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UART #1
Temperature Sensor Data Analysis
Test Case 0
Yes, Your Mean= 77
Yes, Your Range= 55
Correct Analysis of monotonicity
Test Case 1
Yes, Your Mean= 77
Yes, Your Range= 55
Correct Analysis of monotonicity
Test Case 2
Yes, Your Mean= 80
Yes, Your Range= 0
Correct Analysis of monotonicity
Test Case 3
Yes, Your Mean= 73
Yes, Your Range= 60
Correct Analysis of monotonicity
Test Case 4
Yes, Your Mean= 50
Yes, Your Range= 100
Correct Analysis of monotonicity
Passed all tests - End of Analysis
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// ***** Lab2.c *****

// Program written by: Ali Mansoorshahi

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// Last Modified: 2/6/2018

// Brief description of the Lab;

// This version is for the combined EE319K (Valvano) EE312 (Gligoric) sections

// An embedded system is capturing temperature data from a

// sensor and performing analysis on the captured data.

// The controller part of the system is periodically capturing size

// readings of the temperature sensor. Your task is to write three

// analysis routines to help the controller perform its function
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// The three analysis subroutines are:
// 1. Calculate the mean of the temperature readings
//    rounded down to the nearest integer
// 2. Calculate the range of the temperature readings,
//    defined as the difference between the largest and smallest reading
// 3. Check if the captured readings are a non-increasing montonic series
//    This simply means that the readings are sorted in non-increasing order.
//    We do not say "increasing" because it is possible for consecutive values
//    to be the same, hence the term "non-increasing". The controller performs
//    some remedial operation and the desired effect of the operation is to
//    lower the the temperature of the sensed system. This routine helps
//    verify whether this has indeed happened
#include "Lab2.h"
#define True 1
#define False 0

// Return the computed Mean
// Readings is an array of length N
// N is the length of the array
uint8_t Find_Mean(uint8_t Readings[],uint32_t N){
// Replace ths following line with your solution
    int32_t sum = 0;
    for(int i = 0; i < N; i++)
    {
        sum += Readings[i];
    }

    return(sum / N);
}

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// Return the computed Range
// Readings is an array of length N
// N is the length of the array
uint8_t Find_Range(uint8_t Readings[],uint32_t N){
// Replace ths following line with your solution
    int32_t max = -200000000;
    int32_t min = 200000000;

    for(int i = 0; i < N; i++)
    {
        if(Readings[i] > max)
        {
            max = Readings[i];
        }
        if(Readings[i] < min)
        {
            min = Readings[i];
        }
    }

    return(max - min);
}

// Return True of False based on whether the readings
// a non-increasing montonic series
// Readings is an array of length N
// N is the length of the array
uint8_t IsMonotonic(uint8_t Readings[],uint32_t N){

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// Replace ths following line with your solution

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        for(int i = 0; i< N-1; i++)
        {
            if(Readings[i] < Readings[i+1])
            {
                return False;
            }
        }

    return True;
}

//Testcase 0:
// Scores[N] = {80,75,73,72,90,95,65,54,89,45,60,75,72,78,90,94,85,100,54,98,75};
// Range=55 Mean=77 IsMonotonic=False

//Testcase 1:
// Scores[N] = {100,98,95,94,90,90,89,85,80,78,75,75,75,73,72,72,65,60,54,54,45};
// Range=55 Mean=77 IsMonotonic=True

//Testcase 2:
// Scores[N] = {80,80,80,80,80,80,80,80,80,80,80,80,80,80,80,80,80,80,80,80,80};
// Mean=80 Range=0 IsMonotonic=True

//Testcase 3:
// Scores[N] = {100,80,40,100,80,40,100,80,40,100,80,40,100,80,40,100,80,40,100,80,40};
// Mean=73 Range=60 IsMonotonic=False

//Testcase 4:
// Scores[N] = {100,95,90,85,80,75,70,65,60,55,50,45,40,35,30,25,20,15,10,5,0};
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// Range=100 Mean=50 IsMonotonic=True
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