Homework #4

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homicides <- read.csv("C:/Users/Kayla/Desktop/r course 2018/Homework 4/data/homicide-data.csv")

Read in the data as an R object named homicides.

```
head(homicides)
            uid reported_date victim_last victim_first victim_race victim_age
## 1 Alb-00001
                      20100504
                                    GARCIA
                                                    JUAN
                                                            Hispanic
                                                                              78
## 2 Alb-000002
                      20100216
                                   MONTOYA
                                                 CAMERON
                                                            Hispanic
                                                                              17
## 3 Alb-00003
                      20100601 SATTERFIELD
                                                 VIVIANA
                                                               White
                                                                              15
## 4 Alb-00004
                      20100101
                                  MENDIOLA
                                                  CARLOS
                                                            Hispanic
                                                                              32
                                                                              72
## 5 Alb-00005
                      20100102
                                      MULA
                                                  VIVIAN
                                                               White
## 6 Alb-00006
                      20100126
                                      BOOK
                                               GERALDINE
                                                                White
     victim_sex
                                        lat
                                                                  disposition
                        city state
                                                   lon
                                NM 35.09579 -106.5386 Closed without arrest
## 1
           Male Albuquerque
## 2
                                NM 35.05681 -106.7153
           Male Albuquerque
                                                            Closed by arrest
## 3
         Female Albuquerque
                                NM 35.08609 - 106.6956 Closed without arrest
## 4
           Male Albuquerque
                                NM 35.07849 -106.5561
                                                            Closed by arrest
## 5
         Female Albuquerque
                                NM 35.13036 -106.5810 Closed without arrest
## 6
         Female Albuquerque
                                NM 35.15111 -106.5378
                                                               Open/No arrest
Create a new column called city name that combines the city and state like this "Baltimore, MD".
homicides <- homicides %>%
    unite(city_name, city, state, sep = ", ", remove = FALSE)
head(homicides)
##
            uid reported_date victim_last victim_first victim_race victim_age
## 1 Alb-00001
                     20100504
                                    GARCIA
                                                    JUAN
                                                            Hispanic
## 2 Alb-000002
                      20100216
                                   MONTOYA
                                                 CAMERON
                                                            Hispanic
                                                                              17
## 3 Alb-00003
                      20100601 SATTERFIELD
                                                 VIVIANA
                                                                White
                                                                              15
                                                  CARLOS
## 4 Alb-000004
                                                                              32
                      20100101
                                  MENDIOLA
                                                            Hispanic
## 5 Alb-00005
                      20100102
                                      MULA
                                                  VIVIAN
                                                                White
                                                                              72
## 6 Alb-00006
                      20100126
                                      BOOK
                                               GERALDINE
                                                                White
                                                                              91
     victim_sex
                       city_name
                                        city state
                                                         lat
## 1
                                                 NM 35.09579 -106.5386
           Male Albuquerque, NM Albuquerque
## 2
           Male Albuquerque, NM Albuquerque
                                                 NM 35.05681 -106.7153
```

5 Closed without arrest
6 Open/No arrest

Closed by arrest

Closed by arrest

1 Closed without arrest

3 Closed without arrest

disposition

3

4

5

6

##

Female Albuquerque, NM Albuquerque

Female Albuquerque, NM Albuquerque

Female Albuquerque, NM Albuquerque

Male Albuquerque, NM Albuquerque

NM 35.08609 -106.6956

NM 35.07849 -106.5561

NM 35.13036 -106.5810

NM 35.15111 -106.5378

Create a dataframe called unsolved with one row per city that gives the total number of homicides for the city and the number of unsolved homicides (those for which the disposition is "Closed without arrest" or "Open/No arrest").

```
homicides <- homicides %>%
  select(city_name, disposition) %>%
  mutate(unsolved homicides = str detect(disposition,
                                           c("Closed without arrest|Open/No arrest"))) %>%
  rename(total_homicides = disposition)
unsolved <- homicides %>%
  group_by(city_name) %>%
  summarise(total_homicides = sum(!is.na(total_homicides)),
            unsolved_homicides = sum((unsolved_homicides == "TRUE")))
head(unsolved)
## # A tibble: 6 x 3
##
     city_name
                     total_homicides unsolved_homicides
##
     <chr>>
                                <int>
                                                    <int>
## 1 Albuquerque, NM
                                  378
                                                      146
## 2 Atlanta, GA
                                  973
                                                      373
## 3 Baltimore, MD
                                 2827
                                                     1825
## 4 Baton Rouge, LA
                                  424
                                                      196
## 5 Birmingham, AL
                                  800
                                                      347
## 6 Boston, MA
                                  614
                                                      310
```

