

Vinod Kumar Kayartaya <u>http://vinod.co</u> <u>vinod@vinod.co</u>

- Angular is a JavaScript client side framework for creating powerful web or mobile applications
- Created and maintained by Google
- The most popular JavaScript framework as of date
- Create HTML-like elements (components)
 - a combination of HTML, CSS and JavaScript

- Complete re-write of AngularJS
- Component based
- No controllers or scope
- Streamlined dependency injection
- Can write apps in TypeScript, Dart or JavaScript (ES5/ES6)

- SPA (Single Page Application)
 - Just one file index.html,
 - components rendered dynamically
- Cleaner code

- So many options
 - ES5
 - CoffeeScript
 - DART
 - ES6 and ES7
 - TypeScript

- Modular
- Testable
- Maintainable

JavaScript advances

- ES6 (ES2015)
 - Classes
 - Modules
 - Decorators
- TypeScript
 - ES6 and ES7
 - Strong typing
 - Interfaces

TypeScript = All JavaScripts

ECMAScript 5

ECMAScript 2015

Classes Arrow Functions let, const, enum Template strings Inheritance Access modifiers Promises etc...

TypeScript

Type annotations Type checking Generics Decorators Modules Interfaces

Angular main concepts

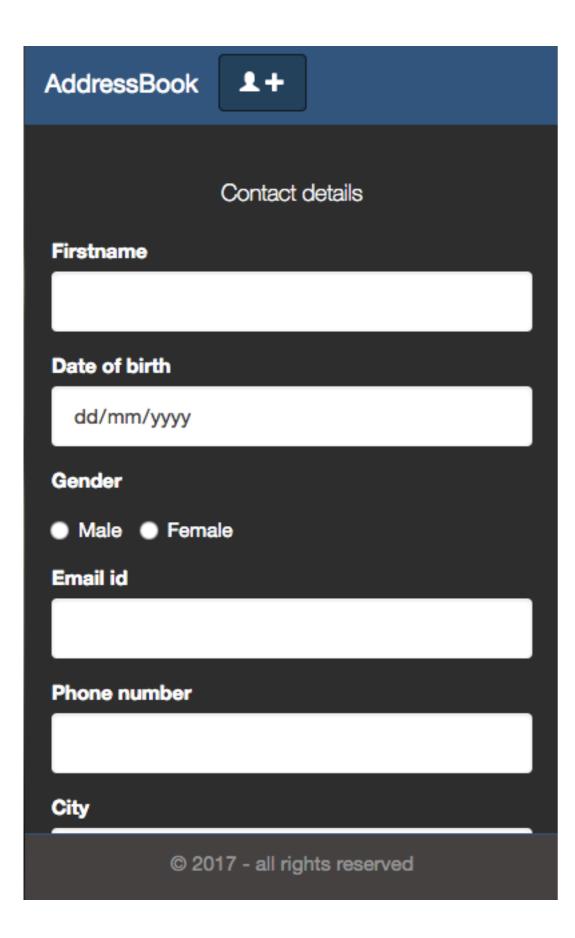
- Module
- Component
- Template
- Data binding

- Metadata
- Service
- Directive
- Dependency injection

AddressBook 1+ search... Mr. Patrick Warren Omaha Ms. Angela Hawkins Charlottesville Mr. Kevin Sims Dayton Mr. Charles Davis San Antonio Ms. Laura Henderson Seattle Ms. Phyllis Mcdonald Charlotte Mr. Ernest Torres **New York City** Mr. Howard Lawrence Rochester Ms. Ruth Ortiz **Des Moines** Ms. Margaret Perkins Evansville Mr. Douglas Kennedy **Dallas** Ms. Paula Kellev © 2017 - all rights reserved

AddressBook 1+ Mr. PATRICK WARREN Date of birth 1965-09-27 Email id pwarren0@mayoclinic.com 1-(402)574-2910 Phone City Omaha State Nebraska **United States** Country © 2017 - all rights reserved

