

# **Python APIs: Day 1**

Data Boot Camp

Lesson 6.1



## **Class Objectives**

By the end of today's class, you will be able to:



Make get requests with Python's Requests library



Manipulate JSON responses to retrieve necessary values



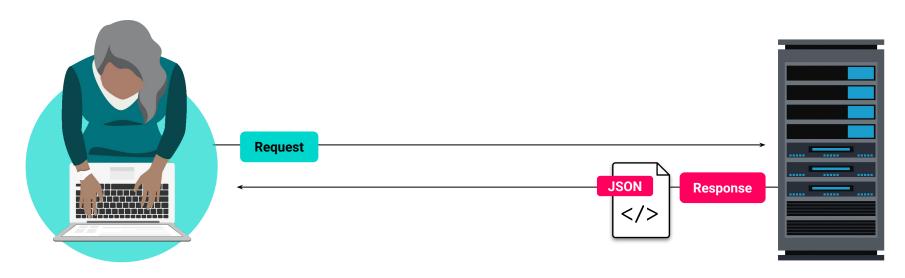
Store JSON responses in Python lists and dictionaries



Use the OMDb API documentation to create requests for movie data

#### What Is a Client versus a Server?

**Analogy:** A patient asks a health question, and a doctor supplies the answer.



A **client** is an application or device that asks for information.

A **server** is an application or device that supplies information to the client.



## **Application Programing Interface (API)**



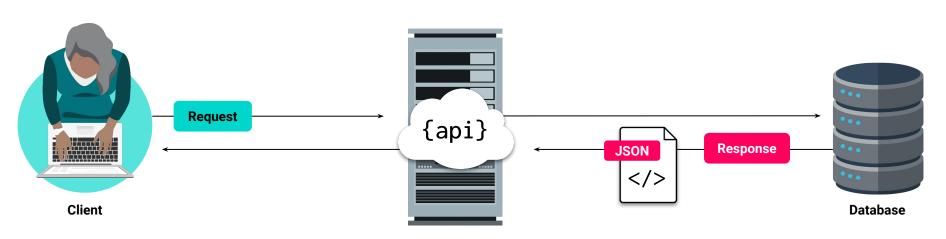
A request is a communication to the API to retrieve data.



API calls are similar to visiting a website in a browser.



They point to a URL and collect some data from the page.



## **JavaScript Object Notation (JSON)**



A webpage may return a JSON in response to an API call.



The URLs used to communicate with APIs are called endpoints.



The text in the web browser is identical to what a client script would receive.



# **Instructor Demonstration**

Intro to Requests

## There Are Two Components to Our API Request



requests.get(url) Sends a get request to the URL, passed as a parameter.

```
# Dependencies
import requests
import json

# URL for GET requests to retrieve vehicle data
```

```
# Print the response object to the console
print(requests.get(url))
```

url = "https://api.spacexdata.com/v2/launchpads"

### There Are Two Components to Our API Request



A call to convert the response object into a JSON format.

json.dumps() is a method used to "pretty print" the response.

```
# Pretty Print the output of the JSON
response = requests.get(url).json()
print(ison.dumps(response, indent=4, sort kevs=True))
        "details": "SpaceX primary Falcon 9 launch pad, where all east coast Falcon 9s launch
ed prior to the AMOS-6 anomaly. Initially used to launch Titan rockets for Lockheed Martin. H
eavily damaged by the AMOS-6 anomaly with repairs expected to be complete by late summer 201
7.",
        "full name": "Cape Canaveral Air Force Station Space Launch Complex 40",
        "id": "ccafs slc 40",
        "location": {
            "latitude": 28.5618571,
            "longitude": -80.577366,
            "name": "Cape Canaveral",
            "region": "Florida"
        "status": "under construction",
        "vehicles launched": "falcon 9"
    },
        "details": "SpaceX new launch site currently under construction to help keep up with
the Falcon 9 and Heavy manifests. Expected to be completed in late 2018. Initially will be li
```



# **Activity: Requesting SpaceX**

In this activity, you will dig into a simple, well-documented API—The SpaceX API—and make calls to the API using the Requests library. (Instructions sent via Slack.)

#### Suggested Time:

## **Activity: Requesting SpaceX**

Take a few minutes to explore the SpaceX V3 API:



GitHub: <a href="https://github.com/r-spacex/SpaceX-API">https://github.com/r-spacex/SpaceX-API</a>



API Documentation: <a href="http://bit.ly/SpaceXAPI">http://bit.ly/SpaceXAPI</a>

Once you understand the structure of the API and its endpoint, choose one of the endpoints and do the following:



Retrieve and print the JSON for **all** of the records from your chosen endpoint.



