GPU Programming

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Debugging

- Debugging parallel programs is difficult.
 - Non-determinism due to thread-scheduling
 - Output can be different
 - Correct intermediate values may be large
- cuda-gdb
 - for debugging CUDA programs on real hardware
 - Extension to gdb
 - Allows breakpoints, single-step, read/write memory contents.

Sample Error

```
#include <cuda.h>
#include <stdio.h>
  global void K(int *x) {
     *x = 0:
int main() {
     int *x;
     K<<<2, 10>>>(x);
     cudaDeviceSynchronize();
     return 0;
```

Sample Error

```
#include <cuda.h>
#include <stdio.h>
  global void K(int *x) {
     *x = 0:
     printf("%d\n", *x); // does not print anything.
int main() {
     int *x;
     K<<<2, 10>>>(x);
     cudaDeviceSynchronize();
     return 0;
```

Sample Error

```
#include <cuda.h>
#include <stdio.h>
 _global__ void K(int *x) {
     *x = 0:
     printf("%d\n", *x);
int main() {
     int *x:
                                   error=77, cudaErrorIllegalAddress,
     K <<<2, 10>>>(x);
                                   an illegal memory access was encountered
     cudaDeviceSynchronize();
     cudaError t err = cudaGetLastError();
     printf("error=%d, %s, %s\n", err, cudaGetErrorName(err),
                                   cudaGetErrorString(err));
     return 0;
```

CUDA Errors

```
cudaSuccess
                                   = 0, /// No errors
cudaErrorMissingConfiguration
                                   = 1, /// Missing configuration error
cudaErrorMemoryAllocation
                                   = 2, /// Memory allocation error
cudaErrorInitializationError
                                   = 3, /// Initialization error
                                   = 4, /// Launch failure
cudaErrorLaunchFailure
cudaErrorPriorLaunchFailure
                                   = 5, /// Prior launch failure
                                   = 6, /// Launch timeout error
cudaErrorLaunchTimeout
                                   = 7, /// Launch out of resources
cudaErrorLaunchOutOfResources
cudaErrorInvalidDeviceFunction
                                   = 8, /// Invalid device function
cudaErrorInvalidConfiguration
                                   = 9, /// Invalid configuration
cudaErrorInvalidDevice
                                   = 10, /// Invalid device
```

Homework: Write programs to invoke these errors.

cuda-gdb

- Generate debug information
 - nvcc -g -G file.cu
 - Disables optimizations, inserts symbol information.
- Run with cuda-gdb
 - cuda-gdb a.out
 - > run
- May have to stop the windows manager.
- Due to lots of threads, cuda-gdb works with a focus (current thread).

```
(cuda-gdb) run
Starting program: ..../a.out
[Thread debugging using libthread_db enabled]
Using host libthread_db library "/lib64/libthread_db.so.1".
[New Thread 0x7ffff7396700 (LWP 10305)]
[New Thread 0x7ffff696d700 (LWP 10306)]
```

CUDA Exception: Device Illegal Address

The exception was triggered in device 0.

cuda-gdb

(cuda-gdb) info cuda kernels

Kernel Parent Dev Grid Status SMs Mask GridDim BlockDim Invocation

- * 0 0 1 Active 0x00006000 (2,1,1) (10,1,1) K(x=0x0)
- (cuda-gdb) info threads
 - Id Target Id Frame
 - 3 Thread 0x7ffff696d700 (LWP 10497) "a.out" 0x00000038db4df113 in poll () from /lib64/libc.so.6
- 2 Thread 0x7ffff7396700 (LWP 10496) "a.out" 0x00000038db4eac6f in accept4
 - () from /lib64/libc.so.6
- * 1 Thread 0x7ffff7fca720 (LWP 10487) "a.out" 0x00007ffff77a2118 in cudbgApiDetach () from /usr/lib64/libcuda.so.1

cuda-gdb

```
(cuda-gdb) info cuda threads
 Blockldx Threadldx To Blockldx Threadldx Count
                                                  Virtual PC Filename Line
Kernel 0
* (0,0,0) (0,0,0) (1,0,0) (9,0,0) 20 0x0000000000aa9f50 gdb2.cu
                                                                      6
(cuda-gdb) cuda kernel block thread
kernel 0, block (0,0,0), thread (0,0,0)
(cuda-gdb) cuda block 1 thread 0
[Switching focus to CUDA kernel 0, grid 1, block (1,0,0), thread (0,0,0), device
0, sm 13, warp 0, lane 0]
0x0000000000aa9510 6
                                  printf("%d\n", *x);
(cuda-gdb) cuda kernel block thread
```

kernel 0, block (1,0,0), thread (0,0,0)

Breakpoints

- break main // first instruction in main
- break file.cu:223 // file:line
- set cuda break_on_launch application
 // kernel entry breakpoint
- break file.cu:23 if threadIdx.x == 1 && i < 5
 // conditional breakpoint

