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- 1 Banking Industry
- 2 Risk Control
- Predict the likelihood of future defaults and credit card borrowing

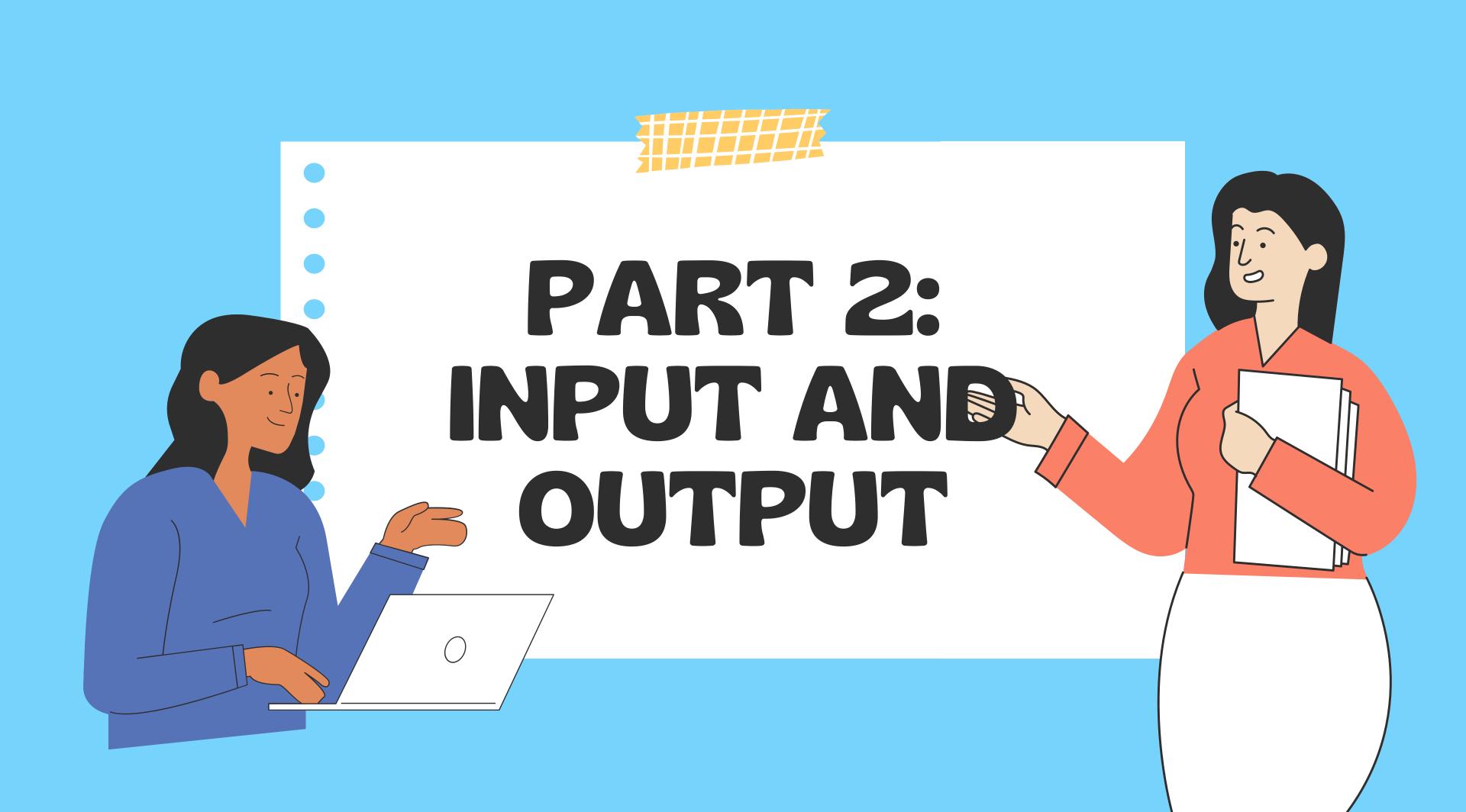


ADS: Credit Card Approval Prediction

Predict if an applicant is a 'good' or 'bad' client and decides whether to issue a credit card to the applican

Goal(s)

Improve the accuracy of the ADS results while mitigating its bias to avoid discriminatory outcome



