

# Regularization and Stability

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# Table of Contents

## To solve a practical problem:

- Calculate a physical quantity perturbatively in  $g$ .

$$A(g) = a_0 + a_1g + a_2g^2 + \cdots$$

- Renormalize the individual terms in some way, so each term is finite.
- Physicists use loops to index the terms.
- Hope that the sum converges.
- The  $a_i$  decrease for  $i < N$ , but grow for  $i \geq N$ .
- Interesting series never converge! Truncate the series at  $N$ .
- Treat the series as an asymptotic series.

$$\operatorname{argmin}_{\mathbf{w}} (L_S(\mathbf{w}) + R(\mathbf{w}))$$

$$A(S) = \underset{\mathbf{w}}{\operatorname{argmin}}(L_S(\mathbf{w}) + \lambda \|\mathbf{w}^2\|)$$

$$\operatorname{argmin}_{\mathbf{w} \in \mathbb{R}^d} \left( \lambda \|\mathbf{w}_2\|^2 + \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m \frac{1}{2} (\langle \mathbf{w}, \mathbf{x}_i \rangle - y_i)^2 \right)$$

$$(2\lambda ml + A)\mathbf{w} = \mathbf{b}$$

$$A = \left( \sum_{i=1}^m \mathbf{x}_i \mathbf{x}_i^T \right) \quad \text{and} \quad \mathbf{b} = \sum_{i=1}^m y_i \mathbf{x}_i$$

$$\mathbf{w} = (2\lambda ml + A)^{-1} \mathbf{b}$$

$$\mathbb{E}_{S \sim \mathcal{D}^m} [L_{\mathcal{D}}(A(S))] \leq \min_{\mathbf{w} \in \mathcal{H}} L_{\mathcal{D}}(\mathbf{w}) + \epsilon$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \mathbb{E}_{S \sim \mathcal{D}^m} [L_{\mathcal{D}}(A(S)) - L_S(A(S))] \\
&= \mathbb{E}_{(S, z') \sim \mathcal{D}^{m+1}, i \sim U(m)} \left[ \ell(A(S^{(i)}), z_i) - \ell(A(S), z_i) \right] \\
\mathbb{E}_S [L_{\mathcal{D}}(A(S))] &= \mathbb{E}_{S, z'} [\ell(A(S), z')] = \mathbb{E}_{S, z'} [\ell(A(S^{(i)}), z_i)] \\
\mathbb{E}_S [L_S(A(S))] &= \mathbb{E}_{S, i} [\ell(A(S), z_i)]
\end{aligned}$$

$$\mathbb{E}_{(S, z') \sim \mathcal{D}^{m+1}, i \sim U(m)} \left[ \ell \left( A \left( S^{(i)}, z_i \right) \right) - \ell \left( A(S), z_i \right) \right] \leq \epsilon(m)$$

$$f(\alpha \mathbf{w} + (1 - \alpha) \mathbf{u}) \leq \alpha f(\mathbf{w}) + (1 - \alpha) f(\mathbf{u}) - \frac{\lambda}{2} \alpha (1 - \alpha) \|\mathbf{w} - \mathbf{u}\|^2$$

$$f(\mathbf{w}) - f(\mathbf{u}) \geq \frac{\lambda}{2} \|\mathbf{w} - \mathbf{u}\|^2$$

$$\frac{f(\mathbf{u} + \alpha(\mathbf{w} - \mathbf{u})) - f(\mathbf{u})}{\alpha} \leq f(\mathbf{w}) - f(\mathbf{u}) - \frac{\lambda}{2}(1 - \alpha) \|\mathbf{w} - \mathbf{u}\|^2$$

$$f_S(\mathbf{v}) - f_S(A(S)) \geq \lambda \|\mathbf{v} - A(S)\|^2$$

$$\begin{aligned}
f_S(\mathbf{v}) - f_S(\mathbf{u}) &= L_S(\mathbf{v}) + \lambda \|\mathbf{v}\|^2 - (L_S(\mathbf{u}) + \lambda \|\mathbf{u}\|^2) \\
&= L_{S(i)}(\mathbf{v}) + \lambda \|\mathbf{v}\|^2 - (L_{S(i)}(\mathbf{u}) + \lambda \|\mathbf{u}\|^2) \\
&\quad + \frac{\ell(\mathbf{v}, z_i) - \ell(\mathbf{u}, z_i)}{m} + \frac{\ell(\mathbf{u}, z') - \ell(\mathbf{v}, z')}{m}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& f_S(A(S^{(i)})) - f_S(A(S)) \\
& \leq \frac{\ell(A(S^{(i)}), z_i) - \ell(A(S), z_i)}{m} + \frac{\ell(A(S), z') - \ell(A(S^{(i)}), z')}{m}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \lambda \|A(S^{(i)}) - A(S)\|^2 \\ & \leq \frac{\ell(A(S^{(i)}), z_i) - \ell(A(S), z_i)}{m} + \frac{\ell(A(S), z') - \ell(A(S^{(i)}), z')}{m} \end{aligned}$$



$$\ell(A(S^{(i)}), z_i) - \ell(A(S), z_i) \leq \rho \|A(S^{(i)}) - A(S)\|$$

$$\ell(A(S), z') - \ell(A(S^{(i)}), z') \leq \rho \|A(S^{(i)}) - A(S)\|$$

$$\lambda \|A(S^{(i)}) - A(S)\|^2 \leq \frac{2\rho \|A(S^{(i)}) - A(S)\|}{m}$$

$$\|A(S^{(i)}) - A(S)\| \leq \frac{2\rho}{\lambda m}$$

$$\ell(A(S^{(i)}), z_i) - \ell(A(S), z_i) \leq \frac{2\rho^2}{\lambda m}$$

$$\mathbb{E}_{S \sim \mathcal{D}^m} [L_{\mathcal{D}}(A(S)) - L_S(A(S))] \leq \frac{2\rho^2}{\lambda m}$$

