QTL mapping in MAGIC populations with R/qtl2

Karl Broman

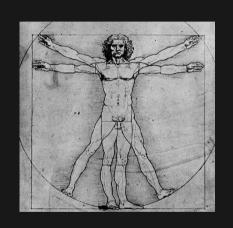
Biostatistics & Medical Informatics, UW-Madison

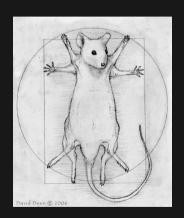
kbroman.org github.com/kbroman @kwbroman

Slides: bit.ly/msu2019-12



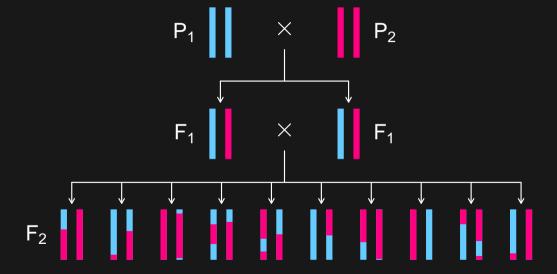




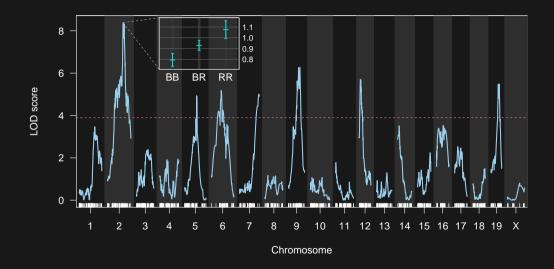


daviddeen.com

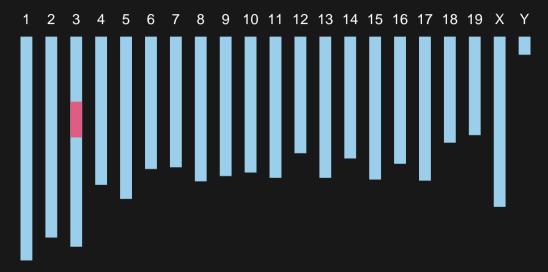
Intercross



QTL mapping



Congenic line/NIL



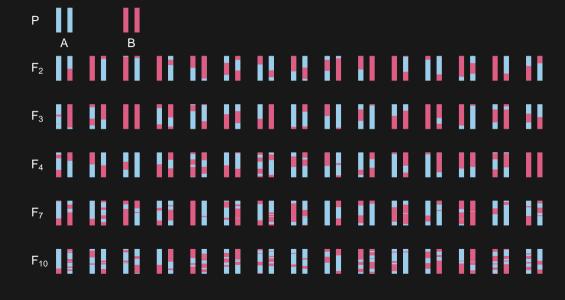
Improving precision

- more recombinations
- ▶ more individuals
- ▶ more precise phenotype
- lower-level phenotypes
 - transcripts, proteins, metabolites

