

Traffic Light Detection



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Overview

Roles & Responsibilities

Approach

Working Code

Simulation

Q&A

Project Overview

System programmed to detect the color of a traffic light and perform the appropriate control of the vehicle

Roles & Responsibilities

- Karthik Challa, E.C.E.
 - System
- Paul Huch, E.C.E.
 - Control
- Isha Kulkarni, B.M.E.
 - Introduction and overview
- Zhiming Qian, E.C.E.
 - Color detection

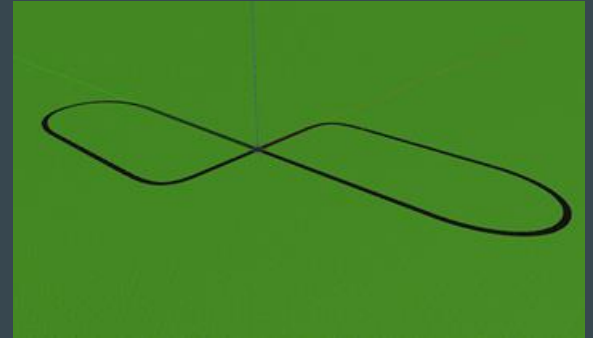
Approach

Simulation setup to follow the trajectory shown in the figure

Location of the traffic lights is obtained through GPS and TF Transforms

Traffic Light camera focussed on getting the images of traffic lights

