

Adding GitHub Triggers



Estimated time needed: 30 minutes

Welcome to this hands-on lab for **Adding GitHub Triggers**.

Running a pipeline manually has limited uses. In this lab you will create a Tekton Trigger to cause a pipeline run from external events like changes made to a repo in GitHub.

Learning Objective

After completing this lab, you will be able to:

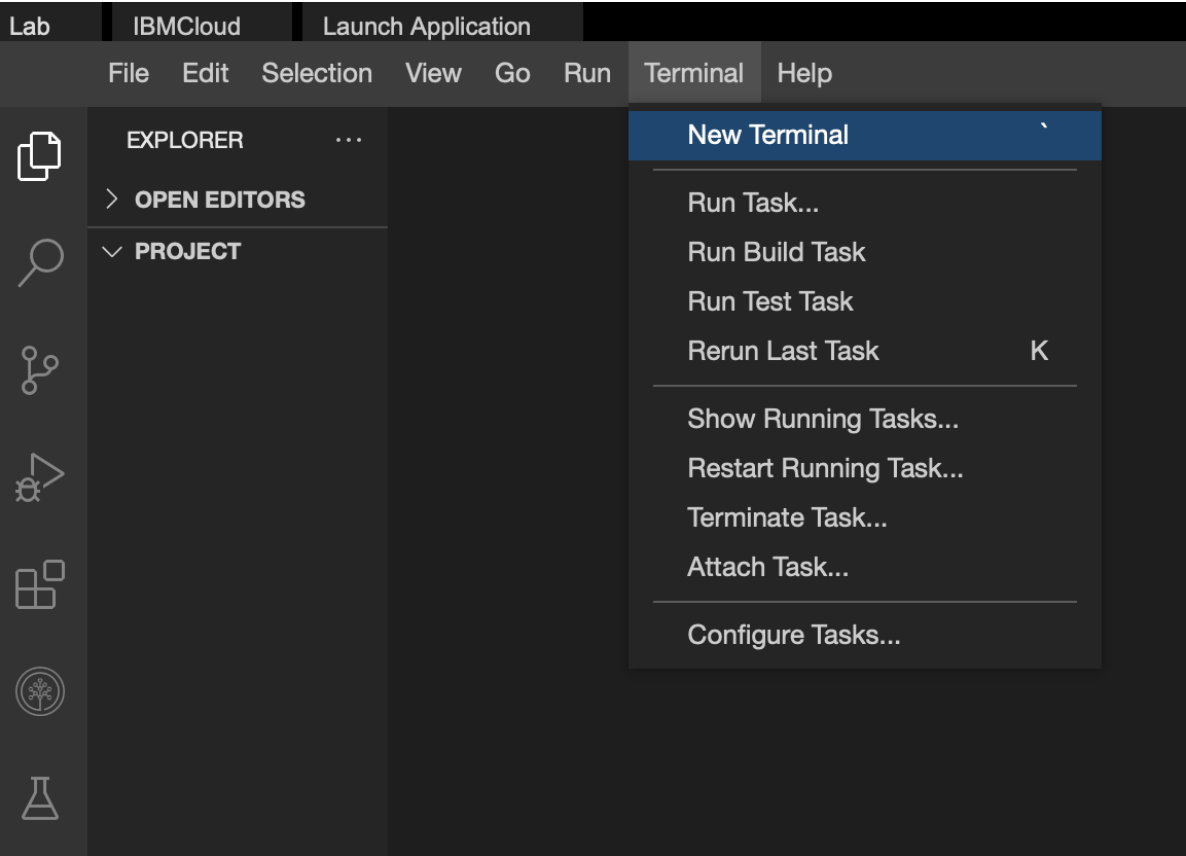
- Create an EventListener, a TriggerBinding and a TriggerTemplate
- State how to trigger a deployment when changes are made to github

Set Up the Lab Environment

You have a little preparation to do before you can start the lab.

Open a Terminal

Open a terminal window by using the menu in the editor: Terminal > New Terminal.



In the terminal, if you are not already in the `/home/project` folder, change to your project folder now.

```
1. 1
1. cd /home/project
```

Copied! Executed!

Clone the Code Repo

Now, get the code that you need to test. To do this, use the `git clone` command to clone the Git repository:

```
1. 1
1. git clone https://github.com/ibm-developer-skills-network/wtecc-CICD_PracticeCode.git
```

Copied! Executed!

