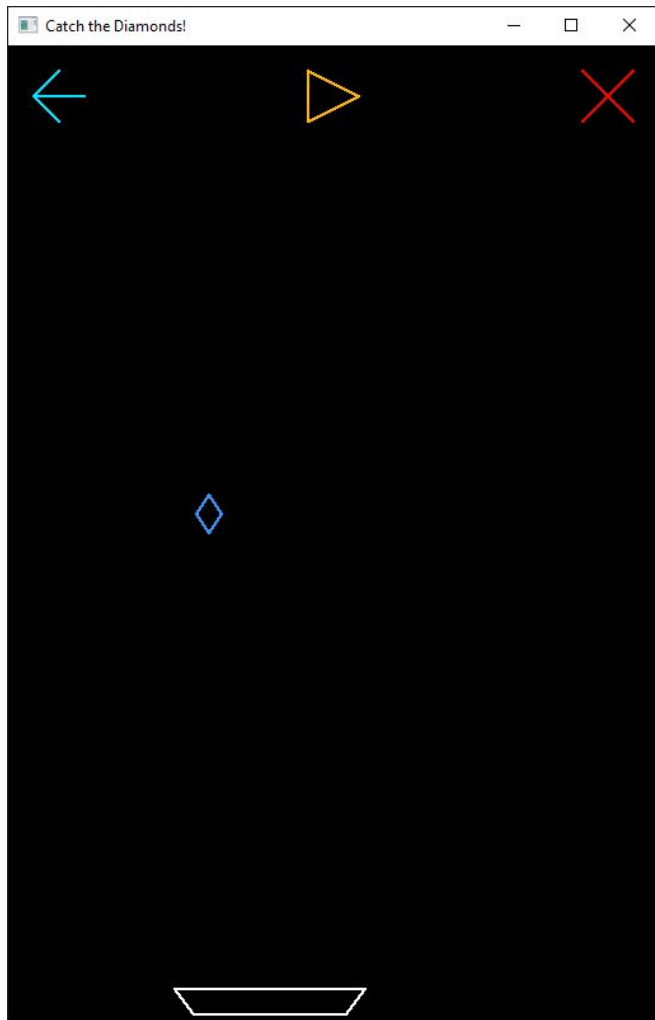


# CSE423 - Computer Graphics

Lab 02 (Fall 23)



# Catch The Diamonds

Game Mechanics &  
Implementation Hints

# Do not try to solve the problem at once

Subdivide the project into individual feature chunks

# Game Behaviour/Events

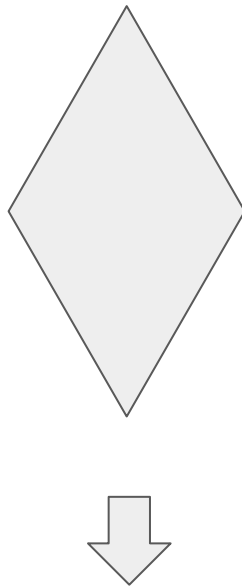
- How do we make the diamond fall spontaneously?
- What happens when user presses left/right keys on keyboard?
- How can we ensure the catcher catches the diamond when they come into contact?
- What if the catch was a failure, and the diamond sinks below the window?
- What happens when the user clicks the area of an onscreen button?
- How do we handle game over event?
- How do we handle if user wants to restart the game?
- How do we make the diamond's speed increase after each successful catch?

# Features Work plan

- Drawing mechanism (using midpoint line algorithm enhanced with eight way symmetry)
- Animation (movement of game objects per frame)
- Keyboard input (handling both ordinary & special keys)
- Mouse input (including coordinate conversion by y-axis flipping)
- Overall game logic