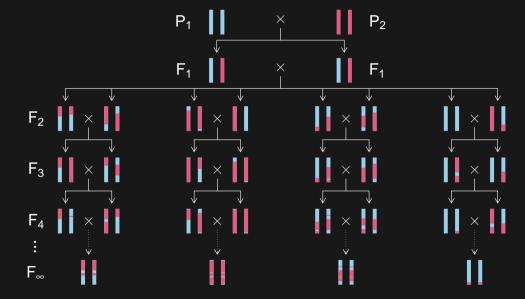
Genome-scale phenotypes



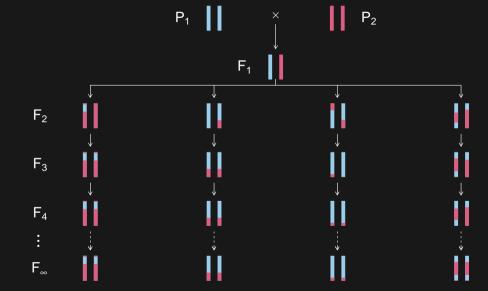
Advanced intercross lines



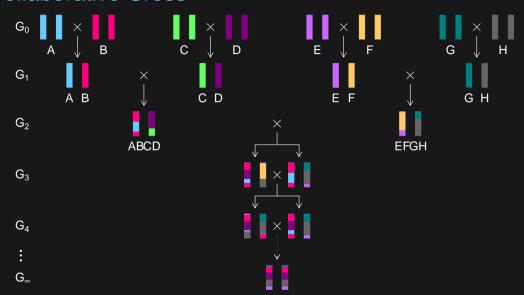
Recombinant inbred lines



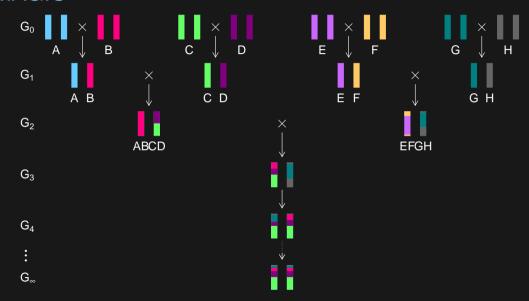
Recombinant inbred lines



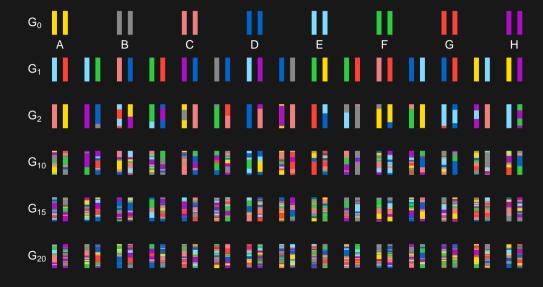
Collaborative Cross



MAGIC



Heterogeneous stock

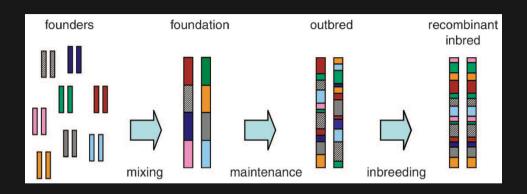


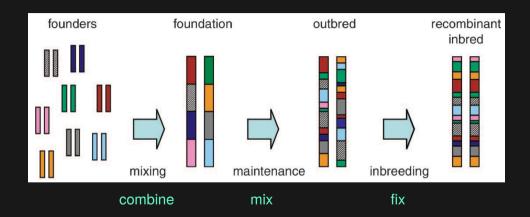
MAGIC is magic

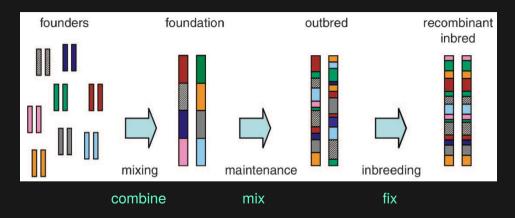
- ► Genetic diversity
- ► High-precision mapping
- Predictable linkage disequilibrium
- Phenotype replicates to reduce individual variation
- ► Pool phenotypes from multiple labs, environments, treatments
- Genotype once

MAGIC is magic

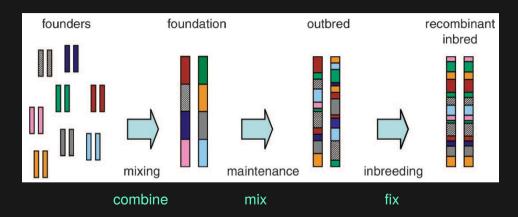
- ► Genetic diversity
- ► High-precision mapping
- Predictable linkage disequilibrium
- Phenotype replicates to reduce individual variation
- ► Pool phenotypes from multiple labs, environments, treatments
- Genotype once
- ▶ Cool name





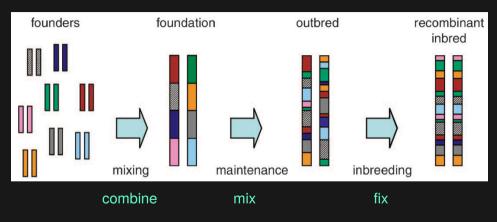


How many?