Your output should look similar to the image below:

```
theia@theiaopenshift-rofrano:/home/project$ git clone https://github.com/ibm-developer-sk
Cloning into 'wtecc-CICD_PracticeCode'...
remote: Enumerating objects: 37, done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (7/7), done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (6/6), done.
remote: Total 37 (delta 1), reused 4 (delta 0), pack-reused 30
Unpacking objects: 100% (37/37), done.
theia@theiaopenshift-rofrano:/home/project$
```

Change to the Labs Directory

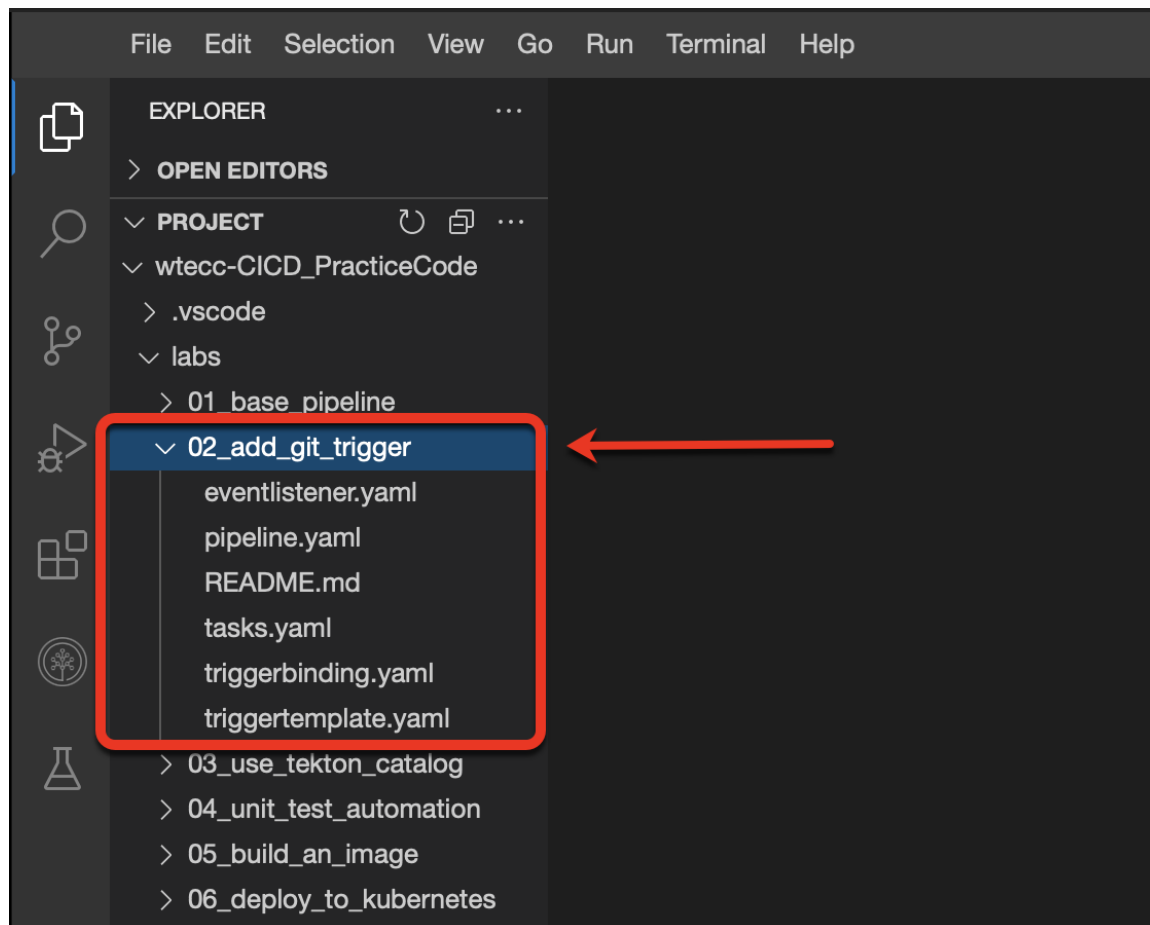
Once you have cloned the repository, change to the labs directory.

```
1. 1
1. cd wtecc-CICD_PracticeCode/labs/02_add_git_trigger/
```

Copied! Executed!

Navigate to the Lab Folder

Navigate to the labs/02_add_git_trigger folder in left explorer panel. All of your work will be with the files in this folder.



You are now ready to start the lab.

Optional

If working in the terminal becomes difficult because the command prompt is very long, you can shorten the prompt using the following command:

```
1. 1
1. export PS1="\[\033[01;32m\]\u\[\033[00m\]: \[\033[01;34m\]\w\[\033[00m\]\$ "
```

Copied! Executed!

Prerequisites

This lab starts with the `cd-pipeline` pipeline and `checkout` and `echo` tasks from the previous lab.

