

Roll No:

PRANVEER SINGH INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, KANPUR
Session 2022-23
Even Semester
CT - 1

CT - 1

B. Tech. IV Semester

Theory of Automata and Formal Languages (KCS -402)
Course Outcome

Theory of Automata and Formal Languages (AES-102)	
Course Outcome	
C0 Number	
CO1	Define [L1: Remember] various types of automata, languages and grammars.
CO2	Express [L2: Understand] languages using grammar, automaton and to review class of language.
CO3	Interpret [L3: Apply] the behavior of machines (such as FA, TM & PDA) and grammars.
CO4	Analyze [L4: Analysis] ambiguity and decidability of grammars and languages.

M. M. 15

Time: 1.5 Hrs.

Section A

(1X3 = 3 Marks)

Q1. Attempt all questions:

- Q1. Attempt all questions:**
- a) Define Alphabets and Strings in Automata Theory.
 - b) Explain epsilon closure with example.
 - c) Comparison between DFA and NFA.

CO1

C02

CO2

Section B

(2X4 = 8 Marks)

Q2. Attempt all questions:

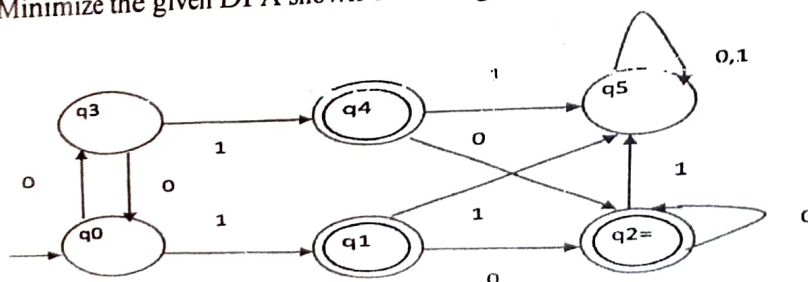
- Q2. Attempt all questions:**
- a i) Construct a Deterministic Finite Automation (DFA) for the language L which accepts all the strings in which the third symbol from right end is always 'a' over $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$.
- Or**
- ii) Design a DFA for language starts with b over $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$ and show the testing of "baabaa" as string.
- b i) Design a DFA for accepting all the strings of $\{L = 0^m 1^n \mid m \geq 0 \text{ and } n \geq 1\}$.
- Or**
- ii) Minimize the given DFA shown below Figure.

CO3

C03

C03

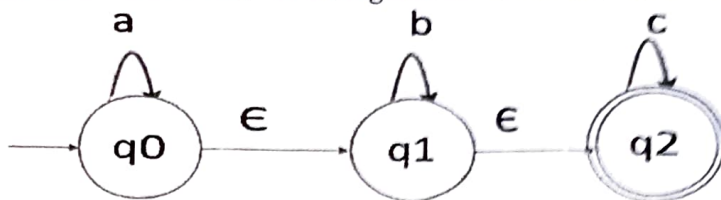
C03



c i) Design a DFA that accepts the binary number whose equivalent is divisible by 5. (1/1)

Or

ii) Convert to DFA for the following non-deterministic finite automata (NFA) with epsilon. (1/1)

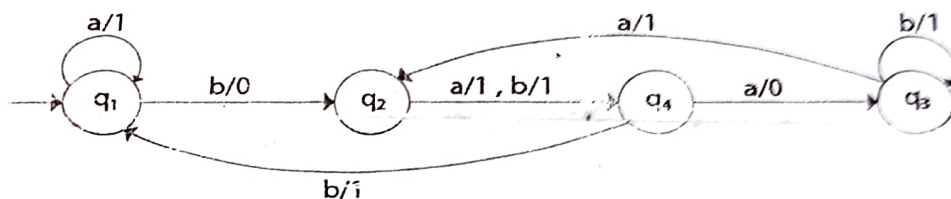


d i) Convert the following NFA $\{\{p, q, r, s\}, \{0, 1\}, \delta, p, \{q, s\}\}$ into DFA where δ is given by: (1/1)

δ/Σ	0	1
$\rightarrow P$	Q, S	Q
*Q	R	Q, R
R	S	P
*S	Φ	P

Or

ii) Convert the following Mealy machine into equivalent Moore machine. (0/3)



Section C

(4X1 = 4 Marks)

Q3

i) a) Design Moore Machine for the input from (0, 1, 2) which prints the residue modulo 5 of the input

treated as ternary number. (0/3)

b) Design a mealy machine to determine the residue mod 3 of a binary number. (0/3)

Or

ii) a) Design a Regular Expression for the language containing all the strings having any number of a's and b's. (0/3)

b) Write a Regular Expression for the language in which first character is a or c followed by b over $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$. (0/3)

(a, b, c)