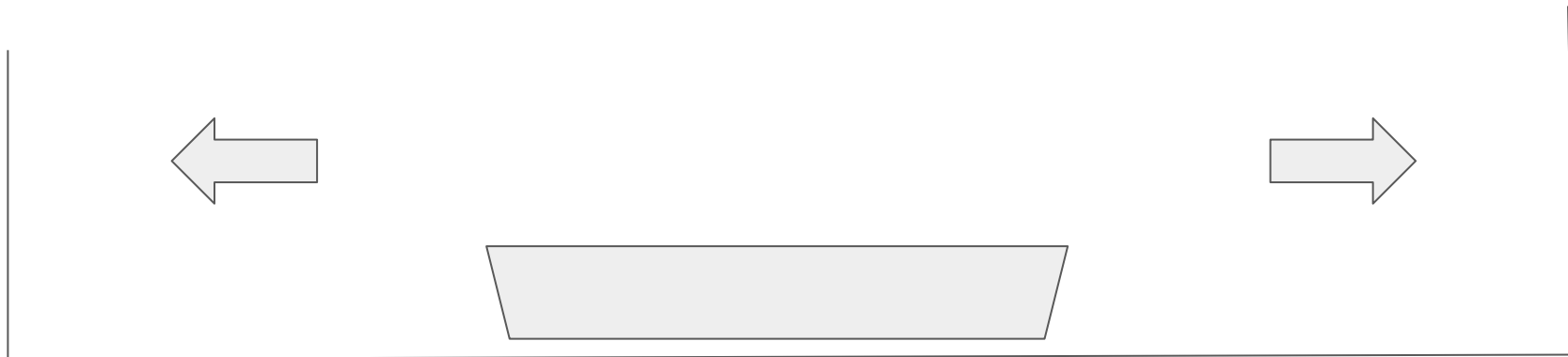
# How do we make the diamond fall spontaneously?

- The diamond doesn't move horizontally, only vertical axis
- Decrease the vertical coordinate of it, should be done every frame
- The decrease is dependent on the falling speed
- The speed also increases if there is a successful catch
- Make sure there is a speed cap



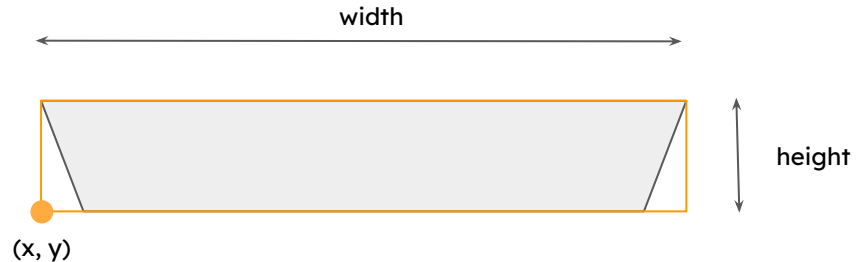
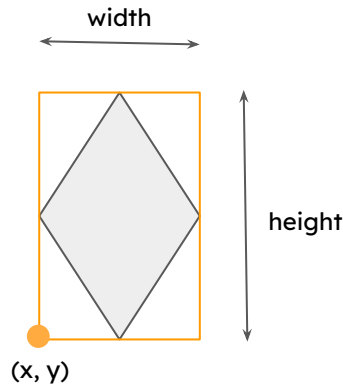
# What happens when user presses left/right keys on keyboard?

- The catcher only moves horizontally, so only the horizontal coordinate value of catcher gets affected
- Decreases when left key is pressed, increases for right key
- Make sure the catcher doesn't go outside the window while you move it
- Make use of window width and catcher width smartly to tackle this



# How can we ensure the catcher catches the diamond when they come into contact?

- Imagine both the catcher and diamond have their respective axis-aligned bounding boxes (AABB).
- AABB of an object has the same coordinates of the object itself, so they move together.
- Four properties ( $x$ ,  $y$ , width, height). Width and Height are constant.
- We can check for collision/intersection of these two AABBs. A collision indicates a successful catch.





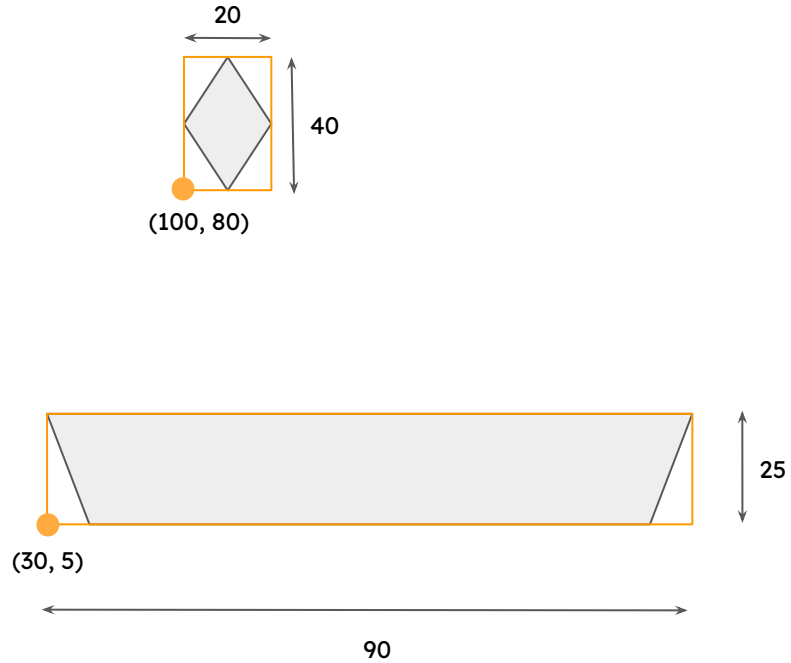
# AABB Collision detection algorithm

```
bool hasCollided(AABB box1, AABB box2) {  
    return box1.x < box2.x + box2.width &&  
           box1.x + box1.width > box2.x &&  
           box1.y < box2.y + box2.height &&  
           box1.y + box1.height > box2.y;  
}
```

