	MA. 11 C CCC (CC	Kayvaun Khoshkhon 10/27/21 920357344
1.	Mintern Exam CSC 656 a) capacitive load of Pentium 4:	920357344
٠,٠	Capacitive loud of territori 1.	
	$\frac{2 \times \text{Power}}{(1 + 2)^{2} \times (1 + 2)^{2}} = \frac{2 \times 90}{(1 + 2)^{2} \times (1 + 2)^{2}}$	5 × 10 -8
	(frequency x voltage) (3.2×10 ×1.3)	5 x 10 - 9
	capacitive load of Ivy bridge:	5 × 10
		8
	$\frac{2 \times 30}{(3.5 \times 10^{9} \times 0.9^{2})} = \frac{(60)}{(3.5 \times 10^{9} \times 0.9^{2})} = \frac{2.12}{(3.5 \times 10^{9} \times 0.9^{2})}$	×10 ⁻⁰
	$(3.5 \times 10^{9} \times 0.9^{2}) (3.5 \times 10^{9} \times 0.9^{2}) = 21.2$	×10-9
	b) Pentium 4:	
	Total Power Dissipated => 9 Our+ 10W= 1	00W
	Static = D = 0.1 × 100% = [0%]	
	dissipated 100	
	static Power ratio to dynamic:	
	D = 0.11	
	90	
	for Luy Bridge:	
	total power dissipated:	
_	20W + 30W = 50W	
	Static - 20 = 0.4 x 100% = (40%)	
	dissipated 50	
	Ratio: 30 = 0.66	

B 1		
2.	a) $(63.25)_{10}$	
	$\frac{0}{63(2-3)} = 0.01$ $\frac{31}{2} = 15 \text{ RI}$	(48)x
	$ \begin{array}{ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
	$(63.25)_{10} = (11111.01)_{2}$	trans a roops of
	Normalized: (63.25)10 = (1.1111101)2 x 25	
The second second	Sign (S) Exponent (E) Mantissa (M)	reference and
	1 8 23 1 32 bits	
	$E = 5 + 2^{8-1} - 1 = 5 + 127 = (132)_{10}$	and the second s
1	$(132)_{10} = (10000100)_{2}$	
	adjust M to 23 bits	
3	M= 1.1111101600000000000000000000000000000	
+	5 E M 0 10000100 1111101 0000 0000 0000 000	}
		1-20-1

	2. a) IEEE 754 Double precision
	Sign (5) Exponent (E) Mantissa (M)
	1 11 52
	64 bits
	Spositive Sign = 0
The second second	Unadjusted Exponent = 5 Mantissa = 1.1111101
	Manfissa = 1,1111101
	Adjusted Exponent E= 5+2"-1-1=(5+1023)=(1028)10
	E - (10-72) - (10-10)
	$E = (1028)_{10} = (10000000100)_2$
	M Normalized
	0 (1 0 M M/2/1/201)
	M= 1.111101000000000000000000000000000000
	10.11.11.0 10.0000000 00.00000 00.00000000
-	IS E M
	0 1000000100 1111 1010 (0000 ×11)

