

**Question 11**

Answer: Let blue =  $3x$ , red =  $7x$ . When 20 blue balls are added:  $(3x + 20)/7x = 1/2$   $6x + 40 = 7x$   $x = 40$ . So red =  $7x = 280$ .

**Question 12**

Answer: Depends on the code snippet (not provided).

**Question 13**

Answer: Use binary logic.  $2^{10} = 1024 > 1000$ . So minimum 10 test subjects are enough.

**Question 14**

Answer: A sprint is a time-boxed development cycle in Agile to deliver incremental functionality.

**Question 15**

Answer: A static method belongs to the class, not instances, and can be called without an object.

**Question 16**

Answer: Immutable objects enhance safety, thread-safety, and predictability in OOP.

**Question 17**

Answer: Use Kruskals or Prims algorithm to find the MST.

**Question 18**

Answer: Depends on the code snippet (not provided).

**Question 19**

Answer:  $O(\log n)$  in a balanced BST.

**Question 20**

Answer: Count number of divisors of 72. Divisors: 1,2,3,4,6,8,9,12,18,24,36,72 Total = 12 people flipped it.

**Question 21 & 22**

Answer: Capacity = 5, current = 3 Can insert 2 more elements.

**Question 23**

Answer: Use two-pointer method: move one pointer n steps ahead, then move both till the first hits end.

**Question 24**

Answer: Traverse BST: if  $u$  and  $v < \text{root}$ , go left; if  $> \text{root}$ , go right; else root is LCA.

**Question 25**

Answer: 36 (since it's  $6^2$  next is  $7^2 = 49$ ).

**Question 26**

Answer: Use a junction/bridge table with foreign keys referencing both tables.

**Question 27**

Answer: Cannot determine without seeing the code.

**Question 28**

Answer: FLOATING is not a valid SQL data type.

**Question 29**

Answer: False: DP solves problems with overlapping \*subproblems\*, not unique ones.

### **Question 30**

Answer: False: RDBMS does not support hierarchical data model natively.

### **Question 31**

Answer: 1-hour gap = 60 km. Relative speed = 30 km/h. Time to catch = 2 hrs 10:00 AM.

### **Question 32**

Answer: Polymorphism (specifically, runtime polymorphism via method overriding).

### **Question 33**

Answer: this refers to the current object of the class.

### **Question 34**

Answer: Agile model emphasizes iterative development and continuous feedback.

### **Question 35**

Answer: Undo functionality (LIFO structure use stack).

### **Question 36**

Answer: Use Union-Find (Disjoint Set Union) to count connected components.

### **Question 37**

Answer: Iteration allows continuous feedback and regular improvements in Agile.

### **Question 38**

Answer: BFS finds the shortest path in an unweighted graph. Exact answer depends on the graph.

#### **Question 39**

Answer: Method overloading is an example of compile-time polymorphism.

#### **Question 40**

Answer:  $O(1)$  using mathematical sum difference approach.

#### **Question 41**

Answer: Depends on code, but likely an example of type casting (upcasting/downcasting).

#### **Question 42**

Answer: Depends on the structure. A graph with an odd cycle is not bipartite.

#### **Question 43**

Answer: final prevents method overriding, variable reassignment, or class inheritance.

#### **Question 44**

Answer: `SELECT name FROM customers c JOIN orders o ON c.id = o.customer_id GROUP BY c.name HAVING SUM(o.total) > 1000;`

#### **Question 45**

Answer: Incorrect: Primary key can be NULL (This is false, primary keys cannot be NULL).