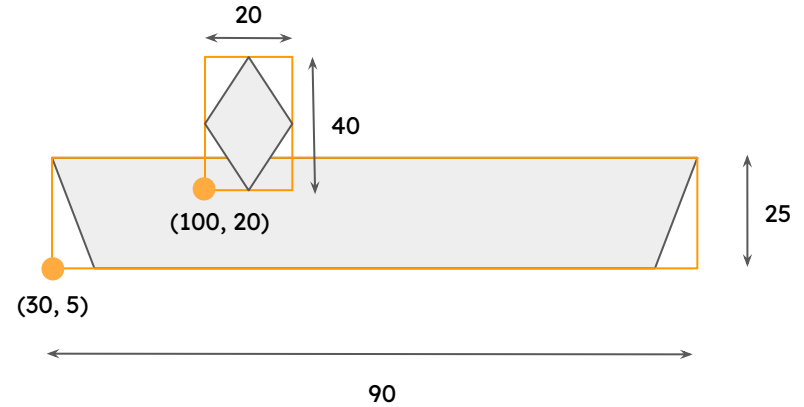
Can be called like this (every frame):

```
catched = hasCollided(diamond_aabb, catcher_aabb)
```

# Collision Example



No collision, no catch



Collided, successful catch

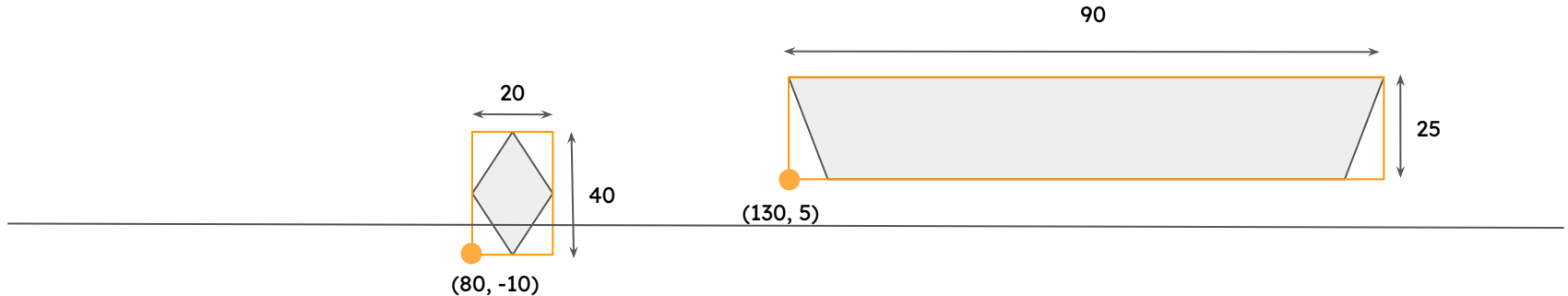
# What happens when there is a successful catch?

- Increment score by 1, increment diamond speed by a certain amount
- Print score
- Set the diamond vertical position to the top of screen, and horizontal position to a random value between 0 and window width. Also set diamond color to a random one.

*There is actually only one diamond that gets repositioned and recolored after every successful catch, giving the illusion of infinite diamond falling.*

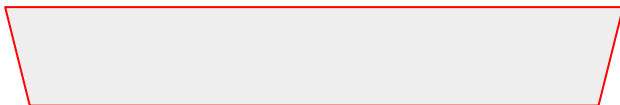
# What if the diamond sinks below window?

