



DD MM YYYY

Calculation

Weight(x)	height(y)	Chest size(z)	TShirt Size
55	165	45	S
67	152	49	M
70	169	47	M
80	174	49	L
88	175	50	XL
67	171	44	M
50	166	40	S
90	178	52	XL
98	175	50	XL

$$d = \sqrt{(x-a)^2 + (y-b)^2 + (z-c)^2}$$

$$d = \sqrt{(55-80)^2 + (165-176)^2 + (45-50)^2} = 25.98$$

$$d = \sqrt{(965-80)^2 + (172-176)^2 + (49-50)^2} = 15.1$$

$$d = \sqrt{(80-80)^2 + (172-176)^2 + (49-50)^2} = 4.12$$

$$d = \sqrt{(88-80)^2 + (175-176)^2 + (50-50)^2} = 9.14$$

$$d = \sqrt{(67-80)^2 + (171-176)^2 + (44-50)^2} = 14.3$$

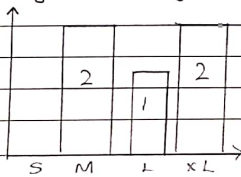
$$d = \sqrt{(50-80)^2 + (166-176)^2 + (40-50)^2} = 8.1$$

$$d = \sqrt{(90-80)^2 + (178-176)^2 + (52-50)^2} = 12.9$$

$$d = \sqrt{(98-80)^2 + (175-176)^2 + (50-50)^2} = 18.6$$

$$d = \sqrt{(70-80)^2 + (169-176)^2 + (47-50)^2} = 10.4$$

Input: a=weight=80, b=height=176, chestsize=50. Let's Set k value as



AMC ENGINEERING COLLEGE



DD MM YYYY

Write a program to implement K-nearest neighbours algorithm to classify the iris data set. Print both correct and wrong predictions. Java/Python ML library classes can be used for this problem.

```
import csv
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
def KNN(datax):
```

```
    print("Enter your weight, height and chest size to buy right size")
```

```
    a,b,c = input().split()
```

```
    a = int(a)
```

```
    b = int(b)
```

```
    c = int(c)
```

```
    for line in datax:
```

```
        x = int(line[0])
```

```
        y = int(line[1])
```

```
        z = int(line[2])
```

```
        dist = np.sqrt((x-a)**2 + (y-b)**2 + (z-c)**2)
```

```
        line.append(dist)
```

```
    print("How many nearest survey k=")
```

```
    k = int(input())
```

```
    datax.sort(key = lambda i: i[4])
```

```
    scount = 0
```

```
    mcount = 0
```

```
    lcount = 0
```

```
    xlcount = 0
```

```
    for i in range(k):
```

```
        print(datax[i])
```

AMC ENGINEERING COLLEGE



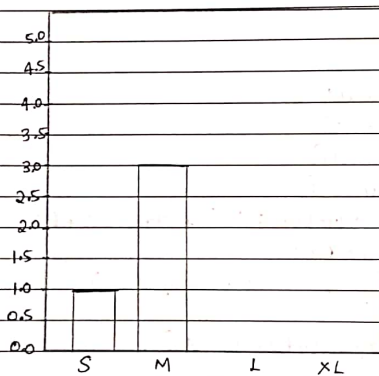
DD MM YYYY

Output:

Enter your Weight, height and chest size to buy the right size
 60 170 38

How many nearest summary k=
 4

['55', '170', '45', 'S', 10.488--]
 ['67', '171', '44', 'M', 10.488--]
 ['66', '168', '46', 'M', 12.80--]
 ['67', '172', '49', 'M', 13.63--]



--- GO FOR MEDIUM SIZE ---



DD MM YYYY

if datax[i][3] == 'S':

scount += 1

if datax[i][3] == 'M':

mcount += 1

if datax[i][3] == 'L':

lcount += 1

if datax[i][3] == 'XL':

xlcount += 1

if (scount > mcount and scount > lcount and scount > xlcount):

print("---- GO SMALL SIZE ----")

elif (mcount > scount and mcount > lcount and mcount > xlcount):

print("---- GO MEDIUM SIZE ----")

elif (lcount > scount and lcount > mcount and lcount > xlcount):

print("---- GO LARGE SIZE ----")

else:

print("---- GO XL SIZE ----")

def main():

file = r"C:\Users\AMCEC\Desktop\T-Shirt.csv"

data = pd.read_csv(file)

display(data)

fd = csv.reader(open(file))

datax = []

for line in fd:

datax.append(line)

print(datax[1:])

main()



DD MM YYYY

Problem calculation.

