

Midterm Exam CSC 656

1. a) capacitive load of Pentium 4:

$$\frac{2 \times \text{Power}}{(\text{frequency} \times \text{voltage}^2)} \Rightarrow \frac{2 \times 90}{(3.2 \times 10^9 \times 1.5^2)} = 2.5 \times 10^{-8} \\ = \boxed{25 \times 10^{-9}}$$

capacitive load of Ivy Bridge:

$$\frac{2 \times 30}{(3.5 \times 10^9 \times 0.9^2)} = \frac{60}{(3.5 \times 10^9 \times 0.9^2)} = 2.12 \times 10^{-8} \\ = \boxed{21.2 \times 10^{-9}}$$

b) Pentium 4:

$$\text{Total Power Dissipated} \Rightarrow 90\text{W} + 10\text{W} = 100\text{W}$$

$$\frac{\text{Static}}{\text{dissipated}} = \frac{10}{100} = 0.1 \times 100\% = \boxed{10\%}$$

static power ratio to dynamic:

$$\frac{10}{90} = \boxed{0.11}$$

for Ivy Bridge:

total power dissipated:

$$20\text{W} + 30\text{W} = \boxed{50\text{W}}$$

$$\frac{\text{Static}}{\text{dissipated}} = \frac{20}{50} = 0.4 \times 100\% = \boxed{40\%}$$

$$\text{Ratio: } \frac{20}{30} = \boxed{0.66}$$

2 a) $(63.25)_{10}$

i)

$$63 / 2 = 31 \text{ R1}$$

$$0.25 = 0.01$$

$$31 / 2 = 15 \text{ R1}$$

$$15 / 2 = 7 \text{ R1}$$

$$7 / 2 = 3 \text{ R1}$$

$$3 / 2 = 1 \text{ R1}$$

$$1 / 2 = 0 \text{ R1}$$

$$(63.25)_{10} = (11111.01)_2$$

$$\text{Normalized: } (63.25)_{10} = (1.111101)_2 \times 2^5$$

Sign (S) Exponent (E) Mantissa (M)

1

8

23

32 bits

$$E = 5 + 2^{8-1} - 1 = 5 + 127 = (132)_{10}$$

$$(132)_{10} = (10000100)_2$$

adjust M to 23 bits

$$M = 1.1111010000000000000000$$

S	E	M
0	10000100	1111101000000000000000

2. a) IEEE 754 Double precision

(ii)

Sign (S) Exponent (E) Mantissa (M)

1

11

52

64 bits

Positive Sign = 0

Unadjusted Exponent = 5

Mantissa = 1.111101

Adjusted Exponent $E = 5 + 2^{11} - 1 = (5 + 1023) = (1028)_{10}$

$$E = (1028)_{10} = (10000000100)_2$$

Normalized

[illegible]

5

E

0

100000000000

1111

1010

$$(0000 \times 11)$$

4. $0 \times DC000000$

$D = 0000$

$C = 1100$

Binary:

$\rightarrow 0000 \ 1100 \ 0000 \ 0000 \ 0000 \ 0000 \ 0000 \ 0000$

$000011 \mid 00 \ 0000 \ 0000 \ 0000 \ 0000 \ 0000 \ 0000$

MIPS: JAL 0