Vehicle speed controlled through ULC CMD



Tools

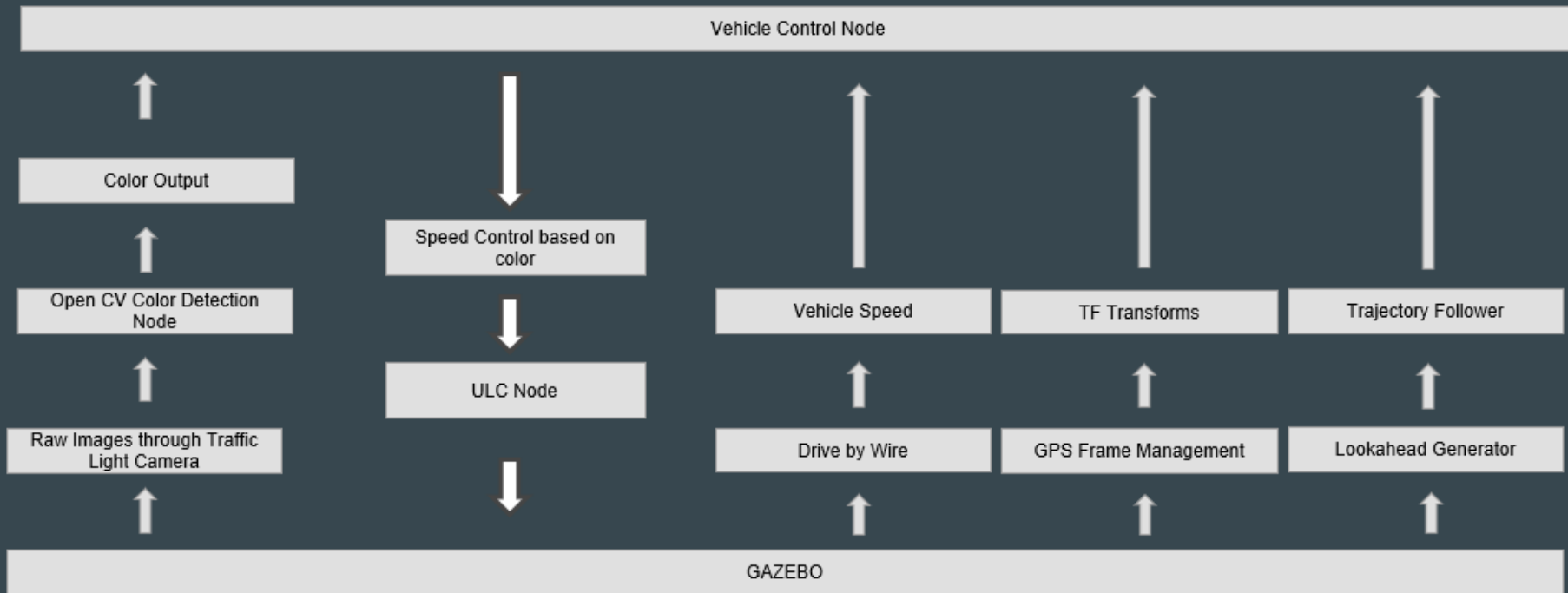
ROSCPP

TF Transforms

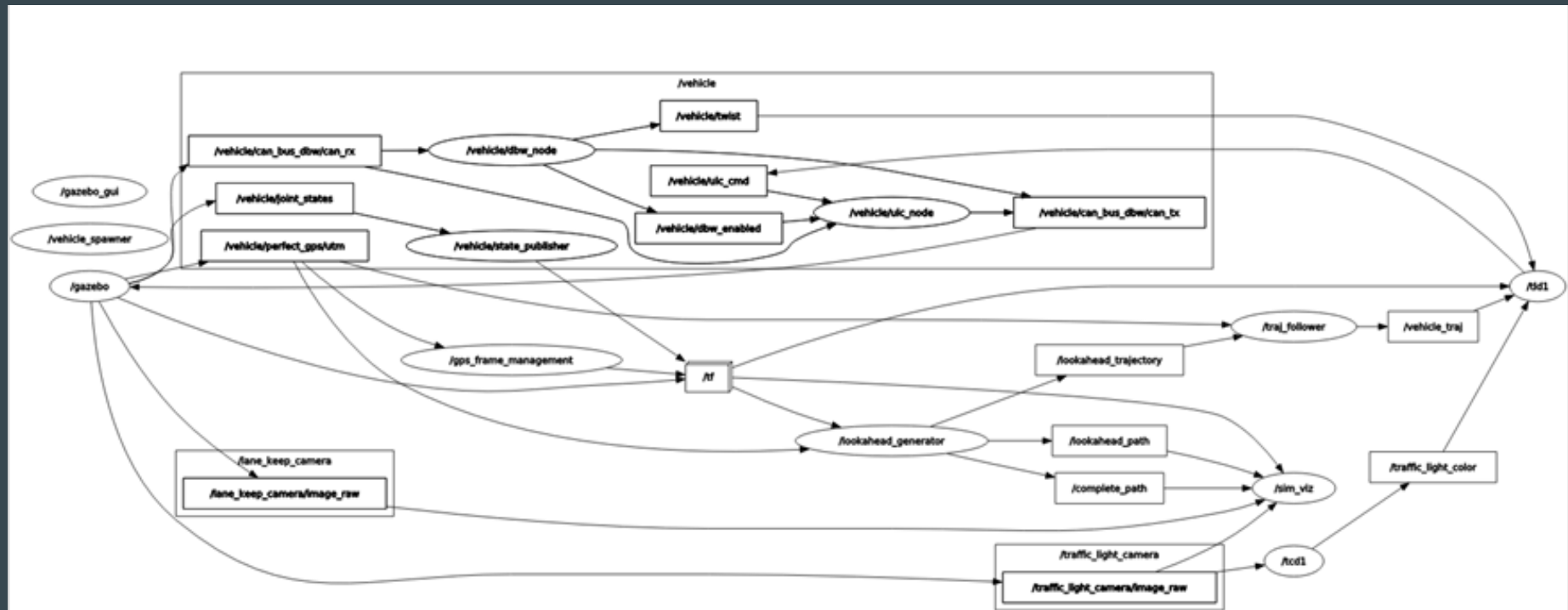
Dataspeed ULC CMD

OPEN CV

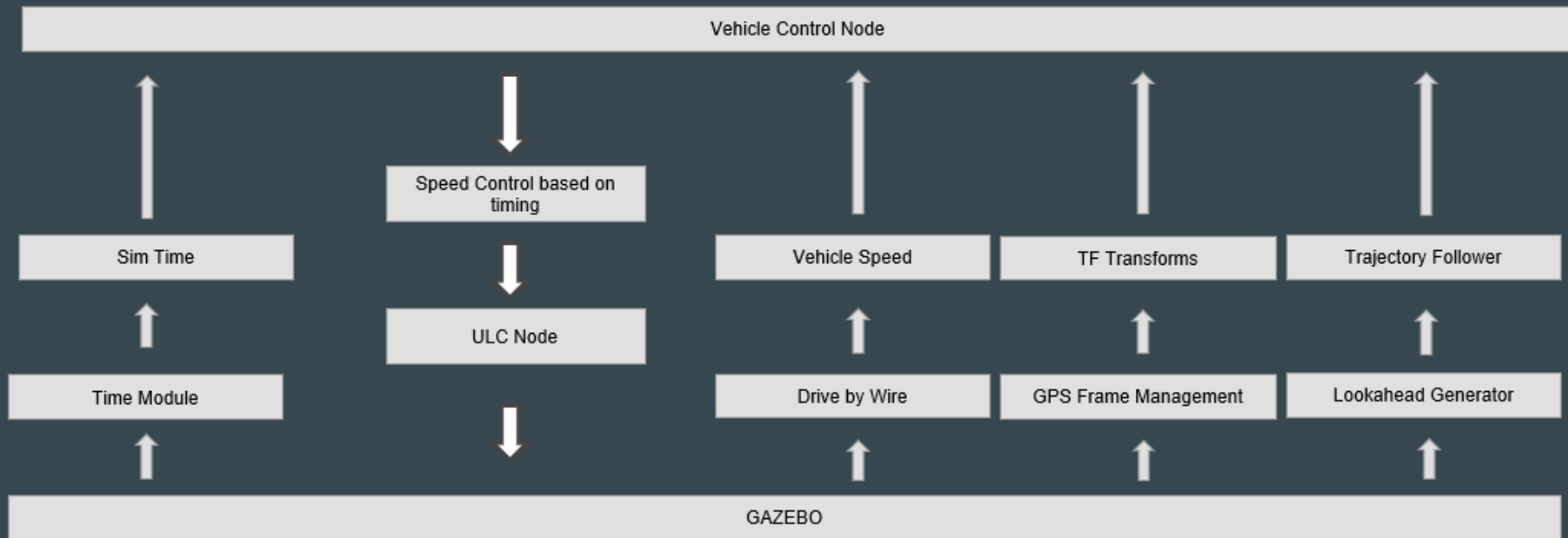
System Overview - A - Color Based Control



RQT Graph



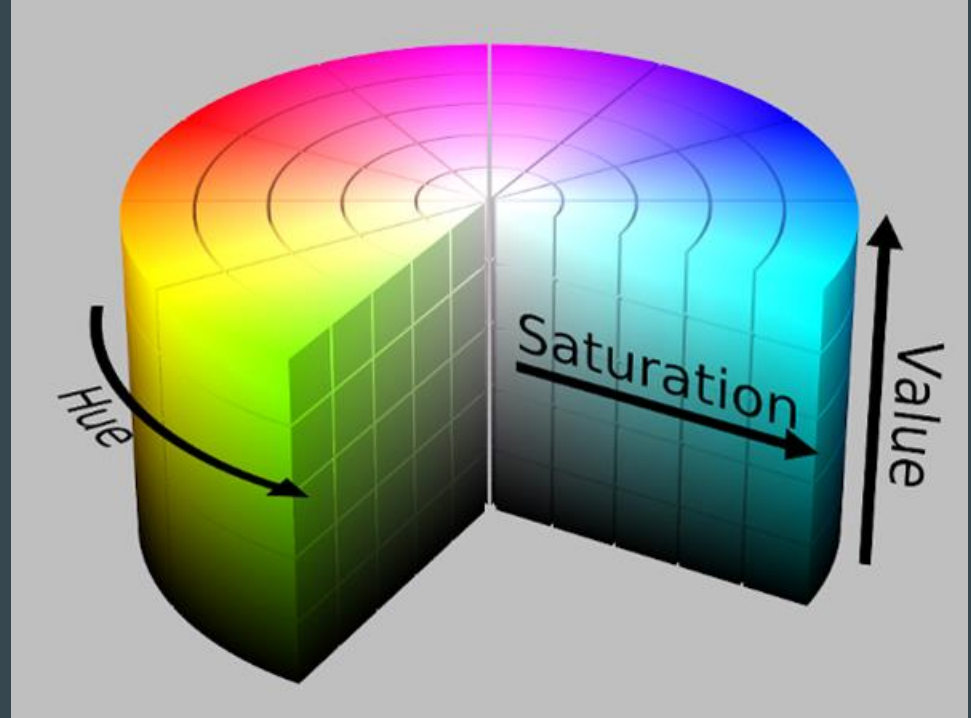
System Overview - B - Time Based Control