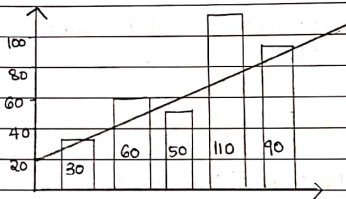
Q Cricketer

X	Y
1	30
2	60
3	50
4	110
5	90

$$M = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - m_x)(y_i - m_y)}{\sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - m_x)^2}$$

$$m_y = M * m_x + C$$

$$C = m_y - M * m_x$$



$$n = 5$$

$$\sum x = 15$$

$$\sum y = 340$$

$$m_x = \frac{\sum x}{n}$$

$$= 15/5 = 3$$

$$m_y = \frac{\sum y}{n}$$

$$= 340/5 = 68$$

x	y	(x _i - m _x)	(y _i - m _y)	(x _i - m _x) * (y _i - m _y)	(x _i - m _x) ²
1	30	(1-3) = -2	(30-68) = -38	(-2) * (-38) = 76	4
2	60	-1	-8	8	1
3	50	0	-18	0	0
4	110	1	42	42	1
5	90	2	22	44	4

100 170

10

AMC ENGINEERING COLLEGE



DD MM YYYY

Implement the non-parametric locally weighted regression algorithm in order to fit data points. Select appropriate data set for your experiment and draw graphs.

```

import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import csv

def regline(x,y):
    plt.bar(x,y,label="AMCEC admission")
    plt.xlabel('Year')
    plt.ylabel('nos')
    plt.scatter(x,y,c='red')
    plt.show()
    mx = np.mean(x)
    my = np.mean(y)
    n = len(x)
    up = 0
    M = 0
    dw = 0
    for i in range(n):
        up += (x[i] - mx) * (y[i] - my)
        dw += (x[i] - mx) ** 2
    M = up/dw
    C = my - (M * mx)
    print("linear regression = ", M)
    print("linear regression constant = ", C)
    max_x = np.max(x) + 1
    min_x = np.min(x) - 1
    x1 = 0
  
```

AMC ENGINEERING COLLEGE



DDMMYYYY

$$M = 170/10 = 17$$

$$C = m_y - M * m_x$$

$$= 68 - 17 * 3$$

$$= 68 - 51$$

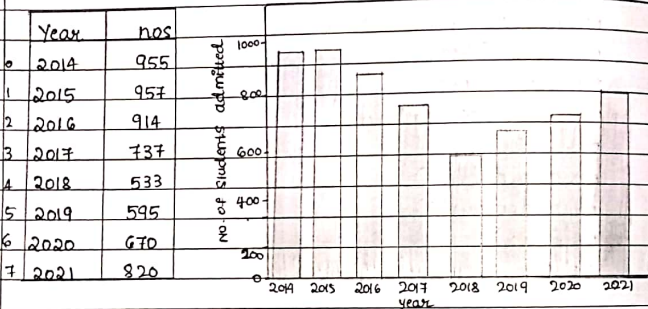
$$= 17$$

$$y = M * x + C$$

$$y = 17 * 6 + 17$$

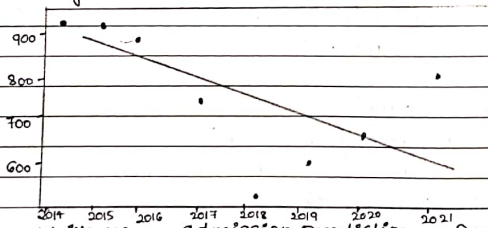
$$y = 119$$

Output:



linear regression slope = -42.154761904761905

linear regression constant = 85819.87519285714



Enter which year admission prediction = 2019

Predicted admission = 709.3928571428551

AMC ENGINEERING COLLEGE



DDMMYYYY

```
x1 = np.linspace(min_x, max_x, 6)
```

```
y1 = M * x1 + C
```

```
plt.plot(x1, y1, color='blue')
```

```
plt.plot(x)
```

```
plt.scatter(x, y, c='red')
```

```
plt.show()
```

```
print("enter which year admission prediction")
```

```
year = int(input())
```

```
adm = M * year + C
```

```
print("predicted admission =", adm)
```

```
def main():
```

```
file = r"C:\Users\AMC\Desktop\DATASET\AMCEC.csv"
```

```
data = pd.read_csv(file)
```

```
display(data)
```

```
x = data['year'].values
```

```
y = data['nos'].values
```

```
regline(x, y)
```

```
main()
```