Step

- Once at a breakpoint, you can single-step
 - step, s or <enter>

(cuda-gdb) **info cuda sms**SM Active Warps Mask Device 0

- 0 0x000000000000000
- 1 0x0000000000000000
- 2 0x000000000000000
- 3 0x000000000000000
- 4 0x000000000000000
- 5 0x000000000000000
- 6 0x000000000000000
- 7 0x0000000000000000
- 8 0x000000000000000
- 9 0x000000000000000
- 10 0x000000000000000
- 11 0x000000000000000
- 12 0x000000000000000
- 13 0x0000000000000001
- * 14 0x00000000000000001

(cuda-gdb) info cuda warps

Wp Active Lanes Mask Divergent Lanes Mask Active Physical PC Kernel Blockldx First Active Threadldx

Device 0 SM 14

* 0	0x000003ff	0x00000000 0x000	00000000	000110	0 (0,0,0)		(0,0,0)
1	0x00000000	0x0000000	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
2	0x00000000	0x0000000	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
3	0x00000000	0x0000000	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
4	0x00000000	0x0000000	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
5	0x00000000	0x0000000	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
6	0x00000000	0x0000000	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
7	0x00000000	0x0000000	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
8	0x00000000	0x0000000	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
9	0x00000000	0x0000000	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
10	0x00000000	0x0000000	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	

⁻⁻⁻Type <return> to continue, or q <return> to quit---

```
(cuda-gdb) info cuda lanes
              Physical PC ThreadIdx
                                          Exception
 Ln State
Device 0 SM 14 Warp 0
    active 0x000000000000110
                                  (0,0,0) Device Illegal Address
 0
    active 0x000000000000110
                                  (1,0,0) Device Illegal Address
    active 0x000000000000110
                                  (2,0,0) Device Illegal Address
                                  (3,0,0) Device Illegal Address
    active 0x000000000000110
                                  (4,0,0) Device Illegal Address
    active 0x000000000000110
    active 0x000000000000110
                                  (5,0,0) Device Illegal Address
                                  (6,0,0) Device Illegal Address
    active 0x000000000000110
                                  (7,0,0) Device Illegal Address
    active 0x000000000000110
                                  (8,0,0) Device Illegal Address
    active 0x000000000000110
                                  (9,0,0) Device Illegal Address
    active 0x000000000000110
    inactive
                 n/a
                            n/a
                                      n/a
    inactive
                 n/a
                            n/a
                                      n/a
    inactive
                            n/a
                                      n/a
                 n/a
    inactive
                 n/a
                            n/a
                                      n/a
                 n/a
 30 inactive
                            n/a
                                      n/a
```

n/a

n/a

inactive

n/a

Homework

For the given program, what sequence of cuda-gdb commands would you use to identify the error?

```
global___ void K(int *p) {
     *p = 0;
     printf("%d\n", *p);
int main() {
     int *x, *y;
     cudaMalloc(&x, sizeof(int));
     K <<<2, 10>>>(x);
     cudaDeviceSynchronize();
     y = x;
     cudaFree(y);
     K <<<2, 10>>>(x);
     cudaDeviceSynchronize();
     return 0;
```

Profiling

- Measuring "indicators" of performance
 - Time taken by various kernels
 - Memory utilization
 - Number of cache misses
 - Degree of divergence
 - Degree of coalescing

- ...

CUDA Profiler

- nvprof: command-line
- nvvp, nsight: Visual Profiler

- An event is a measurable activity on a device.
 It corresponds to a hardware counter value.
 - About 140 events
 - tex0_cache_sector_queries
 - gld_inst_8bit
 - inst_executed

- ...

nvprof

- No changes required to the binary. Uses defaults.
 - nvprof a.out
- To profile part of a program, use cudaProfilerStart() and Stop().
- Include cuda_profiler_api.h
- nvprof --profile-from-start off a.out

```
global void K1(int num) {
    num += num;
    ++num:
                                             Which kernel should you optimize?
  device int sum = 0;
                                             (Which kernel consumes more time?)
  global void K2(int num) {
    atomicAdd(&sum, num);
  _global___ void K3(int num) {
    shared int sum;
    sum = 0:
    __syncthreads();
    sum += num:
int main() {
    for (unsigned ii = 0; ii < 100; ++ii) {
         K1<<<5, 32>>>(ii); cudaDeviceSynchronize();
    for (unsigned ii = 0; ii < 100; ++ii) {
         K2<<<5, 32>>>(ii); cudaDeviceSynchronize();
    for (unsigned ii = 0; ii < 100; ++ii) {
         K3<<<5, 32>>>(ii); cudaDeviceSynchronize();
    return 0;
```

