



# Project UNIX

woody\_woodpacker

*Summary: This project is about coding a simple packer!*

*Version: 2.1*

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# Chapter I

## Foreword



# Chapter II

## Introduction

“Packers” are tools whose task consists of compressing executable programs (.exe, .dll, .ocx ...) and encrypting them simultaneously. During execution, a program passing through a packer is loaded in memory, compressed and encrypted, then it will be decompressed (decrypted as well) and finally be executed.

The existence of such programs is related to the fact that antivirus programs generally analyse programs when they are loaded in memory, before they are executed. Thus, encryption and compression of a packer allow to bypass this behavior by obfuscating the content of an executable until its execution.

# Chapter III

## Objectifs

The goal of this project is to code a program that will at first encrypt a program given as parameter. Only 64 bits ELF files will be managed here.

A new program called **woody** will be generated from this execution. When this new program (**woody**) will be executed, it will have to be decrypted to be run. Its execution has to be totally identical to the program given as parameter in the last step.

Even though we won't get into compression possibilities directly in this subject, we strongly advise you to explore the possible methods!



The program, depending on the chosen algorithm, can be really slow (or not really optimized) in some cases: to counter this problem, I advise you to do this part in assembly language! If you do your makefile will require the appropriate compilation rules.

# Chapter IV

## General Instructions

- This project will be corrected by humans only. You're allowed to organise and name your files as you see fit, but you must follow the following rules.
- Your project must be written in C (the version is up to you) and submit a makefile with the usual rules.
- Within the mandatory part, you are allowed to use the following functions:
  - open, close, exit
  - fpusts, fflush, lseek
  - mmap, munmap, mprotect
  - perror, strerror
  - syscall
  - the functions of the printf family
  - the function authorized within your libft (read, write, malloc, free, for example)
- You are allowed to use other functions to complete the bonus part as long as their use is justified during your defence. Be smart!
- You can ask your questions on the forum, on slack...

# Chapter V

## Mandatory part

- The executable must be named `woody_woodpacker`.
- Your program takes a binary file parameter (64 bits ELF only).
- At the end of the execution of your program, a second file will be created named `woody`
- You are free to choose the encryption algorithm.



The complexity of your algorithm will nonetheless be a very important part of the grading. You have to justify your choice during the evaluation. An easy ROT isn't considered an advanced algorithm !

- In the case of an algorithm based on an encryption key, it will have to be generated the most randomly possible. It will be displayed on the standard output when running the main program.
- When running the **encrypted** program, it will have to display the string `“...WOODY...”`, followed by a newline, to indicate that the binary is encrypted. Its execution after decryption must not be altered.
- Obviously, in no way the **encrypted** program is allowed to crash.
- Your program mustn't modify the execution of the final binary produced, it must be identical to the binary given as parameter to `woody-woodpacker`

- Here is an example of a possible use (binaries are available in the `resources.tar` file, at the project's page):

```
# nl sample.c
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 int
3 main(void) {
4     printf("Hello, World!\n");
5     return (0x0);
6 }
#clang -m32 -o sample sample.c
# ./woody_woodpacker sample
File architecture not supported. x86_64 only
# clang -m64 -o sample sample.c
# ls
sample sample.c woody_woodpacker
# ./woody_woodpacker sample
key_value: 07A51FF040D45D5CD
# ls
sample sample.c woody woody_woodpacker
# objdump -D sample | tail -f -n 20
45: 67 73 2f          addr16 jae 77 <_init-0x80481f9>
48: 52              push  %edx
49: 45              inc   %ebp
4a: 4c              dec   %esp
4b: 45              inc   %ebp
4c: 41              inc   %ecx
4d: 53              push  %ebx
4e: 45              inc   %ebp
4f: 5f              pop   %edi
50: 33 36           xor    (%esi),%esi
52: 32 2f           xor    (%edi),%ch
54: 66 69 6e 61 6c 29 imul   $0x296c,0x61(%esi),%bp
5a: 20 28           and    %ch,(%eax)
5c: 62 61 73        bound  %esp,0x73(%ecx)
5f: 65 64 20 6f 6e  gs and  %ch,%fs:0x6e(%edi)
64: 20 4c 4c 56     and    %cl,0x56(%esp,%ecx,2)
68: 4d              dec   %ebp
69: 20 33           and    %dh,(%ebx)
6b: 2e 36 2e 32 29  cs ss xor %cs:(%ecx),%ch
...
# objdump -D woody | tail -f -n 20
197: 64 69 6e 5f 75 73 65 imul   $0x64657375,%fs:0x5f(%rsi),%ebp
19e: 64
19f: 00 5f 5f          add    %bl,0x5f(%rdi)
1a2: 6c              insb   (%dx),%es:(%rdi)
1a3: 69 62 63 5f 63 73 75 imul   $0x7573635f,0x63(%rdx),%esp
1aa: 5f              pop    %rdi
1ab: 69 6e 69 74 00 5f 5f imul   $0x5f5f0074,0x69(%rsi),%ebp
1b2: 62 73           (bad) {%k7}
1b4: 73 5f           jae    215 <(null)-0x400163>
1b6: 73 74           jae    22c <(null)-0x40014c>
1b8: 61              (bad)
1b9: 72 74           jb     22f <(null)-0x400149>
1bb: 00 6d 61        add    %ch,0x61(%rbp)
1be: 69 6e 00 5f 5f 54 4d imul   $0x4d545f5f,0x0(%rsi),%ebp
1c5: 43 5f           rex.XB pop %r15
1c7: 45              rex.RB
1c8: 4e              rex.WRX
1c9: 44 5f           rex.R pop %rdi
1cb: 5f              pop    %rdi
...
# ./sample
Hello, World!
# ./woody
...WOODY....
Hello, World!
#
```



# Chapter VI

## Bonus part



We will look at your bonus part if and only if your mandatory part is EXCELLENT. This means that you must complete the mandatory part, beginning to end, and your error management needs to be flawless, even in cases of twisted or bad usage. If that's not the case, your bonuses will be totally IGNORED.

Find below a few ideas of interesting bonuses:

- 32bits management.
- Parameterized key.
- Optimisation of the used algorithm through assembly language.
- Additional binary management (PE, Mach-O..)
- Binary compression.

# Chapter VII

## Submission and peer-evaluation

Turn in your assignment in your `Git` repository as usual. Only the work inside your repository will be evaluated during the defense. Don't hesitate to double check the names of your folders and files to ensure they are correct.