If you did not complete the previous lab, you should apply them to your Kubernetes cluster before starting this lab:

Issue the following commands to install everything from the previous labs.

```
1. 1
2. 2

1. kubectl apply -f tasks.yaml
2. kubectl apply -f pipeline.yaml
```

Copied! Executed!

Check that the tasks were created:

```
1. 1

1. tkn task ls
```

Copied! Executed!

You should see output similar to this:

```
1. 1
2. 2
3. 3

1. NAME      DESCRIPTION  AGE
2. checkout                2 minute ago
3. echo                  2 minute ago
```

Copied!

Check that the pipeline was created:

```
1. 1

1. tkn pipeline ls
```

Copied! Executed!

You should see output similar to this:

```
1. 1
2. 2

1. NAME      AGE      LAST RUN    STARTED    DURATION    STATUS
2. cd-pipeline 2 minutes ago    ---        ---        ---        ---
```

Copied!

You are now ready to continue with this lab.

Step 1: Create an EventListener

The first thing you need is an event listener that is listening for incoming events from GitHub.

You will update the `eventlistener.yaml` file to define an `EventListener` named `cd-listener` that references a `TriggerBinding` named `cd-binding` and a `TriggerTemplate` named `cd-template`.

Open `eventlistener.yaml` in IDE

It should initially look like this:

```
1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
4. 4
5. 5

1. apiVersion: triggers.tekton.dev/v1beta1
2. kind: EventListener
3. metadata:
4.   name: <place-name-here>
5. spec:
```

Copied!

Your Task

- 1. The first thing you want to do is give the `EventListener` a good name. Change `<place-name-here>` to `cd-listener`.
- 2. The next thing is to add a service account. Add a `serviceAccountName`: with a value of `pipeline` to the `spec` section.
- 3. Now you need to define the triggers. Add a `triggers:` section under `spec:`. This is where you will define the bindings and template.
- 4. Add a `bindings:` section under the `triggers:` section with a `ref:` to `cd-binding`. Since there can be mutiple triggers, make sure you define - `bindings` as a list using the dash - prefix. Also since there can be multiple bindings, make sure you define the - `ref:` with a dash - prefix as well.
- 5. Add a `template:` section at the same level as `bindings` with a `ref:` to `cd-template`.

Hint

▼ Click here for a hint.

Your `eventlistener.yaml` file structure should mirror this replacing the values in `{}` with the actual values:

```
1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
4. 4
5. 5
6. 6
7. 7

1. spec:
2.   serviceAccountName: {service account name here}
3.   triggers:
4.     - bindings:
5.       - ref: {binding reference}
6.     template:
7.       ref: {template reference}
```

Copied!

Double-check that your work matches the solution below.

Solution

▼ Click here for the answer.

```
1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
4. 4
5. 5
6. 6
7. 7
8. 8
9. 9
10. 10
11. 11

1. apiVersion: triggers.tekton.dev/v1beta1
2. kind: EventListener
3. metadata:
4.   name: cd-listener
5. spec:
6.   serviceAccountName: pipeline
7.   triggers:
8.     - bindings:
9.       - ref: cd-binding
10.       template:
11.         ref: cd-template
```

Copied!

Apply the EventListener resource to the cluster:

```
1. 1

1. kubectl apply -f eventlistener.yaml
```

Copied! Executed!

Check that it was created correctly.

```
1. 1

1. tkn eventlistener ls
```

Copied! Executed!

You should see a reply similar to this:

```
1. 1
2. 2

1. NAME          AGE          URL                                     AVAILABLE
2. cd-listener   9 seconds ago http://el-cd-listener.default.svc.cluster.local:8080 True
```

Copied!

You will create the TriggerBinding named cd-binding and a TriggerTemplate named cd-template in the next steps.

Step 2: Create a TriggerBinding

The next thing you need is a way to bind the incoming data from the event to pass on to the pipeline. To accomplish this, you use a TriggerBinding.

Update the triggerbinding.yaml file to create a TriggerBinding named cd-binding that takes the body.repository.url and body.ref and binds them to the parameters repository and branch, respectively.

Open triggerbinding.yaml in IDE

It should initially look like this:

```
1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
4. 4
5. 5

1. apiVersion: triggers.tekton.dev/v1beta1
2. kind: TriggerBinding
3. metadata:
4.   name: <place-name-here>
5. spec:
```

Copied!

Your Task

- 1. The first thing you want to do is give the TriggerBinding the same name that is referenced in the EventListener, which is cd-binding.
- 2. Next, you need to add a parameter named repository to the spec: section with a value that references \${body.repository.url}.
- 3. Finally, you need to add a parameter named branch to the spec: section with a value that references \${body.ref}.