Retrieve and print the JSON for a **specific** record from your chosen endpoint.

### **Example SpaceX Response**

```
{
    "details": "SpaceX west coast landing pad, has not yet been used. Expected to first be used during the Formosat-5
launch.",
    "full_name": "Vandenberg Air Force Base Space Launch Complex 4W",
    "id": "vafb_slc_4w",
    "location": {
        "latitude": 34.6332043,
        "longitude": -120.6156234,
        "name": "Vandenberg Air Force Base",
        "region": "California"
    },
    "status": "active",
    "vehicles_launched": "falcon 9"
}
```





## Working with JSON Responses

### Simple Method

Use requests.get(), store the output, and print the JSON response.

- Must interpret the full JSON object each time
- More difficult to import into Pandas
- Less scalable

#### Advanced Method

Store the requests.get() object, store the response.json(), and access the JSON object directly.

- Navigate the JSON object like a dictionary
- Easy to import into Pandas
- More scalable





# Activity: Requesting a Galaxy Far, Far Away

In this activity, you will create an application that accesses data from the Star Wars API and prints out values from the data.

(Instructions sent via Slack.)

#### Suggested Time:

## Activity: Requesting a Galaxy Far, Far Away

Instructions	Using the provided starter file, collect the following pieces of information from the Star Wars API.  • The name of the character  • The number of films they were in  • The name of their first starship
	Once the data has been collected, print it out to the console.
Hints	It's in your best interest to print out the JSON from the initial request before anything else. This will let you know what keys you should reference.
	The "starship" values are links to another API call. This means that you will need to create a request based on the values of a previous request.
Bonus	Collect and print out all of the films that a character appeared in.

### Requesting a Galaxy Far, Far Away

```
# Print character name and how many films they were in
print(f"{character_name} was in {film_number} films")
```

Darth Vader was in 4 films

```
# Print what their first ship was
print(f"Their first ship: {first_ship}")
```

Their first ship: TIE Advanced x1





# **Activity: Number Facts**

In this activity, you and a partner will join forces to create an interactive application that uses the Numbers API. The application will take in a number and then return a random fact about that number.

(Instructions sent via Slack.)

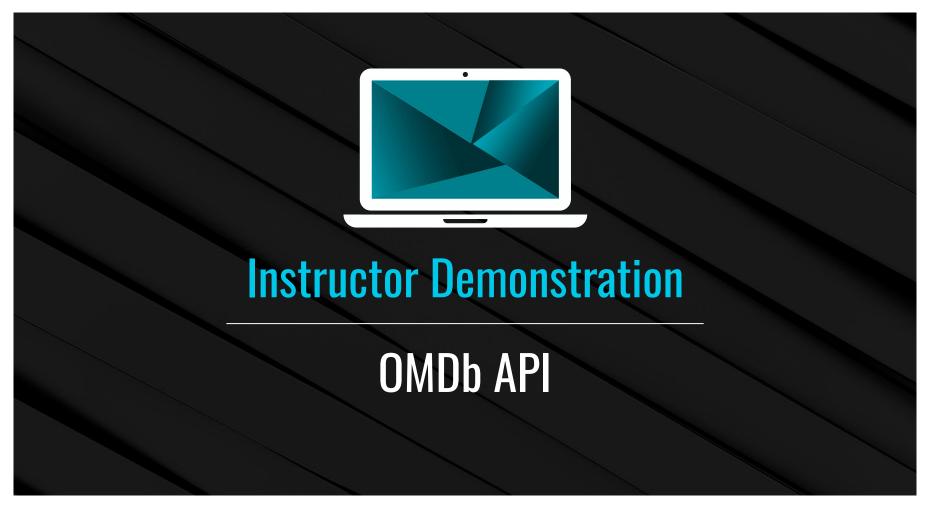
#### Suggested Time:

# **Activity: Number Facts**

Instructions	Using the Numbers API ( <a href="http://numbersapi.com">http://numbersapi.com</a> ), create an application that takes in a user's inputs and returns a number fact based on the inputs.
Hints	The URL to make your request to must have <code>?json</code> at its end so that the data format returned is JSON. The default response is pure text.
	Make sure to read through the documentation when creating your application. Some types require more or less data than others.