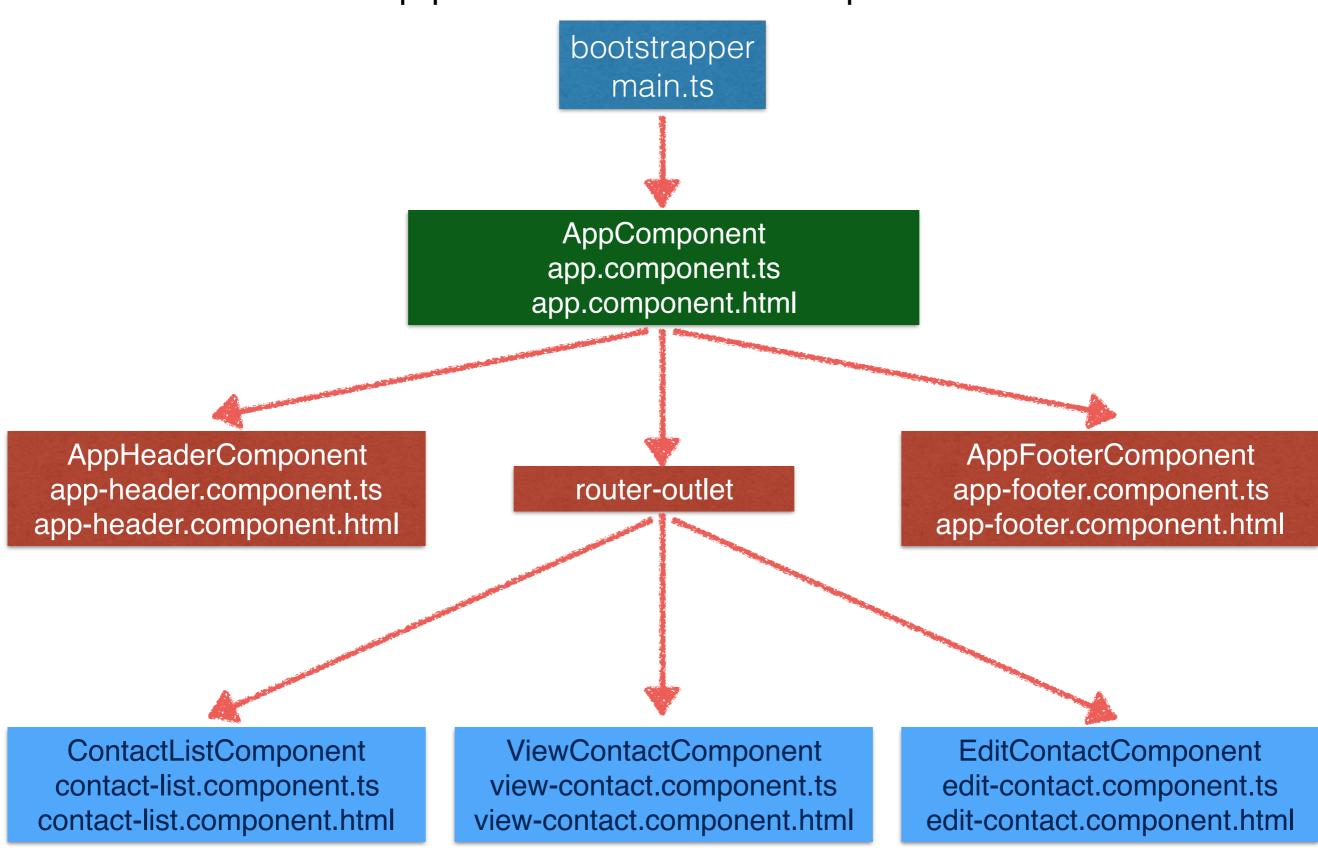
AddressBook 1+ Contact details Firstname Patrick Warren Date of birth 27/09/1965 Gender Male Female **Email id** pwarren0@mayoclinic.com Phone number 1-(402)574-2910 City © 2017 - all rights reserved



Component

- @Component makes a class a reusable component
- A component is a combination of data, functions, and HTML
 - Data —> state
 - Function —> behaviour
 - HTML —> view

An app is a tree of components



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AppRoot
HeaderComponent

router-outlet

FooterComponent

AddressBook 1+

search...

