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Cost Function _______2
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clc; clear
hidden_layer_1 = 3;
hidden layer 2 = 3;
input_layer = 2;
output_layer = 1;
epoch_length = 3000;
learning rate = 0.1;
x = [0,0;0,1;1,0;1,1];
y = [1;0;0;1];
%%sigmoid_function
q = @(z) 1.0./(1.0+exp(-z));
sigma_prime = @(a) a.*(1-a);
%%hyperbolic tangent
% q = @(z) \tanh(z);
% sigma prime = @(a) 1+(tanh(a).^2);
%%ReLu activation
% q = @(z) \max(z,0);
% sigma_prime = @(a) 1*(a>0);
%%RMS Error
delta_C = @(a,y) a-y
%%Logloss Error
\theta = (a,y,z) z(:,1).*(a-y)
\theta = (a,y,z) ((1-y)./(1-a))-(y./a)
weights = {(rand(input_layer,hidden_layer_1)),...
  (rand(hidden_layer_1,output_layer))};
biases = {(rand(1,hidden_layer_1)),...
  (rand(1,output layer))};
delta C =
```

```
@(a,y)a-y
```

Test Set

```
weights = {[0,0.5;-1,1;0,1]',[0,1,-1]'};
biases = {[1;1;1]',1};
x = [1,0];
y = [0];
for epoch = 1:epoch_length
z = x;
```

Forward Propogation

```
for layer = 1:2

zs{layer} = z*weights{layer}+biases{layer};
a{layer} = g(zs{layer});
z = a{layer};
end
```

Cost Function

```
err(epoch) = (1/2) .* sum((z-y).^2);
```

logloss function

```
err(epoch) = (1/4) .* sum(-y.*log(z)-(1-y).*log(1-z));
```

Backward Propogation

```
for layer = 2:-1:1

if layer == 2
    delta = delta_C(a{layer},y).*sigma_prime(a{layer});
    nabla_b{layer} = delta;
    nabla_w{layer} = a{layer-1}'*delta;

else
    delta = delta*weights{layer+1}'.*sigma_prime(a{layer});
    nabla_b{layer} = delta;
    nabla_w{layer} = x'*delta;

else
    delta = delta*weights{layer+1}'.*sigma_prime(a{layer});
    nabla_b{layer} = delta;
    nabla_b{layer} = delta;
    nabla_b{layer} = delta;
    nabla_w{layer} = a{layer-1}'*delta;
end
```

end

Update weights

```
for layer = 2:-1:1
     weights{layer} = weights{layer} -
(learning_rate.*nabla_w{layer});
     biases{layer} = biases{layer} -
(learning_rate.*nabla_b{layer});
    end
end
plot(1:1:epoch_length,err)
```

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