PRANVEER SINGH INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLO

Odd Semester

Session 2023-24

Pre-University



B. Tech. -I Semester

Fundamentals of Mechanical Engineering (BME-101)

CO Number	Course Outcome
CO1	Define (L1: Remember) various laws, theorems and parameters used in mechanical engineering and mechatronics.
CO2	Describe (L2: Understand) the utility of concepts of mechanical engineering and
CO3	Derive (L3: Apply) the general equations of Mechanical Engineering and compare
CO4	Illustrate (L4: Analyze) various concepts and working of devices used in mechanical engineering and mechatronics with suitable diagrams.
CO5	Calculate (L5: Evaluate) the general parameters related to various problems of mechanical engineering.

Time: 3 Hrs.

M. M. 70

Section A

Q1. Attempt all questions:

(2X7 = 14 Marks)

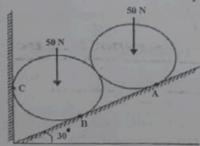
a)	Define Poission's ratio.	COI
b)	Define the term relative humidity and specific humidity.	CO1
c)	Define the term swept volume and compression ratio.	CO1
d)	Define Sensor and Actuator.	CO1
e)	Define the term Accuracy and precision in measurement.	CO1
I)	At a point A in a fluid flow system, the pressure reading was observed to be -25kN/m ² . Calculate this pressure in meter of water and meters of oil (sp. gravity0.85).	CO5
g)	Calculate the kinematic viscosity of a fluid in stokes whose specific gravity is 0.85 and dynamic viscosity is 0.011 Poise.	CO5

Section B

Q2. Attempt all questions:

(7X3 = 21 Marks)

Two spheres, each of weight 50N and radius of 10cm, rest in aninclined plane, 300 with CO5 a) the horizontal as shown in fig .Calculate the reaction on the point of contact A,B and C.



- Describe the terms Autotronics, Bionics and Avionics with their applications in the field CO2 b i) of mechatronics. OR
- Describe the working of Cam and Ratched Paul Mechanism with their applications and CO2 ii) advantages.
- Derive Pascal's law with their statement. c i) CO₃ OR
- Derive an expression for volumetric strain for a rectangular bar which is subjected to three CO3 ii) mutually perpendicular tensile stresses.

Attempt any one part of the following questions:

Calculate the modulus of rigidity and bulk modulus of a cylindrical bar of diameter of CO5 25mm and length 1.6m, if the longitudinal strain in a bar during a tensile test is four times of the lateral strain. Also calculate change in volume, when the bar is subjected to a hydrostatics pressure of 100N/mm². Take E=1X10⁵ N/mm².

A metallic bar 300mmX100mmX40mm (dimension along x, y and z axis respectively) is CO5 subjected to a force of 5kN (tensile),6kN (tensile) and4kN (tensile) along x, y and z direction respectively. Calculate the change in dimension and change in volume of block. Take E=2X10⁵ N/mm² and poisson's ratio=0.25.

. Attempt any one part of the following questions:

a)

(7X1 = 7 Marks)

A steel shaft 25mm diameter and 30cm long falls of its own weight inside a vertical open CO5 tube 25.2mm diameter. The clearance, assumed uniform, is filled with glycerin of viscosity 1.5 Pa s. Calculate the velocity of cylinder fall at this condition. Take density of steel 7850 Kg/m3.

A refrigerating plant is required to produce 2.5 tons of ice per day at -4°C from water at CO5 20°C. If the temperature range in the compressor is between 25°C and -6°C, Calculate b) power required to drive the compressor. Latent heat of ice=335kJ/kg and specific heat of ice=2.1 kJ/kg.K.

Q5. Attempt any one part of the following questions:

(7X1 = 7 Marks)

- Describe different ways of producing refrigeration and application of refrigeration system. CO2
- Describe construction and working of window air conditioner system with comfort CO2 b) condition.

Q6. Attempt any one part of the following questions:

(7X1 = 7 Marks)

- Illustrate the working of two stroke diesel engine with neat sketch. CO4
- Illustrate the working principle of Centrifugal pump with schematic diagram. CO4 b)

Q7. Attempt any one part of the following questions:

(7X1 = 7 Marks)

CO2

Describe the working principle and construction details of optical pyrometer.

Describe the origin and evolution of mechatronics. Also Explain different types of CO2 Mechanical Actuation System based on power inputs, b)