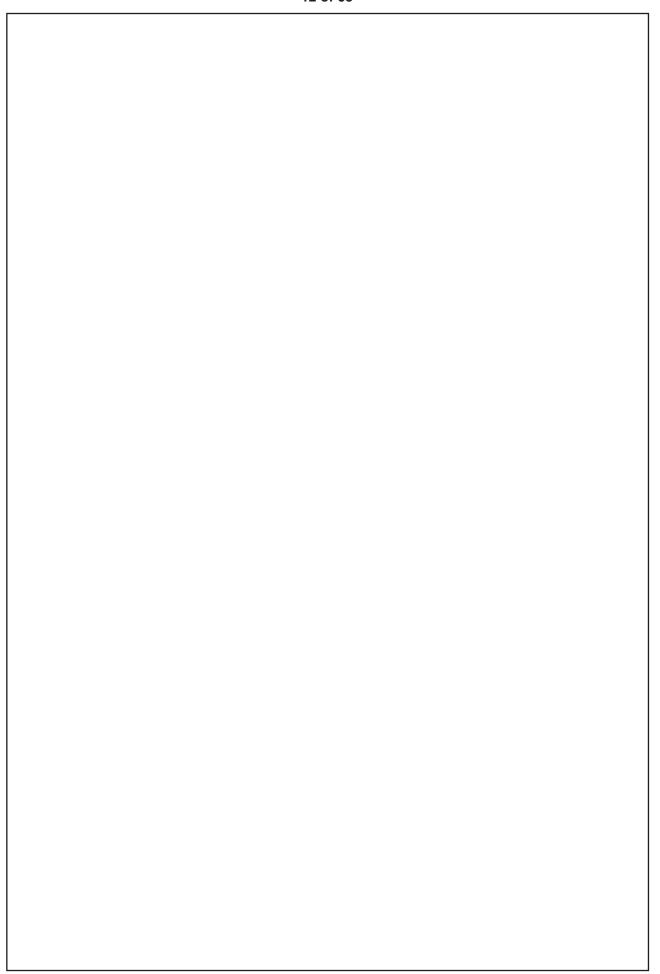
$$\alpha_1 = (1, 2, 2, 1)$$
 $\alpha_2 = (0, 2, 0, 1)$
 $\alpha_3 = (-2, 0, -4, 3)$

- (i) Prove that α_1 , α_2 α_3 form a basis for W, i.e., that these vectors are linearly independent.
- (ii) Let β = (b₁, b₂, b₃, b₄) be a vector in W. What are the coordinates of β relative to the ordered basis basis { α_1 , α_2 α_3 }?
- (iii) Let $\alpha'_1 = (1, 0, 2, 0)$ $\alpha'_2 = (0, 2, 0, 1)$ $\alpha'_3 = (0, 0, 0, 3)$

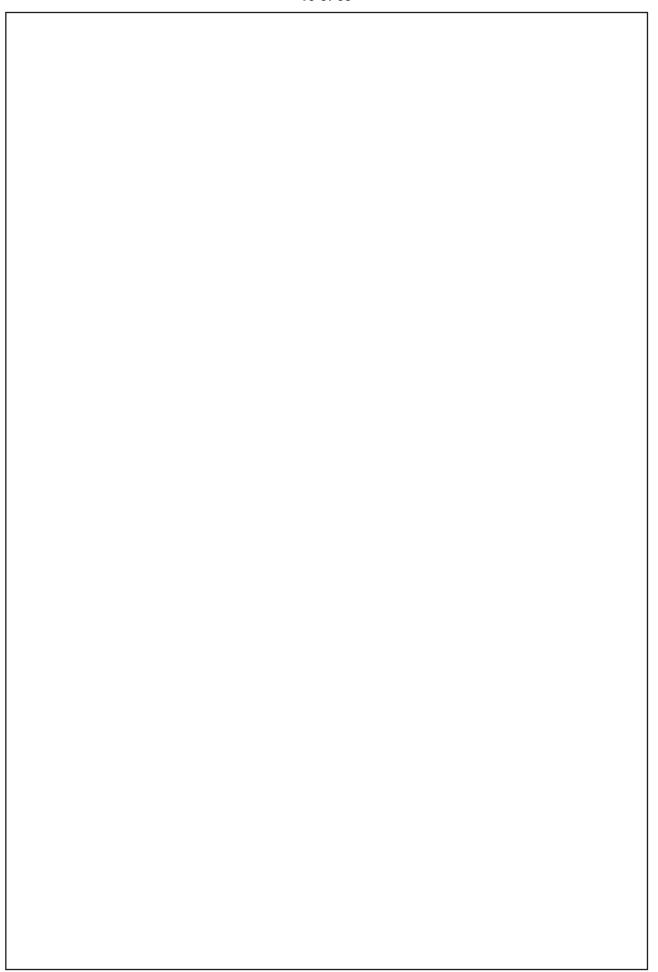
Show that α'_1 , α'_2 , α'_3 , form a basis for W.

(iv) If β is in W, let X denote the coordinate matrix of β relative to the α -basis and X' the coordinate matrix of β relative to the α' -basis. Find the 3 × 3 matrix P such that X = PX' for every such β . [18]







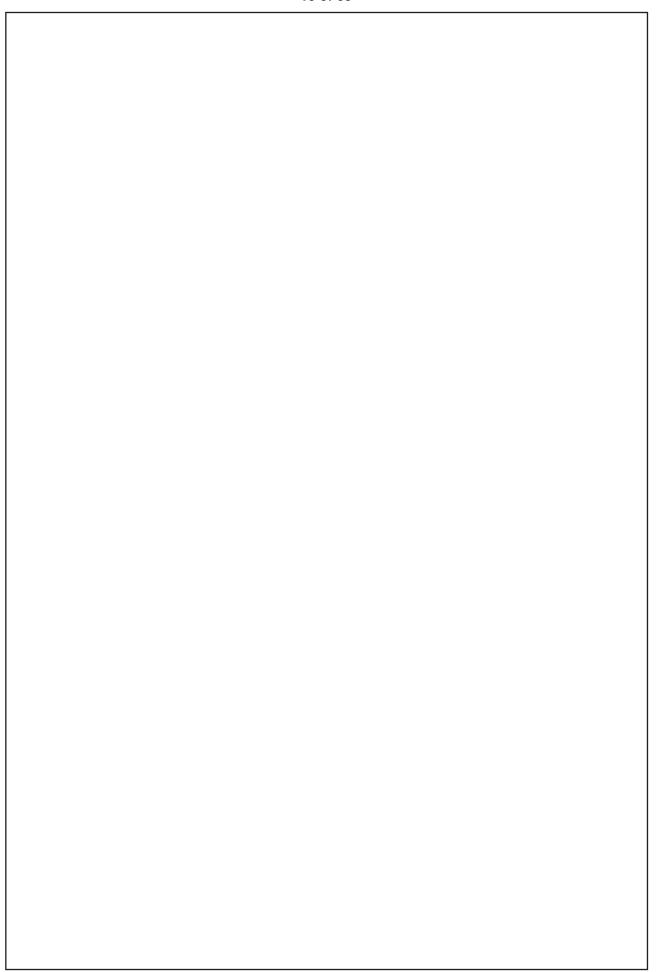




- 2. (b) (i) Find $\lim_{x \to -\infty} \left(x^2 \operatorname{sng}(\cos x) \right)$
 - (ii) If w = f(x + y, x y) has continuous partial derivatives with respect to u = x + y, v = x y, show that

$$\frac{\partial w}{\partial x}\frac{\partial w}{\partial y} = \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial u}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial v}\right)^2.$$
 [16]