- **Game Over** happens
- If there was a successful catch, the sinking won't happen.
- But how to detect this sinking? Figure it out by yourself.
- Whatever it is, this sinking checking also needs to be done every frame, just like catch detection



# When the Game is Over

- Print game over status along with the score
- Reset the score, speed of diamond
- Vanish the diamond (A.K.A. do not draw it)
- Set the color of catcher to red, and disable the catcher's horizontal movement



# How to detect click over on-screen buttons?

- Buttons also have their own AABBs



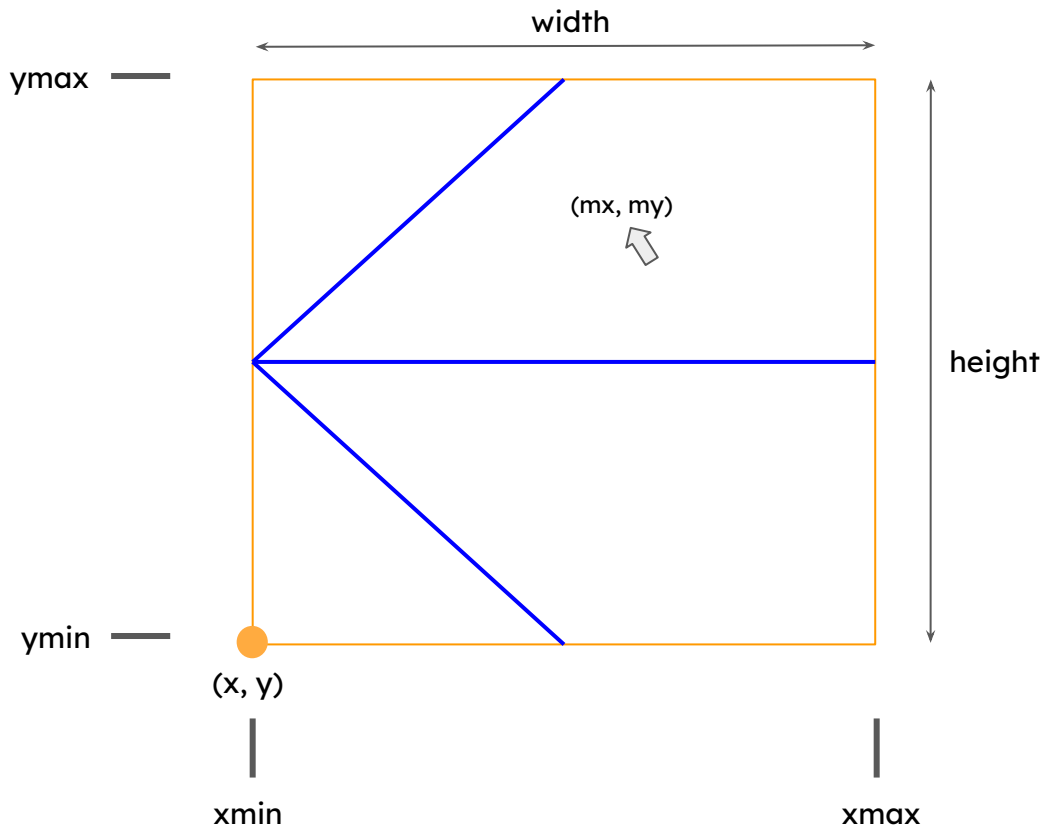
- Calculate axial bounds:

```
xmin = x
ymin = y
xmax = x + width
ymax = y + height
```

- A successful click is registered when the mouse coordinates fall in the axial ranges:

$$\begin{aligned} x_{\min} &\leq mx \leq x_{\max} \\ &\text{and} \\ y_{\min} &\leq my \leq y_{\max} \end{aligned}$$

*(mx, my) are converted (y-flipped) coordinates from mouse input.  
Obtained from mouse listener*



# Buttons Miscellaneous

- When user presses the arrow shaped on-screen button, a new game starts. This resets the score, diamond speed & color. The diamond also gets repositioned just like for a successful catch event. Remember, new game doesn't care about whether previous game was running, paused, or game over.
- When user presses the play/pause shaped on-screen button, it toggles the play/pause state. Diamond falling will freeze, and user won't be able to move the catcher. Also make sure to change the button's shape depending on play/pause state.
- When user presses the cross shaped on-screen button, it simply terminates the game. Doesn't matter the state of the game.

**Thank You**