AMC ENGINEERING COLLEGE



DDMMYYYY

Calculation

$n = 9$

$n(\text{yes}) = 5$ $n(\text{no}) = 4$ $P(\text{yes}) = 5/9$ $P(\text{no}) = 4/9$

$P(\text{yes}/\text{red, sports, domestic})$

$$= P(\text{red}/\text{yes}) * P(\text{sports}/\text{yes}) * P(\text{domestic}/\text{yes}) * P(\text{yes})$$

$P(\text{no}/\text{red, sports, domestic})$

$$= P(\text{red}/\text{no}) * P(\text{sports}/\text{no}) * P(\text{domestic}/\text{no}) * P(\text{no})$$

Attribute = red

$n(\text{red}/\text{yes}) = 3$ $n(\text{red}/\text{no}) = 2$ $P(\text{red}/\text{yes}) = 3/5$ $P(\text{red}/\text{no}) = 2/4$

Attribute = sports

$n(\text{sports}/\text{yes}) = 3$ $n(\text{sports}/\text{no}) = 1$ $P(\text{sports}/\text{yes}) = 3/5$ $P(\text{sports}/\text{no}) = 1/4$

Attribute = domestic

$n(\text{domestic}/\text{yes}) = 3$ $n(\text{domestic}/\text{no}) = 2$ $P(\text{domestic}/\text{yes}) = 3/5$ $P(\text{domestic}/\text{no}) = 2/4$

$P(\text{yes}) = 5/9$ $P(\text{no}) = 4/9$

$$P(\text{yes}/\text{red, sports, domestic}) = \frac{3}{5} * \frac{3}{5} * \frac{3}{5} * \frac{5}{9}$$

$$= 3/25$$

$$x = 0.12$$

$$P(\text{no}/\text{red, sports, domestic}) = \frac{2}{4} * \frac{1}{4} * \frac{2}{4} * \frac{4}{9}$$

$$= 1/36$$

$$y = 0.027$$

$$\% \text{ car stolen} = \frac{x}{(x+y)} * 100 = \frac{0.12}{(0.12+0.027)} * 100$$

$$= 81.6\%$$

$$\% \text{ car not stolen} = \frac{y}{(x+y)} * 100 = \frac{0.027}{(0.12+0.027)} * 100 = 18.4\%$$

AMC ENGINEERING COLLEGE



DDMMYYYY

Write a program to implement the naive Bayesian classifier. Get a sample training data set stored as a .csv file. Compute the accuracy of the classifier, considering a few test data sets.

import csv

import pandas as pd

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

import numpy as np

def Bayes(Data, x, col, yescount, nocount):

xyes = 0

xno = 0

for line in Data:

if line[col] == x:

if line[-1] == 'Yes':

xyes += 1

else:

xno += 1

pxyes = xyes / yescount

pxno = xno / nocount

return pxyes, pxno

def main():

file = "C:\Users\AMC College\Desktop\DATASET\car12.csv"

temp = pd.read_csv(file)

display(temp)

data = []

fd = csv.reader(open(file))

for line in fd:

data.append(line)

data = data[1:]

AMC ENGINEERING COLLEGE

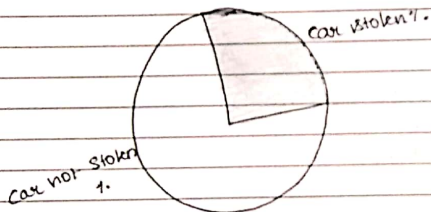


DD MM YYYY

Output

	color	type	origin	Stolen
0	red	Sports	domestic	yes
1	red	Sports	imported	no
2	yellow	SUV	imported	yes
3	red	Sports	domestic	yes
4	red	Sports	imported	no
5	yellow	SUV	imported	yes
6	yellow	SUV	imported	yes
7	yellow	Sports	imported	no
8	red	Sports	domestic	no
9	red	Sports	imported	no