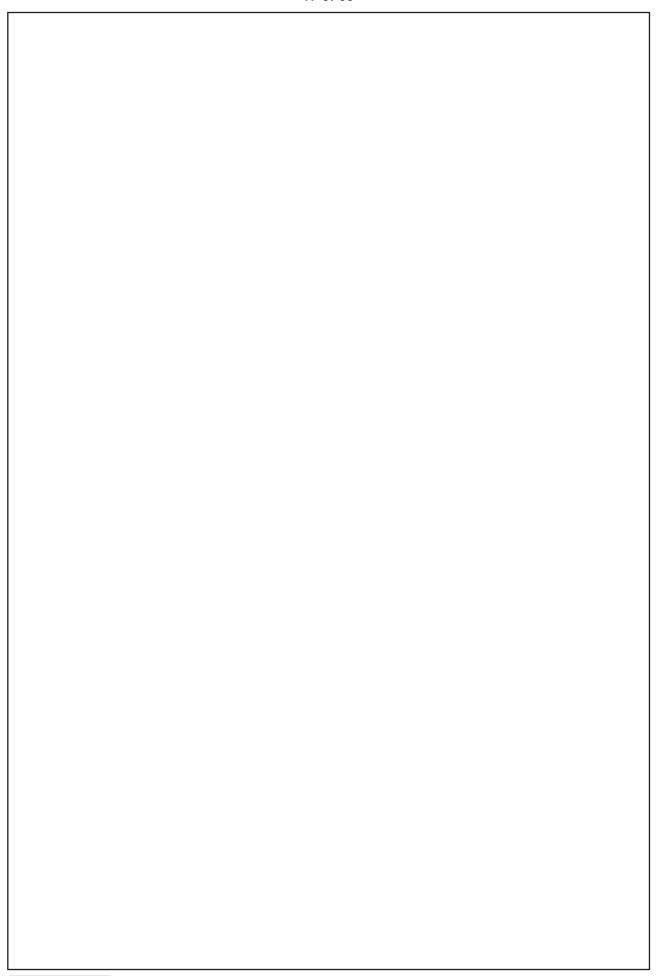




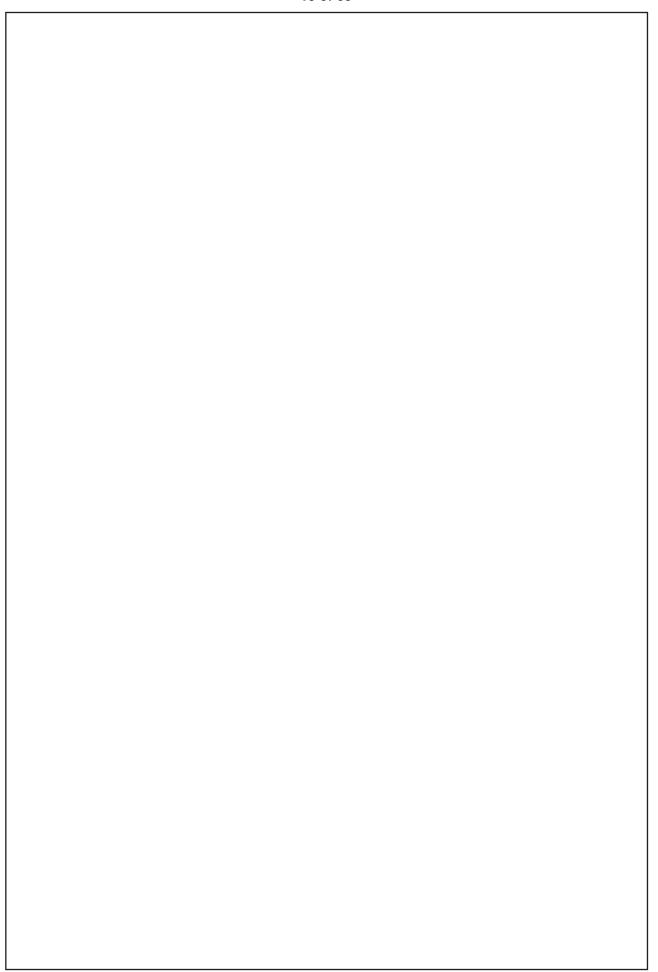


| | (0) | Through a point D(s, 0, s) a plane is drawn at pight angles to OD to most the area |
|----|-----|---|
| 2. | (C) | Through a point P (α , β , γ) a plane is drawn at right angles to OP to meet the axes |
| | | in A, B, C. Prove that the area of the triangle ABC is $p^5/(2 \alpha \beta \gamma)$, where OP = p. |
| | | [16] |
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3. (a) Let
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -3 \\ 3 & 5 \\ -1 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$$
, $\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$, $\mathbf{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \\ -5 \end{bmatrix}$, $\mathbf{c} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$, and define a transformation $T : \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^3$

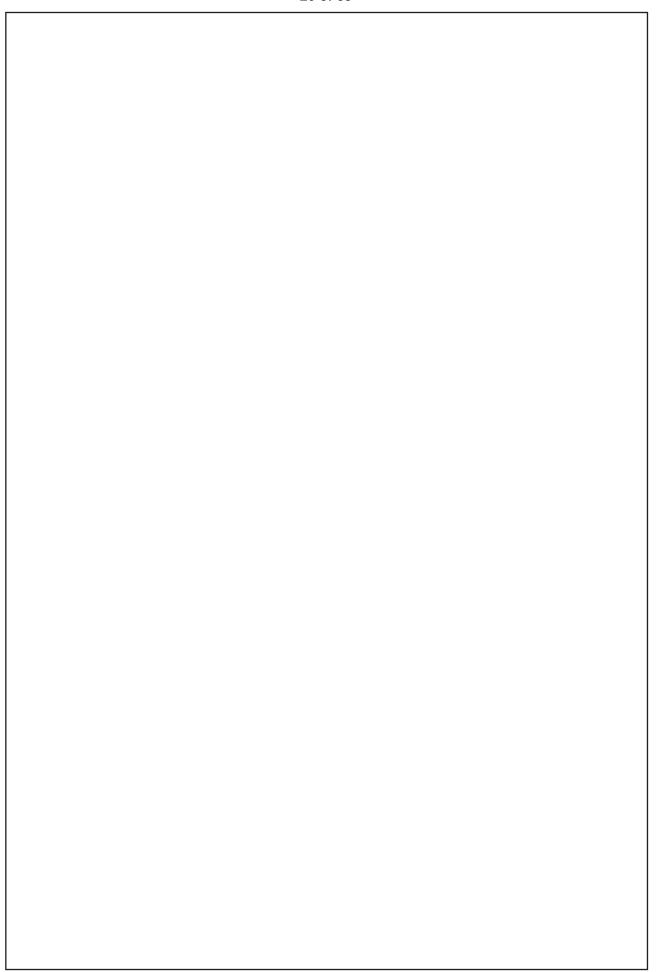
by
$$T(x) = Ax$$
, so that

$$T(\mathbf{x}) = A\mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -3 \\ 3 & 5 \\ -1 & 7 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 - 3x_2 \\ 3x_1 + 5x_2 \\ -x_1 + 7x_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (i) Find T(**u**), the image of **u** under the transformation T.
- (ii) Find an **x** in \mathbb{R}^2 whose image under T is **b**.
- (iii) Is there more than one **x** whose image under T is **b**?
- (iv) Determine if ${\bf c}$ is in the range of the transformation T.