How many?

Which?

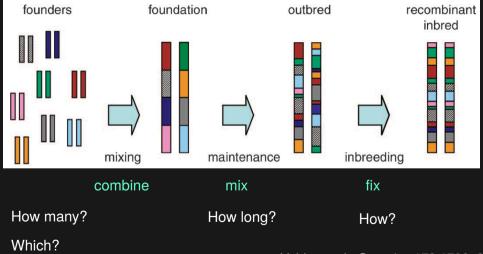


How many?

How long?

Which?

Valdar et al., Genetics 172:1783, 2006



Valdar et al., Genetics 172:1783, 2006

The goal

Identify QTL

- ▶ Power
- Mapping precision

The goal

Identify QTG

- ▶ Power
- Mapping precision

The goal

Identify QTG

- ▶ Power
- Mapping precision
- ► Estimate QTL allele frequencies

Principles

- Avoid population structure
- Tradeoff between power for de novo discovery and mapping precision
- ► More QTL to find ⇒ more QTL getting in the way?
- ► More QTL alleles ⇒ less information about each
- ► Are QTL alleles common or rare?

How many founders?

More

- ► More general use
- More QTL
- Greater precision
- Estimate allele frequencies
- Haplotype analysis in founders

Fewer

- ► Lower residual variance
- Greater power for a particular QTL?
- Better power for epistasis
- Rare alleles are less rare

Which founders?

- Diverse
- Interesting
- No breeding problems
- ► Balanced: star phylogeny

How much mixing?

- ► More mixing ⇒ Greater mapping precision
- ► ...but lower power for de novo mapping
- Potential for population structure, missing alleles
- Random mating or curated mating?
- ► Start with many random cross directions?

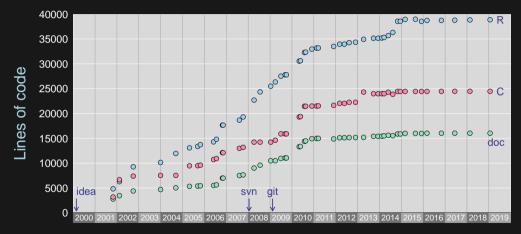
Selfing or DH?

- Inbreeding gives added recombination
- But not so much as at the mixing stage
- ► If doubled haploids are feasible, use them

Sharing is also key

- The greatest power of MAGIC comes from sharing Pooling data, exploring multiple environments/treatments
- Common software needs
 Analysis software, database infrastructure
- Many students need to learn the same stuff Joint training opportunities

19 years of R/qtl



Year

R/qtl cross types

- backcross, doubled haploids, haploid
- intercross
- 2-way RIL by selfing or sibling mating
- ▶ phase-known 4-way cross



R/qtl2 cross types

- backcross, doubled haploids, haploid
- intercross
- ► 2-, 4-, 8-, 16-way RIL by selfing
- ▶ 2-, 4-, 8-way RIL by sibling mating
- ► 2-, 3-, 8-way advanced intercross
- ► 6- and 19-way MAGIC
- Diversity Outbred (DO) mice
- ightharpoonup F_1 of DO imes inbred
- ▶ general RIL or AIL

Data files

	А	В	С	D	E	F	G
1	id	bolting_days	seed_weight	seed_area	ttl_seedspfruit	branches	height
2	MAGIC.1	15.33	17.15	0.64	45.11	10.5	NA
3	MAGIC.2	22	22.71	0.75	49.11	4.33	42.33
4	MAGIC.3	23	21.03	0.68	57	4.67	50
5	MAGIC.4	18.67	22.45	0.74	54.33	6.33	NA
6	MAGIC.5	18.67	25.36	0.82	38.33	5.67	42.25
7	MAGIC.6	25	21.53	0.71	52	4.33	NA
8	MAGIC.7	15.33	20.92	0.71	39	4	37.35
9	MAGIC.8	14.33	24.2	0.79	50.56	7.33	43.23
10	MAGIC.9	16.33	18.86	0.63	75.78	5.33	42.4
11	MAGIC.10	30	30.46	0.91	56.33	3	48.5
12	MAGIC.11	14	20.58	0.66	41.56	5.67	36.25
13	MAGIC.12	21.33	19.05	0.67	52.33	4.67	49.35
14	MAGIC.14	18.67	21.14	0.72	49.78	6	48.5
15	MAGIC.15	15	21.71	0.73	49	6.33	41.9
16	MAGIC.16	18.33	21.37	0.71	66.67	3.33	18.17

