

jan feb mar apr may june july aug sept oct nov dec
 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31

Operation / Symbol / Precedence

NOT ' Highest
 AND • mid
 OR + Lowest

Exercises 5.2

1. Prove the identity property expressed by:

$$x \cdot 1 = x$$

and

$$x + 0 = x$$

x	$x \cdot 1$	$x = x \cdot 1$
0	$0 \cdot 1 = 0$	$0 = 0$
1	$1 \cdot 1 = 1$	$1 = 1$

x	$x + 0$	$x = x + 0$
0	$0 + 0 = 0$	$0 = 0$
1	$1 + 0 = 1$	$1 = 1$

2. Prove the commutative property expressed by:

$$x \cdot y = y \cdot x$$

and

$$x + y = y + x$$

x	y	$x \cdot y$	$y \cdot x$	$x \cdot y = y \cdot x$	x	y	$x + y$	$y + x$	$x + y = y + x$
0	0	$0 \cdot 0 = 0$	$0 \cdot 0 = 0$	$0 = 0$	0	0	$0 + 0 = 0$	$0 + 0 = 0$	$0 = 0$
0	1	$0 \cdot 1 = 0$	$1 \cdot 0 = 0$	$0 = 0$	0	1	$0 + 1 = 1$	$1 + 0 = 1$	$0 = 0$
1	0	$1 \cdot 0 = 0$	$0 \cdot 1 = 0$	$0 = 0$	1	0	$1 + 0 = 1$	$0 + 1 = 1$	$0 = 0$
1	1	$1 \cdot 1 = 1$	$1 \cdot 1 = 1$	$1 = 1$	1	1	$1 + 1 = 1$	$1 + 1 = 1$	$1 = 1$

3. Annulment law - a term AND'ed with a 0 equals 0
 - a term OR'ed with a 1 equals 1

Prove the annulment property expressed by:

$$x \cdot 0 = 0$$

and

$$x + 1 = 1$$

x	$x \cdot 0$	$x \cdot 0 = 0$
0	$0 \cdot 0 = 0$	$0 = 0$
1	$1 \cdot 0 = 0$	$0 = 0$

x	$x + 1$	$x + 1 = 1$
0	$0 + 1 = 1$	$1 = 1$
1	$1 + 1 = 1$	$1 = 1$

4. Prove the complement property expressed by:

$$X \cdot X' = 0$$

and

$$X + X' = 1$$

X	X'	$X \cdot X'$	$X \cdot X' = 0$
0	1	$0 \cdot 1 = 0$	$0 = 0$
1	0	$1 \cdot 0 = 0$	$0 = 0$

X	X'	$X + X'$	$X + X' = 1$
0	1	$0 + 1 = 1$	$1 = 1$
1	0	$1 + 0 = 1$	$1 = 1$

5. Prove the idempotent property expressed by:

$$X \cdot X = X$$

and

$$X + X = X$$

X	$X \cdot X$	$X \cdot X = X$
0	$0 \cdot 0 = 0$	$0 = 0$
1	$1 \cdot 1 = 1$	$1 = 1$

X	$X + X$	$X + X = X$
0	$0 + 0 = 0$	$0 = 0$
1	$1 + 1 = 1$	$1 = 1$

6. Prove the distributive property expressed by:

$$X \cdot (Y + Z) = X \cdot Y + X \cdot Z$$

X	Y	Z	$Y + Z$	$X \cdot (Y + Z)$	$X \cdot Y$	$X \cdot Z$	$X \cdot Y + X \cdot Z$	$X \cdot (Y + Z) = X \cdot Y + X \cdot Z$
0	0	0	$0 + 0 = 0$	$0 \cdot 0 = 0$	$0 \cdot 0 = 0$	$0 \cdot 0 = 0$	$0 + 0 = 0$	$0 = 0$
0	0	1	$0 + 1 = 1$	$0 \cdot 1 = 0$	$0 \cdot 0 = 0$	$0 \cdot 1 = 0$	$0 + 0 = 0$	$0 = 0$
0	1	0	$1 + 0 = 1$	$0 \cdot 1 = 0$	$0 \cdot 1 = 0$	$0 \cdot 0 = 0$	$0 + 0 = 0$	$0 = 0$
0	1	1	$1 + 1 = 1$	$0 \cdot 1 = 0$	$0 \cdot 1 = 0$	$0 \cdot 1 = 0$	$0 + 0 = 0$	$0 = 0$
1	0	0	$0 + 0 = 0$	$1 \cdot 0 = 0$	$1 \cdot 0 = 0$	$1 \cdot 0 = 0$	$0 + 0 = 0$	$0 = 0$
1	0	1	$0 + 1 = 1$	$1 \cdot 1 = 1$	$1 \cdot 0 = 0$	$1 \cdot 1 = 1$	$0 + 1 = 1$	$1 = 1$
1	1	0	$1 + 0 = 1$	$1 \cdot 1 = 1$	$1 \cdot 1 = 1$	$1 \cdot 0 = 0$	$1 + 0 = 1$	$1 = 1$
1	1	1	$1 + 1 = 1$	$1 \cdot 1 = 1$	$1 \cdot 1 = 1$	$1 \cdot 1 = 1$	$1 + 1 = 1$	$1 = 1$