Search	
Mr. Patrick Warren	Omaha
Ms. Angela Hawkins	Charlottesville
Mr. Kevin Sims	Dayton
Mr. Charles Davis	San Antonio
Ms. Laura Henderson	Seattle
Ms. Phyllis Mcdonald	Charlotte
Mr. Ernest Torres	New York City
Mr. Howard Lawrence	Rochester
Ms. Ruth Ortiz	Des Moines
Ms. Margaret Perkins	Evansville
Mr. Douglas Kennedy	Dallas
Me Paula Kallev	Titles
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An app is a tree of components

<app-footer></app-footer>

</div>

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
    <title>ng2addressbook</title>
    </head>
    <body>
        <app-root></app-root>
        </body>
        </html>

<app-header></app-header>
<div class="container" style="margin <router-outlet>
```

Metadata

- Metadata is extra information which gives angular more info
- @Component tells angular that the class is a component
- @Directive tells angular that the class is a directive
- @Injectable, @RouteConfig, @NgModule, ...

AppHeaderComponent

Importing resource from module

Decorator

```
import { Component } from '@angular/core';

@Component({
    selector: 'app-header',
    templateUrl: "../templates/app-header.component.html",
})
export class AppHeaderComponent{
    constructor() {
    }
}
```

Component's state and behaviour defined here

Template

- Is a way to describe a view using HTML
- Templates can be included with the component
- Or as an external file reference
- Best practice is to use an HTML file

Template



Data for the template (state)

```
@Component({
    selector: "edit-contact",
    templateUrl: "../templates/contact-form.com
})
export lass EditContactComponent {
    contact: Contact = new Contact();
```

```
<div class="well">
    {{contact.gender | title}} {{contact.name|u
    <div class="row">
        <label class="col-xs-4">Date of birth</label</pre>
        <label class="col-xs-8">{{contact.dob}}</la</pre>
    </div>
    <div class="row">
        <label class col-xs-4">Email id</label>
        <label_class="col-xs-8">{{contact.email}}</
    </div>
    <div class="row">
        <label class="col-xs-4">Phone</label>
        <label class="col-xs-8">{{contact.phone}}</
    </div>
    <div class="row">
        <label class="col-xs-4">City</label>
        <label class="col-xs-8">{{contact.city}}</l</pre>
    </div>
    <div class="row">
        <label class="col-xs-4">State</label>
        <label class="col-xs-8">{{contact.state}}</
    </div>
    <div class="row">
        <label class="col-xs-4">Country</label>
        <label class="col-xs-8">{{contact.country}}
    </div>
    <div class="row">
        <div class="col-xs-12 text-center">
            <a href="" [routerLink]="['/edit-contac
                <span class="glyphicon glyphicon-pe</pre>
            </a>
            <a href="javascript:void(0)" class="btn</pre>
                (click)="deleteContact()">
                <span class="glyphicon glyphicon-tr</pre>
            </a>
        </div>
    </div>
```

Databinding

- {{ value }} —> interpolation
- [property] = "value" —> property binding
- (event) = "handler" —> event binding
- [(ngModel)] = "property" <—> two way binding

Service

- "Substitutable objects that are wired together using dependency injection (DI)"
- Used to share code across an application
- Lazily initialised

Directives

- A class with @Directive metadata
- Two kinds: attributes and structural
- Attribute directives alter the look or behaviour of an existing element
- Structural directives alter the layout by adding, removing, and/or replacing elements in the DOM
- · A Component is a directive with a view

Dependency injection

- A way to supply a new instance of a class with the fully-formed dependencies it needs
- Most dependencies are services
- Angular knows which service/s a component depend on by looking at the types of it's constructor parameters
- Services are injected by an *injector* which uses a *Provider* to create the service

Dependency Injection

injecting an instance of Http (service)