[20]

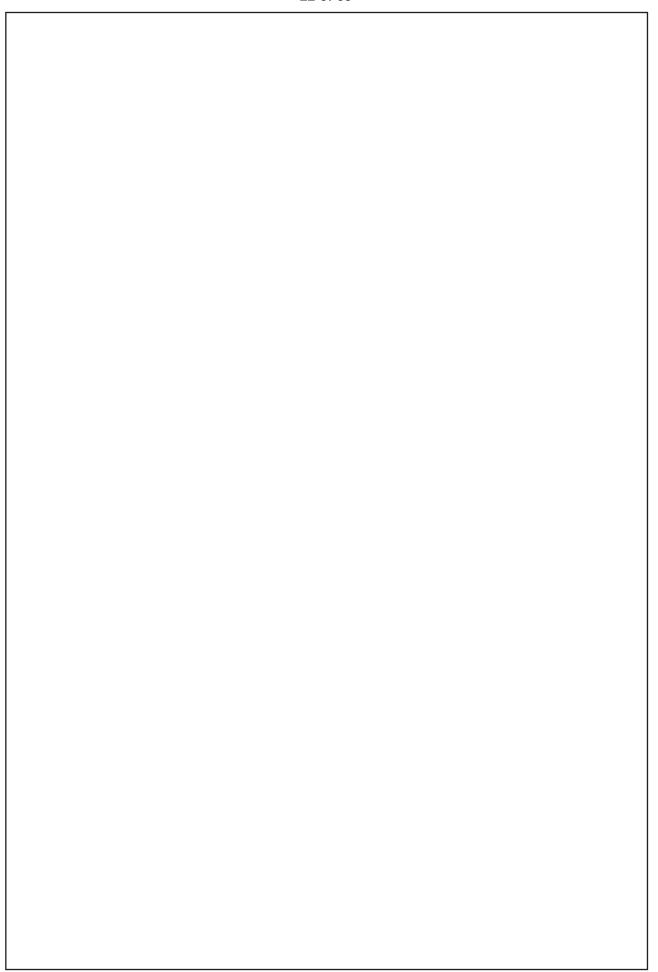






| 3. | (b) | A horizontal water tank is to be constructed in the form of a cylinder with |
|-----|-----|--|
|] . | (~) | hemispherical ends. Find the diameter and the length of the cylindrical portion |
| | | of the tank if the tank is to hold 8000 cubic feet of water and the least amount |
| | | of material is to be used in constructing the tank. [15] |
| | | of material is to be used in constructing the tank. |
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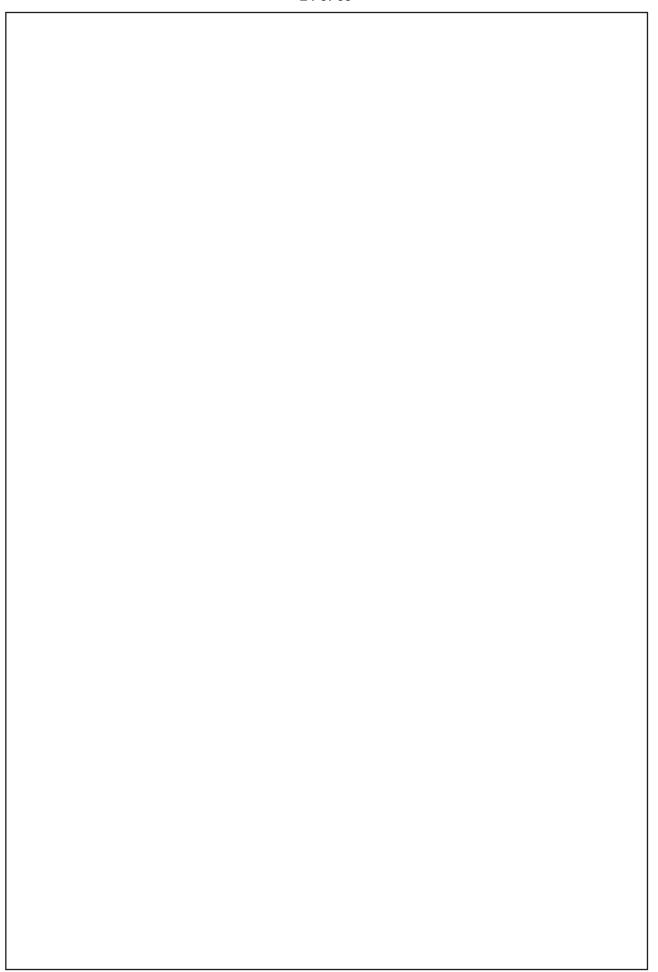






| 3. | (c) | A cone has as base the circle $x^2 + y^2 + 2ax + 2by = 0$, $z = 0$ and passes through the |
|----|-----|--|
| | | fixed point (0, 0 c). If the section of the cone by zx-plane is a rectangular hyperbola, |
| | | prove that the vertex lies on a fixed circle. [15] |
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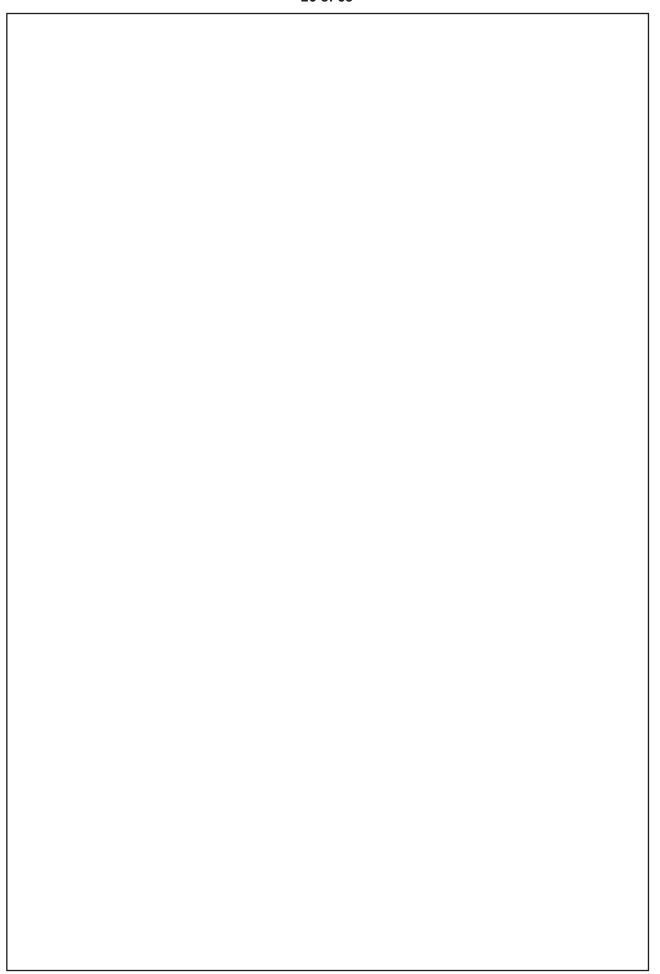






| 4. | (a) | (i) | Let V be a two-dimensional vector space over the field F, and let β be an ore | dered |
|----|-----|-----|--|--------|
| | | | basis for V. If T is a linear operator on V and $[T]\beta = \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix}$ prove that T^2 | – (a + |
| | | | d) $T + (ad - bc) I = 0$. | [17] |