For the city of Baltimore, MD, use the prop.test function to estimate the proportion of homicides that are unsolved, as well as the 95% confidence interval for this proportion. Print the output of the prop.test directly in your RMarkdown, and then save the output of prop.test as an R object and apply the tidy function from the broom package to this object and pull the estimated proportion and confidence intervals from the resulting tidy dataframe.

```
homicide_prop <- unsolved %>%
  filter(city_name == "Baltimore, MD")
baltimore_homicides <- prop.test(x = homicide_prop$unsolved_homicides,
          n = homicide_prop$total_homicides)
tidy(baltimore_homicides)
## # A tibble: 1 x 8
##
     estimate statistic p.value parameter conf.low conf.high method
##
                                      <int>
        <dbl>
                  <dbl>
                            <dbl>
                                               <dbl>
                                                          <dbl> <chr>
        0.646
                                                         0.663 1-sam~
## 1
                   239. 6.46e-54
                                               0.628
## # ... with 1 more variable: alternative <chr>
```

Now use what you learned from running prop.test for one city to run prop.test for all the cities. Your goal is to create the figure shown in homework directions, where the points show the estimated proportions of unsolved homicides in each city and the horizontal lines show the estimated 95% confidence intervals. Do this all within a "tidy" pipeline, starting from the unsolved dataframe that you created for step 3. Use map2 from purrr to apply prop.test within each city and then map from purrr to apply tidy to this output. Use the unnest function from the tidyr package on the resulting list-column (from mapping tidy to the prop.test output list-column), with the option .drop = TRUE, to get your estimates back into a regular tidy data frame before plotting.

```
all_homicides <- map2(unsolved$unsolved$nomicides, unsolved$total_homicides, .f = prop.test)
## Warning in .f(.x[[i]], .y[[i]], ...): Chi-squared approximation may be
## incorrect
all_homicides2 <- map_df(all_homicides, tidy)
unnest(all_homicides2, .drop = TRUE)
## # A tibble: 51 x 8
##
      estimate statistic
                           p.value parameter conf.low conf.high method
##
         <dbl>
                   <dbl>
                                        <int>
                                                  <dbl>
                                                            <dbl> <chr>
                              <dbl>
##
   1
         0.386
                 19.1
                         1.23e- 5
                                            1
                                                  0.337
                                                            0.438 1-sam~
         0.383
                         4.32e- 13
##
   2
                 52.5
                                            1
                                                  0.353
                                                            0.415 \ 1-sam^{\sim}
##
   3
         0.646 239.
                          6.46e- 54
                                            1
                                                  0.628
                                                            0.663 1-sam~
         0.462
                          1.32e- 1
##
   4
                  2.27
                                            1
                                                  0.414
                                                            0.511 1-sam~
##
   5
         0.434
                13.8
                         2.05e- 4
                                            1
                                                 0.399
                                                            0.469 \ 1-sam~
##
  6
         0.505
                  0.0407 8.40e- 1
                                            1
                                                 0.465
                                                            0.545 \ 1-sam^{\sim}
##
   7
         0.612
                25.8
                          3.73e- 7
                                            1
                                                 0.569
                                                            0.654 \ 1-sam~
                          1.41e- 25
         0.300 109.
## 8
                                            1
                                                  0.266
                                                            0.336 1-sam~
## 9
         0.736 1231.
                          1.28e-269
                                            1
                                                  0.724
                                                            0.747 \ 1-sam~
                         4.41e- 3
## 10
         0.445
                  8.11
                                            1
                                                  0.408
                                                            0.483 1-sam~
## # ... with 41 more rows, and 1 more variable: alternative <chr>
```

Create the plot shown below. Hint: Check out the geom_errorbarh geom with the height = 0 option to get the horizontal lines for the confidence intervals. All of the code for this should be in an RMarkdown document. Render this to a pdf and then push to your GitHub repository. Go on GitHub and make sure that everything made it online.

Unsolved homicides by city Bars show 95% confidence interval