$$\|\nabla f(\mathbf{w})\|^2 \leq 2\beta f(\mathbf{w})$$

$$\begin{aligned} \ell(A(S^{(i)}), z_i) - \ell(A(S), z_i) &\leq \left\langle \nabla \ell(A(S), z_i), A(S^{(i)}) - A(S) \right\rangle \\ &\quad + \frac{\beta}{2} \|A(S^{(i)}) - A(S)\|^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \ell(A(S^{(i)}), z_i) - \ell(A(S), z_i) \\
& \leq \|\nabla \ell(A(S), z_i)\| \|A(S^{(i)}) - A(S)\| + \frac{\beta}{2} \|A(S^{(i)}) - A(S)\|^2 \\
& \leq \sqrt{2\beta \ell(A(S), z_i)} \|A(S^{(i)}) - A(S)\| + \frac{\beta}{2} \|A(S^{(i)}) - A(S)\|^2
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \ell(A(S), z') - \ell(A(S^{(i)}), z') \\
& \leq \sqrt{2\beta \ell(A(S^{(i)}), z')} \|A(S^{(i)}) - A(S)\| + \frac{\beta}{2} \|A(S^{(i)}) - A(S)\|^2
\end{aligned}$$

$$\|A(S^{(i)}) - A(S)\| \leq \frac{\sqrt{2\beta}}{(\lambda m - \beta)} \left( \sqrt{\ell(A(S), z_i)} + \sqrt{\ell(A(S^{(i)}), z')} \right)$$

$$\|A(S^{(i)}) - A(S)\| \leq \frac{\sqrt{8\beta}}{\lambda m} \left( \sqrt{\ell(A(S), z_i)} + \sqrt{\ell(A(S^{(i)}), z')} \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \ell(A(S^{(i)}), z_i) - \ell(A(S), z_i) \\
& \leq \sqrt{2\beta \ell(A(S^{(i)}), z')} \|A(S^{(i)}) - A(S)\| + \frac{\beta}{2} \|A(S^{(i)}) - A(S)\|^2 \\
& \leq \left( \frac{4\beta}{\lambda m} + \frac{8\beta^2}{(\lambda m)^2} \right) \left( \sqrt{\ell(A(S), z')} + \sqrt{\ell(A(S^{(i)}), z')} \right)^2 \\
& \leq \frac{8\beta}{\lambda m} \left( \sqrt{\ell(A(S), z')} + \sqrt{\ell(A(S^{(i)}), z')} \right)^2 \\
& \leq \frac{24\beta}{\lambda m} \left( \ell(A(S), z') + \ell(A(S^{(i)}), z') \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\mathbb{E} \left[ \ell \left( A \left( S^{(i)} \right), z_i \right) - \ell \left( A(S), z_i \right) \right] \leq \frac{48\beta}{\lambda m} \mathbb{E} [L_S(A(S))]$$

$$L_S(A(S)) \leq L_S(A(S)) + \lambda \|A(S)\|^2 \leq L_S(\mathbf{0}) + \lambda \|\mathbf{0}\|^2 = L_S(\mathbf{0}) \leq C$$

$$\mathbb{E} \left[ \ell(A(S^{(i)}), z_i) - \ell(A(S), z_i) \right] \leq \frac{48\beta C}{\lambda m}$$



$$\mathbb{E}_S [L_D(A(S))] = \mathbb{E}_S [L_S(A(S))] + \mathbb{E}_S [L_D(A(S)) - L_S(A(S))]$$

$$L_S(A(S)) \leq L_S(A(S)) + \lambda \|A(S)\|^2 \leq L_S(\mathbf{w}^*) + \lambda \|\mathbf{w}^*\|^2$$

$$\mathbb{E}_S [L_S(A(S))] \leq L_{\mathcal{D}}(\mathbf{w}^*) + \lambda \|\mathbf{w}^*\|^2$$

$$\mathbb{E}_S [L_D(A(S))] \leq L_{\mathcal{D}}(\mathbf{w}^*) + \lambda \|\mathbf{w}^*\|^2 + \mathbb{E}_S [L_D(A(S)) - L_S(A(S))]$$

$$\forall \mathbf{w}^*, \mathbb{E}_S [L_S(A(S))] \leq L_{\mathcal{D}}(\mathbf{w}^*) + \lambda \|\mathbf{w}^*\|^2 + \frac{2\rho^2}{\lambda m}$$

$$\mathbb{E}_S [L_{\mathcal{D}}(A(S))] \leq \min_{w \in \mathcal{H}} L_{\mathcal{D}}(\mathbf{w}) + \rho B \sqrt{\frac{8}{m}}$$

$$\mathbb{E}_S [L_{\mathcal{D}}(A(S))] \leq \left(1 + \frac{48\beta}{\lambda m}\right) \mathbb{E}_S [L_S(A(S))] \leq \left(1 + \frac{48\beta}{\lambda m}\right) (L_{\mathcal{D}}(w^*) + \lambda \|\mathbf{w}^*\|)$$

$$\mathbb{E}_S [L_{\mathcal{D}}(A(S))] \leq \min_{w \in \mathcal{H}} L_{\mathcal{D}}(w) + \epsilon$$