## 1.) $4 < lgn < 2^{lgn} < 100n < \sqrt{n} < 2^n < n!$

$$2.) f(n) = 2n^2 + 6n - 9$$

Choose: C=3 , no=2

Want a show:  $\forall n \geq 2$ 

 $0 \leq f(n) \leq (.g(n))$ 

 $0 \le 2n^2 + 6n - 9 \le 3n^2$ 

0 = 20° + 60-9 is me, so ...

 $2n^2 + 6n - 9 \le 3n^2$ 

2n2+6n-9 = 2n2+n2

6n -9 ≤ n is me

## : f(n) & O(n2) \ \tau n \ge 2)

3.)

public boolean contains(E element) {

if (header.nextNode == null) return false;

Node currentNode = header.nextNode;

Worst case: O(n) is cument woode o not mill the loop will

while (currentNode != null) {

repeat n fines fell curent Node is null.

if(currentNode.data.equals(element)) return true;
currentNode = currentNode.nextNode;

Best case: OCI) when current Node is the first node, and is null,

}
return false;

So, the loop will not repeat.

4a)

Stack version 1

Stack Version 2

push ()

o(1): add to the end of array. The function will not need a loop

O(n): We need a loop that will repeat its operations n times, to add to the second stack

pop ()

O(i): just remove the item last used. The punition will not be repeated.

O(1): just remove the item last week. The punction will not be repeated.

	Stack version 1	Stack Version 2
add ()	O(n): we need 2 loops to push into the second array, add the item then POP back into main array So, O(n) + O(n) = O(n). (Repeats n times)	O(n): we need 2 loops to push into the second array, add the element into an array math more space and then use the other loop or add the removed elements
1emore ()	O(): just remove the item last used. The function will not be repeated.	O(1): just remove the item last used. The punition will not be repeated.
`	repeated.	repeated