

$n \times m$

non-neg-int.

max / greater than right / down & two more

$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$  greedy

Path 1 to 2, greedy  
 So max 1 to 2

1x1 matrix possible

$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \end{bmatrix}$  Path = 0 to 1, greedy  
 greedy = 1 to 0  
 Ans: NO

1x2

$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$  Path = 1, max, greedy  
 Ans: NO

$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$  Path = 1, max, greedy  
 Ans: NO

2x1

$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$  Path = 1, m, g  
 Ans: NO

$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$  Path = 1, m, g  
 Ans: NO

2x2

$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$  Best case  $\rightarrow$  greedy 1 to 4  
 $P_m = 1 \rightarrow 8, P_g = 1 \rightarrow 8$

$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$   $P_m = 7 \rightarrow 8, P_g = 7 \rightarrow 8$

Transpose result same  
 max value change 2 to 3,  
 greedy path 1 to 4  
 right  $\leftrightarrow$  down  
 down  $\leftrightarrow$  right

Generally 2 to 3

So 2 to 3 mat & check 2 to 3 mat greedy, max 2 to 3 mat

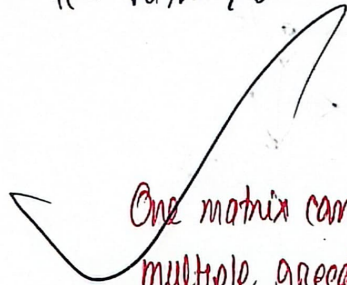






FIGURE NO. ....

$V(\text{path})$  = value of the path.

$M(n, m) \rightarrow$  Set of all matrices possible.

Path = ~~ordered~~ Bit string

$G_i(M_i) =$  Set of all greedy paths possible

$B(M_i) =$  The boss path

~~worst~~  
 ~~$worst(M_i) = \forall GP \in G_i(M_i) \mid GP \neq B(M_i)$~~

$\exists \text{ expected}(M_i) = \neg \text{worst}(M_i) = \exists GP \in G_i(M_i) \mid GP = B(M_i)$

~~$P =$  Given matrix~~

$P(n, m) = \exists M_i \in M(n, m) \mid \text{expected}(M_i)$

$\neg P(n, m) = \forall M_i \in M(n, m) \mid \neg \text{expected}(M_i)$

less compute.  $\rightarrow$

Possible Matrices

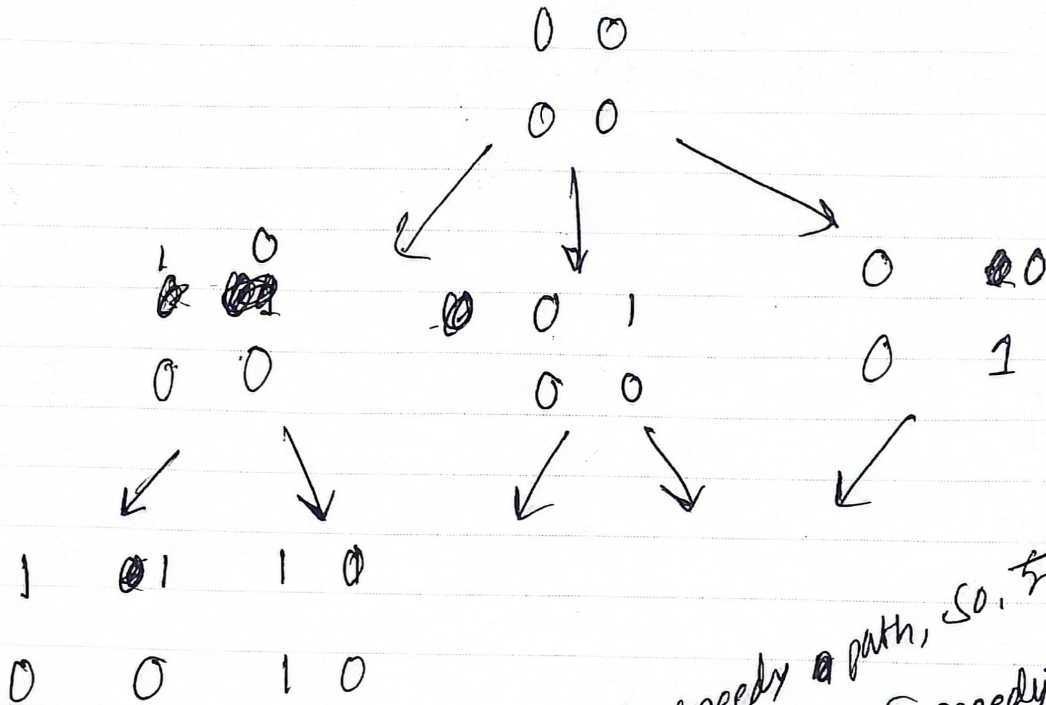
All same  $\rightarrow$  expected  
 All but 1 diff  $\rightarrow$

~~if any matrix is not expected then~~  
 worst if any matrix  $\rightarrow$  YES.

if any matrix is expected then  
 Ans  $\rightarrow$  NO

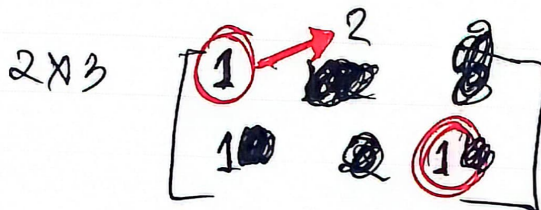


2x2 fail



Worst case  $\rightarrow$  greedy path, so, ~~1st~~ elem diff  
~~2nd~~ greedy path wrong  
~~3rd~~ greedy path wrong

Case 3 [ 1 . ]



2x3

same gen ~~2nd~~ ~~3rd~~ ~~4th~~

[ m ~~1~~ || n = ~~1~~ ]  
~~2nd~~  $\rightarrow$  path ~~2nd~~  $\rightarrow$  expected  
 NO

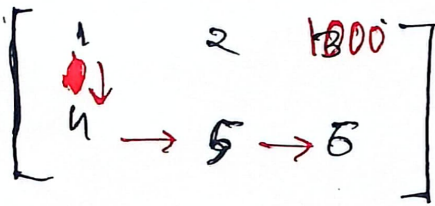
m  $\rightarrow$  2, n  $\rightarrow$  2

Path  $\rightarrow$  2  $\rightarrow$  ~~2nd~~ ~~3rd~~  
 expn

NO

Anyt, last element doesn't matter

FIGURE NO. ....



target Greedy shortest path to start node, &  
never returnable original path as seen.

$$2+2 \rightarrow$$

$$m+n > 4$$