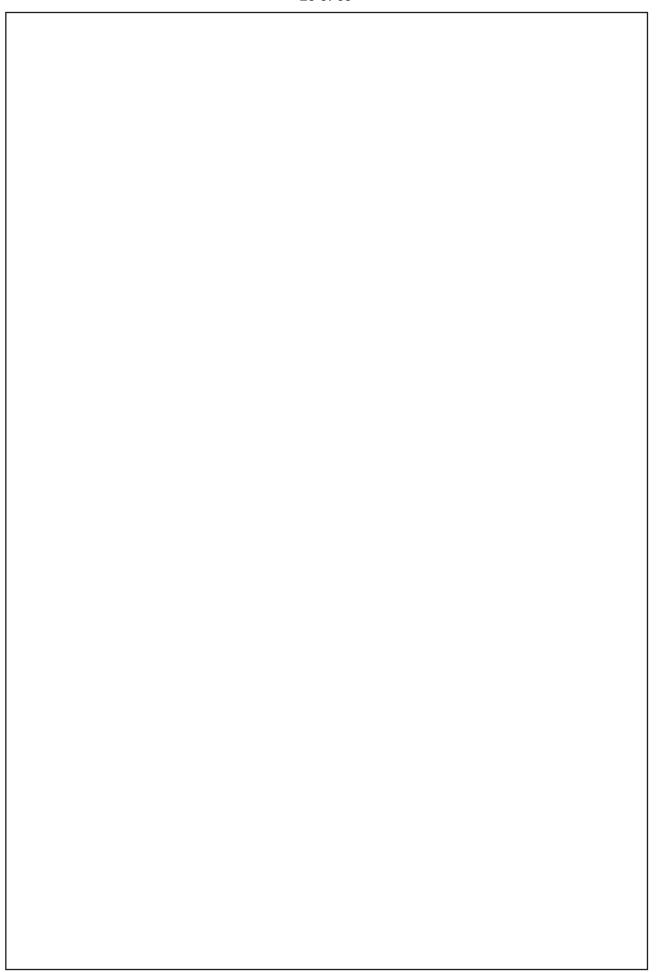






| 4 | (b) | (i) | Show that if a > 1 | 1 | $\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{x^{a}}{1-x^{a}} dx = 0$ | $\Gamma(a+1)$ |
|----|-----|-----|--------------------|----|--|------------------|
| т. | (D) | (1) | Show that if a > | 1, | $\int_0^1 a^x dx =$ | $(\log a)^{a+1}$ |

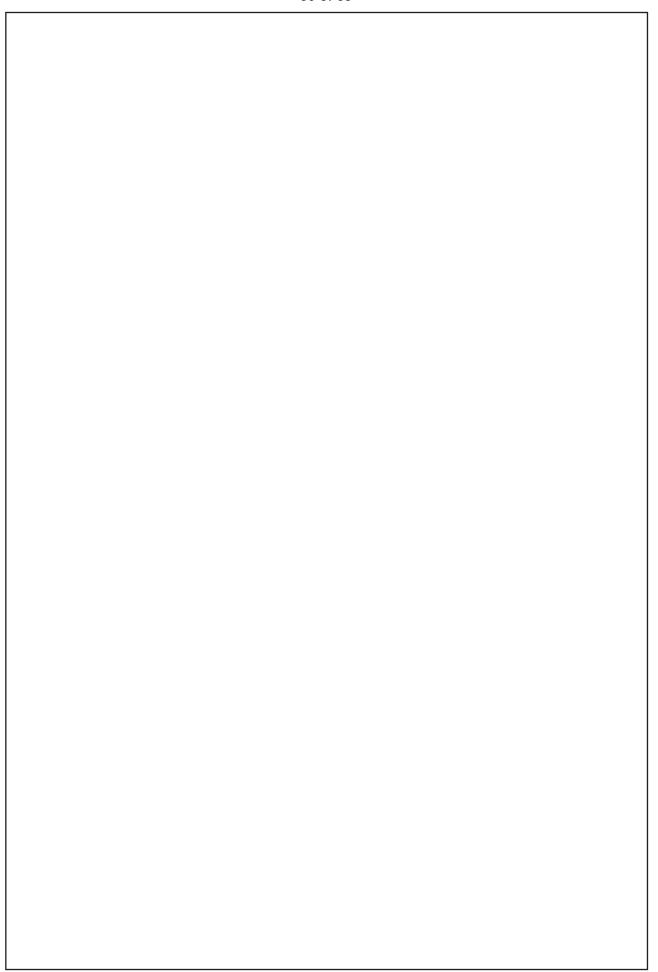
(ii) If
$$\mathbf{v} = At^{-1/2}e^{-x^2/4a^2t}$$
, Prove that $\frac{\partial \mathbf{v}}{\partial t} = a^2 \frac{\partial^2 \mathbf{v}}{\partial x^2}$. [15]





| 1 | (0) | CD CO are any two conjugate sami diametra of the allines (+2/22) + (+2/12) = 1 |
|----|-----|---|
| 4. | (C) | CP, CQ are any two conjugate semi-diametrs of the ellipse $(x^2/a^2) + (y^2/b^2) = 1$, z |
| | | = c, CP', CQ' are the conjugate diameters of the ellipse $(x^2/a^2) + (y^2/b^2) = 1$, $z = -c$ |
| 1 | | drawn in the same directions as CP and CQ. Prove that the hyperboloid $(2x^2/a^2)$ |
| | | $+ (2y^2/b^2) - (z^2/c^2) = 1$ is generated by either PQ' or P' Q'. [18] |
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|----|-----|----------------------|-------------|------|
| 5. | (a) | Solve $x = py + p^2$ | | [10] |
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5. (b) (i) If
$$L\left\{2\sqrt{\left(\frac{t}{\pi}\right)}\right\} = \frac{1}{s^{3/2}}$$
, show $\frac{1}{s^{1/2}} = L\left\{\frac{1}{\sqrt{(\pi t)}}\right\}$.