Enter your new car feature color, type, origin
red Sports domestic



Percentageyes = 28.571428571428577
percentageno = 71.42857142857143

AMC ENGINEERING COLLEGE



DD MM YYYY

```
n = len(data)
```

```
yescount = 0
```

```
nocount = 0
```

```
for line in data:
```

```
    if line[4] == 'yes':
```

```
        yescount += 1
```

```
    else:
```

```
        nocount += 1
```

```
pyes = yescount/n
```

```
pno = nocount/n
```

```
print("enter your new car feature color, type, origin")
```

```
x,y,z = input().split()
```

```
pxyes, pxno = Bayes(data.x, 0, yescount, nocount)
```

```
pyyes, pyno = Bayes(data.y, 1, yescount, nocount)
```

```
pzyes, pzno = Bayes(data.z, 2, yescount, nocount)
```

```
resyes = pxyes * pyyes * pzyes * pyes
```

```
resno = pxno * pyno * pzno * pno
```

```
percentageyes = resyes / (resyes + resno) * 100
```

```
percentageno = resno / (resno + resyes) * 100
```

```
pex = [percentageyes, percentageno]
```

```
label = ["Car stolen%", "Car not stolen%"]
```

```
plt.pie(pex, labels = label)
```

```
plt.show()
```

```
main()
```

AMC ENGINEERING COLLEGE

Output Calculation

Sunny	Warm	Normal	Strong	warm	Same	yes
Sunny	warm	High	Strong	warm	Same	yes
Rainy	cold	High	Strong	warm	Change	No
Sunny	Warm	High	Strong	cool	change	Yes

$$S_0 = [\phi, \phi, \phi, \phi, \phi, \phi]$$

$$S_1 = [\text{Sunny}, \text{Warm}, \text{normal}, \text{Strong}, \text{warm}, \text{Same}]$$

$$S_2 = [\text{Sunny}, \text{warm}, \text{normal}, ?, \text{Strong}, \text{warm}, \text{Same}]$$

$$S_3 = [\text{Sunny}, \text{warm}, ?, \text{Strong}, ?, ?]$$

Generalization

$$Q = [\langle \text{Sunny}, ?, ?, ?, ?, ? \rangle, \langle ?, \text{warm}, ?, ?, ?, ? \rangle]$$

For a given set of training data examples stored in a .csv file, implement and demonstrate the candidate elimination algorithm to output a description the set of all hypothesis consistent with training examples.

```
import csv
hypo = []
gen = []
datap = []
datan = []
file = "C:\\Desktop\\AMCEC\\SwimmingLog.csv"
fd = csv.reader(open(file))
for line in fd:
    print(line)
    if line[-1] == "yes":
        datap.append(line)
    if line[-1] == "No":
        datan.append(line)
print("---- positive example ----")
for line in datap:
    print(line)
print("---- Negative example ----")
for line in datan:
    print(line)
row = len(datap)
col = len(datap[0])
for j in range(col):
    hypo.append(datap[0][j])
for i in range(row):
    for j in range(col):
```



```

        if hypo[i] != data_p[i][j]:
            hypo[j] = ?
    print("----- Hypotheses -----")
    print(hypo)
    row = len(dataN)
    col = len(dataN[0])
    for i in range(row):
        for j in range(col-1):
            gen = [?, ?, ?, ?, ?, ?]
            if hypo[j] != dataN[i][j]:
                gen[j] = hypo[j]
            print(gen)

```

Output

['Sunny', 'warm', 'normal', 'strong', 'warm', 'same', 'yes']

['Sunny', 'warm', 'high', 'strong', 'warm', 'same', 'yes']

['Rainy', 'cold', 'high', 'strong', 'warm', 'change', 'no']

['Sunny', 'warm', 'high', 'strong', 'cool', 'change', 'yes']

--- Positive example ---

['Sunny', 'warm', 'normal', 'strong', 'warm', 'same', 'yes']

['Sunny', 'warm', 'high', 'strong', 'warm', 'same', 'yes']

['Sunny', 'warm', 'high', 'strong', 'cool', 'change', 'yes']

--- Negative example ---

['Rainy', 'cold', 'high', 'strong', 'warm', 'change', 'no']

--- Hypothesis ---

['Sunny', 'warm', '?', 'strong', '?', '?', 'yes', 'Sunny', 'warm', 'normal',
'strong', 'warm', 'same', 'yes', 'Sunny', 'warm', 'normal', 'strong',
'warm', 'same', 'yes']

['Sunny', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?']

['?', 'warm', '?', '?', '?', '?']

['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?']

['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?']

['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?']