Data files

	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	
1	id	bolting_days	seed_weight	seed_area	ttl_seedspfruit	branches	height	
2		Α	В	С	D	E	F	G
3	1	marker	MAGIC.1	MAGIC.10	MAGIC.100	MAGIC.101	MAGIC.102	MAGIC.103
4	2	MN1_29291	Α	Α	Α	В	В	Α
5	3	MN1_29716	Α	Α	Α	В	В	Α
6	4	MN1_112907	Α	Α	Α	В	В	Α
7	5	MASC03771	Α	В	Α	Α	В	Α
8	6	MN1_197787	Α	В	Α	В	В	Α
9	7	MN1_340810	Α	В	Α	Α	Α	Α
10	8	MN1_395107	Α	Α	Α	Α	В	Α
11	9	MN1_444820	Α	Α	-	Α	Α	Α
12	10	MN1_494205	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α
13	11	MN1_592863	Α	В	Α	Α	Α	A
14	12	MN1_592760	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	A
15	13	BKN118	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	A
16	14	MN1_1042427	7 A	В	В	А	В	В
	15	CRY2_1021	Α	Α	Α	А	Α	Α
	16	CRY2_429	Α	Α	Α	Α	В	Α

Data files

	А		В		С			D			E			F			G							
1	id	ŀ	oolting_da	ys s	seed_v	veight	t s	seed_area		ttl_seedspfruit			bı	branches			height							
2			Α					С		D				Е			F			G				
3	1		mark	er	er MA		1	MAGIC.10		0 MAGIC		C.100) [MAGIC.101			MAGIC.102			MAGIC.103				
4	2				A	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	-1	J	K	L	M	N	0	Р	Q	R	S	Т
5	3		1		rker	Bur	Can	Col	Ct	Edi	Hi	Kn	Ler	Mt	No	Oy	Po	Rsch	Sf	Tsu	Wil	Ws	Wu	Zu
6	4		2	_	29291 29716	В	A	A	В	A	A	В	A	A	A	В	В	A	В	A	A	A	A	A
7	5		3 4	_	112907	В	A	A	A	A B	A B	В	A B	A	A	В	В	A	В	A B	A	A	A	A
			5	MASC		A	В	A	A	В	A	В	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
8	6		6		197787	В	В	A	A	A	В	В	A	A	A	A	A	A	В	A	A	A	В	В
9	7		7	MN1_	340810	В	В	Α	В	Α	В	A	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	A	Α	Α	В	В	A
10	8		8	MN1_	395107	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	В	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α
11	9		9		444820	В	Α	Α	В	В	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	В	Α	В	В	Α
12	10		10		494205	В	Α	Α	Α	В	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	В	Α
13	11		11		592863	Α	В	Α	В	Α	Α	Α	В	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	В	Α	В	Α	Α
			12		592760	В	Α	Α	Α	В	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α
14	12		13		N118	В	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α
15	13		14		042427	Α	В	Α	В	Α	В	В	Α	В	A	A	Α	В	Α	Α	В	Α	В	Α
16	14		15		2_1021	A	A	A	A	В	A	A	A B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
	15		16		2_429	A	A	A B	A	A	B	B A	A	A	B A	A	A	A B	A	A	A B	B	A	A
			18		03609	A	A	A	A	A	A	В	В	A	В	В	В	A	A	A	A	В	A	A
	16		19		296068	A	A	A	A	A	A	В	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	В	В	A
			20	_	399466	A	A	A	A	A	A	В	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	-	В	A	A
			21	_	1_381	A	В	A	A	A	В	A	A	A	В	A	A	A	A	A	Α	В	A	В
			22		07424	A	В	В	Α	Α	A	Α	Α	Α	A	Α	Α	Α	В	-	Α	A	Α	A

