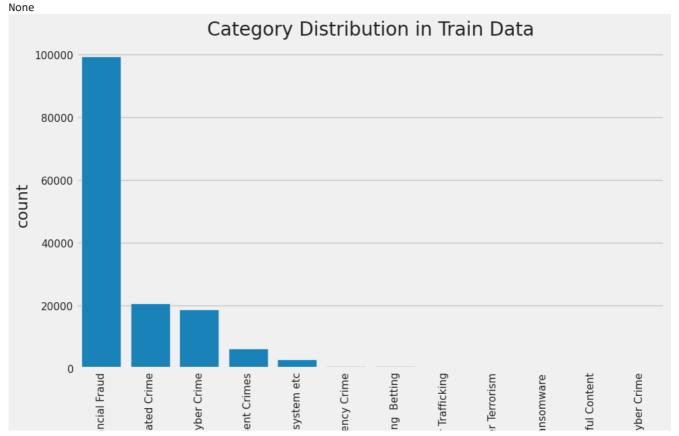
```
# Import necessary libraries
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import nltk
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from wordcloud import WordCloud
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer
from sklearn.naive bayes import MultinomialNB
from sklearn.metrics import classification report, confusion matrix
import os
# Download NLTK stopwords
nltk.download('stopwords')
# Set up matplotlib and seaborn styles
sns.set(style="whitegrid")
plt.style.use("fivethirtyeight")
# File paths for train and test datasets
train file path = '/content/train.csv'
test_file_path = '/content/test.csv
# Function to load and clean CSV data
def load and clean csv(file path):
    try:
        # Try loading the CSV with default settings
        data = pd.read_csv(file_path)
    except pd.errors.ParserError:
        print(f"ParserError encountered in {file_path}. Attempting to clean...")
        cleaned_rows = []
        with open(file_path, 'r') as file:
            import csv
            reader = csv.reader(file)
            for row in reader:
                # Ensure rows have the expected number of columns
                if len(row) == 3: # Adjust the number to match your dataset's column count
                    cleaned rows.append(row)
        data = pd.DataFrame(cleaned_rows[1:], columns=cleaned_rows[0]) # Use the first row as headers
    except Exception as e:
        print(f"Error loading {file path}: {e}")
        return None
    # Ensure data types are consistent and handle missing values
    data = data.replace(r'^s, np.nan, regex=True) # Replace empty strings with NaN
    data = data.dropna() # Drop rows with missing values
    return data
# Load and clean the datasets
train_data = load_and_clean_csv(train_file_path)
test_data = load_and_clean_csv(test_file_path)
# Check if datasets are loaded properly
if train data is not None:
    print("Train dataset loaded successfully.")
    print(train data.head())
else:
    print("Failed to load train dataset.")
if test_data is not None:
    print("Test dataset loaded successfully.")
    print(test_data.head())
```

```
11/18/24. 11:13 PM
                                                           Untitled8.ipynb - Colab
   erse:
        print("Failed to load test dataset.")
    # Data exploration and visualization
    if train data is not None:
        print("Train dataset info:")
        print(train_data.info())
        # Bar plot for category distribution
        plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
        sns.countplot(data=train_data, x='category', order=train_data['category'].value_counts().index)
        plt.title('Category Distribution in Train Data')
        plt.xticks(rotation=90)
        plt.show()
        # Generate a Word Cloud
        if 'crimeaditionalinfo' in train_data.columns: # Replace with the actual text column
            text = ' '.join(train data['crimeaditionalinfo'])
            wordcloud = WordCloud(stopwords=set(stopwords.words('english')),
                                  background_color='white', max_words=200).generate(text)
            plt.figure(figsize=(10, 7))
            plt.imshow(wordcloud, interpolation='bilinear')
            plt.axis('off')
            plt.title("Word Cloud for Train Dataset")
            plt.show()
   # Text Classification
    if train_data is not None:
        # Combine all text for vectorization
        train_texts = train_data['crimeaditionalinfo']
        train_labels = train_data['category']
        # Train-test split
       X_train, X_val, y_train, y_val = train_test_split(train_texts, train_labels, test_size=0.2, random_state:
        # Text vectorization using CountVectorizer
        vectorizer = CountVectorizer(stop words='english', max features=10000)
        X_train_vec = vectorizer.fit_transform(X_train)
        X_val_vec = vectorizer.transform(X_val)
        # Train a Naive Bayes model
        model = MultinomialNB()
        model.fit(X_train_vec, y_train)
        # Predictions and evaluation
        y_pred = model.predict(X_val_vec)
        # Classification report
        print("Classification Report:")
        report = classification_report(y_val, y_pred)
        print(report)
        # Save classification report to a CSV file
        report_dict = classification_report(y_val, y_pred, output_dict=True)
        report_df = pd.DataFrame(report_dict).transpose()
        report_df.to_csv('/content/evaluation_report.csv', index=True)
        print("Evaluation report saved as 'evaluation_report.csv'.")
        # Confusion Matrix
        cm = confusion_matrix(y_val, y_pred)
        plt.figure(figsize=(10, 7))
        sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Blues', xticklabels=model.classes_, yticklabels=model.classes_
        plt.title("Confusion Matrix")
        plt.xlabel("Predicted Labels")
        plt.ylabel("True Labels")
        plt.show()
```

```
Package stopwords is already up-to-date!
    [nltk_data]
    ParserError encountered in /content/train.csv. Attempting to clean...
    Train dataset loaded successfully.
                                   category
                                                                 sub category \
       Online and Social Media Related Crime
                                            Cyber Bullying Stalking Sexting
    1
                     Online Financial Fraud
                                                            Fraud CallVishing
    2
                   Online Gambling Betting
                                                     Online Gambling Betting
    3
       Online and Social Media Related Crime
                                                            Online Job Fraud
    4
                     Online Financial Fraud
                                                            Fraud CallVishing
                                     crimeaditionalinfo
    0 I had continue received random calls and abusi...
      The above fraudster is continuously messaging ...
       He is acting like a police and demanding for m...
       In apna Job I have applied for job interview f...
      I received a call from lady stating that she w...
    Test dataset loaded successfully.
                            category
                                                             sub_category
              Online Financial Fraud
                                     DebitCredit Card FraudSim Swap Fraud
       Cyber Attack/ Dependent Crimes
    2
                                                            SQL Injection
    3
              Online Financial Fraud
                                                        Fraud CallVishing
    4
               Any Other Cyber Crime
                                                                   Other
    5
                                           Internet Banking Related Fraud
              Online Financial Fraud
                                     crimeaditionalinfo
    1
              KOTAK MAHINDRA BANK FRAUD\r\nFRAUD AMOUNT
      The issue actually started when I got this ema...
      I am amit kumar from karwi chitrakoot I am tot...
      I have ordered saree and blouse from rinki s...
    5 My salary of amount has to be credited to my ...
    Train dataset info:
    <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
    Index: 150555 entries, 0 to 164097
    Data columns (total 3 columns):
     # Column
                            Non-Null Count
                                            Dtype
    _ _ _
        -----
                            -----
     0
         category
                            150555 non-null object
         sub_category
                            150555 non-null
         crimeaditionalinfo 150555 non-null object
    dtypes: object(3)
    memory usage: 4.6+ MB
```





