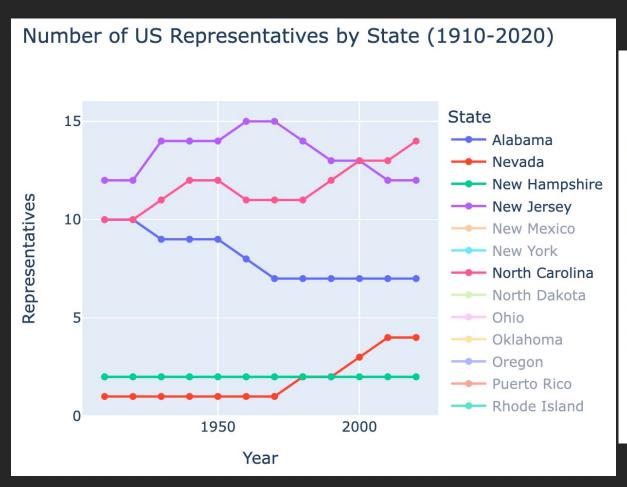
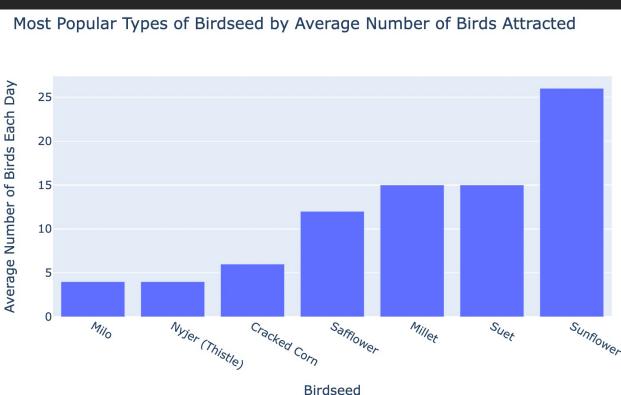
Bar Charts

One Way to Plot Categorical Data

Think Share: Line Charts vs Bar Charts

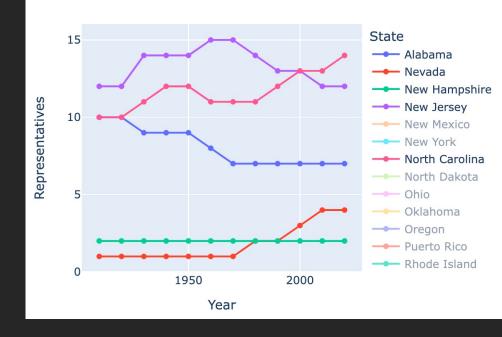




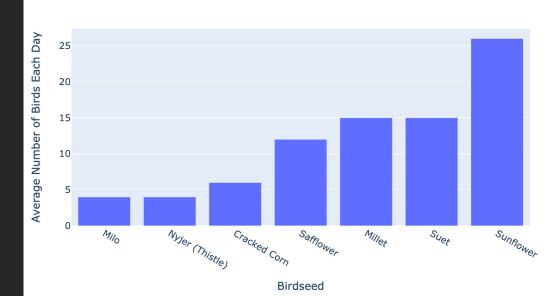
Line Charts vs Bar Charts

- Independent variable
 - Line: unit of time
 - Bar: any categorical data (or binned numerical data)
- Number of y values for each x (Same!)
 - Line: only one y for each x
 - Bar: only one y for each x
- Representation
 - Line: points connected by line
 - Bar: separate rectangles for each category where size indicates category's value

Number of US Representatives by State (1910-2020)



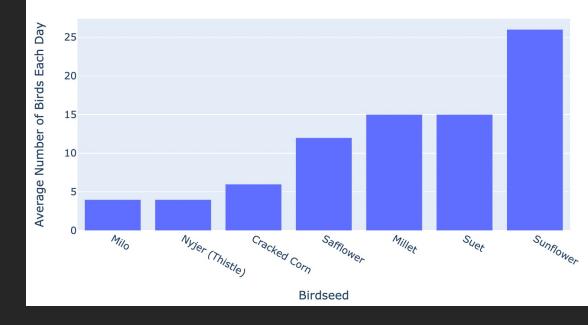


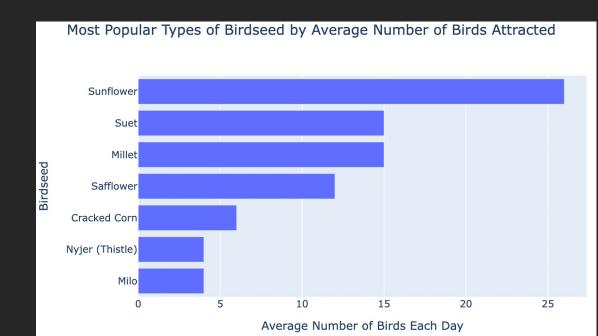


Bar Charts

- Orientation can be vertical or horizontal!
- Still have independent and dependent variables but no longer synonymous with x and y
- Independent is the category, dependent is the category's value

Most Popular Types of Birdseed by Average Number of Birds Attracted

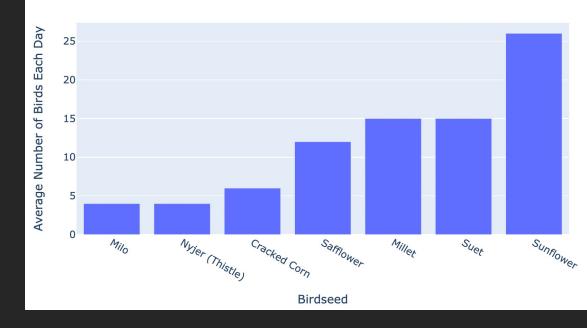


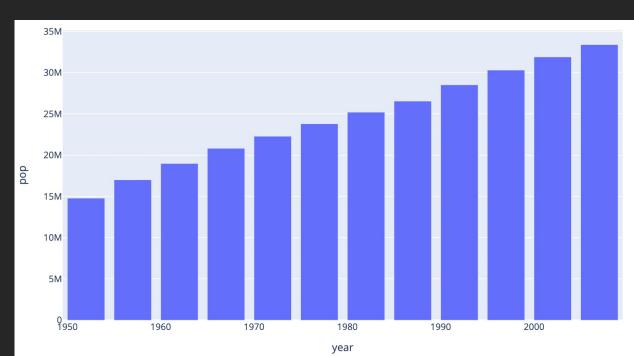


Bar Charts: Sorting

- In most cases, we want to sort the data to be able to show the strongest conclusions.
- We can sort by either category or values!
- If category has implicit ordering, we sort by that, otherwise by category values.

Most Popular Types of Birdseed by Average Number of Birds Attracted





How-to: Make Bar Charts in Jupyter

1. Read CSV Data into Pandas Dataframe

- Import Pandas Library
- Read CSV data and Save in Variable
- Sort Data
- Display Dataframe Contents

2. Generate Plotly Line Chart

- Import Plotly Express Library
- Set Columns as category and value
- Set Additional Plot Options (Optional)
- Generate Chart

How-to: Switch Orientation of Bar Chart

Vertical Orientation

```
px.bar(df, x=category, y=values, labels=labels, title=title)
```

Horizontal Orientation

```
px.bar(df, x=values, y=category, labels=labels, title=title)
```

Summary

- Bar charts
- Line charts vs bar charts
- Plotly bar charts with Blockly