(ii) Find a function F(t) for which

$$F(t) = L^{-1} \left\{ \frac{3}{s} - \frac{4e^{-s}}{s^2} + \frac{4e^{-3s}}{s^2} \right\}$$
 [10]



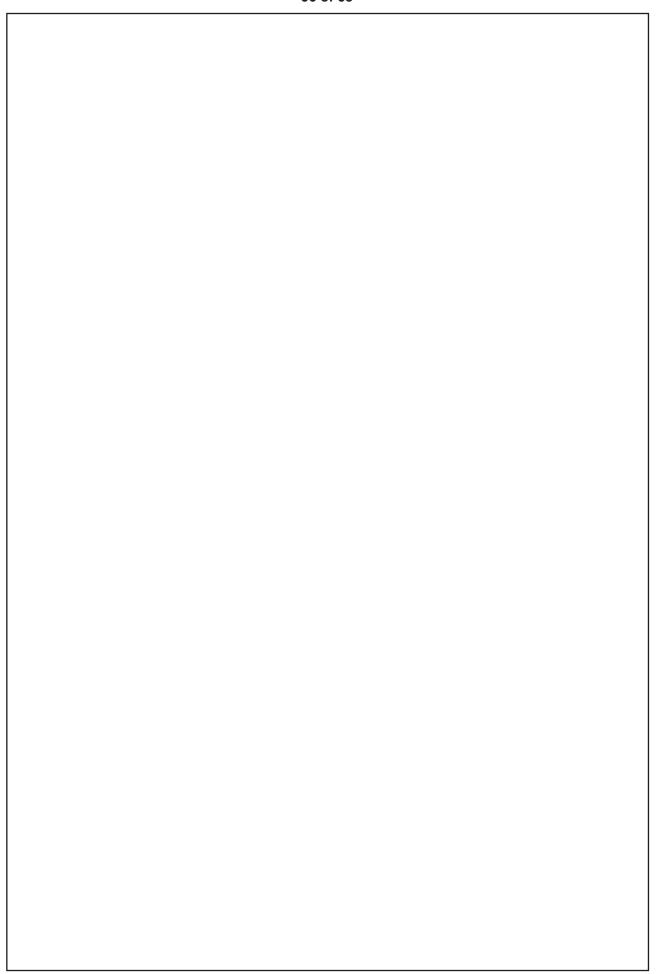
| | | ** ** ** |
|----|-----|---|
| 5. | (c) | A uniform rod AB movable about a hinge at A, rests with the other end against a smooth vertical wall. If α be the inclination of the rod to the vertical, prove that the magnitude of the reaction of the hinge is |
| | | $\frac{1}{2}w\sqrt{4+\tan^2\alpha} \ . $ [10] |
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| 5. | (d) | Transform the function $f = \rho e_{\rho} + \rho e_{\phi}$ from cylindrical to cartesian system. [10] | \neg |
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| 5. | (e) | Show that $\mathbf{F} = (\sin y + z) \mathbf{i} + (x \cos y - z) \mathbf{j} + (x - y) \mathbf{k}$ | |
|----|-----|---|------|
| | | is irrotational and find a function ϕ such that $F = \nabla \phi$. | |
| | | | [10] |
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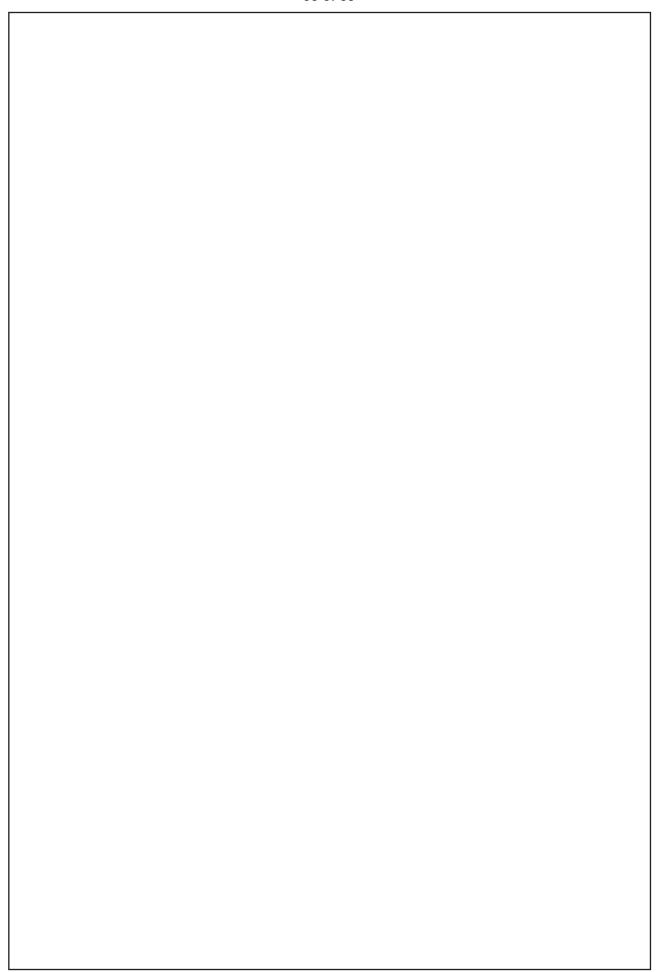
6. (a) (i) Determine the constant A such that the equation

$$\left(\frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{1}{y^2}\right) dx + \left(\frac{Ax+1}{y^3}\right) dy = 0$$
 is exact and solve the resulting exact equation.

(ii) Find the value of n such that the curves $\mathbf{x}^n + \mathbf{y}^n = \mathbf{c}_1$ are orthogonal trajectories of the family

$$y = \frac{x}{1 - c_2 x}$$
. [18]