```
@Injectable()
export default class ContactService {
   private url:string = \text{\text{tp://localhost:1234/contacts";}}
   constructor(private http: Http){
   }
```

injecting an instance of ContactService

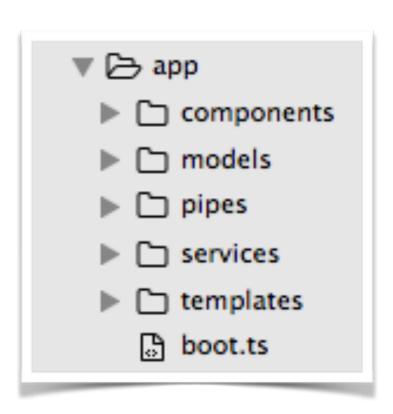
```
export class AddContactComponent {
   contact: Contact = new Contact();
   constructor(private cs: ContactService){
   }
```

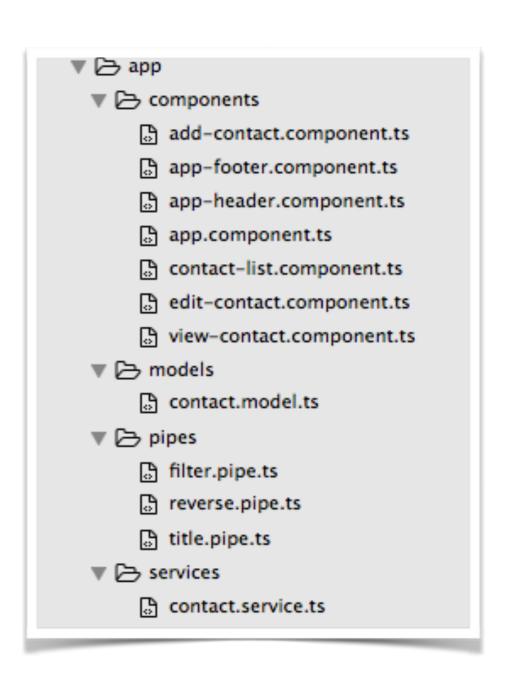
Module

- Modules are optional, but a best practice
- export tells TypeScript that the resource is a module available for other modules
- import tells TypeScript which resource to import from a module
- Angular comes with a collection of library modules

Module

...is basically a Script file in a folder.





Exporting a resource in a module...

```
export class Contact {
    public id: number;
    public name: string;
    public dob: Date;
    public gender: string;
    public email: string;
    public phone: string;
    public city: string;
    public state: string;
    public country: string;
}
```

Importing a resource from a module...

```
import { Contact } from "../models/contact.model";

@Component({
    selector: "contact-list",
    templateUrl: "../templates/contact-list.component.html",
})

export class ContactListComponent {

contacts: Array<Contact> = [];
    selectedContact: Contact;
    token: String="";
```

Using router

- Four things to take care of:
 - Import RouterModule, Routes from @angular/router
 - 2. Define the route config using RouterModule.forRoot()
 - 3. Use routerLink on hyperlinks or buttons
 - Create a <router-outlet> to dynamically place a component

1. Import...

import { RouterModule, Routes } from '@angular/router';

2. Define routes

3. Links...

```
<a href="" [routerLink]="['contact-list']">Hore</a>

<a href="" [routerLink]="['add-contact']">Add new contact</a>
```

4. Router outlet

```
<div class="container" style="margin-top: 60px; padding: 0;">
    <router-outlet></router-outlet>
  </div>
```

Navigating via code

```
import { Component } from "@angular/core";
     import ContactService from "../services/contact.service";
     import ( Contact ) from " /models/contact.model";
     import { Router } from "@angular/router";
     @Component({
         selector: "contact-list",
         templateUrl: "../templates/contact-list.component.html",
  9
     export class ContactListComponent {
 10
 11
         contacts: Array<Contact> = [];
 12
 13
         selectedContact: Contact:
 14
         constructor(private cs: ContactService private router: Router){
 15
 16
             cs.getAll().then(data=>{
                 this.contacts=data;
 17
 18
             })
 19
             .catch(resp=>{
 20
                 console.error(resp);
 21
             }):
 22
             console.log(`There are ${this.contacts.length} contacts`);
 23
 24
{ 25
         viewContact(id: number): void {
 26
             this.router.navigate(['/view-contact', id]);
}27
 28
 29
```

Reading router parameters

```
1 import { Component, Input, OnInit } from "@angular/core";
    import { Contact } from "../models/contact.model";
   import ContactService from " /services/contact service".
     import { ActivatedRoute, Params, Router } from "@angular/router";
     Import IXJS/add/operator/Switchhap,
     @Component({
         selector: "view-contact",
         templateUrl: "../templates/view-contact.component.html",
 9
     })
 10
     export class ViewContactComponent implements OnInit {
11
12
13
         contact: Contact = new Contact():
 14
15
         constructor(private cs: ContactService,
16
             private route: ActivatedRoute,
17
             private router: Router){
 18
19
20
         ngOnInit(){
             this.route.params
21
                 .subscribe(params => {
22
23
                     this.cs.getContact(+params["id"])
24
                         .then(contact=>{
25
                             this.contact = contact;
26
                         })
                 });
27
128
29
```