Hint

▼ Click here for a hint.

Your triggerbinding.yaml file structure should mirror this replacing the values in {} with the actual values:

```
1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
4. 4
5. 5
6. 6

1. spec:
2.   params:
3.     - name: {repository parameter}
4.       value: ${({repository url variable reference})}
5.     - name: {branch parameter}
6.       value: ${({branch body variable reference})}
```

Copied!

Double-check that your work matches the solution below.

Solution

▼ Click here for the answer.

```
1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
4. 4
5. 5
6. 6
7. 7
8. 8
9. 9
10. 10

1. apiVersion: triggers.tekton.dev/v1beta1
2. kind: TriggerBinding
3. metadata:
4.   name: cd-binding
5. spec:
6.   params:
7.     - name: repository
8.       value: ${body.repository.url}
9.     - name: branch
10.      value: ${body.ref}
```

Copied!

Apply the new TriggerBinding definition to the cluster:

```
1. 1

1. kubectl apply -f triggerbinding.yaml
```

Copied! Executed!

Step 3: Create a TriggerTemplate

The TriggerTemplate takes the parameters passed in from the TriggerBinding and creates a PipelineRun to start the pipeline.

Update the triggertemplate.yaml file to create a TriggerTemplate named cd-template that defines the parameters required, and create a PipelineRun that will run the cd-pipeline you created in the previous lab.

Open triggertemplate.yaml in IDE

It should initially look like this:

```
1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
4. 4
5. 5
6. 6
7. 7
8. 8
9. 9
10. 10
11. 11
12. 12
13. 13
14. 14

1. apiVersion: triggers.tekton.dev/v1beta1
2. kind: TriggerTemplate
3. metadata:
4.   name: <place-name-here>
5. spec:
6.   params:
7.     # Add parameters here
8.   resourcetemplates:
9.     - apiVersion: tekton.dev/v1beta1
10.       kind: PipelineRun
11.       metadata:
12.         generateName: cd-pipeline-run-
13.       spec:
14.         # Add pipeline definition here
```

Copied!

Your Task

You must update the parameter section of the TriggerTemplate and fill out the resourcetemplates section:

Update Name and Add Parameters

- 1. The first thing you want to do is give the TriggerTemplate the same name that is referenced in the EventListener, which is cd-template.
- 2. Next, you need to add a parameter named repository to the spec: section with a description: of “The git repo” and a default: of “ ”.
- 3. Then, you need to add a parameter named branch to the spec: section with a description: of “the branch for the git repo” and a default: of master.

Hint 1

▼ Click here for a hint.

The params: section of your triggertemplate.yaml file structure should mirror this replacing the values in {} with the actual values:

```
1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
4. 4
5. 5
6. 6
7. 7
8. 8

1. spec:
2.   params:
3.     - name: {repository parameter here}
4.       description: {repository description}
5.       default: " "
6.     - name: {branch parameter here}
7.       description: {branch description}
8.       default: {master branch}
```

Copied!

Complete the Resource Template

Finish filling out the `resourcetemplates:` section by adding the following after the commented line `# Add pipeline definition here`.

- 1. Add a `serviceAccountName:` with a value of `pipeline`.
- 2. Add a `pipelineRef:` that refers to the `cd-pipeline` created in the last lab.
- 3. Add a parameter named `repo-url` with a value referencing the `TriggerTemplate repository` parameter above.
- 4. Add a second parameter named `branch` with a value referencing the `TriggerTemplatebranch` parameter above.

Hint 2

▼ Click here for a hint.

The `resourcetemplates.spec:` section of your `triggertemplate.yaml` file structure should mirror this replacing the values in `{}` with the actual values:

```
1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
4. 4
5. 5
6. 6
7. 7
8. 8
9. 9
10. 10
11. 11
12. 12

1. spec:
2.   resourcetemplates:
3.     spec:
4.       # Add pipeline definition here
5.       serviceAccountName: {sa name goes here}
6.       pipelineRef:
7.         name: {pipeline name goes here}
8.       params:
9.         - name: {repository url parameter goes here}
10.          value: ${tt.params.repository}
11.         - name: {branch parameter goes here}
12.          value: ${tt.params.branch}
```

Copied!

Double-check that your work matches the solution below.

