

- You have approximately as many minutes as there are points.
- Mark your answers ON THE EXERCISE ITSELF. If you are not sure of your answer you may wish to provide a *brief* explanation. All short answer sections can be successfully answered in a few sentences AT MOST.
- For True/False questions, please *circle* your answer.

First name	
Last name	
WUSTL ID	

**For staff use only:**

Q1.	Modeling Search Problems	/10
	Total	/10

$$x \xrightarrow{a} y$$

$$(x, f_1, f_2) \xrightarrow{a} (y, f_1', f_2')$$

$f_1' = f_1$  unless  $y$  is  $F$ , in which case  $f_1' = \text{true}$


$f_2' = f_2$  unless  $y$  is  $G$ , in which case  $f_2' = \text{true}$

and  $f_1' = \text{true}$

to solve problem (a)

Q1. [10 pts] Modeling Search Problems

Recall that in the recorded lectures, we modeled the path-finding problem as a search problem through the following mapping:

- **States:** Locations 
- **Actions and Successors:** Movements to neighboring locations
- **Cost:** Length of movement
- **Start and Goal States:** Start and goal locations
- **Solution:** Sequence of movements that transforms the start state to a goal state (i.e., a path from the start state to a goal state)

Then, an optimal solution corresponds to a solution with the smallest cost. Or, in other words, a path with the shortest length.

- (a) [5 pts] Now, imagine that you want to find a path that traverses through two different goal locations *in a specific order*. For example, in the graph in the previous question, you want to find a path from  $A$  that first goes through  $F$  and then through  $G$ . How would you model this problem as a search problem?

Model as two search problems  $P_1$  &  $P_2$

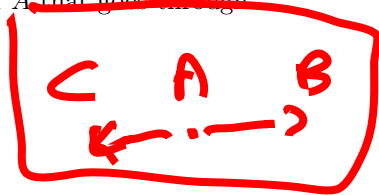
$p_1$ : start state = A. goal state = F

$P_2$ : start state = f, goal state = G

Solution to your problem = concatenation of sol. to  $P_1$  & sol. to  $P_2$ .

- (b) [5 pts] Now, imagine that you want to find a path that traverses through two different goal locations *in any order*. For example, in the graph in the previous question, you want to find a path from *A* that goes through both *F* and *G* in any order. How would you model this problem as a search problem?

state = (curr, flagF, flagA)



goal state = (F, true, true), (G, true, true)

start state = (A, false, false)