Color Detection

Two Main Code

1. Hue Saturation Value Hexcone Model to detect color
1. HoughCircles to find circles



q threshold

Color Detection: HSV Part

```

Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help
▼
EXPLORER  SEARCH  ▾  homeowork3.launch  Homeowork3.cpp  traffic_light.cpp  traffic_selection.cpp  CHangelists.txt  Home...
> OPEN EDITOR...  fall-2020-final-project-group_5-main > group5_sim_launch > dg > traffic_light.dg
▼ SRC
  ▼ vscode
    ▼ fall-2020-final-project-group_5-main
      ▼ group5_sim_launch
        ▼ dg
          ○ traffic_light.dg
            ▼ launch
              #
              # Name      Type    Level  Description      Default  Min  Max
            10 gen.add("r1_h_h",    int, t, 0,    "Hue threshold center",    1,    0, 255)
            11 gen.add("r1_h_l",    int, t, 0,    "Hue threshold width",    0,    0, 255)
            12 gen.add("r1_s_h",    int, t, 0,    "Saturation threshold",    255,  0, 255)
            13 gen.add("r1_s_l",    int, t, 0,    "Value threshold",    254,  0, 255)
            14 gen.add("r1_v_h",    int, t, 0,    "Value threshold",    255,  0, 255)
            15 gen.add("r1_v_l",    int, t, 0,    "Hue threshold center",    105,  0, 255)
            16
            17 gen.add("r2_h_h",    int, t, 0,    "Hue threshold center",    255,  0, 255)
            18 gen.add("r2_h_l",    int, t, 0,    "Hue threshold width",    255,  0, 255)
            19 gen.add("r2_s_h",    int, t, 0,    "Saturation threshold",    255,  0, 255)
            20 gen.add("r2_s_l",    int, t, 0,    "Value threshold",    255,  0, 255)
            21 gen.add("r2_v_h",    int, t, 0,    "Value threshold",    255,  0, 255)
            22 gen.add("r2_v_l",    int, t, 0,    "Hue threshold center",    255,  0, 255)
            23
            24 gen.add("y1_h_h",    int, t, 0,    "Hue threshold center",    35,  0, 255)
            25 gen.add("y1_h_l",    int, t, 0,    "Hue threshold width",    10,  0, 255)
            26 gen.add("y1_s_h",    int, t, 0,    "Saturation threshold",    255,  0, 255)
            27 gen.add("y1_s_l",    int, t, 0,    "Value threshold",    254,  0, 255)
            28 gen.add("y1_v_h",    int, t, 0,    "Value threshold",    255,  0, 255)
            29 gen.add("y1_v_l",    int, t, 0,    "Hue threshold center",    255,  0, 255)
            30
            31 gen.add("g1_h_h",    int, t, 0,    "Hue threshold center",    60,  0, 255)
            32 gen.add("g1_h_l",    int, t, 0,    "Hue threshold width",    60,  0, 255)
            33 gen.add("g1_s_h",    int, t, 0,    "Saturation threshold",    255,  0, 255)
            34 gen.add("g1_s_l",    int, t, 0,    "Value threshold",    255,  0, 255)
            35 gen.add("g1_v_h",    int, t, 0,    "Value threshold",    255,  0, 255)
            36 gen.add("g1_v_l",    int, t, 0,    "Hue threshold center",    103,  0, 255)

```

The screenshot shows the `rqt_reconfigure` window for the `/traffic_light` node. The parameters are listed on the left, and their current values are shown in the table on the right.

