Licenses; human subjects data

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Karl -- this is very interesting, however you used an old version of the data (n=143 rather than n=226).

I'm really sorry you did all that work on the incomplete dataset.

Bruce

Intellectual property

- ► Manuscripts/journal articles
- ► Books
- Software
- Data sets
- ► Ideas, inventions
- ► Lab/research notebooks
- ► Instructional materials
- ▶ Web sites

IP protection

- Copyright
- ► Patents
- ► Trademarks, Trade "dress"
- ▶ Trade secrets

Copyright

- ► Copyright is automatic
- ► In "works for hire," the employer holds the copyright
- ► In academics, it is customary that researchers control copyright

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- Jeff Atwood

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Data copyright

- ► Individual data points are generally considered facts
 - Can't be copyrighted
- Compilations of data can be copyrighted
 - Involves some creativity, so an "original work of authorship"
- But someone can just extract and reformat the data
- Can assign a license to the data files to prevent extraction and redistribution
- ► See bitlaw.com/copyright/database.html

Keep data open

- ► Cite the source; cite the relevant papers
- ► Talk to the originator of the data
 - Even if redistribution is legal, don't piss them off.
- ► For your own data, use CC0 (public domain)
- ► If you want more control, talk to a lawyer

Human subjects research

► Avoid human subjects research

Human subjects research

Avoid human subjects research (just kidding!)

Human subjects research

- ► If there are humans involved, they're human subjects
 - e.g., surveys
- Human subjects research must be reviewed by an Institutional Review Board (IRB)
- Not everything is research
 - e.g., data used solely in a course
- Most things are research
 - If you publish a paper about it, it's research
- Anonymized data may be exempt
 - But the IRB wants to make that determination

HIPAA

- ► HIPAA = Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996
- ► Special rules about medical data with any identifying information
 - Private
 - Secure
- ► Full zip code may be considered identifying information.
- ▶ Dates of test results are considered identifying information.

Summary

- ► Pick a license, any license
- ► Use MIT or GPL for software
- ► Use CC0 for data
- ► Cite sources of software and data
- ► Talk to the source of data
- ► Be careful with human data
 - If you're unsure, ask for help