Cont'd on next

(b. {cont'd})

Prove the distributive property expressed by

$$x + y \cdot z = (x + y) \cdot (x + z)$$

x	y	z	$y \cdot z$	$x + y \cdot z$	$x + y$	$x + z$	$(x + y) \cdot (x + z)$	$x + y \cdot z$
0	0	0	$0 \cdot 0 = 0$	$0 + 0 = 0$	$0 + 0 = 0$	$0 + 0 = 0$	$0 \cdot 0 = 0$	$0 = 0$
0	0	1	$0 \cdot 1 = 0$	$0 + 0 = 0$	$0 + 0 = 0$	$0 + 1 = 1$	$0 \cdot 1 = 0$	$0 = 0$
0	1	0	$1 \cdot 0 = 0$	$0 + 0 = 0$	$0 + 1 = 1$	$0 + 0 = 0$	$1 \cdot 0 = 0$	$0 = 0$
0	1	1	$1 \cdot 1 = 1$	$0 + 1 = 1$	$0 + 1 = 1$	$0 + 1 = 1$	$1 \cdot 1 = 1$	$1 = 1$
1	0	0	$0 \cdot 0 = 0$	$1 + 0 = 1$	$1 + 0 = 1$	$1 + 0 = 1$	$1 \cdot 1 = 1$	$1 = 1$
1	0	1	$0 \cdot 1 = 0$	$1 + 0 = 1$	$1 + 0 = 1$	$1 + 1 = 1$	$1 \cdot 1 = 1$	$1 = 1$
1	1	0	$1 \cdot 0 = 0$	$1 + 0 = 1$	$1 + 1 = 1$	$1 + 0 = 1$	$1 \cdot 1 = 1$	$1 = 1$
1	1	1	$1 \cdot 1 = 1$	$1 + 0 = 1$	$1 + 1 = 1$	$1 + 1 = 1$	$1 \cdot 1 = 1$	$1 = 1$

Exercise 5-4

1. Show that the following equations represent the same functionality, i.e., that the sum of minterms is product of maxterms.

Eq. 5.3.1

$$F(x, y, z) = (x + y' + z) \cdot (x + y' + z') \cdot (x' + y + z) \cdot (x' + y' + z')$$

$$= M_2 \cdot M_3 \cdot M_4 \cdot M_7$$

$$= \Pi(2, 3, 4, 7)$$

Maxterms

Eq. 5.3.2

$$F(x, y, z) = (x' \cdot y' \cdot z') + (x' \cdot y' \cdot z) + (x \cdot y' \cdot z) + (x \cdot y \cdot z')$$

$$= m_0 + m_1 + m_5 + m_6$$

$$= \Sigma(0, 1, 5, 6)$$

Minterms

x	y	z	$F(x, y, z) = \Sigma(0, 1, 5, 6)$	$F(x, y, z) = \Pi(2, 3, 4, 7)$
0	0	0	$x' \cdot y' \cdot z' \rightarrow m_0$ $0+0+0=0$	$x + y + z \rightarrow M_0$ $1 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 = 1$
0	0	1	$x' \cdot y' \cdot z \rightarrow m_1$ $0+0+1=1$	$x + y + z' \rightarrow M_1$ $1 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 = 1$
0	1	0	$x' \cdot y \cdot z' \rightarrow m_2$ $0+1+0=1$	$x + y' + z \rightarrow M_2$ 0
0	1	1	$x' \cdot y \cdot z \rightarrow m_3$ $0+1+1=1$	$x + y' + z' \rightarrow M_3$ $1 \cdot 0 \cdot 1 = 0$
1	0	0	$x \cdot y' \cdot z' \rightarrow m_4$ $1+0+0=1$	$x' + y + z \rightarrow M_4$ $1 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 = 1$
1	0	1	$x \cdot y' \cdot z \rightarrow m_5$ $1+0+1=1$	$x' + y + z' \rightarrow M_5$ $1 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 = 1$
1	1	0	$x \cdot y \cdot z' \rightarrow m_6$ $1+1+0=1$	$x' + y' + z \rightarrow M_6$ $1 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 = 1$
1	1	1	$x \cdot y \cdot z \rightarrow m_7$ $1+1+1=1$	$x' + y' + z' \rightarrow M_7$ $1 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 = 0$