Data files

	А	В		С			D		E		F			G								
1	id	bolting_day	s see	d_weight	weight		seed_area		ttl_seedspfruit		branches			height								
2		A		В			С		D			E			F			G				
3	1	marke	r	MAGIC.1			AGIC.10)	MAGIC.100			MAGIC.101			MAGIC.102			AGIC.	103			
4	2		Α				D E	F	G	Н	-1	J	K	L	M	N	0	Р	Q	R	S	Т
5	3	1 2	marker MN1 292				Ct A	Edi	Hi	Kn B	Ler	er Mt No		Ov	Po B	Rsch	Sf B	Tsu	Wil	Ws A	Wu	Zu
6	4		MN1_297	_			marker			chr			pos			A	В	A	A	A	A	A
7	5		MN1_112	2			MN1 29			1	0.02929			1	В	Α	В	В	Α	Α	Α	Α
8	6		MASC03				MN1 29			1	0.029757				Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α
9	7		MN1_197 MN1_340	1_107			MN1 11:		1	0.112907			A	A	B	A	A	A B	B	B		
10	8		MN1_395	5		MASC03771				1		0.174605			A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
11	9		MN1_444	6		MN1 19778				1	0.19778				Α	Α	Α	В	Α	В	В	Α
12	10		MN1_494 MN1_592	7		MN1 3408			-			0.34081			A	A	A	A B	A	A B	В	A
13	11		MN1_592	8			MN1 39			1	0.395107				A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A
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15	13		/N1_1042	10			MN1 49					0.494205			Α	В	Α	Α	В	Α	В	Α
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		20 N	MN1_1399 AXR1_3	14			/N1_104			1		-	1242		A	A	A	A	- A	B	A	A B
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				16			CRY2_			1			3843	-								
				17		- 1	MASC07	014		1		1.18	3937	4								

MVSCUSEUU

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 "H": 2
 "B": 3
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"founder_geno_transposed": true
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"pheno": "arabmagic_pheno.csv",
"genotypes":
 "A": 1
 "H": 2
 "B": 3
},
"founder_geno_transposed": true
```

Reading data into R

```
library(qt12)
arab <- read_cross2("arab_magic.json")</pre>
```

Reading data into R