INPUT

Table1: Applicant Dataset

438557 rows and 18 columns

Table2: Credit Dataset

1048575 rows and 3 columns

Feature Name	Datatype
ID	ID
CODE_GENDER	Categorical (Binary)
FLAG_OWN_CAR	Categorical (Binary)
FLAG_OWN_REALTY	Categorical (Binary)
CNT_CHILDREN	Numerical
AMT_INCOME_TOTAL	Numerical
NAME_INCOME_TYPE	Categorical
NAME_EDUCATION_TYPE	Categorical
NAME_FAMILY_STATUS	Categorical
NAME_HOUSING_TYPE	Categorical
DAYS_BIRTH	Numerical
DAYS_EMPLOYED	Numerical
FLAG_MOBIL	Categorical (Binary)
FLAG_WORK_PHONE	Categorical (Binary)
FLAG_PHONE	Categorical (Binary)
FLAG_EMAIL	Categorical (Binary)
OCCUPATION_TYPE	Categorical
CNT_FAM_MEMBERS	Numerical

Table 1: Input Features for Applicant Dataset

Feature Name	Datatype
ID	ID
MONTHS_BALANCE	Numerical
STATUS	Categorical

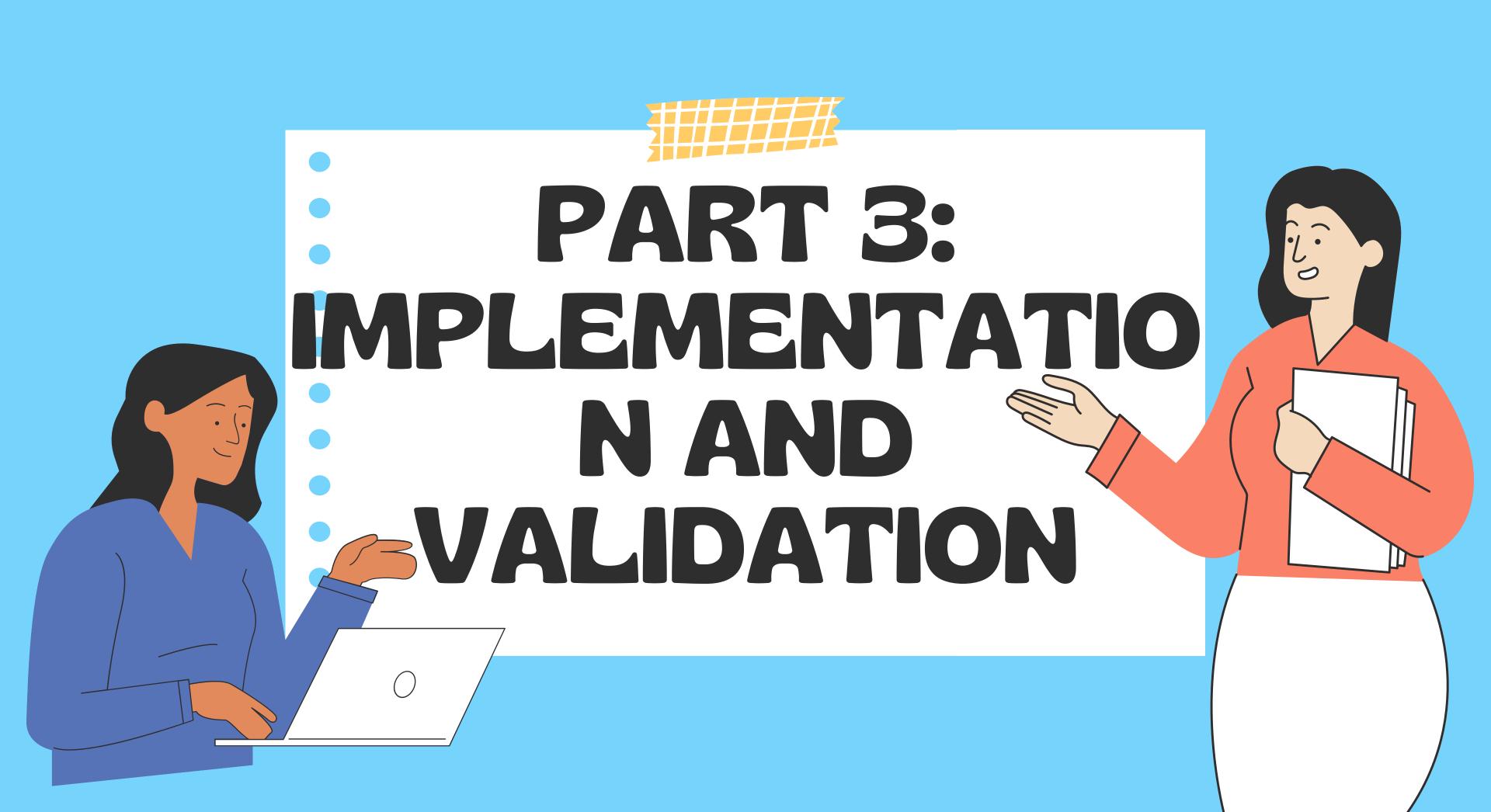
Table 2: Input Features for Credit Dataset