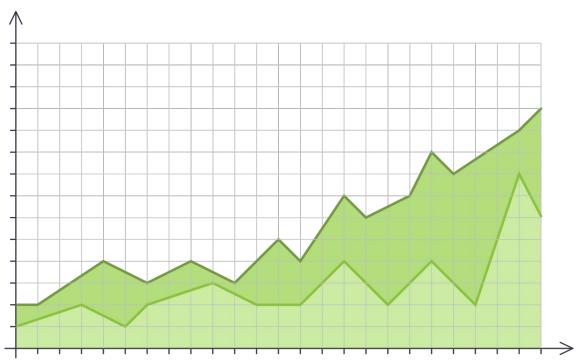






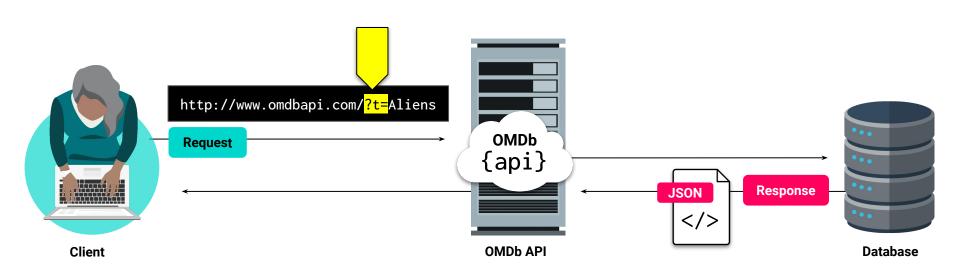
## JSON responses so far

Our previous API responses have been pretty simple but the OMDb API is slightly more complex



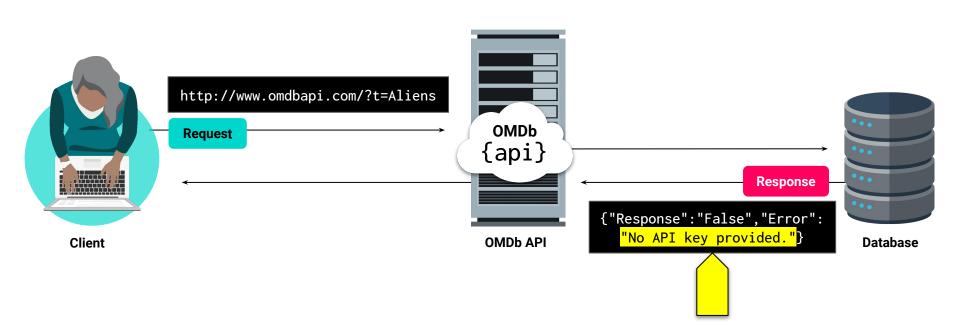
# URL Parameters: ?t=

This is asking the API to return all information on movies with the title "Aliens".



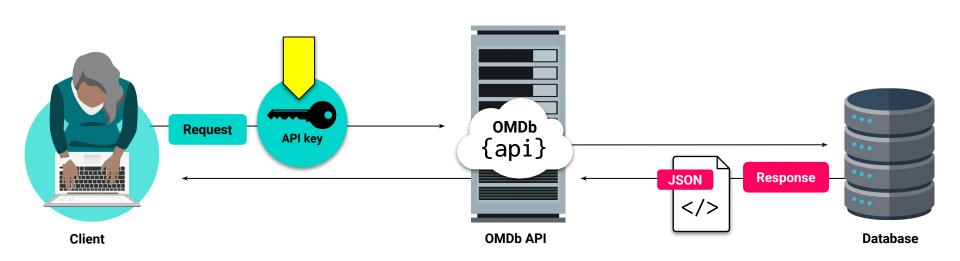
# URL Parameters: api\_key

Without an API key, no data would be returned.



# URL Parameters: api\_key

API keys restrict API access to specific users.



# URL Parameters: api\_key

```
# Note that the ?t= is a query param for title of the movie we want to search for
url = "http://www.omdbapi.com/?t="
api_key = "&apikey=trilogy"
```

```
# Performing a GET request similar to the one we executed earlier
response = requests.get(url + "Aliens" + api_key)
print(response.url)
```

http://www.omdbapi.com/?t=Aliens&apikey=trilogy"



# **Activity: Study the OMDb API**

In this activity, you'll review the OMDb API documentation, and you'll practice using the API!

(Instructions sent via Slack.)

#### Suggested Time:





# **Activity: Movie Questions**

In this activity, you will test your skills with the OMDb API by collecting data to answer a series of questions.

(Instructions sent via Slack.)

