

HACETTEPE UNIVERSITY

DEPARTMENT OF  
COMPUTER ENGINEERING

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**BBM104 PROGRAMMING LAB.**  
**Assignment 4**  
**Stack and Queue Operations**

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*Author*

Kayla AKYÜZ

21726914

b21726914@cs.hacettepe.edu.tr

*Advisor*

Nebi YILMAZ

yilmaz@cs.hacettepe.edu.tr

Main.java

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## Problem Definition

Implementing stack and queue structure in java and solving various algorithms with usage of only stack and queue operations.

## Algorithm Steps

1. Make initialization:
  - 1.1 Read input file.
  - 1.2 Initialize stack and queue from input files..
2. Execute according operation and write output for every line.
  - 2.1 Check first word of line to determine stack or queue.
  - 2.2 Call according action from queue operator or stack operator.
  - 2.3 Write according output to output file.
3. Concluding:
  - 3.1 Close output file.
  - 3.2 Save final queue and stack to files.

## Analysis of Commands

### removeGreater

We check every element if they satisfy requirement we put them in a temp data structure and at the end put them back.

$T = n(\text{comparison}) + n(\text{putting back})$  (Worst case if we don't remove any element) + 2 (initializing lines)

$T = 2n$  (Worst case at average some elements will be removed but it is still  $n$  dependent.)

$T = n$  (Best case, if all removed at first part, none will be put back.)

$T = 1.5n$  (Average)

Time complexity =  $O(n)$

We put every element to another data structure and 1 temporary int.

Space complexity =  $O(n)$

### addOrRemove

We perform according operation on data  $k$  times.

$T = 1(\text{comparison for determine operation}) + |k|$  (Operation includes getting random int and/or performing operation.)

$T = k$  (There is no worst case or best case because it is not dependent on anything but  $k$ .)

Time complexity =  $O(k)$

No extra space is allocated.

Space complexity =  $O(1)$

# REFERENCES

Assignment Paper  
LaTeX Tutorials