OUTPUT (BINARY)

Indicate that the consumer has good credit



Indicate that the consumer has bad credit



DATA CLEANING AND PREPROCESSING

ACTION 1

Define users who are overdue for more than 60 days as target risk users and the other users as good credit users

ACTION 2

Employ Synthetic
Minority OverSampling
Technique (SMOTE)
to overcome the
sample imbalance
problem

ACTION 3

Drop all the null values in the dataset

ACTION 4

Transform the data using Weight of Evidence (WOE) to help calculate the Information Value of each feature



IMPLEMENTATION OF THE SYSTEM

Select features to be used and break these features into distinct column

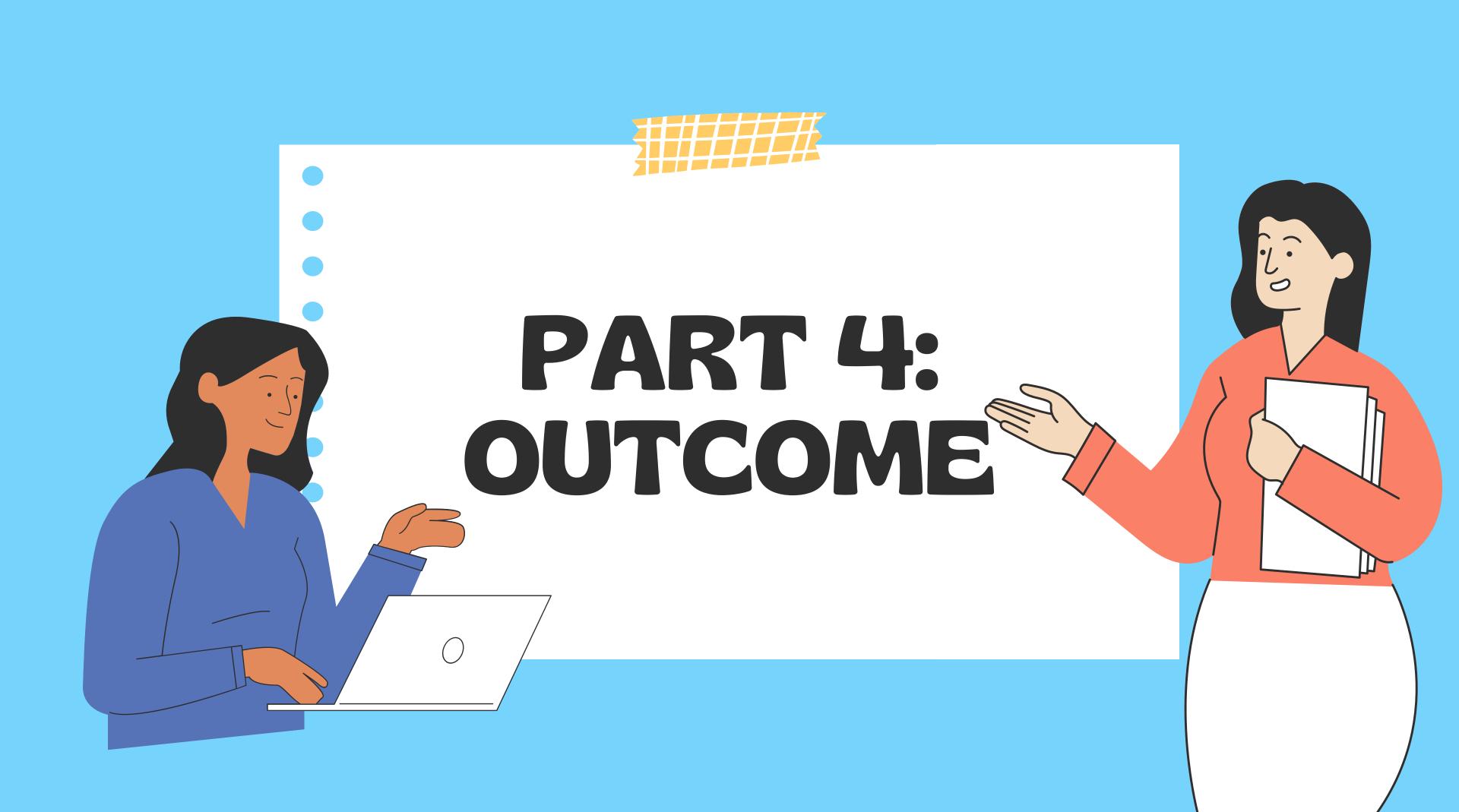
Fit these selected features to the XGBoost model and assign a series of hyperparameter