#### Suggested Time:

## **Activity: Movie Questions**

Use the OMDb API to retrieve and print answers to the following questions:









## Our Requests So Far



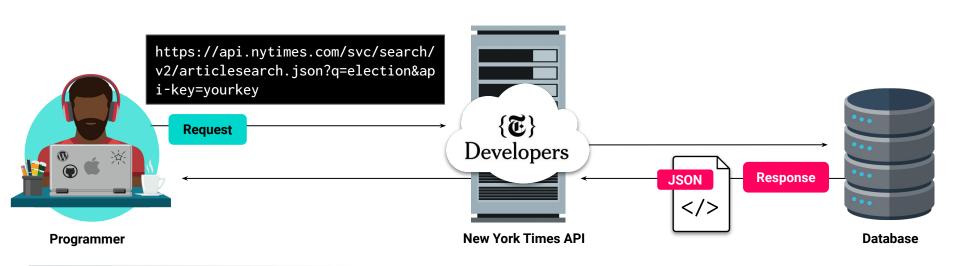
API keys restrict API access to specific users.



Without an API key, no data would be returned.

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A programmer would have to make a requests to retheve an articles.



### Requests on a Loop!

```
# Make a request for each of the indices
for x in range (len(indices)):
    print(f"Making request number: {x} for ID: {indices[x]}")
    # Get one of the posts
    post_response = requests.get(url + str(indices[x]))
    # Save post's JSON
    response_json.append(post_response.json())
    Making a request number: 0 for ID: 30
    Making a request number: 1 for ID: 54
    Making a request number: 2 for ID: 44
    Making a request number: 3 for ID: 76
    Making a request number: 4 for ID: 46
    Making a request number: 5 for ID: 75
    Making a request number: 6 for ID: 69
    Making a request number: 7 for ID: 40
    Making a request number: 8 for ID: 48
    Making a request number: 9 for ID: 5
```



# **Activity: Iterative Requests**

In this activity, you will test your knowledge of iterative requests by looping through a list of movies and collecting data on each movie from the OMDb API.

(Instructions sent via Slack.)

#### Suggested Time:

10 minutes

## **Activity: Iterative Requests**

#### Instructions

Consider the following list of movie titles: movies = ["Aliens", "Sing", "Moana"

Make a request to the OMDb API for each movie in the list. Then, do the following:

- Print the director of each movie.
- Save the responses in another list.

The director of Aliens was James Cameron.

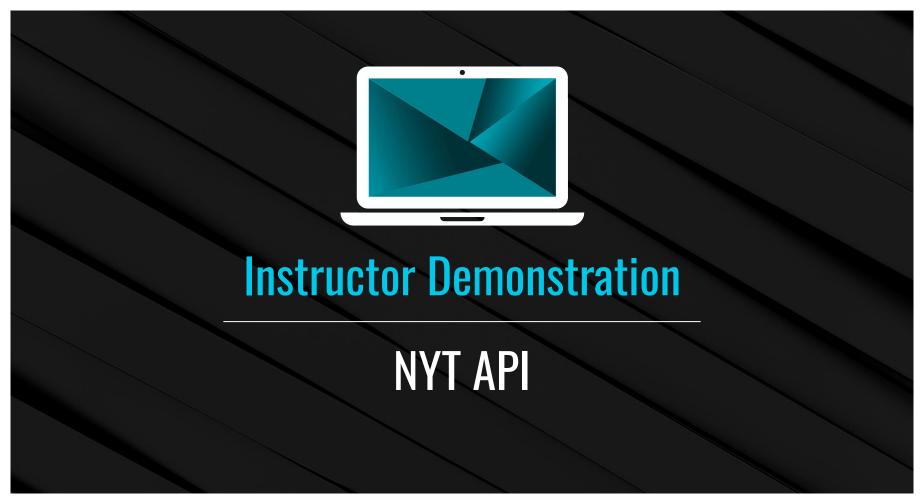
The rating of Gladiator was R.

The movie 50 First Dates was released in 2004.

Moana was written by Jared Bush (screenplay by), Ron Clements (story by), John Musker (story by), Chris Williams (story by), Don Hall (story by), Pamela Ribon (story by), Aaron Kandell (story by), Jordan Kandell (story by).

