LAB DIGITAL ASSIGNMENT 1

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```
#include<stdio.h>//inflix to postflix using stack
 2
     char stack[20];
     int top = -1;
 4
     void push (char x) //providing an arguement
 5
         stack[++top] = x;//going from last to first using stack
 6
 7
 8
 9
     char pop()
10
11
         if(top == -1) //condition ti pop the expression from left to right
12
            return -1;
         else
13
14
     return stack[top--]; 15
16
17
     int priority(char x)//providing conditions of priority.
18
19
         if(x == '(')//least priority
20
            return 0;
21
         if(x == '+' || x == '-')
22
            return 1;
    if(x == '*' | | x == '/') //highest priority
return 2; 25 }
23
24
26
27
    main()//calling the main function
28
29
         char exp[20];
         char *e, x;//using pointers
printf("Enter the expression :: ");
30
31
32
         scanf("%s",exp);
33
         e = exp;
         while(*e != '\0')//providing the condition
34
35
             if(isalnum(*e))//if we have a character or number
36
37
                printf("%c", *e);
38
             else if (*e == '(')
39
                push(*e);//putting the open bracket sign
             else if(*e == ')')
40
41
                 42
43
44
4.5
             else
46
47
                 while (priority(stack[top]) >= priority(*e)) // the reverse case
48
                     printf("%c",pop());
49
                 push (*e);
5.0
51
             e++;
52
53
         while (top != -1) //if we don't star from left the above everything is popped out.
55
             printf("%c",pop());
56
57
     }
58
```

```
#include<stdio.h>//insertion sort
 1
 2
     int main()
 3
 4
         int n,array[1000],c,d,t,flag=0;//calling the variables
 5
         printf("enter the number of elements\n");
 6
         scanf("%d",&n);
         printf("enter %delements\n",n);
 7
         for(c=0;c<n;c++)
scanf("%d",&array[c]);//taking input
 8
 9
10
         for(c=1;c<=n-1;c++)
11
12
              t=array[c];
13
             for (d=c-1;d>=0;d--) //same array but the empty one element entered from last
     position
14
15
                  if(array[d]>t)
16
                  array[d+1]=array[d];//sorting
flag=1;//flag=1 is true and flag=0 is false. 19
17
18
20
                  else
21
                      break;
22
         if(flag)
array[d+1]=t; 25 }
23
         printf("sorted list in ascending order\n");
26
         for(c=0;c<=n-1;c++)
27
28
29
             printf("%d\n", array[c]);//sorted array
30
31
         return 0;
32
33
```

```
#include <stdio.h>//circular_quuee of given values.
 1
     #define SIZE 5
 3
     int items[SIZE];
 4
     int front = -1, rear =-1;//declaring variables
 5
     int isFull()
 6
         if( (front == rear + 1) || (front == 0 && rear == SIZE-1)) return 1; //applying
 7
 8
     return 0; 9
10
     int isEmptv()
11
12
         if(front == -1) return 1;
13
     return 0; 14
15
     void enQueue(int element) //enqueing the elements
16
17
         if(isFull()) printf("\n Queue is full!! \n");
18
         else
19
20
             if(front == -1) front = 0;//if front is of -1 and 0.
              rear = (rear + 1) % SIZE;//extracting rear
21
              items[rear] = element;
22
23
         printf("\n Inserted -> %d", element); 24
25
2.6
     int deQueue()//dequeing
27
28
         int element;
         if(isEmpty()) {
29
             printf("\n Queue is empty !! \n");
30
31
              return (-1);
32
         } else {
33
             element = items[front];
             if (front == rear) {
34
                  front = -1;
rear = -1;
3.5
36
37
              } /* Q has only one element, so we reset the queue after \underline{\mbox{degueing}} it. */
38
              else {
39
                  front = (front + 1) % SIZE;
40
41
42
             printf("\n Deleted element -> %d \n", element);
43
         return(element); 44
4.5
     void display()
46
47
48
         int i;
49
         if(isEmpty()) printf(" \n Empty Queue\n");
50
         else
51
52
             printf("\n Front -> %d ",front);//assigning using values.
             printf("\n Items -> ");
53
             for( i = front; i!=rear; i=(i+1)%SIZE) {
printf("%d",items[i]); 56
54
55
57
             printf("%d ",items[i]);
         printf("\n Rear -> %d\n", rear); 59
58
60
61
     int main()
62
63
64
         deQueue();
65
66
         enQueue(1);
67
         enQueue(2);
68
         enQueue (3);
69
         enOueue (4);
70
         enQueue(5);//printing the values
71
72
73
         enQueue (6);
74
75
         display();
76
         deQueue();
77
78
         display();
79
80
         enQueue (7);
81
         display();
82
8.3
```

```
84 enQueue(8);
85
86 return 0;
87 }
```

```
#include <stdio.h>//just another program to enter our values
 2
     #define size 5
 3
 4
     void insertq(int[], int);
 5
     void deleteq(int[]);
     void display(int[]);
 6
     int front = - 1;
int rear = - 1;
 8
 9
10
11
     int main()
12
13
         int n, ch;
14
         int queue[size];
15
         do
16
             printf("\n\n Circular Queue:\n1. Insert \n2. Delete\n3. Display\n0. Exit");
17
             printf("\nEnter Choice 0-3? : ");
18
             scanf("%d", &ch);
switch (ch)//using switch cases to ask whether to insert, delete , or display.
19
20
21
22
23
                      printf("\nEnter number: ");
                       scanf("%d", &n);
24
2.5
                       insertq(queue, n);
2.6
                      break;
27
                  case
28
                      deleteq(queue);
29
                      break;
30
                  case 3:
31
                      display (queue);
32
                      break;
33
34
         }while (ch != 0);
35
36
37
38
     void insertq(int queue[], int item)//same thing what we did in last program.
39
40
         if ((front == 0 && rear == size - 1) || (front == rear + 1))//front and rear values
41
42
             printf("queue is full");
43
              return;
44
         else if (rear == - 1) //if rear=-1
4.5
46
47
              rear++;
48
             front++;
49
         else if (rear == size - 1 && front > 0)//in circular if rear is -1 and front >0
50
51
52
              rear = 0;
53
54
         else
55
56
             rear++;
57
58
         queue[rear] = item;
59
60
61
     void display(int queue[])//displaying the queue
62
63
         int i;
         printf("\n");
64
65
         if (front > rear)
66
67
              for (i = front; i < size; i++)</pre>
68
                  printf("%d ", queue[i]);
69
70
71
              for (i = 0; i <= rear; i++)</pre>
72
         printf("%d ", queue[i]); 73
74
         else
75
         for (i = front; i <= rear; i++)
printf("%d ", queue[i]); 78</pre>
76
77
79
80
81
     void deleteq(int queue[])//for deleting the elements
82
83
         if (front == - 1)
```

```
printf("Queue is empty");
}
else if (front == rear)
{
    printf("\n %d deleted" gu
84
85
86
87
88
           printf("\n %d deleted", queue[front]);
  front = - 1;
rear = - 1;
89
90
91
           rear =
92
93
           else
94
95
                 printf("\n %d deleted", queue[front]);
96
97
98 }
99
```