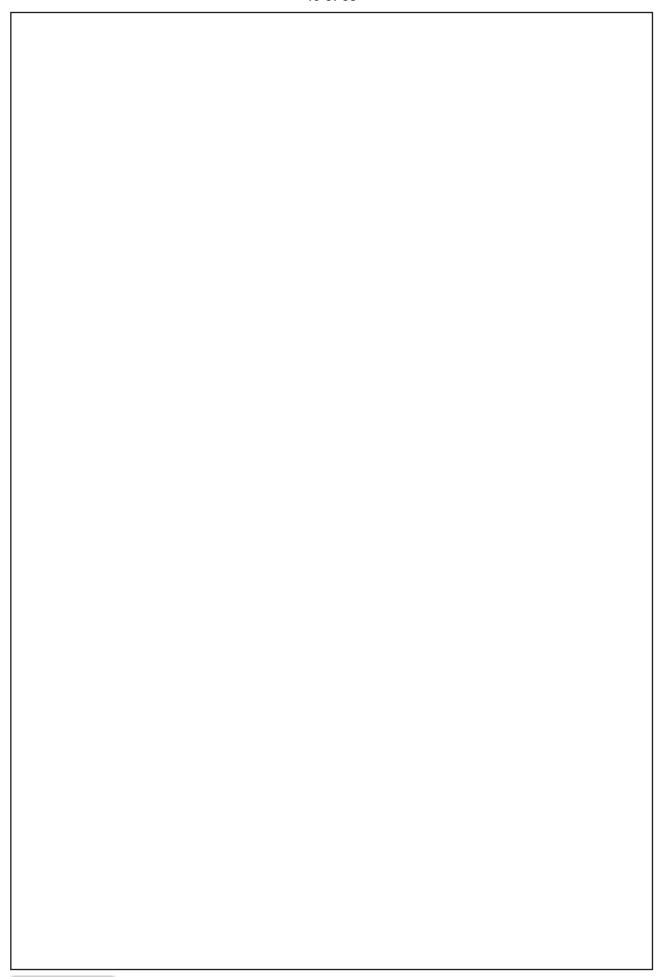






| 6. | (b) | Find the length of an endless chain which will hang over a circular pulley of radius |
|----|-------|--|
| | (-) | a so as to be in contact with the two thirds of the circumference of the pulley. |
| | | [17] |
| | | [1 |
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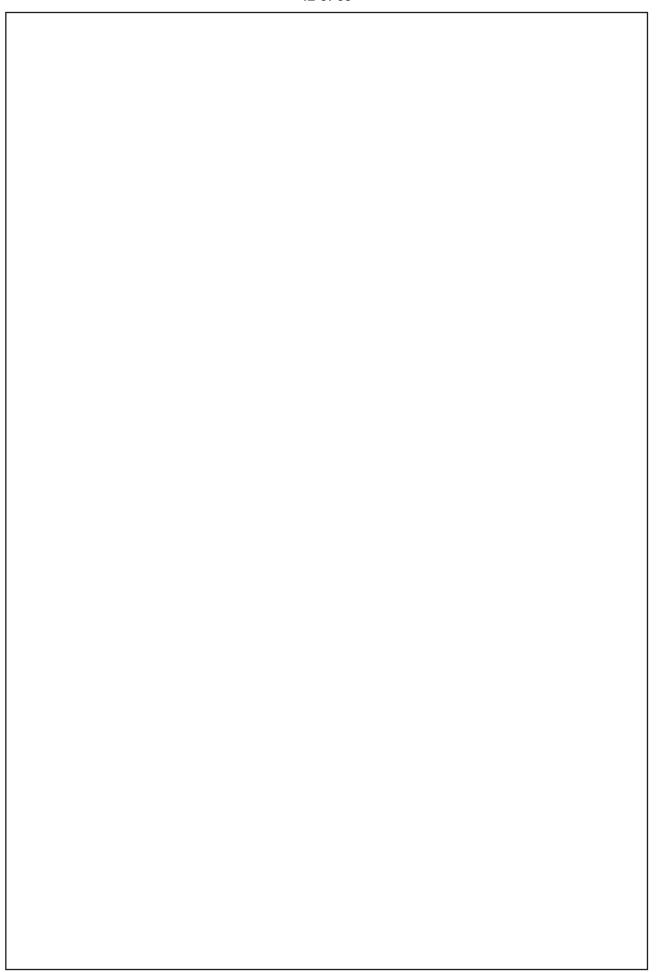






| 6. | (c) | Find the directional derivative of $\phi = x^2yz + 4xz^2$ at $(1, -2, -1)$ in the |
|----|-----|---|
| | (-) | direction $2\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j} - 2\mathbf{k}$. In which direction the directional derivative will |
| | | be maximum and what is its magnitude. Also find a unit normal to |
| | | the surface $x^2yz + 4xz^2 = 6$ at the point $(1, -2, -1)$, find the equation |
| | | of tangent plane and normal at the point $(1, -2, -1)$. [15] |
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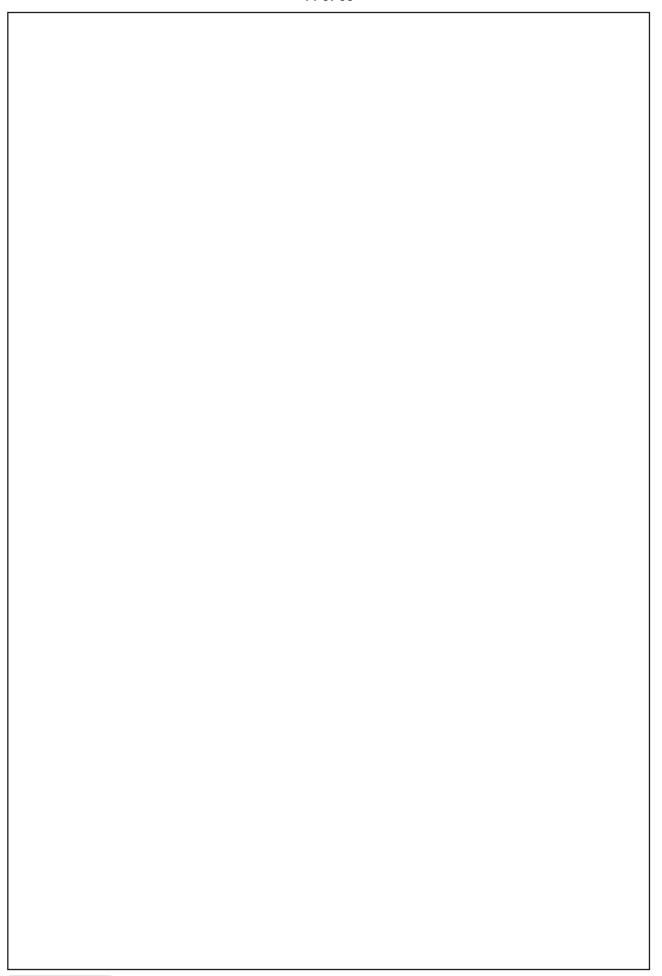






| 7. | (a) | (i) Solve $(d^4y/dx^4) + 6(d^3y/dx^3) + 11(d^2y/dx^2) + 6(dy/dx) = 20 e^{-2x} \sin x$. |
|----|-----|--|
| | | (ii) Solve by the method of variation of parameters $x(dy/dx) - y = (x - 1) (d^2y/dx^2)$ |
| | | -x+1) [17] |
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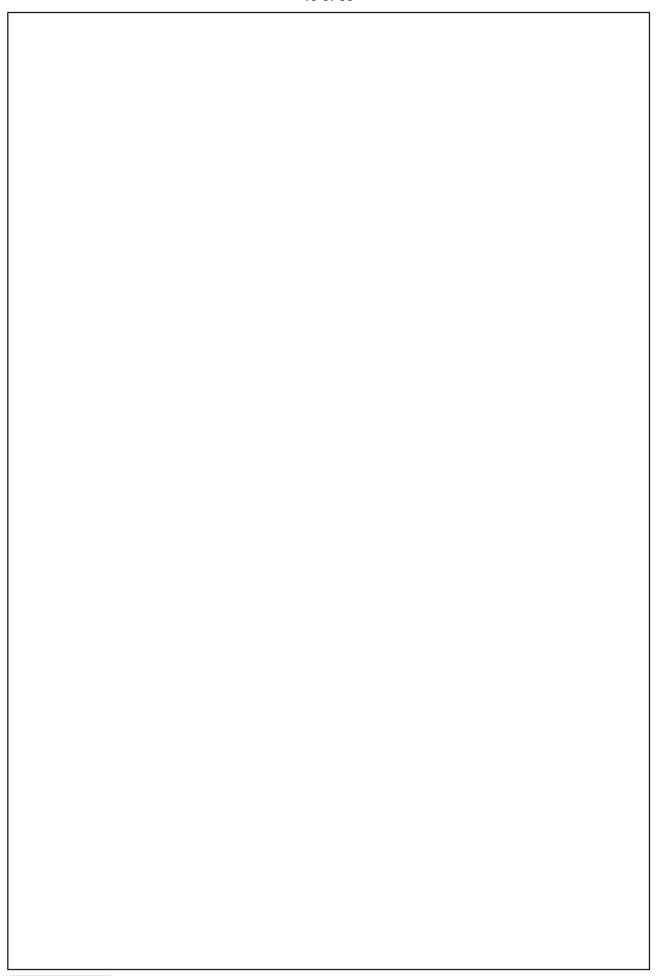






