Homework 8

$$\binom{16}{7} = \frac{16!}{(16-7)7!} = \frac{16!}{9!7!} = \frac{11,440}{11,440}$$

$$=72^{16}-\binom{16}{0}=72^{16}-1=65535)$$

$$\binom{16}{13} + \binom{16}{14} + \binom{16}{15} + \binom{16}{16} = \binom{697}{16}$$

$$11c_2 = 11 \times 10 = 55$$

$$N=1$$
  $\frac{(11-1)(10-1)}{2\times 1} = \frac{10\times 9}{2} = \frac{45}{2}$ 

$$\frac{11 \times 10 \times 9}{3 \times 2 \times 1} = 165$$

Even set of integer's sum to be even = 1,225 Odd set of integers sum to be even = 1,225 1,225 + 1,225 = 2,450 To have the sum of two integers be odd, one must be even and one must be odd. One integer being odd art of 50 = 50c, = 50 one integer being even out of 50 = 50, = 50 50 x 50 = 2,500/  $x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + x_4 = 26$ ,  $x_i \ge 0$ , i = 1, 2, 3, 44 X, + X2 + ... + Xx+1 = N  $= 7 \left( \frac{26+4-1}{4-1} \right) = \left( \frac{29}{3} \right) = \left[ \frac{3,654}{4} \right]$ 

range: 1-999 Sum n = 8 (n+1)(n+2) (8+1)(8+2)Check: \$008, 800, 0803: 8+0=8 £017,710,701,071,170,1073:1+7+0=8 £206,602,026,062,620,2603: 2+6+0=8 3 digit integers with O'included come in sets of 6. The sets are as follows: (0,1,7), (0,2,6), (0,3,5), (),4 (0,4,4),(0,0,8) (1,1,6), (2,2,4) (3,3,2) are Sets that contain 2 different integers only. They come in Sets We also have sets of 3 different integers that have a sum of 8, like: (1,3,4), (2,5,1).

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List: 008	080	170	305	424	611
017	107	206	314	431	620
026	116	215	323	440	701/14
035	125	224	332	503	710 { = 75
044	134	233	341	512	800 integer
053	143	242	350	521	
062	152	251	404	530	
071	161	260	413	602	

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