Parameter	Value
<code>r1_h_h</code>	255
<code>r1_h_l</code>	0
<code>r1_s_h</code>	255
<code>r1_s_l</code>	254
<code>r1_v_h</code>	255
<code>r1_v_l</code>	105
<code>r2_h_h</code>	255
<code>r2_h_l</code>	0
<code>r2_s_h</code>	255
<code>r2_s_l</code>	0
<code>r2_v_h</code>	255
<code>r2_v_l</code>	0
<code>y1_h_h</code>	35
<code>y1_h_l</code>	10
<code>y1_s_h</code>	255
<code>y1_s_l</code>	0

Color Detection: HoughCircles Part

```
int detected_r = 0, detected_y = 0, detected_g = 0;
cv::HoughCircles(r_threshold, r_circle, cv::HOUGH_GRADIENT,1, 20, 50, 3, 3, 10);
cv::HoughCircles(r_threshold1, r_circle1, cv::HOUGH_GRADIENT,1, 10, 50, 5, 2, 30);

// find green circles
cv::HoughCircles(g_threshold, g_circle, cv::HOUGH_GRADIENT,1, 10, 50, 5, 2, 30);
// find yellow circles
cv::HoughCircles(y_threshold, y_circle, cv::HOUGH_GRADIENT,1, 10, 50, 5, 2, 30);
```

image 8-bit, single-channel, grayscale input image.

circles output vector of found circles(cv.CV_32FC3 type). Each vector is encoded as a 3-element floating-point vector (x,y,radius) .

method detection method(see [cv.HoughModes](#)). Currently, the only implemented method is HOUGH_GRADIENT

dp inverse ratio of the accumulator resolution to the image resolution. For example, if $dp = 1$, the accumulator has the same resolution as the input image. If $dp = 2$, the accumulator has half as big width and height.

minDist minimum distance between the centers of the detected circles. If the parameter is too small, multiple neighbor circles may be falsely detected in addition to a true one. If it is too large, some circles may be missed.

param1 first method-specific parameter. In case of HOUGH_GRADIENT , it is the higher threshold of the two passed to the Canny edge detector (the lower one is twice smaller).

param2 second method-specific parameter. In case of HOUGH_GRADIENT , it is the accumulator threshold for the circle centers at the detection stage. The smaller it is, the more false circles may be detected. Circles, corresponding to the larger accumulator values, will be returned first.

minRadius minimum circle radius.

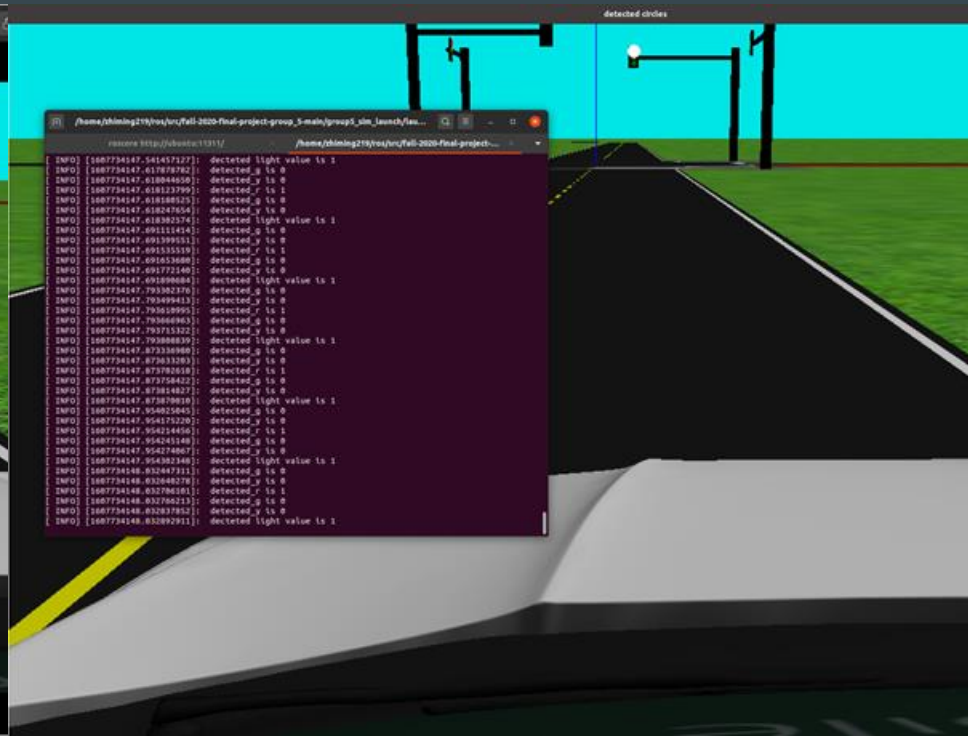
maxRadius maximum circle radius.

