

Nov 5, 2019

by Sai gowtham

How to Make Post request in React using Axios

React

2min read



In this tutorial, we are going to learn about post request in the react.js with the help of examples.

reactgo.com recommended course ↗

[Advanced React - Build an online store with React and GraphQL](#)

Installing Axios

First, we need to install the **axios** http client library from the npm.

Run the below command in your terminal to install the **axios**.

```
npm i axios
```

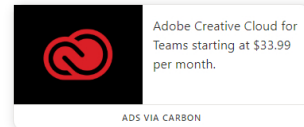
Example post component

Note: This tutorial only shows you how to make a post request, if you want to learn about react forms checkout [my previous tutorial](#).

This is our example **Post component** which contains `input` field and `textarea` field where [two way data binding](#) is used to access the input values.

```
Post.js
```

```
import React, {Component} from 'react';  
  
class Post extends Component {
```



Get our latest tutorials

Email

[Send me](#)

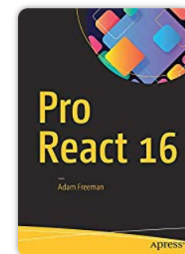
Related Tutorials

[How To Set A Background Image In React](#)

[How To Fetch Data Using React Hooks](#)

[How To Fetch Data In React Redux Using Hooks](#)

[What Is React Lazy And React Suspense With Examples](#)



```

state = {
  title: "",
  body: ""
};

onTitleChange = e => {
  this.setState({
    title: e.target.value
  });
};

onBodyChange = e => {
  this.setState({
    body: e.target.value
  });
};

render() {
  return (
    <div className="post">
      <form className="post" >
        <input placeholder="Title" value={this.state.title}
          onChange={this.onTitleChange} required
        />
        <textarea
          placeholder="Body" value={this.state.body}
          onChange={this.onBodyChange} required
        />
        <button type="submit">Create Post</button>
      </form>
    </div>
  );
}
}
export default Post;

```

Making a post request

```

Post.js

import React, { Component } from "react";
import axios from "axios";

class Post extends Component {
  state = {
    title: "",
    body: ""
  };

  onTitleChange = e => {
    this.setState({
      title: e.target.value
    });
  };

  onBodyChange = e => {
    this.setState({
      body: e.target.value
    });
  };

  handleSubmit = e => {
    e.preventDefault();
    const data = {
      title: this.state.title,
      body: this.state.body
    };
    axios
      .post("https://jsonplaceholder.typicode.com/posts", data)
      .then(res => console.log(res))
      .catch(err => console.log(err));
  };

  render() {
    return (
      <div className="post">
        <form className="post" onSubmit={this.handleSubmit}>
          <input
            placeholder="Title" value={this.state.title}
            onChange={this.onTitleChange} required
          />
          <textarea
            placeholder="Body" value={this.state.body}
            onChange={this.onBodyChange} required
          />
        </form>
      </div>
    );
  }
}

```

```

    />
    <button type="submit">Create Post</button>
  </form>
</div>
);
}
}
}

export default Post;

```

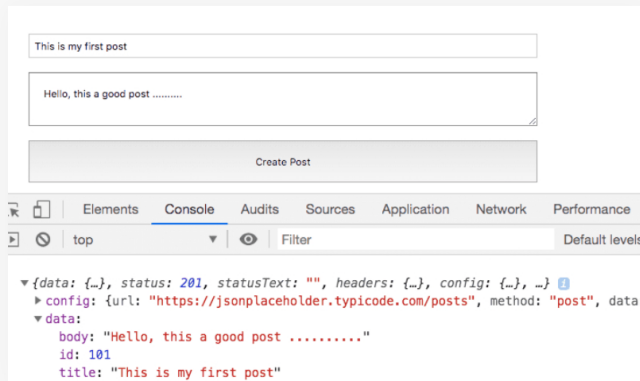
In the above code, we first imported `axios` object from the `axios` library.

Where `axios.post` method takes two arguments, the first argument is `url` and the second argument is the `data` we need to post to our backend server then we chained with `then` method and `catch` method.

then method is invoked when a post request is successful.

catch method is invoked when a post request is failed and error has occurred.

Output



Share:

Reactgo @saigowthamr Rss feed

Affiliate Disclosure Code Examples

Get our latest tutorials

Email [Send me](#)

SPONSOR Authentic Jobs — Your new development career awaits. Check out the latest listings.