

B. Tech. III<sup>rd</sup> Semester  
**Mathematics IV (KAS-302)**

CO Number	Course Outcome
CO1	<b>Define/State/Find (L1-Remember)</b> various fundamental concepts of partial differential equations (PDE), probability.
CO2	<b>Explain/Discuss/Show (L2-Understand)</b> the process involved various engineering problems to <b>calculate (L2-Understand)</b> various value of dependent variables. Partial differential equation are used in heat equation, wave equation, curve fitting, correlation, regression and other statistical techniques.
CO3	<b>Apply/use (L3-Apply)</b> the concepts of PDE, probability and statistics to <b>compute (L3-Apply)</b> the engineering problems.
CO4	<b>Solve/Examine (L4-Analyze)</b> moments, skewness and kurtosis, coefficient of correlation, probability and various dependent variables in PDE. <b>Test (L4-Analyze)</b> the significance of chi-square test, F-test, t-test, ANOVA as well as control charts.

Time: 1.5 Hrs.

M. M. 15

**Section A**

**Q1. Attempt all questions:**

(1X3 = 3 Marks)

- a) Find the partial differential equation by eliminating the arbitrary constant from  $z = ax + a^2x^2 + b$ . CO1
- b) Find P.I. of the partial differential equations  $(D^2 - DD' - 2D)z = \sin(3x + 4y)$ . CO1
- c) Find the classification of the differential equation  $x^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} - \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + u = 0$ . CO1

**Section B**

**Q2. Attempt all questions:**

(2X4 = 8 Marks)

- a i) Discuss the process to solve the PDE  $x^2(y - z)p + y^2(z - x)q = (x - y)z^2$ . CO2

OR

- ii) Explain the complete solution of the PDE  $\frac{\partial^3 z}{\partial x^3} - 7 \frac{\partial^3 z}{\partial x \partial y^2} - 6 \frac{\partial^3 z}{\partial y^3} = e^{3x+y} + \sin(x + 2y)$ . CO2

$$\frac{\partial^3 z}{\partial x^3} - 7 \frac{\partial^3 z}{\partial x \partial y^2} - 6 \frac{\partial^3 z}{\partial y^3} = e^{3x+y} + \sin(x + 2y).$$

$$m^3 - 7m - 6$$

- b i) Use the method of separation of variables to solve the equation

CO3

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} - 2u, \quad u(x, 0) = 10e^{-x} - 6e^{-4x}$$

OR

- ii) Apply the concept of partial differential equation to solve  $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$  with boundary conditions  $u(0, t) = 0$ ,  $u(l, t) = 0$  and  $u(x, 0) = 3 \sin n\pi x$ .

CO3

- c i) Solve the equation

CO4

$$x^2 \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} - y^2 \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y^2} = xy.$$

OR

- ii) Solve the partial differential equation

CO4

$$(D + D' - 1)^2 z = xy.$$

- d i) Solve the PDE by method of Cauchy characteristics

CO4

$$u_x + u_y = 1 + \cos y; \quad u(0, y) = \sin y$$

OR

- ii) Solve the non-linear PDE  $z^2(p^2 + q^2) = x^2 + y^2$ .

CO4

### Section C

Q3.

- i) Use Charpit's method to solve the equation  $px + qy = pq$ .

(4X1 = 4 Marks)

CO3

OR

- (ii) Compute the deflection of the vibrating string which is fixed at the ends  $x = 0$  and

CO3

$x = 2$ . The motion is started by displacing the string into the form  $\sin^3\left(\frac{\pi x}{2}\right)$  and

releasing it with zero initial velocity at  $t = 0$ .