| 7. | (b) | A light elastic string of natural length l is hung by one end and to the other end |
|----|-----|---|
| | (~) | are tied successively particles of masses m_1 and m_2 . If t_1 and t_2 be the periods and |
| | | c_1 , c_2 the statical extensions corresponding to these two weights, prove that $g(t_1^2)$ |
| | | |
| | | $-t_{2}^{2}) = 4\pi^{2} (c_{1} - c_{2})$ [15] |
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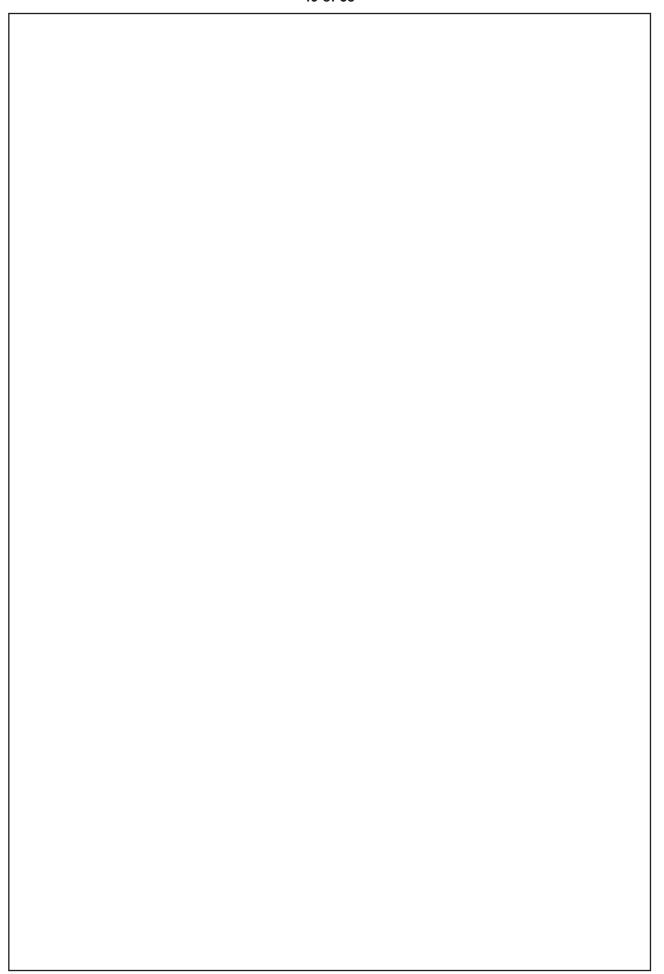




| | | 47 of 58 | |
|----|-----|---|------------|
| 7. | (c) | Let $F = 2xz \mathbf{i} - x \mathbf{j} + y^2 \mathbf{k}$. Evaluate $\iiint_V \mathbf{F} dV$ where V is the region bounded by | the |
| | | surfaces $x = 0$, $y = 0$, $y = 6$, $z = x^2$, $z = 4$. | [8] |
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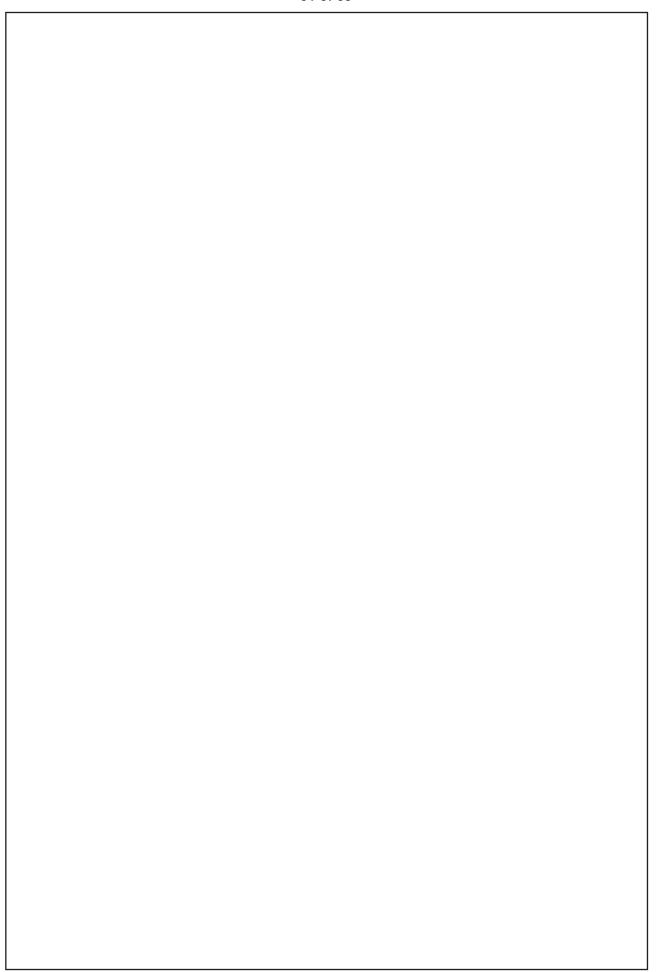






| 8. | (b) | A particle slides down the arc of a smooth cycloid whose axis is vertical and vertex |
|----|-----|---|
| | , , | lowest, starting at rest from the cusp. Prove that the time occupied in falling down |
| | | the first half of the vertical height is equal to the time of falling down the second |
| | | half. [15] |
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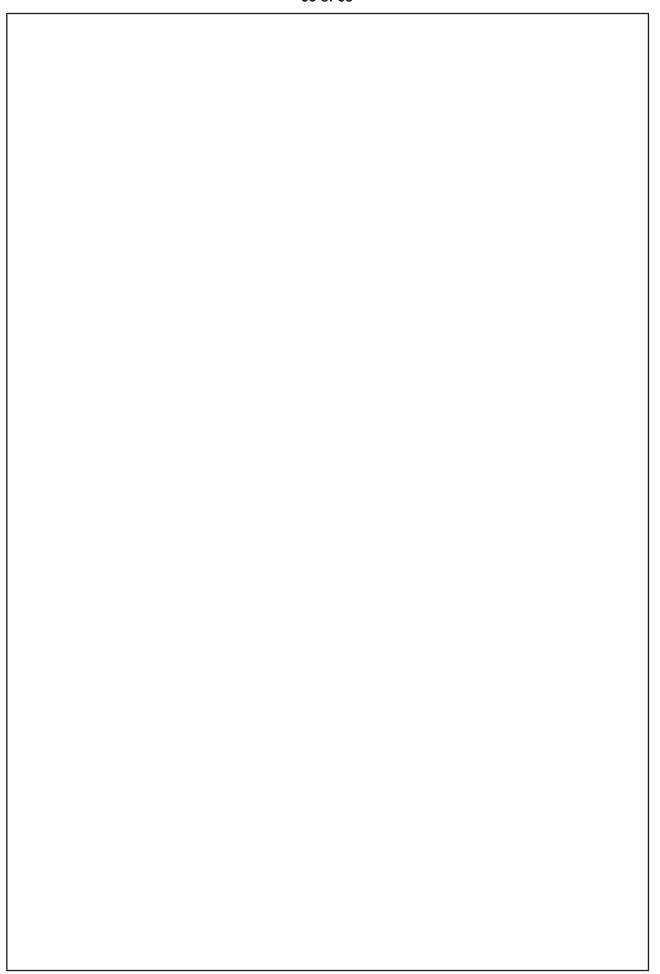




