

EXADEMY

ONLINE NATIONAL TEST

Course: UPSC – CSE - Mathematics Optional

Subject: Vector Analysis

Time: 2 hours

Total Questions: 10

Total Marks: 100

- Q1. Use divergence theorem $\iint_S \vec{V} \cdot \hat{n} dA$ $\vec{V} = x^2z \hat{i} + y \hat{j} - xz^2 \hat{k}$; S is boundary of region bounded by paraboloid $z = x^2 + y^2$ and the plane $z = 4y$. 10
- Q2. $\vec{u} = 4y\hat{i} + x\hat{j} - 2z\hat{k}$ Find $\iint (\nabla \times \vec{u}) \cdot d\vec{S}$ over the hemisphere given by $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = a^2; z \geq 0$. 10
- Q3. If $\vec{A} = x^2yz \hat{i} - 2xz^3 \hat{j} + xz^2 \hat{k}$; $\vec{B} = 2z\hat{i} + 4\hat{j} - x^2 \hat{k}$ Find the value of $\frac{\delta^2}{\delta x \delta y} (\vec{A} \times \vec{B})$ at $(1, 0, -2)$ 10
- Q4. Find the line integral over circular path $x^2 + y^2 = a^2, z = 0$ where $\vec{F} = \sin y \hat{i} + x(1 + \cos y)\hat{j}$. 10
- Q5. Calculate $\nabla^2(r^n)$ in terms of r and n where $r = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}$. 10
- Q6. Evaluate by Stoke's theorem $\int_{\Gamma} ydx + zdy + xdz$ where Γ is the curve given by $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - 2ax - 2ay = 0, x + y = 2a$, starting from $(2a, 0, 0)$ and then going below the line z -plane. 10

Q7. Find the angle between the surface $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - 9 = 0$ and $z = x^2 + y^2 - 3$ at $(2, -1, 2)$

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Q8. Evaluate $\int_C e^{-x}(\sin y \, dx + \cos y \, dy)$ where C is the rectangle with vertices $(0,0), (\pi, 0), (\pi, \frac{\pi}{2}), (0, \frac{\pi}{2})$.

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Q9. Evaluate $\iint_S (\nabla \times \vec{F}) \cdot \hat{r} \, dS$ for $\vec{F} = (2x - y)\hat{i} - yz^2\hat{j} - y^2z\hat{k}$ where S is the upper half of the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1$ bounded by its projection on xy plane.

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Q10. Evaluate $\int_{(0,0)}^{(2,1)} (10x^4 - 2xy^3)dx - 3x^2y^2dy$ along the path $x^4 - 6xy^3 = 4y^2$.

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