```
library(qt12)
arab <- read_cross2("arab_magic.json")</pre>
```

19-way Arabidopsis MAGIC Kover et al. (2009) PLoS Genet Gnan et al. (2014) Genetics github.com/rqt1/qt12data

Data diagnostics

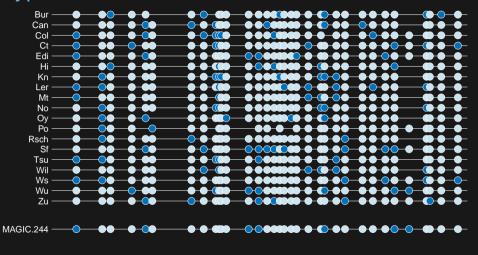
See Broman et al. (2019) Cleaning genotype data from Diversity Outbred mice. G3 9:1571–1579

doi: 10.1534/g3.119.400165

Genotype reconstruction

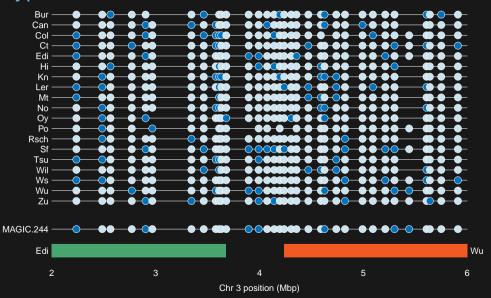
2

3



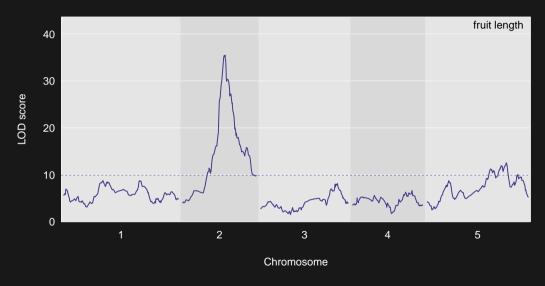
4 5 6
Chr 3 position (Mbp)

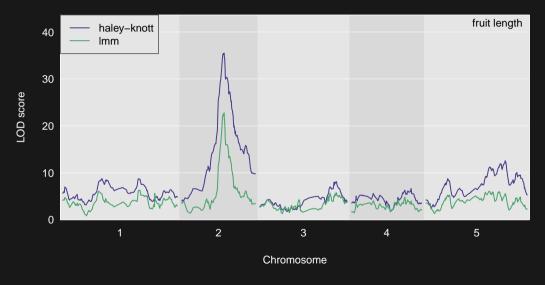
Genotype reconstruction

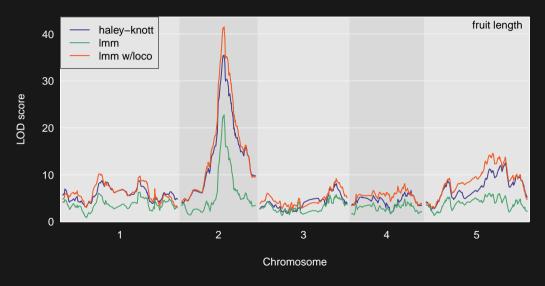


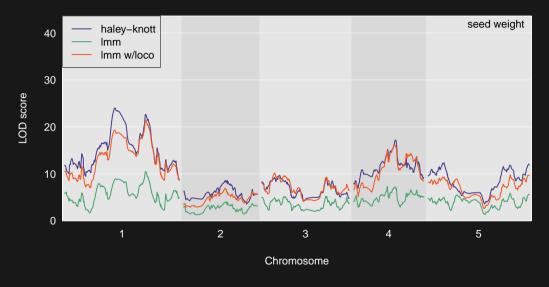
Genotype reconstruction

```
gmap <- insert_pseudomarkers(arab$gmap, step=0.2, stepwidth="max")
pmap <- interp_map(gmap, arab$gmap, arab$pmap)
pr <- calc_genoprob(arab, gmap, error_prob=0.002, cores=24)</pre>
```







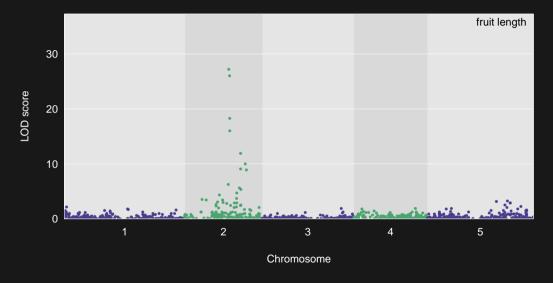


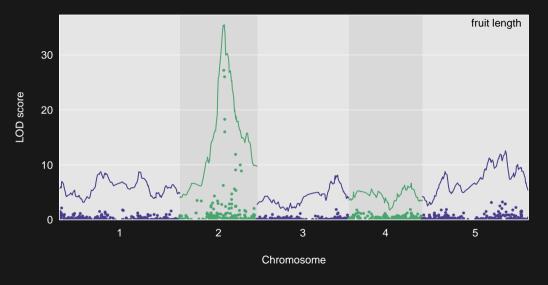
```
out_hk <- scan1(pr, arab$pheno, cores=24)