\$ nvprof a.out

```
==26519== NVPROF is profiling process 26519, command: a.out

==26519== Profiling application: a.out

==26519== Profiling result:

Time(%) Time Calls Avg Min Max Name

39.46% 191.46us 100 1.9140us 1.8880us 2.1440us K2(int)

33.86% 164.26us 100 1.6420us 1.6000us 1.8880us K3(int)

26.68% 129.44us 100 1.2940us 1.2480us 1.5360us K1(int)
```

==26519== API calls:

```
Time(%) Time Calls Avg Min Max Name
95.75% 369.08ms 300 1.2303ms 10.560us 364.03ms cudaLaunch
2.33% 8.9986ms 728 12.360us 186ns 619.78us cuDeviceGetAttribute
0.91% 3.5039ms 8 437.98us 396.85us 450.61us cuDeviceTotalMem
0.73% 2.8134ms 300 9.3780us 6.4650us 32.547us cudaDeviceSynchronize
0.18% 699.99us 8 87.498us 85.431us 90.737us cuDeviceGetName
0.05% 194.20us 300 647ns 339ns 10.694us cudaConfigureCall
0.04% 156.27us 300 520ns 292ns 2.2700us cudaSetupArgument
0.00% 9.4130us 24 392ns 186ns 862ns cuDeviceGet
0.00% 5.7760us 31.9250us 317ns 4.7490us cuDeviceGetCount
```

```
global void K1(int num) {
    num += num;
    ++num:
  device int sum = 0;
  global__ void K2(int num) {
    atomicAdd(&sum, num);
  global__ void K3(int num) {
      shared int sum;
    sum = 0;
     syncthreads();
    sum += num;
int main() {
    for (unsigned ii = 0; ii < 100; ++ii) {
         K1<<<5, 32>>>(ii);
                                                   Loop fusion
         K2<<<5, 32>>>(ii);
         K3<<<5, 32>>>(ii);
         cudaDeviceSynchronize();
    return 0;
```

Doesn't change output much. We need kernel fusion.

```
device int sumg = 0;
  global void K(int num) {
    num += num:
    ++num:
    atomicAdd(&sumg, num);
    shared int sum;
    sum = 0:
    syncthreads();
    sum += num;
int main() {
    for (unsigned ii = 0; ii < 100; ++ii) {
        K<<<5, 32>>>(ii);
        cudaDeviceSynchronize();
    return 0;
           Time(%) Time Calls Avg Min Max Name
            100.00% 194.81us 100 1.9480us 1.9200us 2.3040us K(int)
           ==26721== API calls:
           Time(%) Time Calls Avg Min Max Name
            96.26% 375.85ms 100 3.7585ms 18.175us 373.93ms cudaLaunch
            2.33% 9.1124ms 728 12.517us 183ns 661.26us cuDeviceGetAttribute
```

```
        Time(%)
        Time
        Calls
        Avg
        Min
        Max
        Name

        39.46%
        191.46us
        100
        1.9140us
        1.8880us
        2.1440us
        K2(int)

        33.86%
        164.26us
        100
        1.6420us
        1.6000us
        1.8880us
        K3(int)

        26.68%
        129.44us
        100
        1.2940us
        1.2480us
        1.5360us
        K1(int)
```

==26519== API calls:

Time(%) Time Calls Avg Min Max Name
95.75% 369.08ms 300 1.2303ms 10.560us 364.03ms cudaLaunch
2.33% 8.9986ms 728 12.360us 186ns 619.78us cuDeviceGetAttribute

```
Time(%) Time Calls Avg Min Max Name 100.00% 194.81us 1.9480us 1.9200us 2.3040us K(int)

==26721 == API calls: Time(%) Time Calls Avg Min Max Name 96.26% 375.85ms 100 3.7585ms 18.175us 373.93ms cudaLaunch 2.33% 9.1124ms 728 12.517us 183ns 661.26us cuDeviceGetAttribute
```

```
device int sumg = 0;
  global void K(int num) {
    int num = blockldx.x * blockDim.x + threadldx.x;
    num += num;
    ++num;
    atomicAdd(&sumg, num);
    shared int sum;
    sum = 0;
    syncthreads();
    sum += num:
int main() {
    K<<<5*100, 32>>>(ii);
    cudaDeviceSynchronize();
    return 0;
           Time(%) Time Calls Avg Min Max Name
           100.00% 3.7120us 1 3.7120us 3.7120us 3.7120us K(void)
           ==26862== API calls:
           Time(%) Time Calls Avg Min Max Name
            96.91% 369.68ms 1 369.68ms 369.68ms cudaLaunch
            2.16% 8.2407ms 728 11.319us 142ns 461.62us cuDeviceGetAttribute
```

nvprof

- Supports device-specific profiling
- Supports remote profiling
- Output can be dumped to files as a .csv

• ...