Solution

▼ Click here for the answer.

```
1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
4. 4
5. 5
6. 6
7. 7
8. 8
9. 9
10. 10
11. 11
12. 12
13. 13
14. 14
15. 15
16. 16
17. 17
18. 18
19. 19
20. 20
21. 21
22. 22
23. 23
24. 24
25. 25
26. 26

1. apiVersion: triggers.tekton.dev/v1beta1
2. kind: TriggerTemplate
3. metadata:
4.   name: cd-template
5. spec:
6.   params:
7.     - name: repository
8.       description: The git repo
9.       default: " "
10.    - name: branch
11.      description: the branch for the git repo
12.      default: master
13.   resourcetemplates:
14.     - apiVersion: tekton.dev/v1beta1
15.       kind: PipelineRun
16.       metadata:
17.         generateName: cd-pipeline-run-
18.       spec:
19.         serviceAccountName: pipeline
20.         pipelineRef:
21.           name: cd-pipeline
22.         params:
23.           - name: repo-url
24.             value: ${tt.params.repository}
25.           - name: branch
26.             value: ${tt.params.branch}
```

Copied!

Note that while the parameter you bound from the event is `repository`, you pass it on as `repo-url` to the pipeline. This is to show that the names do not have to match, allowing you to use any pipeline to map parameters into.

Apply the new `TriggerTemplate` definition to the cluster:

```
1. 1

1. kubectl apply -f triggertemplate.yaml
```

Copied! Executed!

Step 4: Start a Pipeline Run

Now it is time to call the event listener and start a PipelineRun. You can do this locally using the `curl` command to test that it works.

For this last step, you will need two terminal sessions.

Terminal 1

In one of the sessions, you need to run the `kubectl port-forward` command to forward the port for the event listener so that you can call it on `localhost`.

Use the `kubectl port-forward` command to forward port `8090` to `8080`.

```
1. 1
1. kubectl port-forward service/el-cd-listener 8090:8080
```

Copied! Executed!

You will see the following output, but you will not get your cursor back.

```
1. 1
2. 2
1. Forwarding from 127.0.0.1:8090 -> 8080
2. Forwarding from [::1]:8090 -> 8080
```

Copied!

Terminal 2

Now you are ready to trigger the event listener by posting to the endpoint that it is listening on. You will now need to open a second terminal shell to issue commands.

- 1. Open a new Terminal shell with the menu item `Terminal > New Terminal`.
- 2. Use the `curl` command to send a payload to the event listener service.

```
1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
1. curl -X POST http://localhost:8090 \
2.   -H 'Content-Type: application/json' \
3.   -d '{"ref":"main","repository":{"url":"https://github.com/ibm-developer-skills-network/wtecc-CICD_PracticeCode"}}'
```

Copied! Executed!

This should start a PipelineRun. You can check on the status with this command:

```
1. 1
1. tkn pipelinerun ls
```

Copied! Executed!

You should see something like this come back:

```
1. 1
2. 2
1. NAME          STARTED          DURATION  STATUS
2. cd-pipeline-run-hhkpm 10 seconds ago  ---      Running
```

Copied!

You can also examine the PipelineRun logs using this command (the `-L` means “latest” so that you do not have to look up the name for the last run):

```
1. 1
1. tkn pipelinerun logs --last
```

Copied! Executed!

You should see:

```
1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
4. 4
5. 5
6. 6
7. 7
8. 8
9. 9
1. [clone : checkout] Cloning into 'wtecc-CICD_PracticeCode'...
2.
3. [lint : echo-message] Calling Flake8 linter...
4.
5. [tests : echo-message] Running unit tests with PyUnit...
6.
7. [build : echo-message] Building image for https://github.com/ibm-developer-skills-network/wtecc-CICD_PracticeCode ...
8.
9. [deploy : echo-message] Deploying master branch of https://github.com/ibm-developer-skills-network/wtecc-CICD_PracticeCode ...
```

Copied!

Conclusion

Congratulations, you have successfully set up Tekton Triggers.

In this lab, you learned how to create a Tekton Trigger to cause a pipeline run from external events like changes made to a repo in GitHub. You learned how to create EventListeners, TriggerTemplates, TriggerBindings and how to start a Pipeline Run on a port.

Next Steps

Now that you know your triggers are working, you can expose the event listener service with an ingress and call it from a webhook in GitHub and have it run on changes to your GitHub repository.

Author(s)

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Change Log

Date	Version	Changed by	Change Description
2022-07-24	0.1	Tapas Mandal	Initial version created
2022-07-31	0.2	Tapas Mandal	Added additional instructions
2022-08-03	0.3	John Rofrano	Added more detailed instructions
2022-08-05	0.4	Steve Ryan	ID Review
2022-08-05	0.5	Beth Larsen	QA review
2023-03-15	0.6	Lavanya Rajalingam	Updated SN Logo
2023-04-21	0.7	Lavanya Rajalingam	Corrected parameter as branch for TriggerTemplate