VALIDATION OF THE SYSTEM

Use accuracy as the validation metric and show an accuracy score of 87.8%

Can better examine the credit status of their applicants while applying risk controls





PERFORMANCE BASED ON GENDER

Number of Female Applicants: 8975

Number of Male Applicants: 5853

Overall Female Male
Accuracy 0.8734 0.8697 0.8790
PPV 0.8459 0.8460 0.8459
FPR 0.1663 0.1553 0.1844

FNR

0. 0869 0. 1040 0. 0622

PERFORMANCE BASED ON AGE

Number of Young Applicants: 2416

Number of Middle Age and Senior Applicants: 11970

 Overall
 Young
 Middle Age and Senior

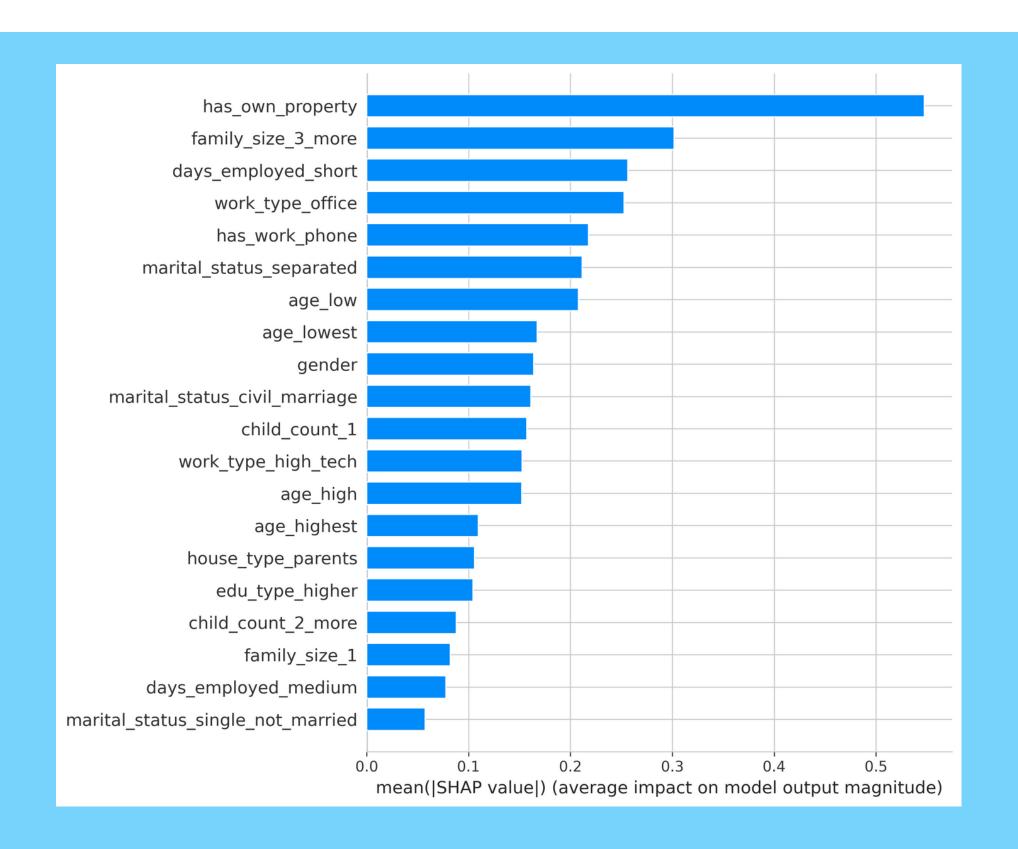
 Accuracy
 0.8734
 0.8816
 0.8671

 PPV
 0.8459
 0.8569
 0.8327

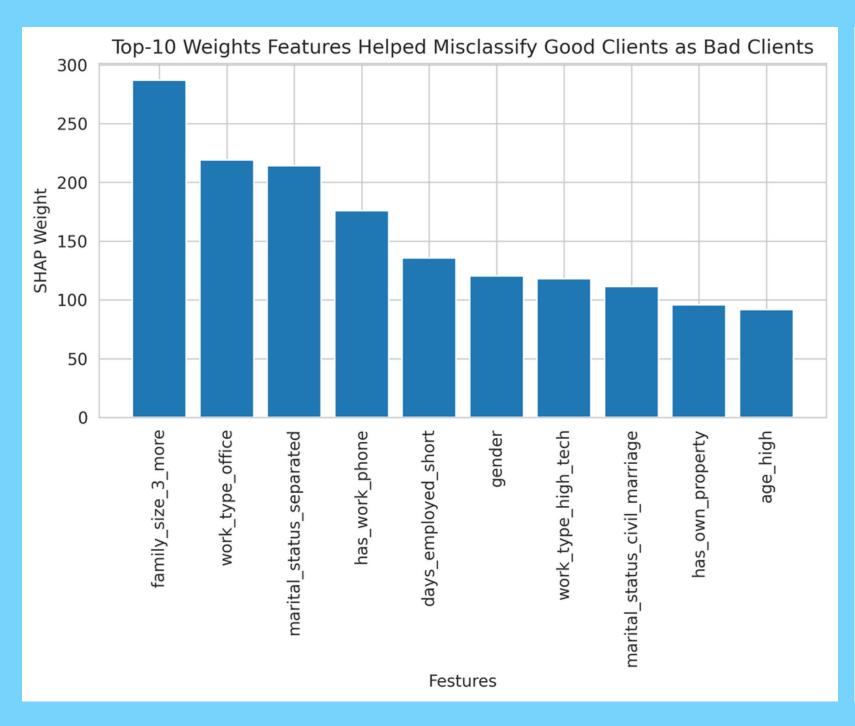
 FPR
 0.1663
 0.1577
 0.1680

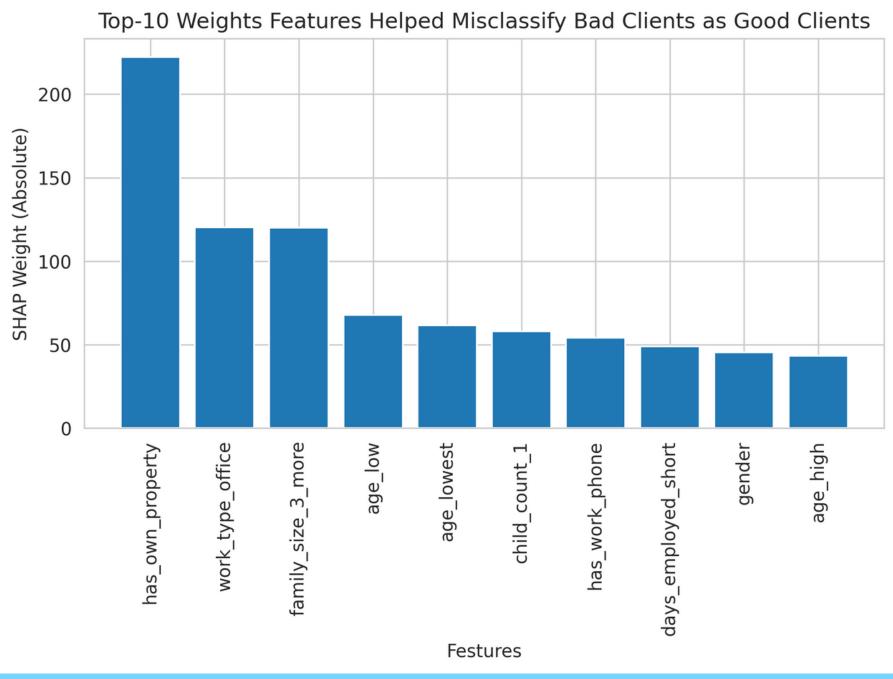
 FNR
 0.0869
 0.0801
 0.0950

FEATURE IMPORTANCE



FEATURES CONTRIBUTING TO THE MISCLASSIFICATION OF APPLICANT







Have a great day ahead.