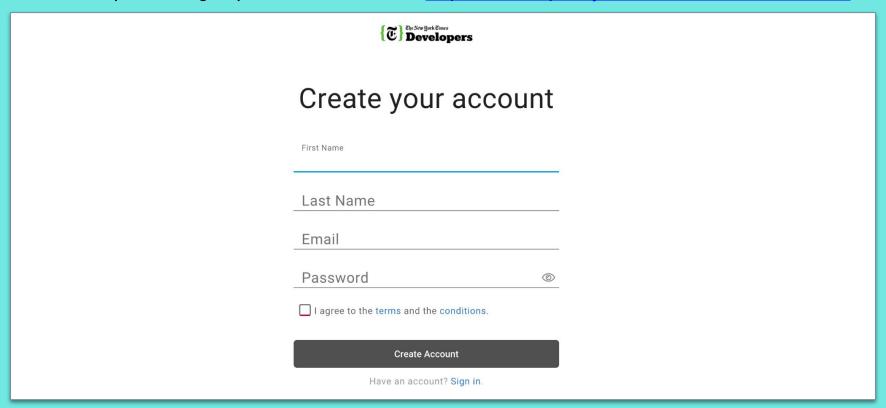
The plot of Sing was: In a city of humanoid animals, a hustling theater impresario's attempt to save his theater with a singing competition becomes grander than he anticipates even as its finalists' find that their lives will never be the same..



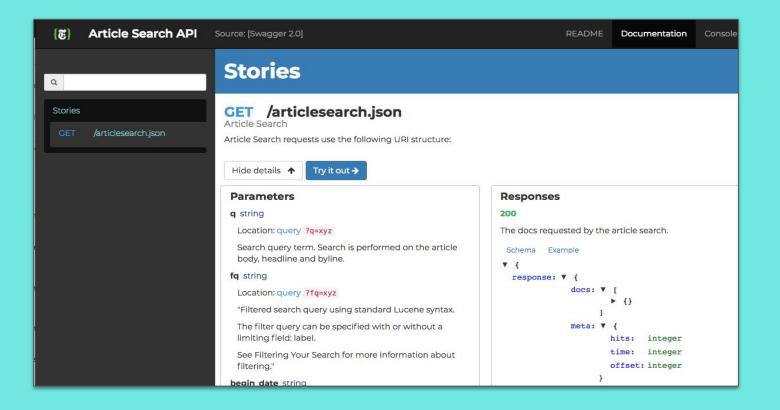


## **NYT API Sign-up**

This API requires a sign-up. Fill out the form at <a href="https://developer.nytimes.com/accounts/create">https://developer.nytimes.com/accounts/create</a>



#### **NYT API Documentation**



## **NYT API Sign-up**



When using API keys, make sure to store in a config.py file.



Add the config file to a .gitignore file so keys are not added to a public repo.





# **Activity: Retrieving Articles**

In this activity, you will create an application that grabs articles from the NYT API, stores them within a list, and prints snippets of the articles to the screen.

(Instructions sent via Slack.)

### Suggested Time:

20 minutes

## **Activity: Retrieving Articles**

A snippet from the article: When the president goes to the Illinois Capitol next month to speak, he will call for a l ess divisive politics, aides say.

A snippet from the article: The first time the president met with House Democrats, in 2009, there were 257 of them. Now there are 188. Some point a finger at him.

A snippet from the article: Tucked into a piece of legislation are a few words that will change how American official s treat Israeli settlements in the West Bank.

A snippet from the article: "We must confront the reality that around the world anti-Semitism is on the rise," the president urged at an event to posthumously honor individuals who protected Jews during the Holocaust.

A snippet from the article: Katie Beirne Fallon, the president's legislative director, has been credited with improving his relations with lawmakers on Capitol Hill.

A snippet from the article: Mrs. Clinton also said that Mr. Sanders's proposal for a single-payer health care system would thrust the nation into "a terrible, terrible national debate."

A snippet from the article: A federal order will deprive local authorities of critical tools in an age of heightened fears about terrorism and mass shootings, some law enforcement leaders say.

A snippet from the article: The new rules, announced by the Obama administration, allow banks to provide direct finan cing for products other than agricultural commodities.

A snippet from the article: A compromise to reaffirm concealed-carry reciprocity with 25 states looks like a sellout to gun-control advocates.

A snippet from the article: Nader Modanlo, released by the United States this month in a prisoner exchange with Iran, was reluctant to accept the deal because it required him to abandon an appeal of his conviction.

## **Activity: Retrieving Articles**

#### Instructions

Save the following to variables in your script:

- The NYT API endpoint—make sure that you include the right query parameter for retrieving JSON data!
- Your selected search term

Build your query URL, and save it to a variable.

Retrieve your list of articles with a get request.

Store each article in the response inside of a list.

Print a snippet from each article.

