2022-2026-CSE-B

## Aim:

Write a **C** Program to count the number of 0's and 1's in a **binary** representation of a given number.

Sample Input and Output:

```
Enter a decimal number : 25
Binary number : 11001
Number of zero's : 2
Number of one's : 3
```

## **Source Code:**

## zerosOnesCount.c

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<math.h>
int main()
   int num,b_num=0,once_count=0,zero_count=0;
   printf("Enter a decimal number : ");
   scanf("%d",&num);
  while(num!=0)
   {
      int rem=num%2;
      if(rem==0)
      zero_count++;
      else
      once count++;
      int c=pow(10,count);
      b_num=b_num+rem*c;
      num=num/2;
      count++;
}
   printf("Binary number : %d\n",b_num);
   printf("Number of zero's : %d\n",zero count);
   printf("Number of one's : %d\n",once_count);
}
```

## Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1
User Output
Enter a decimal number : 10
Binary number : 1010
Number of zero's : 2
Number of one's : 2

User Output
Enter a decimal number : 7
Binary number : 111
Number of zero's : 0
Number of one's : 3

Test Case - 3
User Output
Enter a decimal number : 4
Binary number : 100
Number of zero's : 2
Number of one's : 1

Test Case - 4
User Output
Enter a decimal number : 25
Binary number : 11001
Number of zero's : 2
Number of one's : 3

Test Case - 5
Jser Output
nter a decimal number : 255
inary number : 11111111
lumber of zero's : 0
lumber of one's : 8

Test Case - 6
User Output
Enter a decimal number : 201
Binary number : 11001001
Number of zero's : 4
Number of one's : 4

Test Case - 7	
User Output	
Enter a decimal number : 111	
Binary number : 1101111	
Number of zero's : 1	
Number of one's : 6	

Test Case - 8	
User Output	
Enter a decimal number : 99	
Binary number : 1100011	
Number of zero's : 3	
Number of one's : 4	