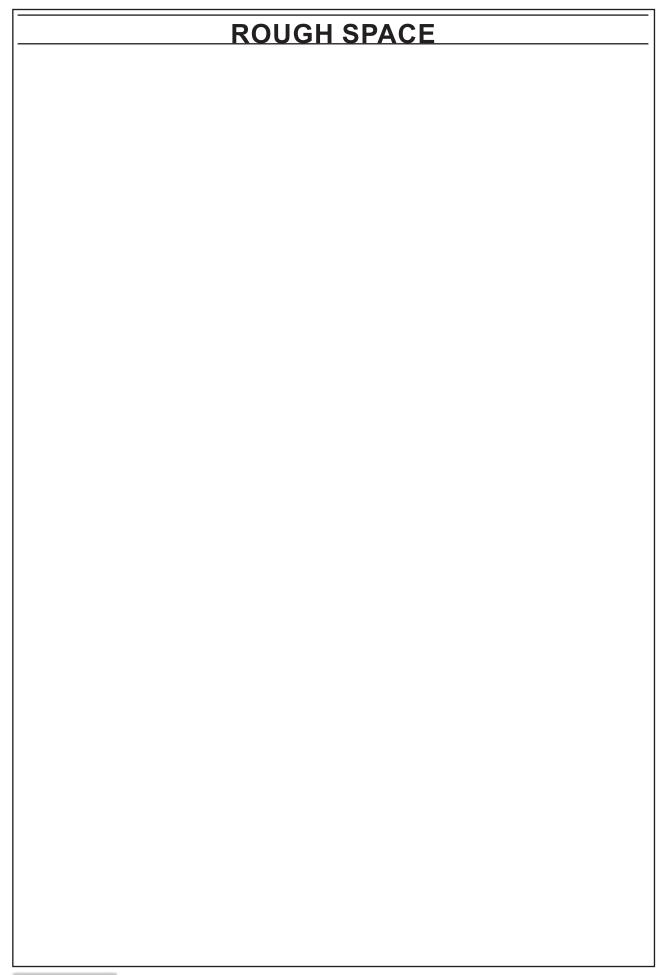


| 8. | (c) | Applying Stoke's theorem to prove that |
|----|-----|--|
| | | $\int_{C} (ydx + zdy + xdz) = -2\sqrt{2}\pi a^{2}, \text{ where C is the curve given by } x^{2} + y^{2} + z^{2} - 2ax - 2ay$ |
| | | = 0 , $x + y = 2a$ and begins at the point (2a, 0, 0) and goes at first below the z-plane. |
| | | [20] |

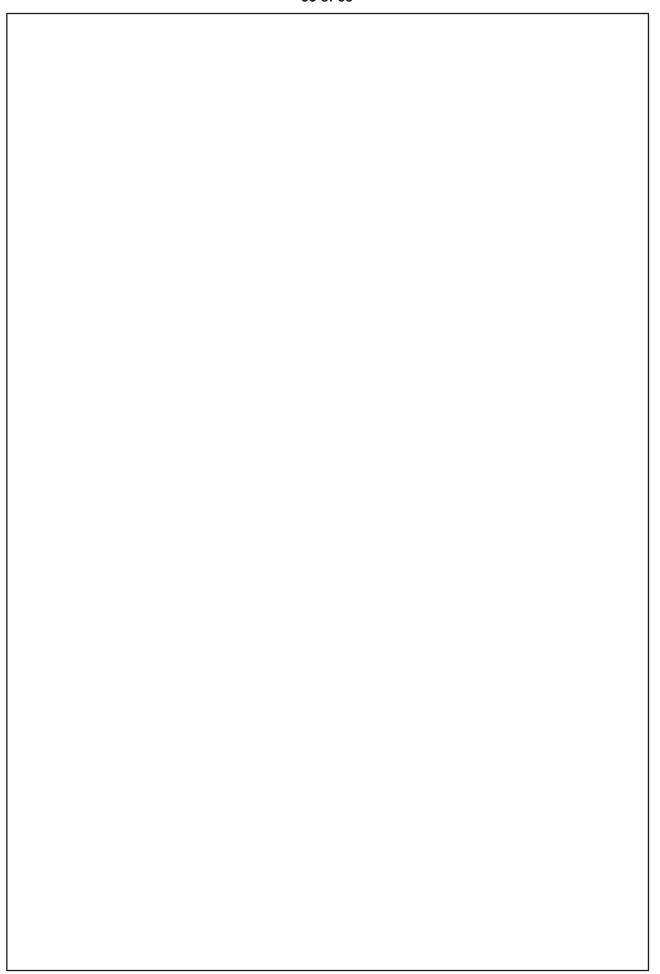




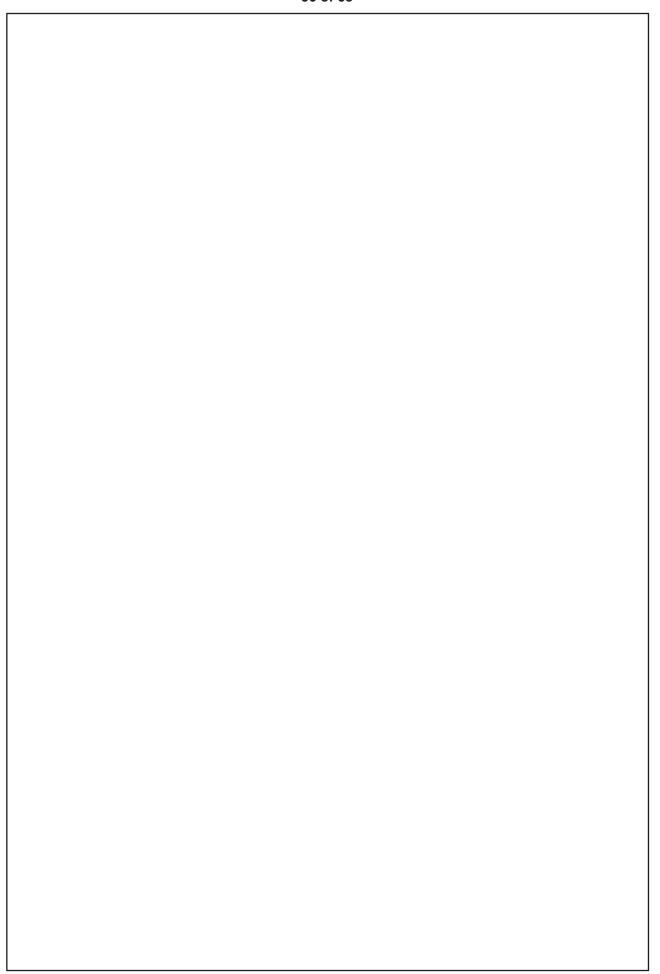














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