Color Detection: Output 1 for RED

Original



Identified

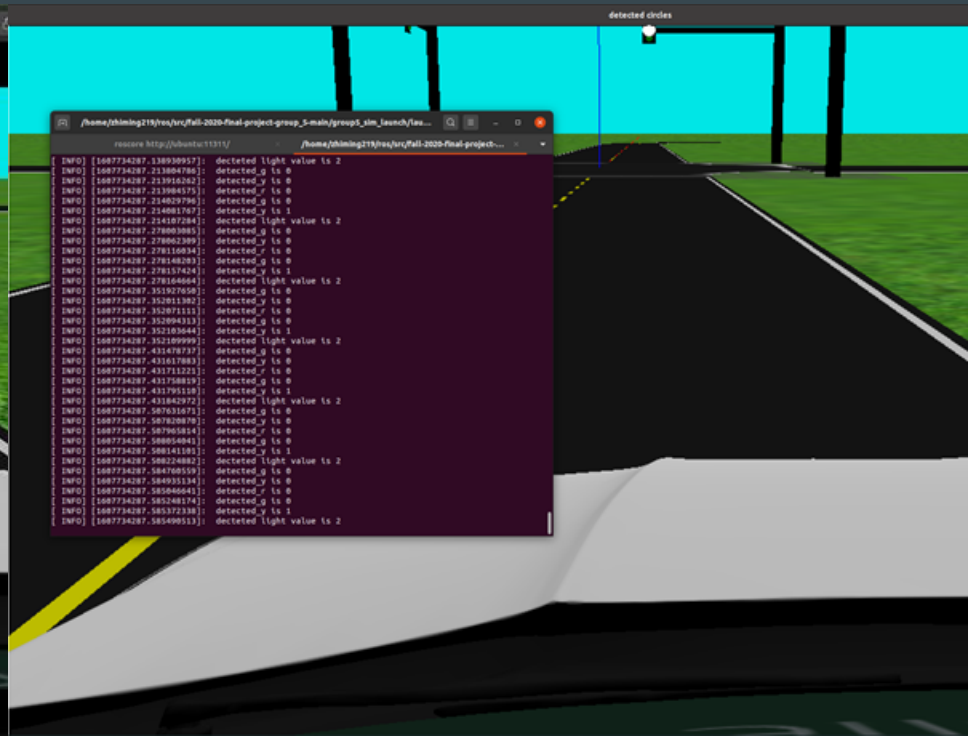


Color Detection: Output 2 for YELLOW

Original



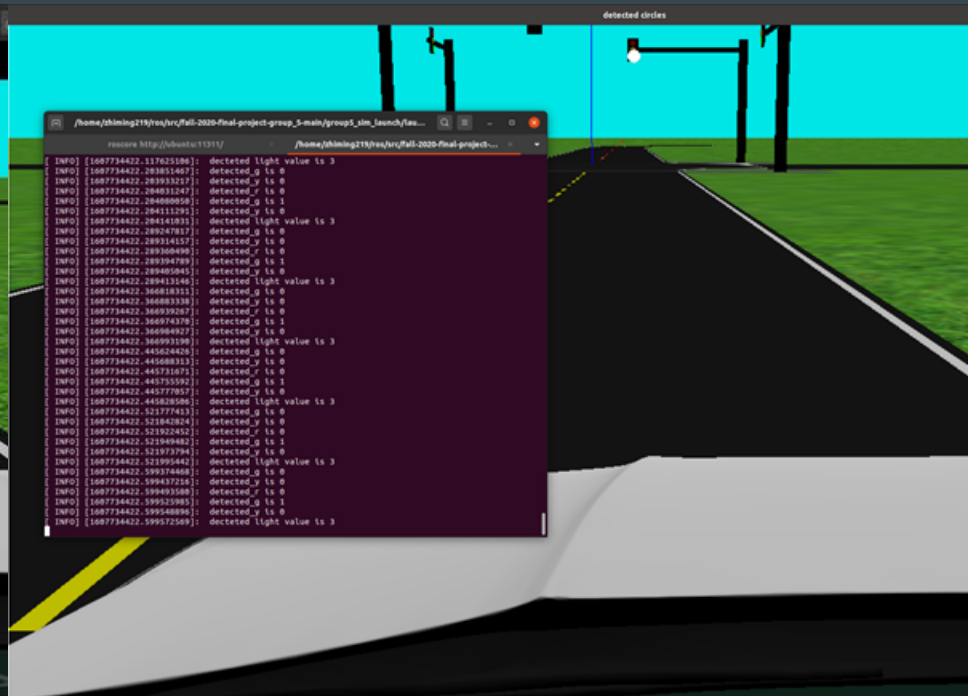
Identified



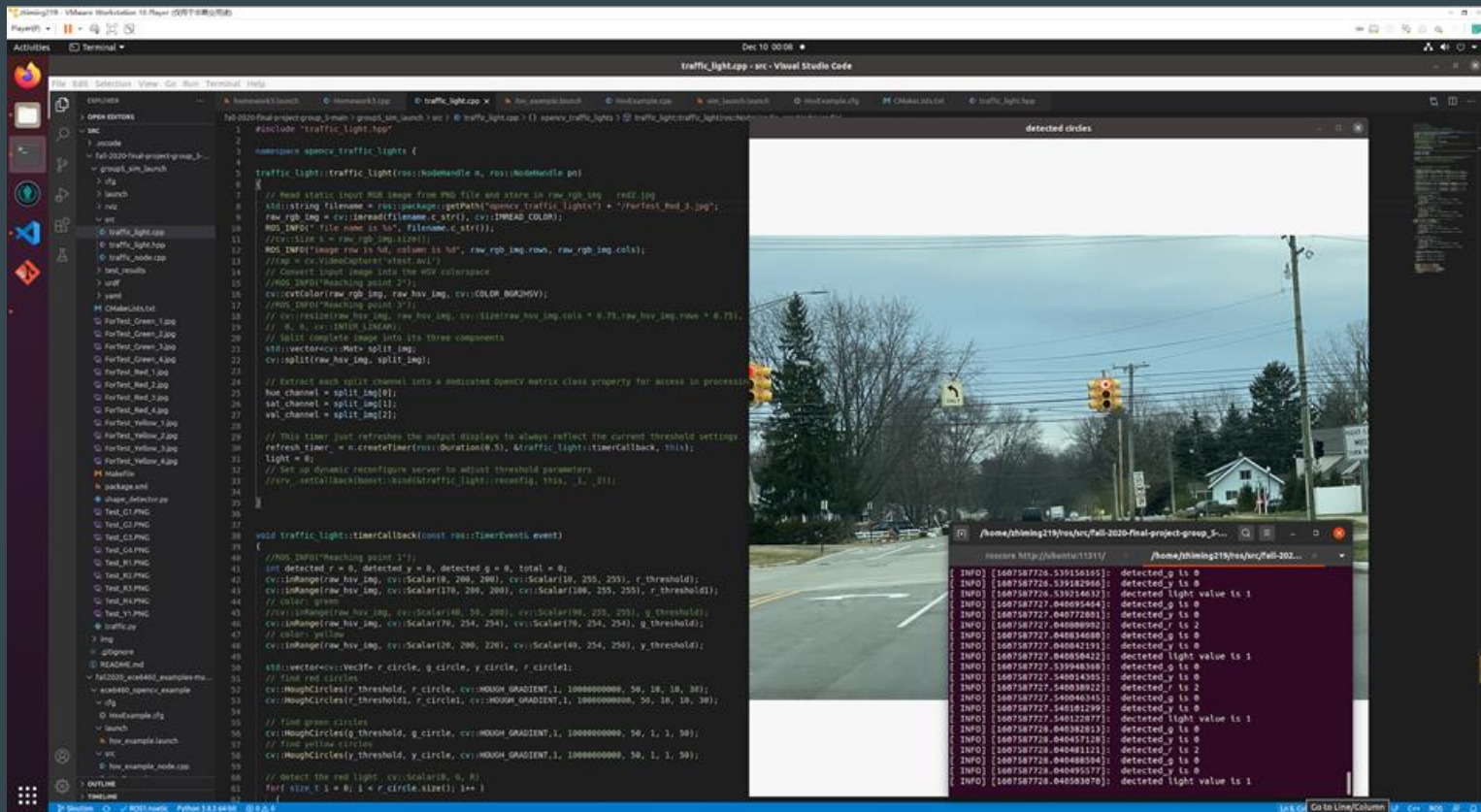
Color Detection: Output 3 for GREEN

Original

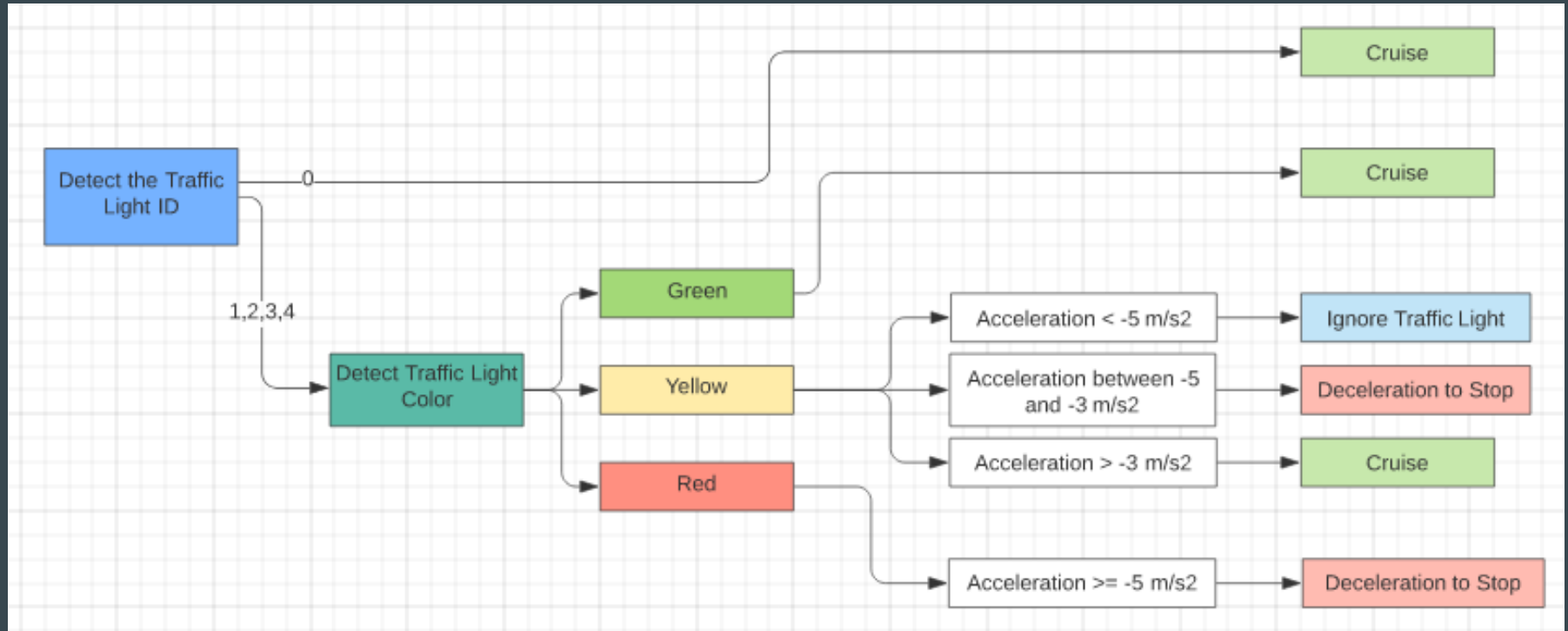
Identified



Color Detection: Real Application



Controls - Main Overview



Controls - Detect Traffic Light Structure

Time based Control - Traffic Light Color Detection

```
////////////////////////////////////  
    cycle_secs = secs - (i*35);  
  
    if (cycle_secs<10)  
    {  
        Color = Green; //Green  
    }  
    if ((cycle_secs>=10)&&(cycle_secs<15))  
    {  
        Color = Yellow; //Yellow  
    }  
    if ((cycle_secs>=15)&&(cycle_secs<35))  
    {  
        Color = Red; //Red  
    }  
    if (cycle_secs>=35)  
    {  
        i = i + 1;  
    }  
////////////////////////////////////
```

Future Work

- Proper implementation of image processing node with control node
- Extend real world scenario capability: four way stop
blinking red/yellow

Q&A