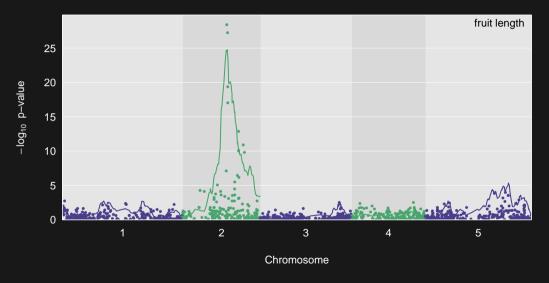
operm_hk <- scan1perm(pr, arab$pheno, n_perm=1000, cores=24)

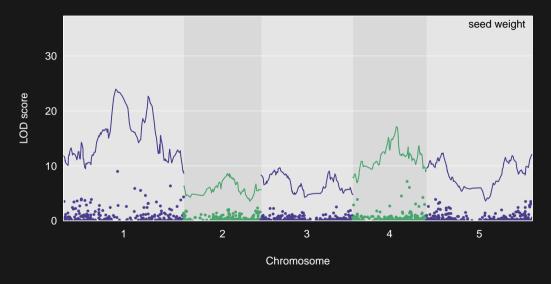
k <- calc_kinship(pr, cores=24)
out_lmm <- scan1(pr, arab$pheno, k, cores=24)

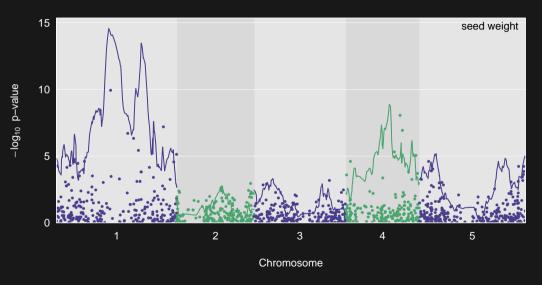
k_loco <- calc_kinship(pr, "loco", cores=24)
out_loco <- scan1(pr, arab$pheno, k_loco, cores=24)</pre>
```





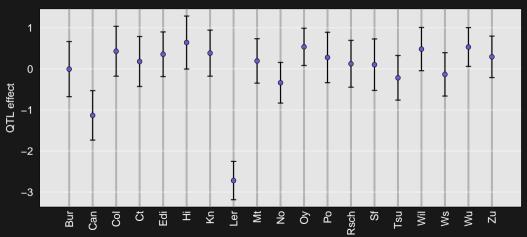




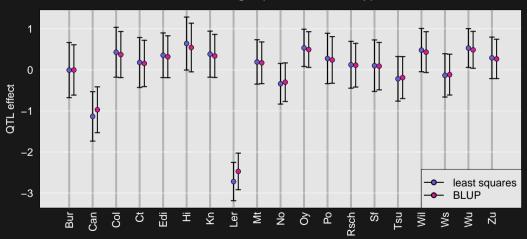


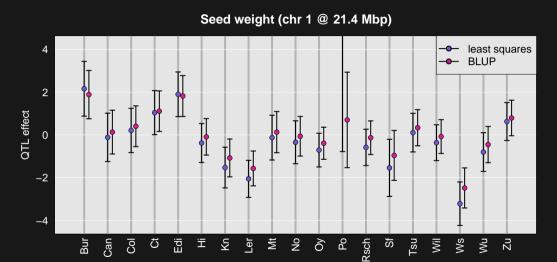
```
snp_pr <- genoprob_to_snpprob(pr, arab)
out_snps <- scan1(snp_pr, arab$pheno, cores=24)</pre>
```











```
fl_peak <- max(out_hk, pmap, lodcolumn="fruit_length")
fl_pr <- pull_genoprobpos(pr, pmap, fl_peak$chr, fl_peak$pos)

fl_fit1 <- fit1(fl_pr, arab$pheno[,"fruit_length"])
fl_blup <- fit1(fl_pr, arab$pheno[,"fruit_length"], blup=TRUE)</pre>
```

Goals

- Genotype reconstructions from external software
- ► General models for RIL and AIL
- Sequencing-based genotype data
- Multiple-QTL models
- ► QTL × environment interactions
- ► Interactive data visualization

Slides: bit.ly/msu2019-12

1 PUBLIC DOMAIN

kbroman.org

kbroman.org/qt12

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