Classification Report:

/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/_classification.py:1531: UndefinedMetricWarning _warn_prf(average, modifier, f"{metric.capitalize()} is", len(result))

/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/_classification.py:1531: UndefinedMetricWarning _warn_prf(average, modifier, f"{metric.capitalize()} is", len(result))

/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/_classification.py:1531: UndefinedMetricWarning
 _warn_prf(average, modifier, f"{metric.capitalize()} is", len(result))

		precision	recall	t1-score	support
	Any Other Cyber Crime	0.33	0.42	0.37	3736
	Cryptocurrency Crime	0.20	0.83	0.32	154
	Cyber Attack/ Dependent Crimes	1.00	1.00	1.00	1316
	Cyber Terrorism	0.25	0.19	0.22	57
Hacking	Damage to computercomputer system etc	0.18	0.61	0.28	556
	Online Cyber Trafficking	0.08	0.04	0.05	50
	Online Financial Fraud	0.92	0.78	0.84	20019
	Online Gambling Betting	0.16	0.30	0.21	164
	Online and Social Media Related Crime	0.62	0.64	0.63	4039
	Ransomware	0.42	0.26	0.32	19
	Report Unlawful Content	0.00	0.00	0.00	1
	accuracy			0.72	30111
	macro avg	0.38	0.46	0.39	30111
	weighted avg	0.79	0.72	0.74	30111

/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/_classification.py:1531: UndefinedMetricWarning _warn_prf(average, modifier, f"{metric.capitalize()} is", len(result))

/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/_classification.py:1531: UndefinedMetricWarning
_warn_prf(average, modifier, f"{metric.capitalize()} is", len(result))

/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/_classification.py:1531: UndefinedMetricWarning _warn_prf(average, modifier, f"{metric.capitalize()} is", len(result))